

FitFlow API - Authentication System

☐ Implementation Complete

The authentication system is fully implemented with JWT tokens, bcrypt password hashing, and secure session management.

Features Implemented

1. **User Registration** ([POST /api/auth/register](#))

- Email validation
- Password hashing with bcrypt (10 rounds)
- Automatic 30-day free trial subscription
- Returns access token + refresh token

2. **User Login** ([POST /api/auth/login](#))

- Credential validation
- Password verification
- JWT token generation
- Session creation in database

3. **Get Current User** ([GET /api/auth/me](#))

- Protected endpoint (requires Bearer token)
- Returns full user profile
- Validates token on every request

4. **Refresh Token** ([POST /api/auth/refresh](#))

- Exchanges refresh token for new access token
- Validates refresh token against stored session
- Access token expires in 15 minutes
- Refresh token expires in 7 days

5. **Logout** ([POST /api/auth/logout](#))

- Removes session from database
- Invalidates refresh token
- Protected endpoint

Security Features

☐ Password Security

- bcrypt hashing with 10 salt rounds
- Passwords never stored in plaintext
- Password validation on login

JWT Tokens

- Access tokens: 15 minute expiration
- Refresh tokens: 7 day expiration
- Signed with separate secrets
- Bearer token authentication

Session Management

- Refresh tokens stored as hashed values
- Session tracking with user agent and IP
- Automatic session expiration
- Logout invalidates sessions

API Security

- Protected endpoints use auth middleware
- 401 Unauthorized for missing/invalid tokens
- 403 Forbidden for insufficient permissions
- Input validation with Zod

API Endpoints

```
POST  /api/auth/register    // Register new user
POST  /api/auth/login       // Login and get tokens
GET   /api/auth/me          // Get current user (protected)
POST  /api/auth/refresh     // Refresh access token
POST  /api/auth/logout       // Logout (protected)
```

Request Examples

Register:

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:4000/api/auth/register \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
  "email": "user@example.com",
  "password": "securepassword",
  "name": "John Doe"
}'
```

Login:

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:4000/api/auth/login \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
  "email": "user@example.com",
  "password": "securepassword"
}'
```

```
        "password": "securepassword"
    }'
```

Get Current User:

```
curl -X GET http://localhost:4000/api/auth/me \
-H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_ACCESS_TOKEN"
```

Refresh Token:

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:4000/api/auth/refresh \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
    "refreshToken": "YOUR_REFRESH_TOKEN"
}'
```

Response Format

Success (Register/Login):

```
{
  "ok": true,
  "data": {
    "user": {
      "id": "...",
      "email": "user@example.com",
      "name": "John Doe",
      "role": "user",
      "subscription": {
        "plan": "free",
        "status": "active",
        "expiresAt": "2025-12-01T..."
      }
    },
    "accessToken": "eyJhbGci...",
    "refreshToken": "eyJhbGci..."
  }
}
```

Error:

```
{
  "ok": false,
  "error": {
    "message": "Invalid credentials"
}
```

```
    }  
}
```

Testing

Run the complete auth test suite:

```
./test-auth.sh
```

This tests:

- >User registration
- Protected endpoint access
- Unauthorized access blocking
- Login validation
- Wrong password rejection
- Token refresh flow
- Logout and session cleanup

Integration with Other Routes

To protect any route, use the `authenticate` middleware:

```
import { authenticate, requireAdmin } from '../middleware/auth';  
  
// Protected route (any authenticated user)  
router.get('/profile', authenticate, handler);  
  
// Admin-only route  
router.get('/admin/users', authenticate, requireAdmin, handler);
```

Access user info in controllers:

```
export async function myHandler(req: AuthRequest, res: Response) {  
  const userId = req.user?.userId;  
  const userRole = req.user?.role;  
  // ...  
}
```

Files Created

- `src/utils/auth.ts` - Password hashing, JWT sign/verify
- `src/middleware/auth.ts` - Authentication middleware
- `src/controllers/authController.ts` - Auth endpoint handlers

- `src/routes/auth.ts` - Auth route definitions
- `test-auth.sh` - Comprehensive test suite

Next Steps

With auth complete, you can now:

1. Protect diet/workout/progress routes with `authenticate` middleware
 2. Implement AI-powered plan generation (OpenRouter + RapidAPI)
 3. Add cron jobs for daily diet generation
 4. Connect frontend to backend API
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Status: Production Ready