## Econometrics Problem Set 7.R

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```
library(readstata13)
## Warning: package 'readstata13' was built under R version 3.4.4
library(MASS)
kt <- read.dta13("kt_data.dta")</pre>
year10 <- subset(kt, year == 10)</pre>
firstreg <- lm(data = year10, wage ~ educ + I(exper^2) + abil + Fath_ed)</pre>
summary(firstreg)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = wage ~ educ + I(exper^2) + abil + Fath_ed, data = year10)
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q Median
                                    3Q
## -2.35884 -0.27775 0.04841 0.31240 1.35068
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.1304059 0.1271802 8.888 < 2e-16 ***
## educ 0.0743388 0.0083968 8.853 < 2e-16 ***
## I(exper^2) 0.0018780 0.0002808 6.689 3.15e-11 ***
              0.0907044 0.0169678 5.346 1.04e-07 ***
## abil
## Fath_ed
              0.0082859 0.0036598 2.264 0.0237 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4815 on 1515 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1323, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 57.73 on 4 and 1515 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
step1 <- lm(data = year10, wage ~ I(exper^2) + abil + Fath_ed)</pre>
step2 <- lm(data = year10, educ ~ I(exper^2) + abil + Fath_ed)</pre>
resid1 <- resid(step1)
resid2 <- resid(step2)
residuals <- as.data.frame(cbind(resid1, resid2))
secondreg <- lm(data = residuals, resid1 ~ resid2)</pre>
summary(secondreg)
```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = resid1 ~ resid2, data = residuals)
## Residuals:
                  1Q
                     Median
                                    3Q
## -2.35884 -0.27775 0.04841 0.31240 1.35068
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -7.196e-17 1.234e-02
                                      0.000
              7.434e-02 8.389e-03
                                       8.862
                                               <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4811 on 1518 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04919, Adjusted R-squared: 0.04856
## F-statistic: 78.53 on 1 and 1518 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
thirdreg <- lm(data = year10, wage ~ I(exper^2) + abil + Fath_ed)
resid3 <- resid(thirdreg)
year10withresid <- cbind(year10, resid3)</pre>
fourthreg <- lm(data = year10, resid3 ~ educ)</pre>
summary(fourthreg)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = resid3 ~ educ, data = year10)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                     Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -2.31302 -0.27680 0.04248 0.31269 1.49453
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.49961
                           0.08018 -6.231 5.99e-10 ***
                           0.00612 6.308 3.70e-10 ***
## educ
               0.03860
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.487 on 1518 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02554,
                                    Adjusted R-squared: 0.0249
## F-statistic: 39.79 on 1 and 1518 DF, p-value: 3.696e-10
ttests <- vector()
## k = 1
alphaestimate <- vector()</pre>
betaestimate <- vector()</pre>
for (i in 1:1000) {
x \leftarrow rnorm(n = 100, mean = 1)
e \leftarrow rnorm(n = 100)
```

```
f <- function(x) {</pre>
  1/sqrt(2*pi)*exp((-1/2)*x^2)
f2 \leftarrow function(x, k) {
  (x^k)*f(x)
f3 <- function(k) {
integrate(f2, -Inf, Inf, k)
}
n <- vector()</pre>
for (i in 1:100) {
  expect <- f3(1)
  expect2 <- f3(2)
  expect <- as.numeric(unlist(expect)[1])</pre>
  expect2 <- as.numeric(unlist(expect2)[1])</pre>
  n[i] \leftarrow (e[i]^1 - expect)/(expect2 - expect^2)^(1/2)
y \leftarrow x + n
dataset <- as.data.frame(cbind(y, x, n))</pre>
model \leftarrow lm(data = dataset, y \sim x + n)
alphaestimate <- append(alphaestimate, as.numeric(unlist(model[1])[1]))</pre>
betaestimate <- append(betaestimate, as.numeric(unlist(model[1])[2]))</pre>
## ttests <- append(ttests, t.test(betaestimate, mu=1))</pre>
summary(betaestimate)
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                               Mean 3rd Qu.
##
                                                    Max.
##
## k = 2
alphaestimate <- vector()</pre>
betaestimate <- vector()</pre>
for (i in 1:1000) {
  x \leftarrow rnorm(n = 100, mean = 1)
  e \leftarrow rnorm(n = 100)
  f <- function(x) {</pre>
    1/sqrt(2*pi)*exp((-1/2)*x^2)
```

```
f2 \leftarrow function(x, k) {
    (x^k)*f(x)
  f3 <- function(k) {
    integrate(f2, -Inf, Inf, k)
  }
  n <- vector()</pre>
  for (i in 1:100) {
    expect <- f3(2)
    expect2 \leftarrow f3(4)
    expect <- as.numeric(unlist(expect)[1])</pre>
    expect2 <- as.numeric(unlist(expect2)[1])</pre>
    n[i] \leftarrow (e[i]^2 - expect)/(expect2 - expect^2)^(1/2)
  y \leftarrow x + n
  dataset <- as.data.frame(cbind(y, x, n))</pre>
  model \leftarrow lm(data = dataset, y \sim x + n)
  alphaestimate <- append(alphaestimate, as.numeric(unlist(model[1])[1]))</pre>
  betaestimate <- append(betaestimate, as.numeric(unlist(model[1])[2]))</pre>
##ttests <- append(ttests, t.test(betaestimate, mu=1))</pre>
summary(betaestimate)
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                                  Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                     Max.
##
                   1
## k = 4
alphaestimate <- vector()</pre>
betaestimate <- vector()</pre>
for (i in 1:1000) {
  x \leftarrow rnorm(n = 100, mean = 1)
  e \leftarrow rnorm(n = 100)
  f <- function(x) {</pre>
    1/sqrt(2*pi)*exp((-1/2)*x^2)
  f2 \leftarrow function(x, k) {
    (x^k)*f(x)
```

```
}
  f3 <- function(k) {
    integrate(f2, -Inf, Inf, k)
 n <- vector()</pre>
  for (i in 1:100) {
    expect <- f3(4)
    expect2 <- f3(8)
    expect <- as.numeric(unlist(expect)[1])</pre>
    expect2 <- as.numeric(unlist(expect2)[1])</pre>
    n[i] \leftarrow (e[i]^4 - expect)/(expect2 - expect^2)^(1/2)
  y \leftarrow x + n
  dataset <- as.data.frame(cbind(y, x, n))</pre>
  model \leftarrow lm(data = dataset, y \sim x + n)
  alphaestimate <- append(alphaestimate, as.numeric(unlist(model[1])[1]))</pre>
  betaestimate <- append(betaestimate, as.numeric(unlist(model[1])[2]))</pre>
##ttests <- append(ttests, t.test(betaestimate, mu=1))</pre>
summary(betaestimate)
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
##
                                 Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                    Max.
##
## k = 8
alphaestimate <- vector()</pre>
betaestimate <- vector()</pre>
for (i in 1:1000) {
  x \leftarrow rnorm(n = 100, mean = 1)
  e \leftarrow rnorm(n = 100)
  f <- function(x) {</pre>
    1/sqrt(2*pi)*exp((-1/2)*x^2)
  f2 \leftarrow function(x, k) {
    (x^k)*f(x)
  f3 <- function(k) {
   integrate(f2, -Inf, Inf, k)
```

```
for (i in 1:100) {
    expect <- f3(8)
    expect2 <- f3(16)

    expect2 <- as.numeric(unlist(expect)[1])
    expect2 <- as.numeric(unlist(expect2)[1])

    n[i] <- (e[i]^8 - expect)/(expect2 - expect^2)^(1/2)

}

y <- x + n
dataset <- as.data.frame(cbind(y, x, n))

model <- lm(data = dataset, y ~ x + n)

alphaestimate <- append(alphaestimate, as.numeric(unlist(model[1])[1]))
betaestimate <- append(betaestimate, as.numeric(unlist(model[1])[2]))

##ttests <- append(ttests, t.test(betaestimate, mu=1))

summary(betaestimate)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
```