## Air Quality Predictions in Beijing, China

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#### **Overview**

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## **Background & Scope**

- This project examines how air quality in Beijing, China is affected by
  - Time
  - Pollutants
  - Weather conditions

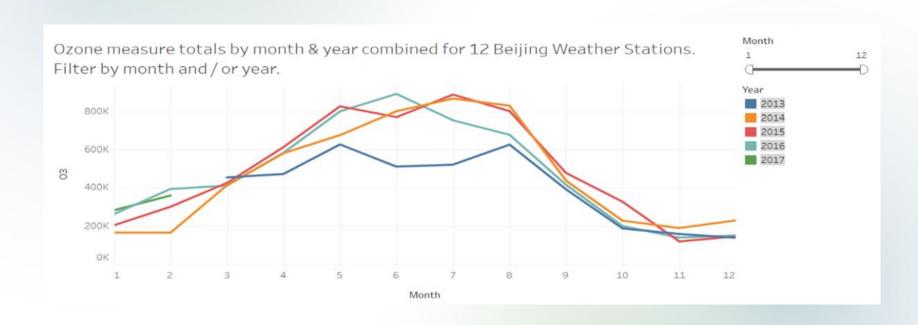
- Objectives:
  - Build models to predict the O<sub>3</sub>
     values



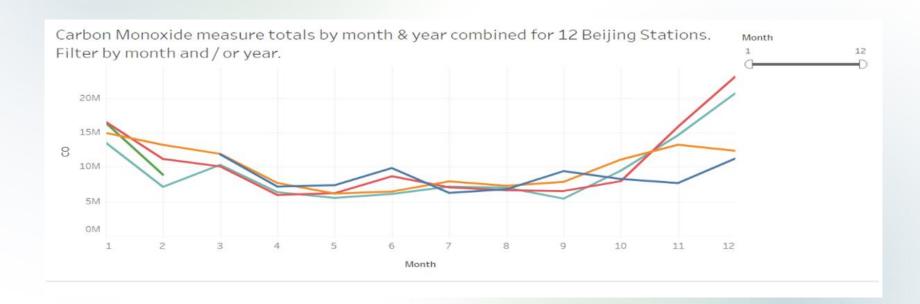
## **Data Preparation**

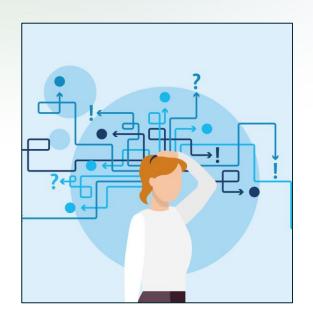
- Data gathered from UCI Machine Learning Repository
  - Includes data collected from 12 different sites in Beijing, China from 2013-2017
  - Includes different chemicals and weather conditions that affect the air quality
- Clean data is concatenated and put into S3 buckets
  - Data with NaN values dropped
  - Data with NaN values replaced with the median value for each station
  - Data with NaN values and station names dropped

## Data Exploration (O<sub>3</sub>)



## Data Exploration (CO)





# Modeling Implementation and Optimization

## **Models Used/Attempted**

- Neural Network
- Simple Linear Regression
- Multivariate Linear Regression
- Decision Tree Regressor

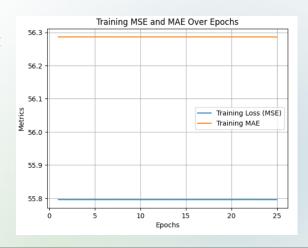
#### **Neural Network**

#### This model uses

- O3 as the target variable (y)
- The rest of the columns of interest in the dataset as the predictor (X)
- Layers and nodes with different values to train the model

The results of this model are not statistically significant:

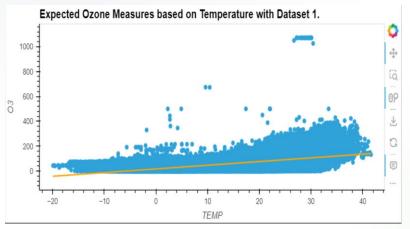
- Loss =  $\sim$ 55
- MSE = ~6500
- MAE = ~56



## **Linear Regression**

#### Simple

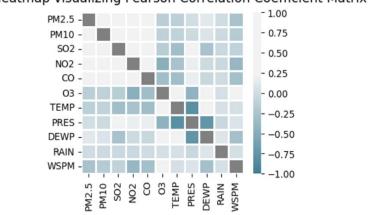
- Target y = O3, x = Temp
- 1: NAN dropped
   y= 17.31191562019925 + 2.963656055355665x
   r2 is 0.3565257008834236
- 2: NAN median
  - y = 18.118847608324636 + 2.866120914930229X
  - r2 is 0.34434693063035227



#### Multivariate

- Model 1: y = O3
  r2 is 0.5724457157382516
- Model 2: y = CO
   r2 is 0.723158568713435
- Correlation coefficient of the variables

Heatmap visualizing Pearson Correlation Coefficient Matrix



## **Decision Tree Regressor**

- Variables:
  - Date info (year, month, day, hour)
  - Other pollutants(NO2, SO2, etc.)
  - Weather conditions (temp, rain, wind speed, etc.)
- Ozone was best predicted by date
- R-Squared value of 0.87

```
#Previously attempted data inputs and their associated R-squared (R2) values.
#air_data_df.drop(["wd"],axis=1,inplace=True)
    #(R2 = 0.83) ---> ran model with all columns containing numerical values
#air_data_df.drop(["wd","year","month","day","hour",,axis=1,inplace=True)
    #(R2 = 0.67) ---> evaluated chemical compounds and weather variables as prec
#air_data_df.drop(["wd","year","month","day","hour","PM2.5","PM10","S02","N02",
    #(R2 = 0.63) ---> evaluated weather variables as predictor of 03
#air_data_df.drop(["wd","TEMP","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WSPM","year","month","day'
    #(R2 = 0.03) ---> evaluated other chemical compounds as predictor of 03
#air_data_df.drop(["wd","PM2.5","PM10","S02","N02","C0","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","PRES","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO","DEWP","RAIN","WICCO
```

##Attempt to see if calculating relative humidity optimizes model ---> R2 = 0.82
#formula obtained from https://bmcnoldy.earth.miami.edu/Humidity.html retriev

## Results / Conclusions

#### O<sub>3</sub> varies across time

O3 values are affected by the months and show a similar trend across years

#### **Weather Impacts**

Temperature has a weak correlation with  $O_3$  & CO



#### Chemicals are correlated

O<sub>3</sub> & CO presented a weak correlation with pollutants present in the air

#### **Decision Tree: Best model**

Decision tree was the best predictor of  $O_3$ 

## **Next Steps**

- Explore how well models can predict values for other compounds
- Modify parameters
- Seasonal time series analysis





#### **THANK YOU!**



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