



UML

Lab Book

Document Revision History

Date	Revision No.	Author	Summary of Changes
18-Dec-2008	0.1D	Veena Deshpande	Creation
22-Dec-2008		CLS team	Review
Jan-2009	1.0	Veena Deshpande	Baselined
8 May 2009	1.1	Veena Deshpande	Updated for including comments related to tool usage for Labs.
20-May-11	1.2	Latha S	Added some more UML exercises , Added STARUML points needed to work on the UML exercises
04-Apr-15	1.3	Kavita Arora	Made changes as per revised TOC

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Getting Started

Overview

This lab book comprises of assignments to be done for Unified Modeling Language (UML). The course is focused towards understanding Object Oriented Concepts and understanding UML diagrams with some exposure to creating diagrams which are closely related to developer roles – class diagrams, sequence diagrams, activity diagrams.

It is recommended to get familiar with STARUML – an open source modeling tool. Instructor would give a demo of the tool. Participants would be expected to explore the tool and model the lab assignment diagrams using the tool.

Setup Checklist for UML

- STARUML to be available on all machines.

Instructions

- Specified for each of the individual assignments.

Learning More (Bibliography)

- Applying UML – Advanced Applications by Rob Pooley , Pauline Witcox
- UML User's Guide by Grady Booch, Ivar Jacobson and James Rumbaugh

UML Problem Statement/ Case Study

Overview – Banking System

A well-known bank desires to build a process of account maintenance of savings and current accounts. The savings and the current account are however maintained in different sources (databases). The system should have the online capabilities to cater to requirements viz.

- View Account Balance & details (Both Current & Savings.
- View Account details (should have only last 10 transactions)
- View Statements for the account (month-wise)
- Request for Address Changes
- Transfer requests from Savings to current account (User should be able to transfer funds amongst the current and savings account)

The default view for all users is View Account Balance.

Lab 1. Dynamic View Diagrams – Use Case Diagrams

Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interpret Use Case Diagram Create Use Case Diagram
Time	30 minutes

1.1: Interpret Use Case Diagram

Study the Use Case Diagram and answer the questions given below.

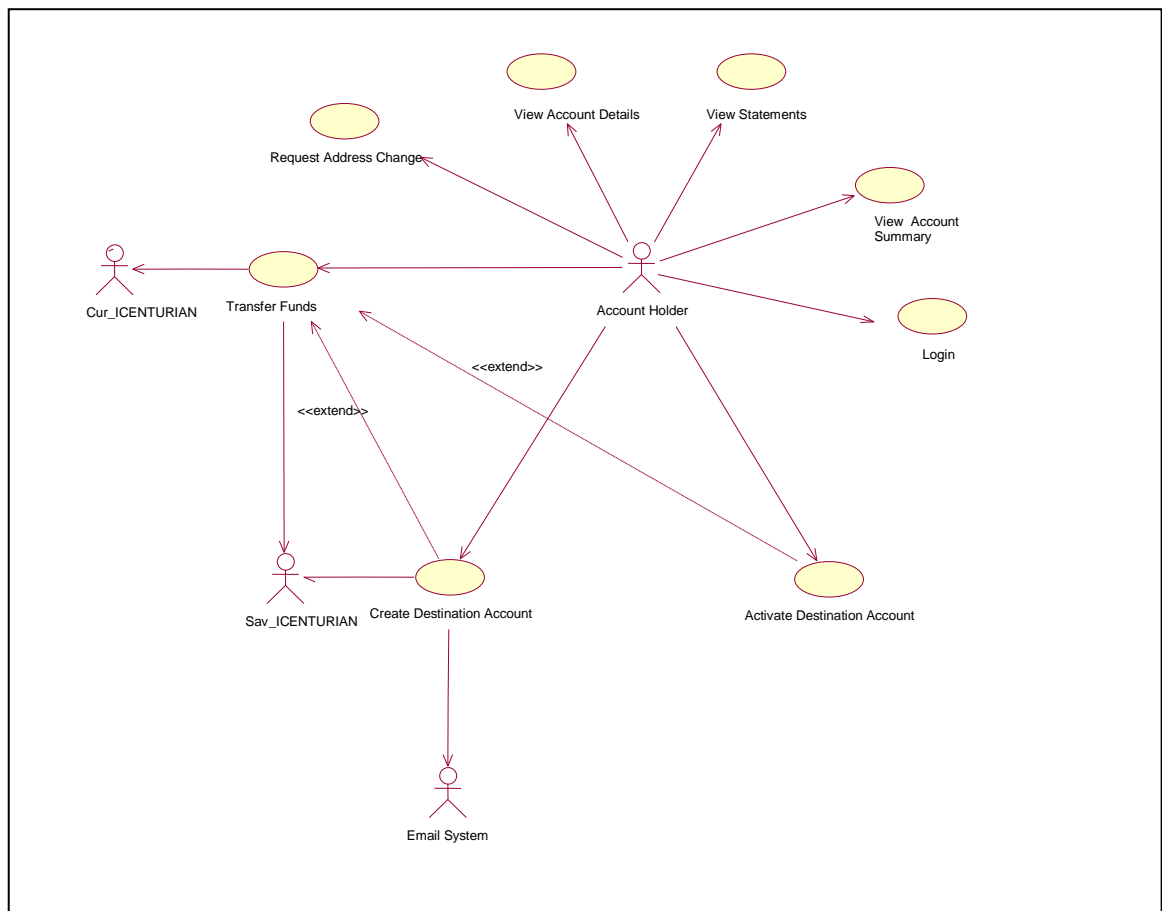


Figure 1: Use Case Diagram

Questions:

1. Name the actors.
2. Why is the Email System considered as an actor for this system?
3. How would the above diagram be different if the data sources were designed as part of the application?
4. Name the use cases that can be invoked by Account Holder.
5. Which use case has extension points? What are the extended use cases?
6. Does this online system allow the use to pay insurance premiums? If yes, which is the use case? If no, how can the diagram be changed to include that?

1.2: Create Use Case Diagram

[This assignment is to be done in groups of 2 to 4 participants.]

- A. Draw the Use Case diagram for the following scenario. Discuss your diagram with other groups.

Visitors can browse the catalog of an online book store and check for availability for a book.

Registered customers can browse, search and place orders. S/He can also cancel the placed order. Placed orders are fulfilled only after the credit card details entered by the customer are validated by a third party payment gateway. The shipping details of the fulfilled orders are sent to Shipping Agent. The Sales report is sent to the CEO every month.

- B. Consider any other online application of your choice. For this application, identify actors and use cases. Draw the use case diagram. Discuss your diagram with other groups.



Hint: Consider online applications such as Hotel Reservations, CD Rental Library and so on.

Lab 2. Dynamic View Diagrams – Activity Diagrams

Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interpret Activity Diagram• Create Activity Diagram
Time	30 minutes

2.1: Interpret Activity Diagram

Study the activity diagram and answer the questions given below.

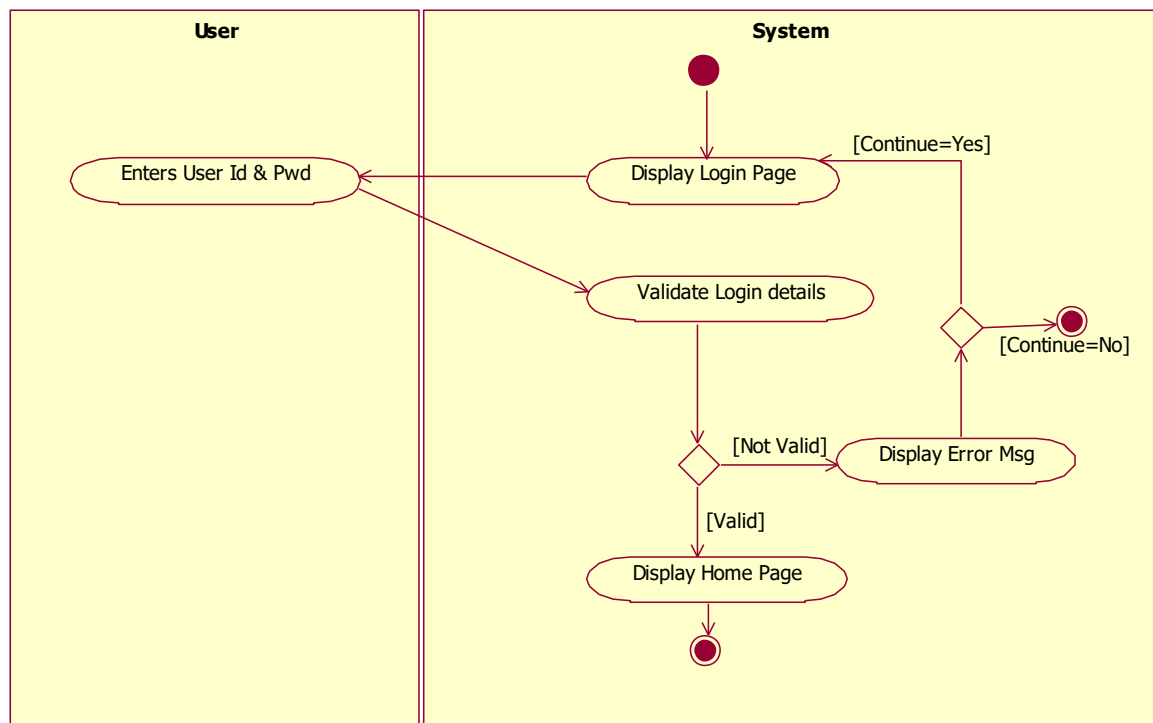


Figure 2: Activity Diagram

Questions:

7. Refer 1.1. Which use case do you think this activity diagram is describing?
8. Name the swimlanes that you find in this diagram.
9. Consider the following change to the use case: Only 3 attempts are permitted to enter valid user id and password. Make appropriate changes to this diagram.

2.2: Create Activity Diagram

[This assignment is to be done in groups of 2 to 4 participants.]

- A. For the system considered in 1.2 A, draw an activity diagram for the purchase use case. Discuss your diagram with other groups. You can use the following for guidelines for the workflow associated with this use case.

Registered customer can browse and select items, add it to shopping cart, and when he has finished shopping, proceed to billing.

- B. For the system considered in 1.2 B, draw an activity diagram for a use case of your choice. Discuss your diagram with other groups.

Lab 3. Dynamic View Diagrams – Sequence Diagrams

Goals	Interpret Sequence Diagram
Time	10 minutes

3.1: Interpret Sequence Diagram

A. Study the sequence diagram. This illustrates retrieval of account details of a customer from an external data source. Answer the questions given below.

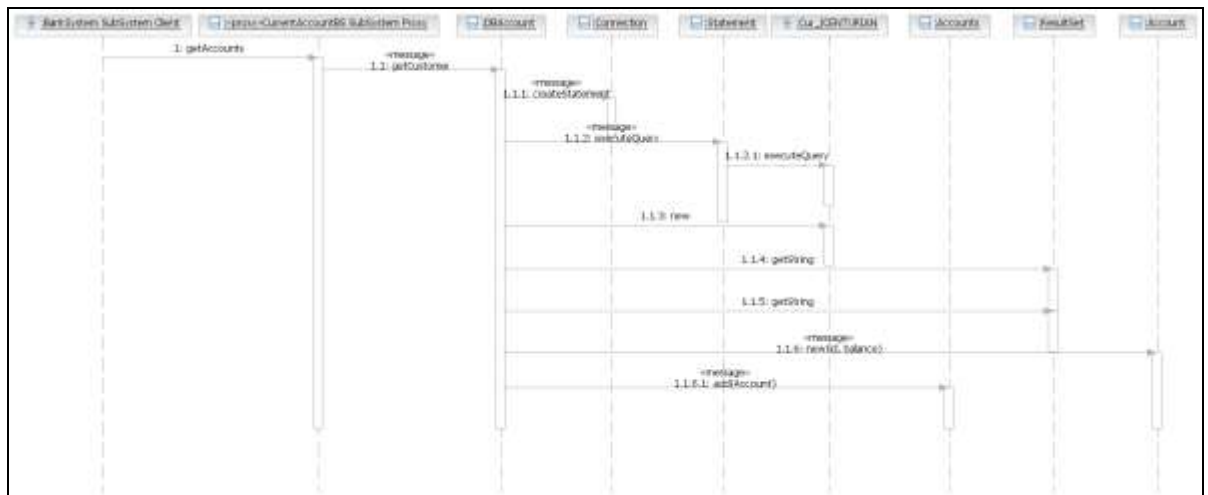


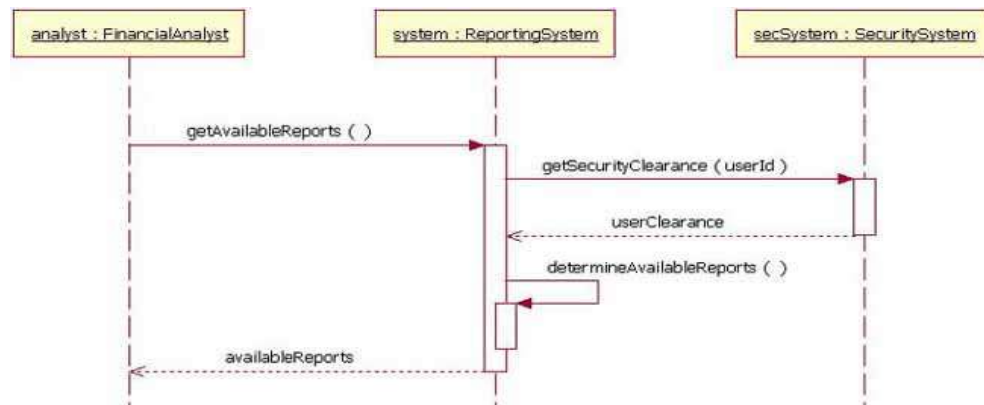
Figure 3: Sequence Diagram

Questions:

10. Name any 3 objects that are part of this diagram.
11. Which is the external data source from where the data is being retrieved?
12. If a class called "Statement" is coded considering this sequence diagram, what operation must be part of the "Statement" class?
13. Does this sequence diagram model error conditions? If yes, what are they? If no, what could be the error conditions and how would you model them?

B. Study the sequence diagram given below and answer the following questions.

1. The operation `getAvailableReports()` belongs to the class `FinancialAnalyst`. TRUE /FALSE
2. What methods would be implemented by the class `ReportingSystem` ?
3. What is the return value of the method `getAvailableReports` ?
4. Who is responsible for calling the operation `determineAvailableReports()` ?



3.2: Create Sequence Diagram

Draw the sequence diagram for login module for Registered customers:

- a. User enters id and password on the Form and clicks the submit button.
- b. The `OnSubmit()` method is invoked.
- c. The `OnSubmit()` method instantiates the `LoginBO` object. It calls the `IsValidLogin` Method and passes the id and password.
- d. Two methods, `IsValidID()` and `IsValidPWD()` of `LoginBO` object, are executed within the `LoginBO` object.
- e. If one of the methods returns false, then false is returned by `IsValidLogin()`
- f. If both methods are returning true, then `LoginBO` instantiates the `LoginDAO` object. It calls the `ValidateLogin()` method of the DAO and passes the id and password.
- g. The `LoginDAO`'s checks with the database and returns true /false accordingly.
- h. The return value of DAO is returned by the BO object to the presentation layer i.e. to the Form.

Additional Exercise: Add the feature that the user is allowed to try the above functionality 5 times.

Lab 4. Some More Dynamic View Diagrams – State Chart Diagrams

Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interpret State Chart Diagram• Create State Chart Diagram
Time	20 minutes

4.1: Interpret State Chart Diagram

Study the state chart diagram. This illustrates the various states in which an “Account” object can be in. Answer the questions given below.

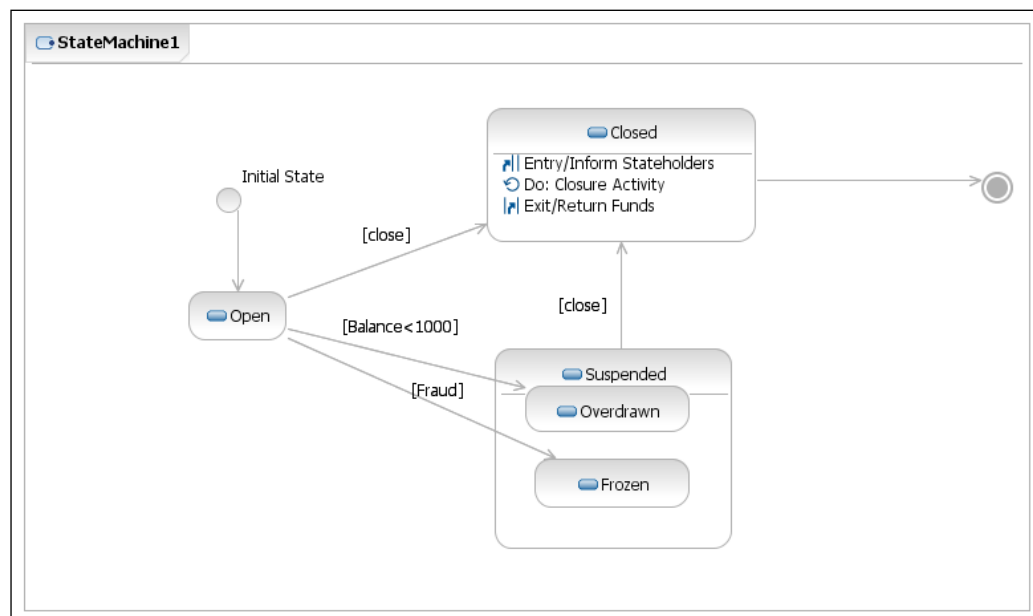


Figure 4: State Chart Diagram

Questions:

14. What are the start and end states indicated on this diagram.
15. Are there any states depicting “State-Sub state” relationships? Which are these states?
16. Which states depicts entry action, exit action and internal activity? What are these actions/activities?
17. Under what conditions does the Account go into Suspended state?

4.2: Create State Chart Diagram

Draw a state chart diagram which illustrates the states in which text style can be in a MS-word document. Indicate appropriate transitions.



Hint: Consider that the font style and size of the text remains same. But the text can be in normal style, bold, italics and so on. Are combinations also possible? For example: Bold and Underlined?

Lab 5. Static View Diagrams – Class Diagrams

Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interpret Class Diagram Create Class Diagram
Time	20 minutes

5.1: Interpret Class Diagram

Study the class diagram and answer the questions given below.

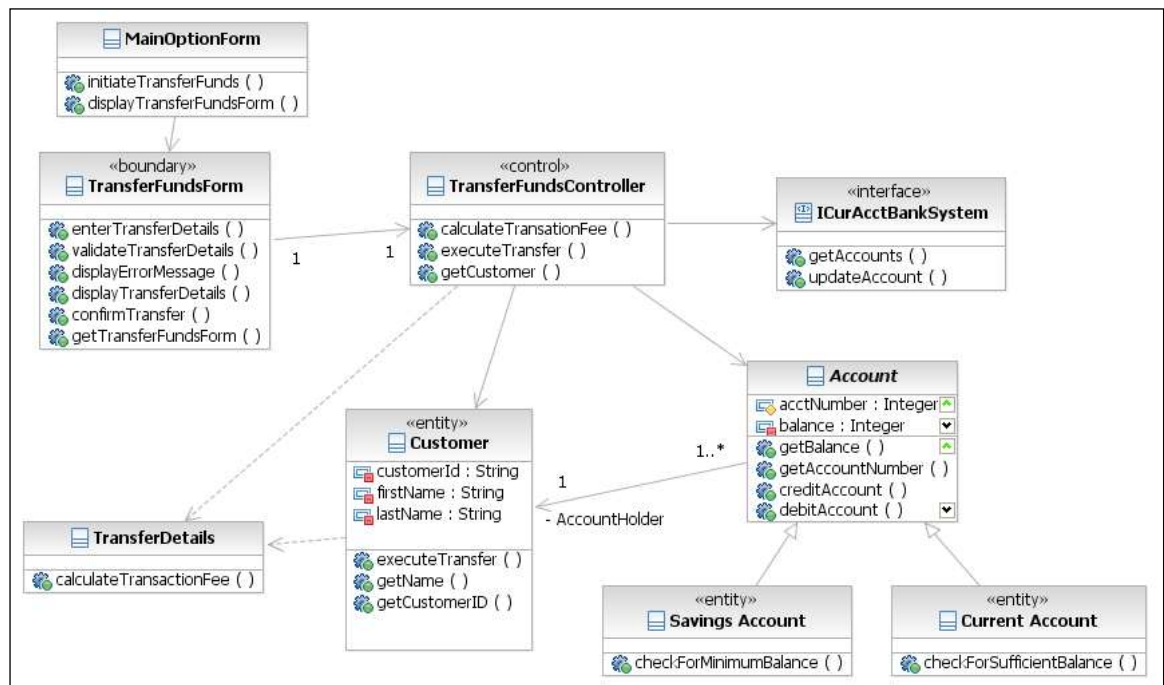


Figure 5: Class Diagram

Questions:

18. Name all the classes that are part of this diagram.
19. Name the attributes defined for the “Customer” class.
20. Name the operation defined for the “TransferFundsController” class.
21. The following relationships are depicted amongst which classes?
 - i. Generalization
 - ii. Dependency
 - iii. Association

22. Can a customer hold multiple accounts in the bank? Are joint accounts permitted as per this diagram?
23. What needs to change in the above diagram if we wanted to depict the relationship that “Customer has Accounts”?

5.2: Create Class Diagram

1. Use the following information to create a class diagram.
 - a. A customer class is related to an order class with an association relationship. One customer can be associated with multiple orders, but an order belongs to exactly one customer.
 - b. Each order is composed of multiple products. Depict a composition relationship between Order class and Product class.
 - c. A product could be assembled using several product parts. Depict a composition relationship between the Product class and Product Part class.
 - d. There are “Gold Customers” i.e. Special customers who get better deals on orders. Illustrate class called “Gold Customer” as a special type of customer class.

2. Draw the class diagram for the following using STARUML, referring to the Question 3.2. The following guidelines are given

- LoginBO

	Attributes	Methods
Public		Default constructor
		IsValidLogin takes 2 string as arguments and returns boolean
Private		GetUserName takes 2 string and returns String
		IsValidUser takes string as argument and returns boolean
		IsValidPWD takes string as argument and returns boolean

- LoginDAO

	Attributes	Methods
Public		Constructor which takes string as an argument
		IsValidLogin takes 2 string as arguments and returns boolean
Private	Connection object (user defined)	GetConnection takes no arguments and returns a connection reference

- LoginBO has a dependency relation with LoginDAO.

Lab 6. General and Extension Mechanisms

Goals	Identify Extension Mechanisms
Time	5 minutes

6.1: Identify approaches to extend UML

Revisit the diagrams given in the previous labs to answer the questions given below.

24. Name the extension mechanisms you find in the Use Case Diagram and Deployment Diagram.
25. Name some stereotypes that you find on the Class Diagram.
26. Name some adornments that you find on the Class Diagram.
27. Do you find any Notes being depicted on any of the diagrams? If yes, in which diagrams?

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