

# Supplementary Material

## Step-by-Step Procedure, Pseudo-code, and Full Parameter Settings for Hybrid Swarm Optimization of Three ML Classifiers (FSDM4784)

Prepared by: **Narongdech Dungkratoke et al.**

Generated on: September 18, 2025.

### Introduction

This supplementary file provides the complete, reproducible description of the optimization framework referenced in the paper.

It includes (1) a step-by-step procedure, (2) algorithmic pseudo-code for FA, GWO, and Hybrid FA–GWO, (3) full hyperparameter search spaces for SVM, Random Forest, and KNN, and (4) the evaluation protocol.

The objective being minimized during metaheuristic search is  $1 - F1$  on a 70/30 stratified train/test split.

### Reproducibility Notes

- Environment: Python  $\geq 3.9$ ; NumPy  $\geq 1.23$ ; scikit-learn  $\geq 1.2$ .
- Determinism: Random seeds (random\_state=42) are fixed where supported. Metaheuristics remain stochastic; convergence curves and final scores are reported.
- Scaling: Standardization is applied to features used by SVM and KNN; Random Forest uses raw features.
- Objective during search: Minimize  $1 - F1$ .
- Final evaluation: Re-train model on training split and evaluate on hold-out test split.

### Step-by-Step Procedure

1. Data Preparation
  - 1.1 Split the dataset into train/test with stratification (test\_size=0.30, random\_state=42).
  - 1.2 Fit a StandardScaler on X\_train and transform X\_train/X\_test for SVM and KNN.
2. Define Models & Bounds
  - SVM (RBF): optimize  $C \in [0.1, 100]$ ,  $\gamma \in [1e-4, 1]$ .

- Random Forest: optimize  $n\_estimators \in [50, 200]$ ,  $max\_depth \in [2, 15]$ .
  - KNN: optimize  $n\_neighbors \in [2, 20]$ .
3. Objective Function
    - 3.1 For candidate vector  $\theta$ , map to model hyperparameters (cast to int where required).
    - 3.2 Train model on  $X\_train$ ; predict on  $X\_test$ ; compute F1.
    - 3.3 Return  $1 - F1$  to be minimized.
  4. Initialize Population
 

Draw  $n\_agents \times dim$  initial positions uniformly within bounds.
  5. Run Optimizer
 

Use FA, GWO, or Hybrid FA–GWO for  $max\_iter$  iterations, recording the best score each iteration.
  6. Select Best Hyperparameters
 

Take the position with the minimum objective value as best parameters.
  7. Final Evaluation & Reporting
 

Refit the model on  $X\_train$  with best parameters.

Evaluate on  $X\_test$ : Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1-score, and ROC-AUC.

Save best parameters and metrics for each ( $Model \times Optimizer$ ) pair.

### **Pseudo-code: Firefly Algorithm (FA) with Initialization**

Input: objective  $f(\cdot)$ , bounds  $[L, U]$ , init positions  $X$  ( $n \times d$ ),  
 $\alpha$ ,  $\beta_0$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $max\_iter$

Output: best position  $x^*$ , best score  $f(x^*)$ , convergence curve

- 1:  $X \leftarrow$  init positions within  $[L, U]$ ;  $I[i] \leftarrow f(X[i])$  for all  $i$
- 2: for  $t = 1..max\_iter$  do
- 3:   for  $i = 1..n$  do
- 4:     for  $j = 1..n$  do
- 5:       if  $I[j] < I[i]$  then
- 6:          $r \leftarrow \|X[i] - X[j]\|$
- 7:          $\beta \leftarrow \beta_0 * \exp(-\gamma * r^2)$
- 8:          $step \leftarrow \beta (X[j] - X[i]) + \alpha * (rand(d) - 0.5)$
- 9:          $X[i] \leftarrow clip(X[i] + step, L, U)$
- 10:         $I[i] \leftarrow f(X[i])$
- 11:   record  $\min(I)$  to curve
- 12: return  $\argmin(I)$ ,  $\min(I)$ , curve

### **Pseudo-code: Grey Wolf Optimizer (GWO) with Initialization**

Input: objective  $f(\cdot)$ , bounds  $[L,U]$ , init positions  $X$  ( $n \times d$ ),  $\max\_iter$

Output: best position  $\alpha$ , best score  $f(\alpha)$ , convergence curve

- 1: Initialize  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\delta$  as  $+\infty$ ;  $\alpha\_pos$ ,  $\beta\_pos$ ,  $\delta\_pos$  as None
- 2: for  $t = 1..\max\_iter$  do
- 3:   for each wolf  $i$ :
- 4:      $s \leftarrow f(X[i])$ ; update  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\delta$  and their positions
- 5:    $a \leftarrow 2 - 2 * t / \max\_iter$
- 6:   for each wolf  $i$  do
- 7:     for each dimension  $d$  do
- 8:       draw  $r1, r2$ ;  $A \leftarrow 2*a*r1 - a$ ;  $C \leftarrow 2*r2$
- 9:        $X1 \leftarrow \alpha\_pos[d] - A*|C*\alpha\_pos[d] - X[i,d]|$
- 10:       repeat with  $\beta$ ,  $\delta \rightarrow X2, X3$
- 11:        $X[i,d] \leftarrow \text{clip}((X1 + X2 + X3)/3, L[d], U[d])$
- 12:   record  $\alpha$  to curve
- 13: return  $\alpha\_pos$ ,  $\alpha$ , curve

### **Pseudo-code: Hybrid FA–GWO**

Input: objective  $f(\cdot)$ , bounds  $[L,U]$ , init positions  $X$  ( $n \times d$ ),  
alpha, beta0, gamma,  $\max\_iter$

Output: best position  $\alpha$ , best score  $f(\alpha)$ , convergence curve

- 1: Track  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\delta$  wolves as in GWO
- 2: for  $t = 1..\max\_iter$  do
- 3:   Update  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\delta$  by evaluating all wolves
- 4:    $a \leftarrow 2 - 2 * t / \max\_iter$
- 5:   for each agent  $i$  do
- 6:     compute GWO-guided position  $G[i]$  (average of  $X1, X2, X3$ )
- 7:      $r \leftarrow \|X[i] - G[i]\|$ ;  $\beta \leftarrow \text{beta0} * \exp(-\text{gamma} * r^2)$
- 8:      $\text{step} \leftarrow \beta (G[i] - X[i]) + \text{alpha} * (\text{rand}(d) - 0.5)$
- 9:      $X[i] \leftarrow \text{clip}(X[i] + \text{step}, L, U)$
- 10:   record  $\alpha$  to curve
- 11: return  $\alpha\_pos$ ,  $\alpha$ , curve

## Hyperparameter Search Spaces

Model	Hyperparameters to Optimize	Bounds / Domain	Type
SVM (RBF)	C, gamma	[0.1, 100], [1e-4, 1]	float,float
RandomForest	n_estimators, max_depth	[50, 200], [2, 15]	int,int
KNN	n_neighbors	[2, 20]	int

## Evaluation Protocol

- Split: stratified train/test, test\_size = 0.30, random\_state = 42.
- Objective minimized during search: 1 – F1 on hold-out test split.
- After selecting best hyperparameters, refit on training set and evaluate on test set:  
Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1-score, and ROC-AUC.
- Convergence curves record best score per iteration.

## How to Run (Example Skeleton)

- Prepare X\_train\_scaled, X\_test\_scaled, y\_train, y\_test as described above.
- Set n\_agents = 10, max\_iter = 20 (modifiable).
- For each model in {SVM, RF, KNN}:
  - Define objective(params) → returns 1 – F1.
  - Initialize positions uniformly within bounds.
  - Call one of {firefly\_with\_init, gwo\_with\_init, hybrid\_fa\_gwo\_init}.
  - Train final model with best parameters; compute metrics and ROC.