19CCE203

COMPUTATIONAL ELECTROMAGNETICS ASSIGNMENT 1 – ERROR CONVERGENCE

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MATLAB CODE:

```
angle = [0,0.5233,0.785,1.046,1.57,2.093,3.14,6.28,1.347,2.144]; % Reading angle
1 = 10;
i = 1;
a = 2:20;
sinx = zeros(10,19);
cosx = zeros(10,19);
tanx = zeros(10,19);
while i<=1
angle1 = angle(i);
c = 1;
n = 0;
new = 0;
old = 0;
count = 0;
while n<19
    term = mytermsin(n,angle1);%function for sin x
    if n == 0
      old = term; % Updating SOld
      c = round(new - old,6); % Calculating E
    else
      new = old + term; % CAdding term to series
      c = round(new - old,6); % Calculating E
      old = new; % Updating SOld value
    end
    if count == 0
      if c == 0
        count = n;
      end
    n = n + 1;
    sinx(i,n) = old;
fprintf("\n The sin of %.2f is %.8f, and convergent value if %f \n", angle1, old,
count);% Printing resultant values
i = i+1;
end
i = 1;
while i<=l
angle1 = angle(i);
c = 1;
n = 0;
new = 0;
old = 0;
count = 0;
```

```
while n<19
    term = mytermcos(n,angle1);%function for cos x
    if n == 0
      old = term; % Updating SOld
      c = round(new - old,6); % Calculating E
    else
      new = old + term; % CAdding term to series
      c = round(new - old,6); % Calculating E
      old = new; % Updating SOld value
    end
    if count == 0
      if c == 0
        count = n;
      end
    end
    n = n + 1;
    cosx(i,n) = old;
end
fprintf("\n The cos of %.2f is %.8f, and convergent value is %f \n", angle1, old,
count);% Printing resultant values
i = i+1;
end
for i = 1:10
     for n = 1:19
         tanx(i,n) = sinx(i,n)/cosx(i,n); %calculating tan x (i.e) tanx = tanx(i,n)
sinx/cosx
     end
end
figure; %ploting first 5 terms of sin x
hold on
grid on
plot(a, sinx(1,:), 'b');
plot(a,sinx(2,:),'k');
plot(a,sinx(3,:),'r');
plot(a,sinx(4,:),'m');
plot(a,sinx(5,:),'g');
xlabel('No. of terms')
ylabel('Sin Values for each x values')
title('Sinx values:')
legend('x=0', 'x=\pi/6', 'x=\pi/4', 'x=\pi/3', 'x=\pi/2')
figure;%ploting last 5 terms of sin x
hold on
grid on
plot(a,sinx(6,:),'b');
plot(a,sinx(7,:),'k');
plot(a,sinx(8,:),'r');
plot(a,sinx(9,:),'m');
plot(a,sinx(10,:),'g');
xlabel('No. of terms ')
ylabel('Sin Values for each x values')
title(' Sinx values :')
legend('x=2\pi/3','x=\pi','x=2\pi','x=0.429\pi','x=0.683\pi')
figure;%ploting first 5 terms of cosx
hold on
grid on
plot(a,cosx(1,:),'b');
```

```
plot(a,cosx(2,:),'k');
plot(a,cosx(3,:),'r');
plot(a,cosx(4,:),'m');
plot(a,cosx(5,:),'g');
xlabel('No. of terms ')
ylabel('Cos Values for each x values')
title(' Cosx values :')
legend('x=0', 'x=\pi/6', 'x=\pi/4', 'x=\pi/3', 'x=\pi/2')
figure;
hold on
grid on
plot(a,cosx(6,:),'b');
plot(a,cosx(7,:),'k');
plot(a,cosx(8,:),'r');
plot(a,cosx(9,:),'m');
plot(a,cosx(10,:),'g');
xlabel('No. of terms ')
ylabel('Cos Values for each x values')
title(' Cosx values:')
legend('x=2\pi/3','x=\pi','x=2\pi','x=0.429\pi','x=0.683\pi')
figure;%ploting first 5 terms of tan x
hold on
grid on
plot(a,tanx(1,:),'b');
plot(a,tanx(2,:),'k');
plot(a,tanx(3,:),'r');
plot(a,tanx(4,:),'m');
plot(a,tanx(5,:),'g');
xlabel('No. of terms ')
ylabel('Tan Values for each x values')
title(' Tanx values :')
legend('x=0', 'x=\pi/6', 'x=\pi/4', 'x=\pi/3', 'x=\pi/2')
axis([2 20 -10 10])
figure; %ploting last 5 terms of tan x
hold on
grid on
plot(a,tanx(6,:),'b');
plot(a,tanx(7,:),'k');
plot(a,tanx(8,:),'r');
plot(a,tanx(9,:),'m');
plot(a,tanx(10,:),'g');
xlabel('No. of terms ')
ylabel('Tan Values for each x ')
title(' Tanx values :')
legend('x=2\pi/3','x=\pi','x=2\pi','x=0.429\pi','x=0.683\pi')
function [term] = mytermsin(n,angle) %sinx tylor series formula
      term = (((-1)^n) / (factorial((2*n) + 1))) * (angle ^ ((2*n) + 1));
end
function [term] = mytermcos(n,angle) %cos x tylor series formula
      term = (((-1)^n) / (factorial((2*n)))) * (angle ^ ((2*n)));
end
```

OUTPUT:

>> sinxfinal

New to MATLAB? See resources for Getting Started.

The sin of 0.00 is 0.00000000, and convergent value if 1.000000

The sin of 0.52 is 0.49974123, and convergent value if 4.000000

The sin of 0.79 is 0.70682518, and convergent value if 4.000000

The sin of 1.05 is 0.86542601, and convergent value if 5.000000

The sin of 1.57 is 0.99999968, and convergent value if 6.000000

The sin of 2.09 is 0.86672211, and convergent value if 7.000000

The sin of 3.14 is 0.00159265, and convergent value if 9.000000

The sin of 6.28 is -0.00318530, and convergent value if 13.000000

The sin of 1.35 is 0.97506195, and convergent value if 6.000000

The sin of 2.14 is 0.84016785, and convergent value if 7.000000

The cos of 0.00 is 1.00000000, and convergent value is 1.000000

The cos of 0.52 is 0.86617475, and convergent value is 4.000000

The cos of 0.79 is 0.70738827, and convergent value is 5.000000

The cos of 1.05 is 0.50103675, and convergent value is 5.000000

The cos of 1.57 is 0.00079633, and convergent value is 6.000000

The cos of 2.09 is -0.49879132, and convergent value is 7.000000

The cos of 3.14 is -0.99999873, and convergent value is 9.000000

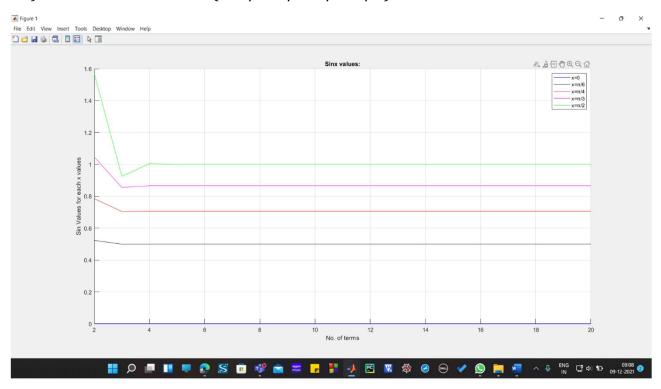
The cos of 6.28 is 0.99999493, and convergent value is 14.000000

The cos of 1.35 is 0.22193287, and convergent value is 6.000000

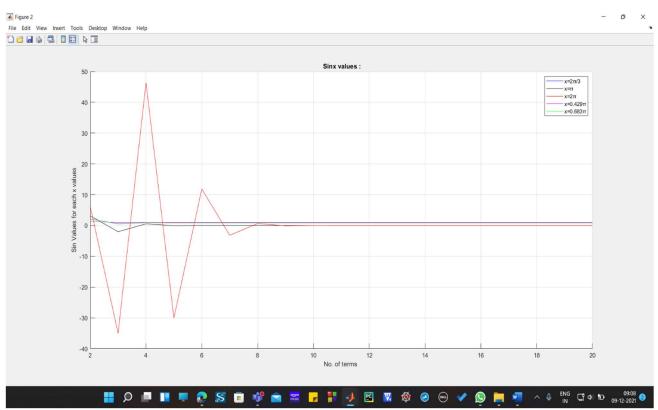
The cos of 2.14 is -0.54232645, and convergent value is 7.000000

GRAPHS:

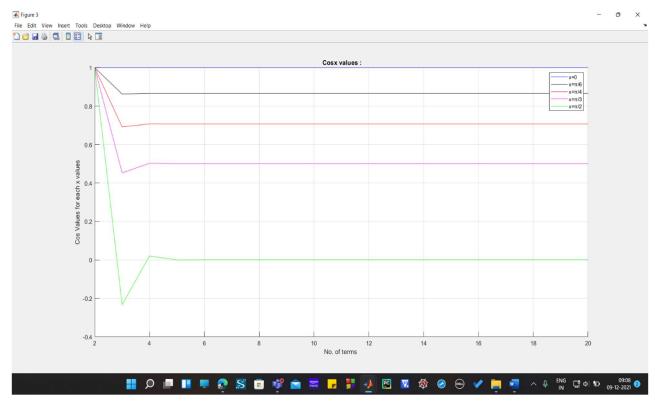
1) First 5 terms of $\sin x (0, \pi/6, \pi/4, \pi/3, \pi/2)$



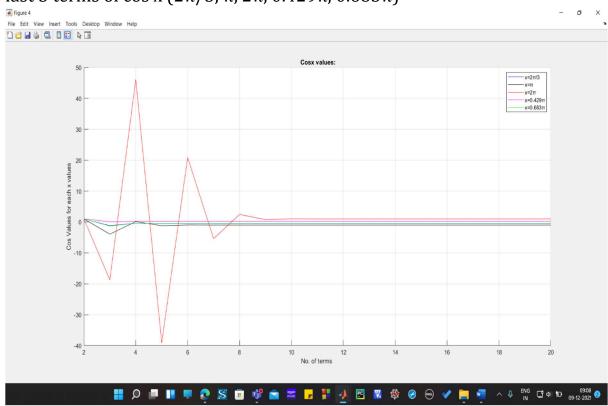
2) Last 5 terms of sin x $(2\pi/3, \pi, 2\pi, 0.429\pi, 0.683\pi)$



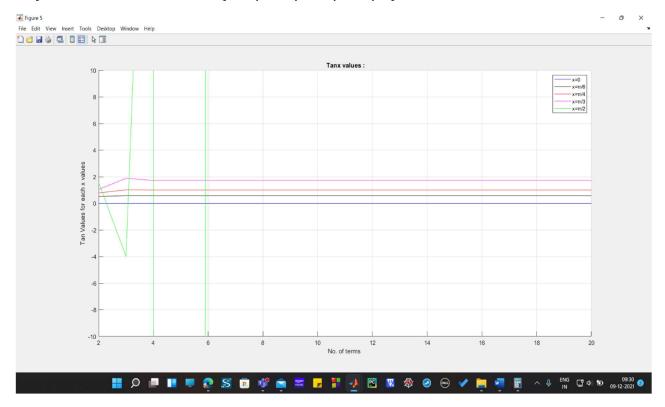
3) First 5 terms of $\cos x (0, \pi/6, \pi/4, \pi/3, \pi/2)$



4) last 5 terms of $\cos x (2\pi/3, \pi, 2\pi, 0.429\pi, 0.683\pi)$



5) First 5 terms of tan x $(0, \pi/6, \pi/4, \pi/3, \pi/2)$



6) Last 5 terms of tan x $(2\pi/3, \pi, 2\pi, 0.429\pi, 0.683\pi)$

