

## 12. Application of Stack

Aim:

To write a C program to convert infix expression to postfix using a stack.

Algorithm:

1. Start program.
2. Scan infix expression from left to right.
3. If operand  $\rightarrow$  add to postfix.
4. If operator  $\rightarrow$  push to stack (precedence rules).
5. If ')'  $\rightarrow$  pop till '('.
6. End with postfix expression.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <ctype.h>
```

```
#define SIZE 100
```

```
char stack[SIZE];
```

```
int top = -1;
```

```
void push(char c) { stack[++top] = c; }
```

```
char pop() { return stack[top--]; }
```

```
int precedence(char c) {
```

```
    if (c == '^') return 3;
```

```
    if (c == '*' || c == '/') return 2;
```

```
    if (c == '+' || c == '-') return 1;
```

```
    return -1;
```

```
}
```

```
void infixToPostfix(char* exp) {
```

```
    char postfix[SIZE];
```

```

int i = 0, k = 0;

char c;

while ((c = exp[i++]) != '\0') {
    if (isalnum(c))
        postfix[k++] = c;
    else if (c == '(')
        push(c);
    else if (c == ')') {
        while (top != -1 && stack[top] != '(')
            postfix[k++] = pop();
        pop();
    } else {
        while (top != -1 && precedence(stack[top]) >= precedence(c))
            postfix[k++] = pop();
        push(c);
    }
}

while (top != -1)
    postfix[k++] = pop();
postfix[k] = '\0';
printf("Postfix: %s\n", postfix);
}

```

```

int main() {
    char exp[] = "A+B*C";
    printf("Infix: %s\n", exp);
    infixToPostfix(exp);
    return 0;
}

```

Sample Output:

```
Infix: A+B*C  
Postfix: ABC*+
```

```
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

Result:

Successfully converted infix to postfix using stack.