

# Seeweb K8S GUIDE

This guide explains how to set up your local development environment to work with an existing Serverless GPU Kubernetes cluster using a provided kubeconfig file. This cover the essential setup of WSL2, Docker, and kubectl.

### **Windows Prerequisites Setup**

#### **Required Software Installation**

- Install Docker Desktop from <a href="https://www.docker.com/">https://www.docker.com/</a>
- Install WSL 2 following Microsoft's official guide: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/wsl/install
- 3. Restart your system
- 4. Enable Hyper-V through Windows Features (Run optionalfeatures.exe in PowerShell)

### **Docker Desktop Configuration**

- 1. Launch Docker Desktop
- 2. In Settings, ensure:
  - WSL 2 based engine is enabled
  - Resources > WSL Integration is enabled for your Linux distribution

## **WSL2 Environment Setup**

#### **Basic Docker Configuration**

```
# Verify Docker installation
docker --version
# Remove any old Docker installations
```

```
sudo apt-get remove docker docker-engine docker.io containe
rd runc
# Update package index and install prerequisites
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install \\
    ca-certificates \\
    curl \\
    gnupg \\
    1sb-release
# Add Docker's official GPG key
curl -fsSL <https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg> |
sudo gpg --dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/docker-archive-ke
yring.gpg
# Set up the stable repository
echo \\
  "deb [arch=$(dpkg --print-architecture) signed-by=/usr/sh
are/keyrings/docker-archive-keyring.gpg] <https://download.</pre>
docker.com/linux/ubuntu> \\
  $(lsb_release -cs) stable" | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.li
st.d/docker.list > /dev/null
# Install Docker Engine
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io
```

#### Install kubectl

```
# Download latest release
curl -L0 "<https://dl.k8s.io/release/$>(curl -L -s <http
s://dl.k8s.io/release/stable.txt>)/bin/linux/amd64/kubectl"

# Install kubectl
sudo install -o root -g root -m 0755 kubectl /usr/local/bi
n/kubectl
```

```
# Verify installation
kubectl version --client
```

#### **Install Additional Tools**

#### **Kubernetes Management Tools**

```
# Install k9s (terminal UI for Kubernetes)
curl -sS <https://webinstall.dev/k9s> | bash

# Install kubectx and kubens for easy context and namespace
switching
sudo git clone <https://github.com/ahmetb/kubectx> /opt/kub
ectx
sudo ln -s /opt/kubectx/kubectx /usr/local/bin/kubectx
sudo ln -s /opt/kubectx/kubens /usr/local/bin/kubens
```

### **Shell Configuration**

Add these aliases to your <a>-/.bashrc</a> to make working with kubectl more convenient:

```
# Kubernetes aliases
echo 'alias k=kubectl' >> ~/.bashrc
echo 'alias kns=kubens' >> ~/.bashrc
echo 'alias kctx=kubectx' >> ~/.bashrc

# Auto-start Docker daemon
echo '# Start Docker automatically
if service docker status 2>&1 | grep -q "is not running"; t
hen
    sudo service docker start
fi' >> ~/.bashrc

source ~/.bashrc
```

### **Kubeconfig Setup**

The kubeconfig file contains all the necessary information to connect to your Kubernetes cluster, including server addresses, authentication details, and context information. Here's how to set it up properly:

#### **Setting Up Your Kubeconfig**

1. Create the kubectl configuration directory:

```
mkdir -p ~/.kube
```

2. Copy your provided kubeconfig file:

```
# If this is your only cluster
cp /path/to/downloaded/.kubeconfig ~/.kube/config

# OR if you want to keep separate files
cp /path/to/downloaded/.kubeconfig ~/.kube/dev-cluster-c
onfig
```

3. Set proper permissions to protect sensitive information:

```
chmod 600 ~/.kube/config
```

4. Make the configuration permanent by adding to your <a href="https://doi.org/li>
</a>.

```
# Add this if you're using multiple config files
echo 'export KUBECONFIG=~/.kube/config:~/.kube/dev-clust
er-config' >> ~/.bashrc
```

### **Verify Your Configuration**

1. List available contexts:

```
kubectl config get-contexts
```

2. View your current context:

```
kubectl config current-context
```

3. Test your cluster connection:

```
kubectl cluster-info
kubectl get nodes
```

### **Container Registry Setup**

### **GitHub Container Registry Configuration**

- 1. Generate GitHub Personal Access Token:
  - Navigate to GitHub → Settings → Developer settings → Personal access tokens → Tokens (classic)
  - Generate new token with scopes: write:packages , delete:packages , repo
  - Save token securely
- 2. Set Environment Variables:
  - Windows (PowerShell):

```
[Environment]::SetEnvironmentVariable('GITHUB_TOKEN',
'your-token-here', 'User')
```

WSL (add to ~/.bashrc):

```
export GITHUB_TOKEN='your-token-here'
```

3. Configure Docker Authentication:

```
echo $GITHUB_TOKEN | docker login ghcr.io -u YOUR_GITHUB _USERNAME --password-stdin
```

4. Create Kubernetes Secret for Registry:

```
kubectl create secret docker-registry ghcr-secret \\
   --docker-server=ghcr.io \\
   --docker-username=YOUR_GITHUB_USERNAME \\
   --docker-password=$GITHUB_TOKEN
```

## TL;DR

```
# 1. Check Prerequisites
                           # Check Linux kernel
uname -a
systemctl status docker # Check Docker status
echo $PATH
                           # Verify path
# 2. Install kubectl
curl -LO "https://dl.k8s.io/release/$(curl -L -s https://dl.k
sudo install -o root -g root -m 0755 kubectl /usr/local/bin/k
# Create .kube directory if it doesn't exist
mkdir -p ~/.kube
# Copy config from Windows Desktop
cp /mnt/c/Users/YourUsername/Desktop/kubeconfig ~/.kube/confi
# Set proper permissions
chmod 600 ~/.kube/config
# Add to .bashrc for persistence
echo 'export KUBECONFIG=~/.kube/config' >> ~/.bashrc
# Reload .bashrc
source ~/.bashrc
# 3. Check Cluster/Config
kubectl cluster-info
kubectl config view
kubectl get nodes
kubectl get namespaces
# 4. Basic Kubernetes Commands
kubectl get pods
                                    # List pods
                                    # List services
kubectl get services
kubectl create -f file.yaml
                                    # Create resource
kubectl apply -f file.yaml
                                    # Apply changes
kubectl delete -f file.yaml
                                     # Delete resource
```

```
kubectl describe pod podname# Pod detailskubectl logs podname# Pod logskubectl exec -it podname -- /bin/sh# Shell into podkubectl get deployment# List deploymentskubectl rollout status deployment# Deployment statuskubectl get events# View cluster eventskubectl top nodes# Node resource usagekubectl api-resources# List API resources
```