

Table of contents

Definition of the Situation.....	1
Database Design & Logical ERD Model	2
Database Creation, Data insertion.....	3
Database queries.....	4

Definition of the situation

Develop an e-banking database for a variety of web services and applications to the web users including the most popular e-banking system. The requirements are as follow:

1) **Account management;** registered users must be able to manage the following banking products of banking accounts, credit-debit cards and loans in addition to a login system, the capability to deactivate accounts also it should allow the bankers to communicate with registered users with a messaging system.

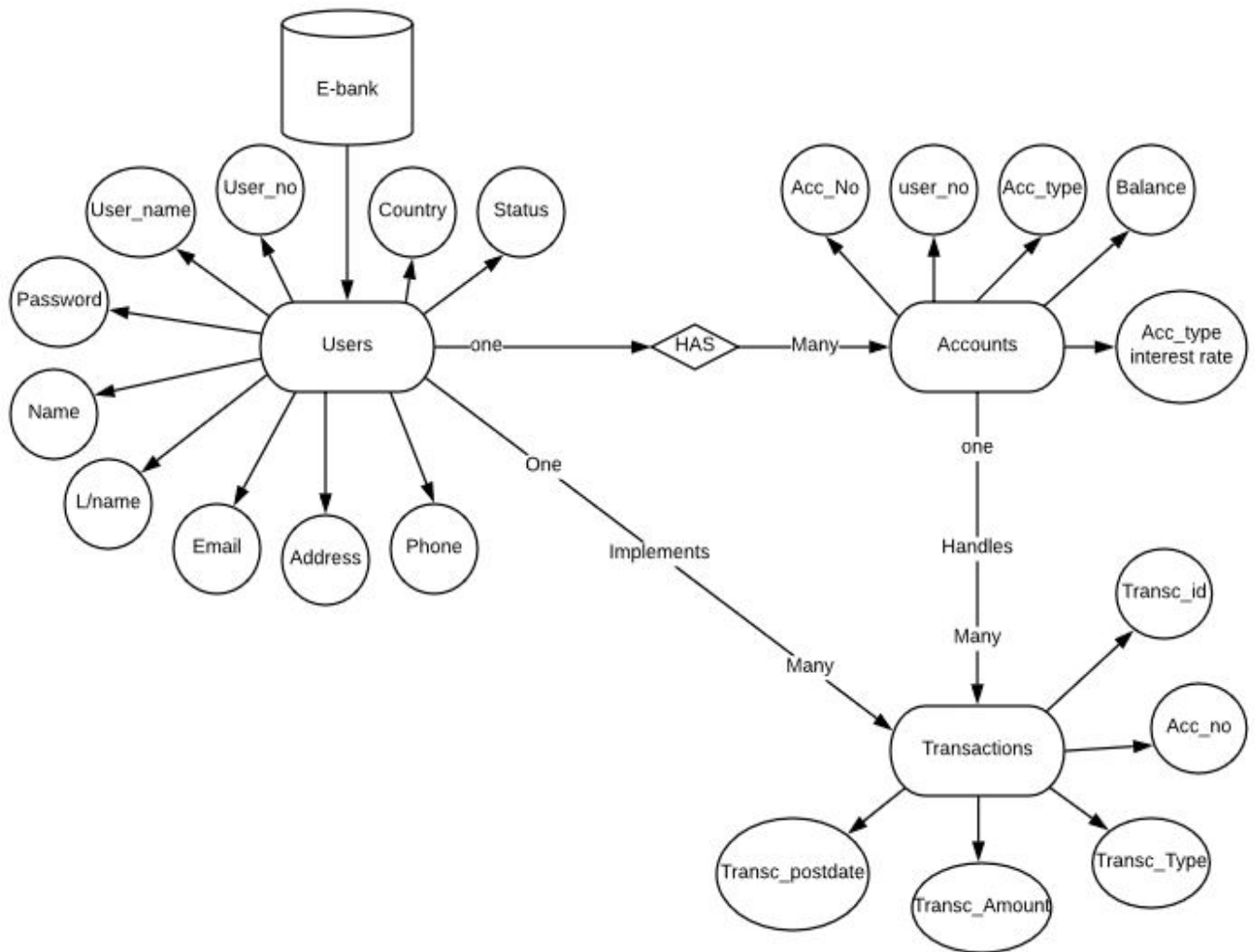
2) **Transactions;** the designed schema should be able to associate the user and the banking product that he is involved with the following rules: restrict the amount of permitted redraw, defining the deposit interest of accounts and impose credit overall pay limit.

3) **Users;** the registered user information includes a unique user identifier, their user name, first and last names, email address, their phone number, country of residence and status (A – active, B- banned-temporarily, P- banned permanently) for the country use the three letter ISO 3166.

Keep logging; log any user transaction, include information like timestamp and IP of client's login, timestamp of any transactions, id's of transactions that the user inserted.

Logical ERD Model

The following figure represents the design of entity relationship diagram it also indicates the attributes of each entity defined based on requirements and the type of relationship build in between them.



Database & Table Creation, Data Insertion and Additional Database Objects

The following screenshots represents the actual queries used and steps have been taken to create the database **bank**, attributes of each entity, constraints that were imposed on required fields.

```
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 54
Server version: 5.7.14 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

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owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> CREATE DATABASE bank;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> CREATE USER BKuser IDENTIFIED BY 'BK1234';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)

mysql> GRANT ALL ON bank.* to 'BKuser';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> █
```

```
mysql> use bank;
Database changed
mysql> show tables from bank;
+-----+
Tables_in_bank |
+-----+
accounts        |
transactions    |
user            |
+-----+
rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> describe transactions;
```

The following images describe the constraints imposed on transaction amount which is to limit by 2.000 and the credit card overall payment limit is set to 1.000.

```
mysql> describe transactions;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field          | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Transc_Id      | char(11)      | NO   | MUL | NULL    |       |
| ACC._No        | int(11)       | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| Transc_postDate | timestamp     | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| Transc_Amount  | decimal(10,0) | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| Transc_Type    | char(6)       | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> alter table transactions
-> ADD CONSTRAINT CHK_RedrawLimit CHECK (transc_Amount <=2000);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql>
```

```
mysql> describe transactions;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field          | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Transc_Id      | int(11)       | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| ACC._No        | int(11)       | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| Transc_postDate | timestamp     | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| Transc_Amount  | decimal(10,0) | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| Transc_Type    | char(6)       | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)

mysql> alter table transactions
-> ADD CONSTRAINT CHK_TtypeAmount CHECK (transc_Amount<=1000 AND transc_type = 'Credit card');
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> █
```

1. Create a script to allow a user to add a new e-banking user to the USERS table;

```
INSERT INTO `user`(`User_No`, `User_name`, `Password`, `Name`, `Last name`, `Email`, `Address`, `Phone`, `Country`, `Status`) VALUES ([value-1],[value-2],[value-3],[value-4],[value-5],[value-6],[value-7],[value-8],[value-9],[value-10]);
```

2. Add the following users using the script created in step 1. Query the USERS table to confirm that the new rows have been added.

```
mysql> INSERT INTO `user`(`User_No`, `User_name`, `Password`, `Name`, `Last name`, `Email`, `Address`, `Phone`, `Country`, `Status`) VALUES ('2723', 'glazy', '17017kdhl', 'George', 'serfakis', 'gesertf@dronem.com', '7th avenue, Athens', '1223427350', 'USA', 'A');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from user;
```

User_No	User_name	Password	Name	Last name	Email	Address	Phone	Country	Status
1210	smithh	110010128	smith	hall	smithha@yahoo.com	9th avenue london	408047242	UK	B
1211	Jallen	jan@19831	jonson	allen	allenjan@yahoo.com	9th avenue, Manchester	10283082	UK	P
1212	wyoung	will@17533	williams	young	wliam@gmail.com	5th avenue, paris	25002752	France	B
1213	mlopez	@1212alB	miller	lopez	lopez92@yahoo.com	7th avenue, Barcelona	205720132	Spain	P
1235	eli72	eli@pass12	eli	julian	julianeli@yahoo.com	7th avenue, Athens	694876562	Greece	A
1236	fadelh	fah56592	fadel	hamid	fadelh@gmail.com	8th avenue Athens	69592580	Greece	A
1237	ja2424	ja114112	james	addison	addisonja@yahoo.com	8th avenue, sofia	385037602	Bulgaria	A
1238	haziz	26720@13?	haris	aziz	haris94@yahoo.com	9th avenue, Bayreuth	275027223	Lebanan	B
1239	mmurphy	78ma@183/	micel	murphy	murphymic@gmail.com	9th avenue, Washington DC	102205720	United States	P
2723	glazy	17017kdhl	George	serfakis	gesertf@dronem.com	7th avenue, Athens	1223427350	USA	A

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

3. Add a new saving account for one user;

```
mysql> INSERT INTO `accounts`(`ACC_NO`, `User_No`, `ACC_Type`, `ACC_TypeINTERESTRATE`, `Balance`) VALUES ('2724', '2724', 'saving', '2.0', '1785.45');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.02 sec)

mysql> select * from accounts;
```

ACC_NO	User_No	ACC_Type	ACC_TypeINTERESTRATE	Balance
1210	1414	loan	2	145234
1211	4132	saving	2	876
1212	36323	depos	1	17545
1213	1533	loan	3	7853
1214	24942	saving	3	14152
1235	2	saving	4	12321
1236	3	saving	4	944
1237	4	loan	2	1232
1238	5	saving	2	76548
1239	1412	loan	1	42141
2722	2722	deposit	1	2151
2723	2723	saving	3	1644
2724	2724	saving	2	1785
6591010	2722	saving	2	2970
AH124411	1	deposit	4	1234

```
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```


4. Add a deposit for the account you have created;
5. Change the user status to P- Banned permanently;

```
mysql> UPDATE `user` SET `Status` = 'P' WHERE `user`.`User_No` = '1210';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql>
```

6. Delete all the information of the user;

```
mysql> DELETE FROM user WHERE user_no = 1237;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

mysql>
```

7. The DBA of bankers.com has requested the creation of sequences for the primary key columns of the ACCOUNTS and TRANSACTIONS tables. After creating the sequences, add a new account to the ACCOUNTS table using the appropriate sequence. (Use any values for the remainder of columns.). Add a row to the TRANSACTIONS table referencing the sequence-s value already created. (Use any values for the remainder of columns.)

```
mysql> describe transactions;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field          | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Transc_Id      | int(8)        | NO   | MUL | NULL    | auto_increment |
| AccNo         | char(11)      | NO   | PRI | NULL    |                |
| Transc_postDate | timestamp     | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
| Transc_Amount  | decimal(10,0) | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
| Transc_Type    | char(6)       | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> describe accounts;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field          | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| AccNo         | int(8)        | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |
| UserId       | char(8)       | NO   | MUL | NULL    |                |
| ACC_Type      | char(8)       | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
| ACC_TypeINTERESTRATE | decimal(4,0) | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
| Balance       | decimal(10,0) | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
| Acc_Postdate  | date         | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. The user name and last name columns of the USERS table are used quite often in the WHERE clause condition of a query. Assuming that the USERS table is a table containing more than a million rows, create object-s that might improve the retrieval of data for these queries.

Indexes are used to provide quick access to rows in a table. Indexes provide faster access to data for operations that return a small portion of a table's rows. The users cannot see the indexes; they are just used to speed up searches/queries.

```
mysql> CREATE INDEX idx_userNL  
-> ON user(Name,Last_name);  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0  
  
mysql>
```

9. Would a BITMAP index be appropriate for any columns in the database (assuming that the columns are used in search and/or sort operations)? If so, identify the columns and explain why a bitmap index is appropriate for these columns.

For an e-banking database use of a BITMAP index would be appropriate concerning the massive number of records stored in database therefore it will provide the following advantages: it will reduce the response time for queries send to database, a substantial reduction of space usage compared to the other indexing techniques, very efficient maintenance during parallel DML and loads. So it can be applied on status which has three distinct values or on user Id, account number even on user name and last name which is often queried with other columns in database therefore It will improve query performance AND and OR conditions in WHERE clause of a query can be resolved by performing the corresponding Boolean operation directly on the bitmaps before converting the resulting bitmap in rowids. In such case if the resulting number of rows is small, the query can be answered very quickly without resorting to a full table scan of a table.

10. Would using the database be any easier with the creation of any synonyms? Explain why or why not.

Synonyms provide both data independence and location transparency. Synonyms permit applications to function without modification regardless of which user owns the table or view and regardless of which database holds the table or view. Therefore it could make it easier using the database However; synonyms are not a substitute for privileges on database objects. Appropriate privileges must be granted to a user before the user can use the synonym.

Questions Sections C – Database Queries

1. List the id, user name, first name and last name of all users registered. Sort the results alphabetically according to last name, first name.

```
mysql> select UserId,Name,Last_name,User_name FROM user ORDER BY Last_name ASC,Name ASC;
```

UserId	Name	Last_name	User_name
1211	jonson	allen	Jallen
1238	haris	aziz	haziz
1210	smith	hall	smithh
1235	eli	julian	eli72
1239	micheel	murphy	mmurphy
2723	George	serfakis	glazy

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

2. List the user name, status, accounts, cards, loans of all users who are currently in an “Active” mode. Order the results alphabetically according to last name, first name.

```
mysql> select * from user INNER JOIN accounts ON user.UserId= accounts.AccNo WHERE Status='A' ORDER BY Last_name ASC, Name ASC;
```

UserId	User_name	Password	Name	Last_name	Email	Address	Phone	Country	Status	AccNo	UserI
d	ACC_Type	ACC_TypeINTERESTRATE	Balance	Acc_Postdate							
1238	haziz	26720@13?	haris	aziz	haris94@yahoo.com	9th avenue, Bayreuth	275027223	Lebanan	A	1238	5
saving		2	76548	2018-02-13							
1210	smithh	11001@128	smith	hall	smithha@yahoo.com	9th avenue london	408047242	UK	A	1210	1414
loan		2	145234	2018-01-01							
1235	eli72	eli@pass12	eli	julian	julianeli@yahoo.com	7th avenue, Athens	694876562	Greece	A	1235	2
saving		4	12321	2018-02-04							
2723	glazy	17017kdhl	George	serfakis	gesertf@dronem.com	7th avenue, Athens	1223427350	USA	A	2723	2723
saving		3	1644	2018-02-23							

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3. Create a list of countries and the number of users from each county.

```
mysql> select Country,Name,Last_name from user;
```

Country	Name	Last_name
UK	smith	hall
UK	jonson	allen
Greece	eli	julian
Lebanan	haris	aziz
United States	micheel	murphy
USA	George	serfakis

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from user WHERE Country='Greece';
```

UserId	User_name	Password	Name	Last_name	Email	Address	Phone	Country	Status
1235	eli72	eli@pass12	eli	julian	julianeli@yahoo.com	7th avenue, Athens	694876562	Greece	A

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from user where Country='UK';
```

UserId	User_name	Password	Name	Last_name	Email	Address	Phone	Country	Status
1210	smithh	11001@128	smith	hall	smithha@yahoo.com	9th avenue london	408047242	UK	P
1211	Jallen	jan@19831	jonson	allen	allenjan@yahoo.com	9th avenue, Manchester	10283082	UK	P

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

- Find the users that have exceeded a 2.000 Euros redraw limit from their banking accounts per month, in any of the last 3 months. Exclude credit cards and loans.

```
mysql> select* from transactions WHERE Transc_Amount >2000;
```

Transc_Id	AccNo	Transc_postDate	Transc_Amount	Transc_Type
15422	1210	2018-02-23 14:05:22	3400	saving
25241	1211	2018-02-23 14:05:22	2140	depos
17533	1213	2018-02-23 14:05:22	2400	saving
41342	6591010	2018-02-23 14:05:22	3400	depos
5447	AH124411	2018-02-23 14:05:22	4100	depos

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

- Order the customer list according the number of transactions per month; include all banking products the user has purchased.

```
mysql> select Transc_Id, Transc_POSTDATE, Transc_Amount, Transc_Type FROM transactions LEFT JOIN user ON user.UserId=transactions.AccNO ORDER BY Transc_POSTDATE;
```

Transc_Id	Transc_POSTDATE	Transc_Amount	Transc_Type
15422	2018-02-23 14:05:22	3400	saving
25241	2018-02-23 14:05:22	2140	depos
17533	2018-02-23 14:05:22	2400	saving
175427	2018-02-23 14:05:22	590	saving
31212	2018-02-23 14:05:22	2	sav
3131	2018-02-23 14:05:22	1	depos
252523	2018-02-23 14:05:22	781	depos
26592	2018-02-23 14:05:22	1201	saving
41342	2018-02-23 14:05:22	3400	depos
5447	2018-02-23 14:05:22	4100	depos

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Another way of fetching the same data is the following script

```
mysql> select Transc_Id, Transc_Amount, Transc_Type, Transc_POSTDATE FROM transactions ORDER BY Transc_POSTDATE;
```

Transc_Id	Transc_Amount	Transc_Type	Transc_POSTDATE
15422	3400	saving	2018-02-23 14:05:22
25241	2140	depos	2018-02-23 14:05:22
17533	2400	saving	2018-02-23 14:05:22
175427	590	saving	2018-02-23 14:05:22
31212	2	sav	2018-02-23 14:05:22
3131	1	depos	2018-02-23 14:05:22
252523	781	depos	2018-02-23 14:05:22
26592	1201	saving	2018-02-23 14:05:22
41342	3400	depos	2018-02-23 14:05:22
5447	4100	depos	2018-02-23 14:05:22

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Create a statement that indicates the balance of any account , loan , card of a user in a given date

```
mysql> select AccNo,UserId,Balance,ACC_Type FROM accounts WHERE Acc_Postdate BETWEEN('2017-01-01') AND ('2018-02-20');
```

AccNo	UserId	Balance	ACC_Type
1210	1414	145234	loan
1211	4132	876	saving
1212	36323	17545	depos
1213	1533	7853	loan
1235	2	12321	saving
1236	3	944	saving
1238	5	76548	saving
1240	8692	4243	loan
2722	2722	2151	deposit
2724	2724	1785	saving

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```