

# Classification of Web Comics

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# Motivation

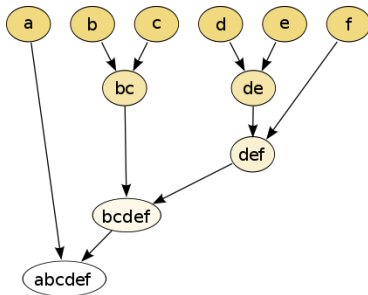
- Lots of web comics available online
- We would like to determine similarities between comics and group them.
- Its a cool thing to do
- It allows one to find out comics of interest

# Dataset

- About 20000 documents from 9 comic series
- Downloaded following comic series from OhNoRobot.com
  - Nukees
  - College Roomies From Hell
  - Questionable Content
  - Sheldon
  - Goats
  - General Protection Fault
  - Diesel Sweeties
- XKCD comics. Available from their website
- Calvin and Hobbes

# Approach

- Clustering is a natural solution to this problem
- It also makes sense to create a hierarchy of clusters



- Moreover, simultaneously clustering together both comic series and individual documents, and also creating a hierarchy will tell us similarity between series and documents
- This helps group a series with related documents using similarities of comics and vice-versa

# Heirarchical Co-clustering

- Given a set of  $m$  comic documents  $D = D_1, D_2, \dots, D_m$  and a set of  $n$  series  $S = S_1, S_2, \dots, S_n$
- Also given a  $m \times n$  document-series relationship matrix  $X$ , with  $x_{ij}$  representing the relation between  $i$ -th document in  $D$  and  $j$ -th series in  $S$
- HCC simultaneously generates a heirarchical clustering of  $D$  and  $S$  based on  $X$

# HCC Algorithm

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## Algorithm 1 HCC Algorithm Description

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Create an empty heirarchy  $H$

$List \leftarrow Objects\ in\ A + Objects\ in\ B$

$N \leftarrow size[A] + size[B]$

**for**  $i = 0$  to  $N - 1$  **do**

$p, q = \text{PickUpTwoNodes}(List)$

$o = \text{Merge}(p, q)$

    Remove  $p, q$  from  $List$  and add  $o$  to  $List$

    Add  $List$  to  $H$  as next layer

**end for**

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# Merging Nodes

- Cluster Heterogeneity Measurement( $CH$ ) is used for the clustering heterogeneous types
- If we want to cluster  $P \subseteq D$  having  $r$  rows, and  $Q \subseteq S$  having  $t$  columns, caculate

$$CH(P, Q) = \frac{1}{rt} \sum_{i \in P, j \in Q} (x_{ij} - \mu)^2$$

where  $\mu$  is the max of the entries in the matrix  $X$

- Calculate  $CH(P, Q)$  for all possible pairs from present clusters, and choose that pair which has least cluster heterogeneity

# Co-Clustering Words and Documents

- To co-cluster documents and series, we need to build the relationship matrix between documents and series
- We build that by obtaining information from the results of co-clustering words and documents
- $W$  is the set of words from all the documents
- Create a word-document relationship matrix  $X$ , with the documents representing the columns and the rows representing the words.

$$x_{ij} = tfidf(w_i, d_j)$$

- Co-cluster words and documents by using the HCC algorithm described earlier



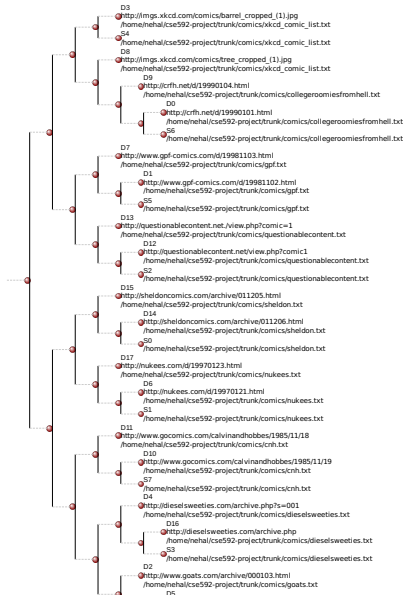
# Document-Series Relationship Matrix

- Let  $X$  be the relationship matrix between series and documents
- Let  $K = |W| + |D|$ , where  $W$ =set of words and  $D$ =set of documents
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- For node  $N_i$  created in iteration  $i$  of the HCC algorithm run for co-clustering words and documents, using nodes  $N1$  and  $N2$  present from previous iteration
- $K = K - 1$
- For each document  $d_i$  in  $N1$ ,  
For each unique series  $k$  that the documents in  $N2$  belong to,

$$x_{ik} = x_{ik} + K$$

Do the same reversing  $N1$  and  $N2$

# HCC Dendrogram



# References



Jingxuan Li et al, *HCC: A Hierarchical Co-clustering Algorithm*



T. Eckes et al, *An error variance approach to two-mode hierarchical clustering*