

AI1110

Assignment 9

Bandaru Naresh Kumar
AI21BTECH11006

Outline

- 1 Question
- 2 Solution
- 3 Answer

Exercise 10.25

If $R_n(\tau) = N\delta(\tau)$ and

$$x(t) = A \cos \omega_0 t + n(t)$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{1}{\alpha + j\omega}$$

$$y(t) = B \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi) + y_n(t)$$

where $y_n(t)$ is the component of the output $y(t)$ due to $n(t)$, find the value of

α that maximises the signal to noise ratio $\frac{B^2}{E(y_n^2(t))}$

Solution

We have,

$$B = A|H(\omega_0)| = \frac{A}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2}} \quad (1)$$

$$S_{y_n}(\omega) = \frac{N}{\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2} \quad (2)$$

$$R_{y_n}(\tau) = \frac{N}{2\alpha e^{-\alpha|\tau|}} \quad (3)$$

$$E y_n^2(t) = R_{y_n}(0) = \frac{N}{2\alpha} \quad (4)$$

Answer

Hence,

$$\frac{B^2}{E(y_n^2(t))} = \frac{2A^2}{N} \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2}$$

Differentiating, we get

$$\frac{1(\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2) - \alpha(2\alpha)}{(\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2)^2} = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$\omega_0^2 - \alpha^2 = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\alpha = \omega_0 \quad (7)$$

Also, $f''(\alpha) < 0$

$\therefore \alpha = \omega_0$ is the maxima value for given ratio.