# FitFlow Backend Implementation Roadmap (Express + MongoDB)

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Status: Draft for review

Owner: Backend/Full-stack Team

### Goals

• Deliver a secure, scalable REST API for FitFlow features (users, workouts, diets, progress, analytics)

- Integrate cleanly with the existing Next.js frontend (App Router)
- Provide a smooth local dev experience (Docker) and straightforward deployment flow (Render/Fly/EC2)

# High-level Architecture

- Frontend: Next.js (existing) on Vercel (or any Node host)
- Backend: Node.js + Express REST API
- DB: MongoDB (Atlas in prod, local Docker in dev)
- ODM: Mongoose
- Auth: JWT (access + refresh) with httpOnly cookies (preferred) or Authorization Bearer
- Validation: Zod (or Joi)
- Docs: Swagger/OpenAPI (via swagger-ui-express)
- Observability: Winston logs + request logging + health checks
- Security: Helmet, CORS, rate limiting, input sanitization, bcrypt
- Optional accelerators: Redis cache (analytics), BullMQ (jobs), S3-compatible storage (images)

### **Environments**

- Local: Docker Compose (api + mongodb + optional redis)
- Staging: Same as prod on smaller tier (seeded demo data)
- Prod: MongoDB Atlas + managed Node host (Render/Fly/EC2) with HTTPS and environment secrets

# Project Structure (backend)

```
fitflow-api/
 - src/
   — app.ts
                           # Express app wiring (middleware, routes)
                           # HTTP server bootstrap
    – server.ts
    - config/
                           # env loading + validation
      ─ env.ts
     └ db.ts
                           # mongoose connect
   — middleware/
                           # auth guard, role guard
     ⊢ auth.ts
      ⊢ error.ts
                           # error handler
                          # zod validator wrapper
      ─ validate.ts
                           # helmet, cors, rate-limit
      └─ security.ts
    - models/
      ⊢ User.ts
       WorkoutPlan.ts
      ─ DietPlan.ts
       - ProgressLog.ts
      └─ Session.ts # refresh token/session (optional)
    - routes/
      ⊢ auth.routes.ts
      ─ users.routes.ts

    ─ workouts.routes.ts

      ─ diet.routes.ts
       progress.routes.ts
      └─ analytics.routes.ts
    - controllers/

─ auth.controller.ts

       users.controller.ts
      ─ workouts.controller.ts

    ⊢ diet.controller.ts

       progress.controller.ts

    □ analytics.controller.ts

    - services/
      ⊢ auth.service.ts
      ─ users.service.ts
      dash workouts.service.ts

─ diet.service.ts

       progress.service.ts
      └─ analytics.service.ts
                            # zod schemas (req/resp)
    - schemas/
    - utils/
      ⊢ jwt.ts
       passwords.ts

─ logger.ts
```

# Data Model (Mongoose)

User

```
{
 id: ObjectId,
 email: string (unique, indexed),
 passwordHash: string,
 name: string,
 role: 'user' | 'admin',
 profile: {
   age?: number,
   weight?: number,
   height?: number,
   gender?: 'male'|'female'|'other',
   goals?: string[]
 },
 subscription?: {
   plan?: string,
   status?: 'active'|'inactive',
   expiresAt?: Date
 },
 createdAt: Date,
 updatedAt: Date
}
```

### WorkoutPlan

```
{
    _id: ObjectId,
    userId: ObjectId (ref User, indexed),
    name: string,
    days: [{
        day:
        'monday'|'tuesday'|'wednesday'|'thursday'|'friday'|'saturday'|'sunday',
        exercises: [{
        name: string,
        sets: number,
```

### DietPlan

```
id: ObjectId,
 userId: ObjectId (ref User, indexed),
  name: string,
  dailyCalories: number,
 macros: { protein: number, carbs: number, fats: number },
 meals: [{
   name: string,
   time: string,
                       // 08:00
   calories: number,
   foods: [{ name: string, portion: string, calories: number, macros: {
p: number, c: number, f: number } }]
 }],
 createdAt: Date,
 updatedAt: Date
}
```

### ProgressLog

```
{
 _id: ObjectId,
 userId: ObjectId (ref User, indexed),
 date: Date (indexed),
 workout: {
   day?: string,
    completedExercises?: number,
   totalExercises?: number,
   durationSec?: number
 },
 meals: [{
   mealName: string,
   loggedAt: Date,
   calories?: number,
   macros?: { p: number, c: number, f: number }
 }],
 createdAt: Date
}
```

#### Indexes:

- User.email (unique), User.role
- · WorkoutPlan.userId, DietPlan.userId
- ProgressLog.userId + date (compound)

# API Design (REST)

Base URL: http://localhost:4000/api

#### Auth

- POST /auth/register -> create user
- POST /auth/login -> set access/refresh (httpOnly cookies) or return tokens
- POST /auth/refresh -> rotate access token
- POST /auth/logout -> clear cookies / revoke session
- GET /auth/me (auth) -> current user profile

### Users (admin)

- GET /users (admin)
- GET /users/:id (admin/self for own)
- POST /users (admin)
- PUT /users/:id (admin/self limited)
- DELETE /users/:id (admin)

#### Workouts

- GET /workouts (auth) -> current user plans (or admin filter by userId)
- GET /workouts/:id (auth)
- POST /workouts/generate (admin) -> Al integration hook
- POST /workouts (admin) -> manual create
- PUT /workouts/:id (admin)

### Diet

- GET /diet (auth)
- GET /diet/:id (auth)
- POST /diet/generate (admin)
- POST /diet (admin)
- PUT /diet/:id (admin)

### **Progress**

- GET /progress (auth) -> user progress timeline
- POST /progress/workout (auth) -> log workout completion
- POST /progress/meal (auth) -> log meal
- GET /progress/stats (auth) -> aggregates

### Analytics (admin)

- GET /analytics/overview
- GET /analytics/user/:id
- GET /analytics/trends

Pagination: ?page=1&limit=20

Filtering: consistent query params (e.g., ?userId=...&from=...&to=...)

# **Auth Strategy**

Recommended: httpOnly cookie tokens (best UX with Next.js)

- Access token (short TTL, e.g., 15m)
- Refresh token (long TTL, e.g., 7d)
- Store refresh token id in DB (Session) for rotation/revocation
- CSRF protection: double-submit cookie or same-site=strict + only same-origin requests from Next.js

Alternative: Bearer tokens in Authorization header (simpler but store carefully on client)

Roles: user, admin

- Auth middleware sets req.user
- · Role guard middleware ensures admin access to admin routes

Password: bcrypt with proper salt rounds

### Validation & Errors

- Zod schemas per route to validate req.body, req.query, req.params
- Centralized error handler returning JSON envelope:

```
{ "ok": false, "error": { "code": "VALIDATION_ERROR", "message": "...", "details": [...] } }
```

Map domain errors to proper HTTP status codes

# Security

- Helmet (sane defaults)
- CORS: allow NEXT\_PUBLIC\_API\_BASE\_URL origin(s)
- Rate limiting (e.g., 100 req/15m per IP)
- Input sanitization (xss-clean / express-validator sanitize or zod + escape)
- Strong password policy
- Disable x-powered-by, trust proxy set if behind load balancer

# Observability

- Winston logger (JSON in prod), morgan for access logs in dev
- Health checks: GET /health (db ping + version)
- Request ID correlation (x-request-id)
- Basic metrics endpoint (future: Prometheus)

# Local Dev & Tooling

Docker Compose (excerpt)

```
version: '3.9'
services:
  api:
    build: .
    ports:
      - "4000:4000"
    env file:
      - .env
    depends on:
      - mongo
 mongo:
    image: mongo:7
    restart: always
    ports:
     - "27017:27017"
    volumes:
      - mongo-data:/data/db
volumes:
  mongo-data:
```

### .env.example

```
PORT=4000

NODE_ENV=development

MONGODB_URI=mongodb://mongo:27017/fitflow

JWT_ACCESS_SECRET=changeme-access

JWT_REFRESH_SECRET=changeme-refresh

JWT_ACCESS_TTL=15m

JWT_REFRESH_TTL=7d

CORS_ORIGIN=http://localhost:3000
```

### NPM scripts (backend)

```
dev: ts-node-dev src/server.tsbuild: tsc
```

```
- start: node dist/server.js
- test: jest
```

# Frontend Integration Plan

Frontend base URL: process.env.NEXT\_PUBLIC\_API\_BASE\_URL (e.g., http://localhost:4000/api)

API Client (gym-app/lib/api.ts)

- Add a small wrapper around fetch that:
  - Sends credentials when using cookie strategy: credentials: 'include'
  - Handles JSON parse, errors, and automatic refresh (optional)
  - Injects Authorization header if using Bearer tokens

### Hooks to replace mock/localStorage

- hooks/useAuth.ts → /auth/login, /auth/me, /auth/logout
- hooks/useWorkoutPlan.ts → /workouts, /workouts/:id
- hooks/useDietPlan.ts → /diet, /diet/:id
- hooks/useUserProgress.ts → /progress, /progress/stats, POST logs

### Recommended fetching strategy:

- SWR or React Query for caching/revalidation
- Use SSR selectively for SEO-less areas if needed; otherwise CSR with SWR is fine

### Route Protection (Next.js)

- Next middleware (optional) to redirect unauthenticated users
- Or guard inside pages using useAuth state

### **CORS & Cookies**

- If using cookies: set credentials: 'include' on client and cors({ origin, credentials: true }) on server
- Set cookie flags: httpOnly, secure (prod), sameSite=strict

# **Testing Strategy**

- Unit: services, utils (Jest)
- Integration: controllers/routes (supertest with in-memory Mongo or test DB)
- E2E (optional now): Playwright hitting local API and Next frontend
- · Test data factories & seeds
- Coverage gate (min 80%)

# **Deployment Strategy**

#### Option A (simple):

- Backend on Render/Fly/Heroku (Docker or Node buildpack)
- · MongoDB Atlas
- Frontend on Vercel
- · Configure env vars for each

#### Option B (DIY):

- Dockerized API on EC2 (or Lightsail) behind Nginx reverse proxy (HTTPS via Let's Encrypt)
- MongoDB Atlas (managed) or self-hosted (not recommended for prod)

#### CI/CD (GitHub Actions):

- Lint + test on PR
- · Build Docker image on main
- Deploy to environment via provider action (Render/Fly/EC2 SSH)

# Performance & Scaling

- Use .lean() on read-heavy queries
- · Proper indexes for filters and sort
- Pagination (limit/skip or keyset)
- Cache expensive analytics (Redis) with TTL
- Background jobs (BullMQ) for AI plan generation and aggregations
- Stress test with k6/Artillery before launch

### Milestones & Timeline

Phase 0: Scaffolding (1-2 days)

· Initialize repo, Docker, Env validation, DB connect, health route

Phase 1: Auth & Users (3-4 days)

- · Register, login, logout, refresh, me
- Role guard, hashing, validation
- Users CRUD (admin)

Phase 2: Plans (Workout & Diet) (4-6 days)

- CRUD + generation endpoints (stub AI)
- · Hook to frontend generate pages

Phase 3: Progress & Analytics (4-6 days)

- Progress logs, stats, analytics overview
- Frontend hooks integrated

Phase 4: Hardening & Docs (2-3 days)

- Swagger, rate limit, logs, tests to 80% coverage
- Load test and fix hotspots

# Acceptance Criteria

- · All documented endpoints implemented with validation and RBAC
- Auth flow (login/logout/refresh/me) works end-to-end with httpOnly cookies
- Frontend pages use live API (no localStorage mocks)
- Swagger docs at /api/docs
- 80% test coverage on services/controllers
- Zero critical vulnerabilities, basic rate limiting enabled
- Monitoring: logs + health checks available

# **Open Questions**

- Al plan generation provider (OpenAl vs local rules) and budget
- Payment/subscriptions scope now or later?
- Do we need multi-tenant or trainer orgs now?
- · File uploads (profile pictures) now or defer?

### Quick Start (Local Dev)

- 1. Clone both repos (frontend + backend).
- 2. Set .env from .env.example.
- 3. Run Docker Compose for DB.
- 4. Start API: npm run dev.
- 5. Start frontend: npm run dev with NEXT\_PUBLIC\_API\_BASE\_URL=http://localhost:4000/api.

This roadmap is designed to plug directly into the existing Next.js app with minimal churn. Once approved, we can scaffold the repo and begin Phase 0 immediately.