

# AI1110

## Assignment 9

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# Outline

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## Exercise 10.25

If  $R_n(\tau) = N\delta(\tau)$  and

$$x(t) = A \cos \omega_0 t + n(t)$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{1}{\alpha + j\omega}$$

$$y(t) = B \cos(\omega_0 + t + \phi) + y_n(t)$$

where  $y_n(t)$  is the component of the output  $y(t)$  due to  $n(t)$ , find the value of

$\alpha$  that maximises the signal to noise ratio  $\frac{B^2}{E(y_n^2(t))}$

# Solution

We have,

$$B = A|H(\omega_0)| = \frac{A}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2}} \quad (1)$$

$$S_{y_n}(\omega) = \frac{N}{\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2} \quad (2)$$

$$R_{y_n}(\tau) = \frac{N}{2\alpha} e^{-\alpha|\tau|} \quad (3)$$

$$Ey_n^2(t) = R_{y_n}(0) = \frac{N}{2\alpha} \quad (4)$$

# Answer

Hence,

$$\frac{B^2}{E(y_n^2(t))} = \frac{2A^2}{N} \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2}$$

Differentiating, we get

$$\frac{1(\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2) - \alpha(2\alpha)}{(\alpha^2 + \omega_0^2)^2} = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$\omega_0^2 - \alpha^2 = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\alpha = \omega_0 \quad (7)$$

Also,  $f''(\alpha) < 0$

$\therefore \alpha = \omega_0$  is the maxima value for given ratio.