ELCN8005-21F-Sec1-Electronics Design Principles

• Experiment: Oscillator

• Submitted by:

Name: Naren Subburaj

• Student number: 8772452

• **Date**: 19/10/2021

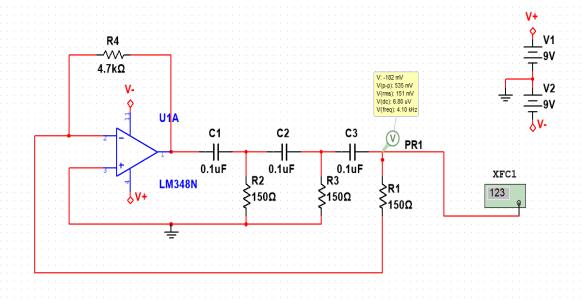
OBJECTIVE:

- Design and build an Oscillator using one of the designs that is given in the theory class (Lesson 8).
- Please keep in mind that you need to build your circuit on the breadboard.

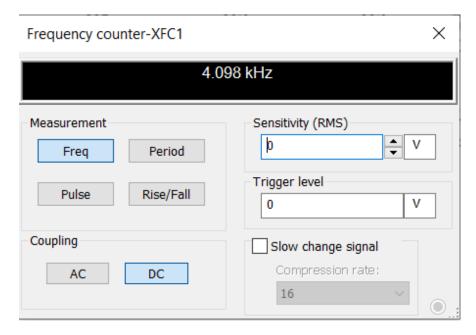
EQUIPMENTS:

Hardware	Software
LM348 – 1	Multisim
Resistor – 4.7k,150	
Capacitor – 0.1uf	
Power supply – 9v	
Multimeter – 1	
Breadboard – 1	

SCHEMATIC IN MULTISIM:



OUTPUT:



CALCULATIONS:

Building a phase shift oscillator that generated 4khz frequency. In this circuit capacitor value is 0.1uf.

Formula:

$$f_{\rm r} = \frac{1}{2\pi \, {\rm RC} \sqrt{2N}}$$

Fr = 4000

 $C = 1.0*10^{-7} F$

	Phare shift oxillator > 4 Khz
1.	fr. 1 211 Pc J2N
¢	fr: 4000 c: 1.0 × 10 ⁻⁷ f
	R = 1 272 J6 (4000) (1.0×10 ⁻⁷)
	2
•	R = 162.4 => 150 s2/
	feed back resistor:
	Rf. 29 R . 29 x 162.4
	Rf = 4709.6 2 => 4.7K2/

R = 162.4 ohm

Rf = 4.6k ohm

THEORY VS PRACTICAL:

Theory Frequency	Practical Frequency	
	Multisim	Breadbroad
4000 hz	4098 hz	3098 hz

CONCLUSION:

The RC phase shift oscillator the operational amplifier is worked at inverting mode. The op amp creates 180 degree phase shift as output. The RC feedback network creates 180 degree phase shift in combination to all the circuit creates 360 degree which is ideal for oscillator. Which is used to create desired frequency by adjusting the resistor and feedback resistor.

DISCUSSION:

From performing this experiment, I am able to build the RC phase shift oscillator circuit in multi sim and breadboard. Understood the working principle of the phase shift oscillator.

Reference: https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/oscillator/rc_oscillator.html