

Types of Variables in java :

In java based on the data type we have only 2 types of variables :

- 1) Primitive Variables
- 2) Reference Variables

Primitive Variables :

If any variable in java declared with primitive data type i.e byte, short, int, long, float, double char and boolean then it is called Primitive Variable.

Example :

```
int x = 10;
```

On primitive variable we can't assign null literal as well as with primitive variable we can't invoke a method.

```
int x = null; //Invalid
```

```
int y = 23;  
y.m1(); //Invalid
```

Reference Variable :

If we declare any variable with reference data type i.e with class name, interface name and so on then it is called Reference variable.

Example :

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in); //sc is a reference variable  
Student s; //s is a reference variable
```

On reference variable we can assign null literal as well as we can invoke any method on reference variable.

```
Employee e1 = null; //Valid
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
sc.nextInt();
```

Now, Based on the declaration position, Variables are further divided into four types :

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) Class Variable OR Static Field | class Level Variables
[The Variables which we can define inside a class but outside of the method] |
| 2) Instance Variable OR Non static Field | |
| 3) Local Variables | Method Level Variable
[The variables which are defined inside a method] |
| 4) Parameter Variables | |

