Performing Facial Recognition with Deep Learning

Objective: Create a facial recognition tool using a relevant deep learning algorithm, leveraging the provided resources.

Context: You are working for Face2Gene, an American Al company that has developed a healthcare app for doctors. The app utilizes deep learning algorithms to aid in diagnosing patients for genetic disorders and their variants. It converts patient photos into de-identified mathematical facial descriptors, which are then compared to syndrome-specific computational-based classifiers to determine similarity. The app provides a prioritized list of syndromes with similar morphology and suggests phenotypic traits and genes for feature annotation and syndrome prioritization.

Management has given priority to empowering and entrusting the in-house AI team. As a new member of the team, your task is to build a baseline model for facial recognition. The goal is to further enhance the app's existing features and add more value to the business based on this baseline model.

Dataset Details: The ORL Database of Faces consists of 400 images from 40 different subjects. The images were captured at different times, under varying lighting conditions, with different facial expressions (open, closed eyes, smiling, not smiling), and with or without glasses. All the images have a dark homogeneous background, and the subjects are positioned upright and frontal with some tolerance for side movement. Each image has a size of 92x112 pixels and 256 grey levels per pixel.

Data can be downloaded from the following link: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/kasikrit/att-database-of-faces

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from PIL import Image
import os
import glob
```

```
import glob

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from PIL import Image
import os
import glob

# --- Data Loading and Preparation ---
data_dir = r'D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Center\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\
# Collect image paths
image_paths = glob.glob(os.path.join(data_dir, '**/*.pgm'))

# Create empty Lists for images and LabeLs
images = []
labels = []
```

```
# Load the images and extract labels
for image_path in image_paths:
   label = int(os.path.split(os.path.dirname(image_path))[-1][1:]) # Extract l
    image = np.array(Image.open(image_path).convert('L'))
                                                                 # Convert to
   #image = np.array(Image.open(image_path).convert('L').transpose(Image.TRANSP
   images.append(image)
    labels.append(label)
# --- Data Visualization ---
def display_image(image, label):
   plt.imshow(image, cmap='gray')
   plt.title(f"Label: {label}")
   plt.axis('off')
   plt.show()
# Display a few sample images
for i in range(5):
   display_image(images[i], labels[i])
```

Label: 1



Label: 1



Label: 1



Label: 1



Label: 1



```
In [367... from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
# Convert image and label lists to NumPy arrays
images = np.array(images)
labels = np.array(labels)

# Initial split: 80% training, 20% testing
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(images, labels, test_size=0.

# Further split: 70% of original training for training, 30% for validation
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size=0.
```

```
labels
In [369...
Out[369...
      12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 14,
           14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15,
           19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
           25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26,
           28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 3,
           35, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37,
           39, 39, 39, 39, 39, 39, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,
                                               4, 4, 4,
           40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 5,
                                       5,
                                          5,
                                            5,
                                               5,
                                                  5,
            5, 5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 7,
                                               7,
                                                 7,
            7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 8, 8,
                                8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,
                 9, 9, 9,
                             9,
              9,
                        9, 9,
                                9])
In [371...
      # Reshape the images to add a channel dimension
      X_train = X_train.reshape(X_train.shape[0], 92, 112, 1)
      X_{val} = X_{val.reshape}(X_{val.shape}[0], 92, 112, 1)
      X_test = X_test.reshape(X_test.shape[0], 92, 112, 1)
      # Normalize the pixel values to be between 0 and 1
      X_train = X_train.astype('float32') / 255.0
      X_{val} = X_{val.astype}('float32') / 255.0
      X_test = X_test.astype('float32') / 255.0
      # One-hot encode the labels
      from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
      y_train = to_categorical(y_train)
      y_val = to_categorical(y_val)
      y_test = to_categorical(y_test)
In [373...
      y_train = y_train[:, :40]
      y_test = y_test[:, :40]
In [218...
      from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Nadam
      learning rate = 0.0005
      model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Nadam(learning_rate=lea
      model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=64, validation_data=(X_val, y_
      # Evaluate the model on the test data
      test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
      print(f"Test loss: {test loss}")
      print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
```

```
Epoch 1/10
     4/4 [============= ] - 11s 2s/step - loss: 5.0495 - accuracy: 0.6
     250 - val_loss: 0.8026 - val_accuracy: 0.8229
     Epoch 2/10
     75 - val_loss: 0.7376 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
     Epoch 3/10
     98 - val_loss: 0.7181 - val_accuracy: 0.8646
     Epoch 4/10
     18 - val loss: 0.7318 - val accuracy: 0.8333
     Epoch 5/10
     98 - val_loss: 0.7701 - val_accuracy: 0.8125
     Epoch 6/10
     96 - val_loss: 0.8025 - val_accuracy: 0.8229
     Epoch 7/10
     64 - val_loss: 0.8271 - val_accuracy: 0.8229
     Epoch 8/10
     98 - val_loss: 0.8444 - val_accuracy: 0.8229
     Epoch 9/10
     62 - val_loss: 0.8494 - val_accuracy: 0.8229
     Epoch 10/10
     18 - val loss: 0.8494 - val accuracy: 0.8333
     0.8750
     Test loss: 0.5286089777946472
     Test accuracy: 0.875
In [221...
     from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adamax
     learning rate = 0.00005
     model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adamax(learning_rate=le
     model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=64, validation_data=(X_val, y_
     test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
     print(f"Test loss: {test_loss}")
     print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc}")
```

```
Epoch 1/10
      4/4 [============== ] - 10s 2s/step - loss: 4.3894 - accuracy: 0.6
      875 - val_loss: 0.8386 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 2/10
      4/4 [============ - - 7s 2s/step - loss: 5.1089 - accuracy: 0.64
      29 - val_loss: 0.8357 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 3/10
      20 - val_loss: 0.8385 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 4/10
      07 - val loss: 0.8406 - val accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 5/10
      88 - val_loss: 0.8409 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 6/10
      4/4 [============== ] - 10s 2s/step - loss: 4.1015 - accuracy: 0.7
      054 - val_loss: 0.8399 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 7/10
      4/4 [============== ] - 10s 3s/step - loss: 5.1089 - accuracy: 0.6
      429 - val_loss: 0.8396 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 8/10
      321 - val_loss: 0.8395 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 9/10
      786 - val_loss: 0.8400 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
      Epoch 10/10
      4/4 [============ - 10s 2s/step - loss: 4.6052 - accuracy: 0.6
      741 - val loss: 0.8404 - val accuracy: 0.8333
      0.8625
      Test loss: 0.5086637735366821
      Test accuracy: 0.862500011920929
In [217...
       from keras.optimizers import Adam
       model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(), metrics=['accur
       # Train the model for 10 epochs with a batch size of 32 and validation data
       model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=16, validation_data=(X_val, y_
       # Evaluate the model on the test data
       test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
       print(f"Test loss: {test loss}")
       print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
```

```
Epoch 1/10
     y: 0.0268 - val_loss: 3.7569 - val_accuracy: 0.0312
     y: 0.0804 - val_loss: 3.5614 - val_accuracy: 0.0938
     Epoch 3/10
     y: 0.1786 - val_loss: 3.3391 - val_accuracy: 0.1458
     Epoch 4/10
     y: 0.3705 - val loss: 2.3381 - val accuracy: 0.3750
     Epoch 5/10
     y: 0.5848 - val_loss: 1.8074 - val_accuracy: 0.5833
     Epoch 6/10
     y: 0.6116 - val_loss: 1.8918 - val_accuracy: 0.6250
     Epoch 7/10
     y: 0.5982 - val_loss: 1.6508 - val_accuracy: 0.7083
     Epoch 8/10
     y: 0.6339 - val_loss: 1.8759 - val_accuracy: 0.6458
     Epoch 9/10
     y: 0.6696 - val_loss: 1.6525 - val_accuracy: 0.6562
     Epoch 10/10
     y: 0.5982 - val loss: 1.1698 - val accuracy: 0.7812
     0.7875
     Test loss: 0.9637966156005859
     Test accuracy: 0.7875000238418579
      print(X train.shape, X val.shape, X test.shape)
In [375...
     (224, 92, 112, 1) (96, 92, 112, 1) (80, 92, 112, 1)
In [377...
      import numpy as np
      def convert_grayscale_to_rgb(X):
         return np.stack((X[..., 0],)*3, axis=-1)
      # Apply the conversion to your datasets
      X_train = convert_grayscale_to_rgb(X_train)
      X_val = convert_grayscale_to_rgb(X_val)
      X_test = convert_grayscale_to_rgb(X_test)
      print(X_train.shape, X_val.shape, X_test.shape)
     (224, 92, 112, 3) (96, 92, 112, 3) (80, 92, 112, 3)
      from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
In [391...
      from keras.models import Model
      from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten
      # Load VGG16 model with ImageNet weights, exclude the top layers
      base_model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=(92, 112,
      # Freeze some of the initial layers (optional)
      for layer in base model.layers[:10]:
```

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layer.trainable = False

# Add custom classification head
x = base_model.output
x = Flatten()(x)
predictions = Dense(40, activation='softmax')(x) # 40 classes

model = Model(inputs=base_model.input, outputs=predictions)

# Compile the model
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Nadam(learning_rate=0.0)

# Train (consider using a lower learning rate for fine-tuning)
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=64, validation_data=(X_val, y_
# Evaluate the model on the test data
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(f"Test loss: {test_loss}")
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
```

```
Epoch 1/20
4/4 [============== ] - 20s 4s/step - loss: 3.7501 - accuracy: 0.0
312 - val_loss: 3.8524 - val_accuracy: 0.0312
Epoch 2/20
027 - val_loss: 3.4854 - val_accuracy: 0.0833
Epoch 3/20
920 - val_loss: 3.2122 - val_accuracy: 0.1667
Epoch 4/20
768 - val loss: 2.6631 - val accuracy: 0.2708
Epoch 5/20
4/4 [============ - 17s 4s/step - loss: 1.6908 - accuracy: 0.5
134 - val_loss: 1.8458 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 6/20
054 - val_loss: 1.2996 - val_accuracy: 0.5938
Epoch 7/20
4/4 [============== ] - 18s 4s/step - loss: 0.6361 - accuracy: 0.7
902 - val_loss: 1.1726 - val_accuracy: 0.6875
Epoch 8/20
571 - val_loss: 0.5876 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 9/20
375 - val_loss: 0.4868 - val_accuracy: 0.8542
Epoch 10/20
554 - val loss: 0.4543 - val accuracy: 0.8646
Epoch 11/20
4/4 [============== ] - 17s 4s/step - loss: 0.0399 - accuracy: 0.9
554 - val_loss: 2.8201 - val_accuracy: 0.5104
Epoch 12/20
4/4 [=========== - - 17s 4s/step - loss: 1.4965 - accuracy: 0.6
830 - val_loss: 1.5446 - val_accuracy: 0.7292
Epoch 13/20
929 - val_loss: 0.9569 - val_accuracy: 0.8542
Epoch 14/20
509 - val loss: 0.8744 - val accuracy: 0.8438
4/4 [============] - 18s 5s/step - loss: 0.0807 - accuracy: 0.9
554 - val_loss: 1.0679 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 16/20
554 - val loss: 2.0625 - val accuracy: 0.8229
Epoch 17/20
304 - val_loss: 2.9732 - val_accuracy: 0.5417
Epoch 18/20
4/4 [============= - 19s 5s/step - loss: 1.0160 - accuracy: 0.7
812 - val_loss: 0.8746 - val_accuracy: 0.7083
Epoch 19/20
330 - val_loss: 0.9194 - val_accuracy: 0.8646
Epoch 20/20
196 - val loss: 7.3990 - val accuracy: 0.4271
```

```
0.5000
        Test loss: 5.723528861999512
        Test accuracy: 0.5
In [405...
         from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
         from keras.models import Model
         from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten
         from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
         early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=1, restore_best_weig
         from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
         reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='accuracy', factor=0.5, patience=2, min_lr
                                     verbose=1, mode='max') # Reduce LR when accuracy
         # Load VGG16 model with ImageNet weights, exclude the top layers
         base_model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=(92, 112,
         # Freeze some of the initial layers (optional)
         for layer in base_model.layers[:10]:
             layer.trainable = False
         # Add custom classification head
         x = base_model.output
         x = Flatten()(x)
         predictions = Dense(40, activation='softmax')(x) # 40 classes
         model = Model(inputs=base_model.input, outputs=predictions)
         # Compile the model
         model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Nadam(learning_rate=0.0
         # Train (consider using a lower learning rate for fine-tuning)
         model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=32, callbacks=[early_stopping
         # Evaluate the model on the test data
         test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(X test, y test)
         print(f"Test loss: {test loss}")
         print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
        Epoch 1/20
        7/7 [============== ] - 21s 3s/step - loss: 3.6147 - accuracy: 0.0
        179 - val_loss: 3.5756 - val_accuracy: 0.0521 - lr: 1.0000e-04
        Epoch 2/20
        7/7 [==========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 3.0756 - accuracy: 0.1
        652 - val_loss: 2.9289 - val_accuracy: 0.3333 - lr: 1.0000e-04
        7/7 [==========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 2.3803 - accuracy: 0.3
        616 - val_loss: 2.2051 - val_accuracy: 0.3229 - lr: 1.0000e-04
        Epoch 4/20
        7/7 [=========] - 20s 3s/step - loss: 1.2599 - accuracy: 0.6
        071 - val loss: 1.2007 - val accuracy: 0.6458 - lr: 1.0000e-04
        Epoch 5/20
        7/7 [==========] - 20s 3s/step - loss: 0.5556 - accuracy: 0.8
        036 - val_loss: 1.3282 - val_accuracy: 0.6458 - lr: 1.0000e-04
        0.5875
        Test loss: 1.4629908800125122
        Test accuracy: 0.5874999761581421
```

```
from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
In [404...
          from keras.models import Model
          from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten
          from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
          from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
          early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=2, restore_best_weig
          from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
          reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='accuracy', factor=0.5, patience=2, min_lr
                                       verbose=1, mode='max') # Reduce LR when accuracy
          checkpoint_path = "vgg16_orl_faces-{epoch:02d}-{val_accuracy:.2f}.hdf5" # Filen
          checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath=checkpoint_path,
                                      monitor='val_accuracy',
                                      mode='max', # Monitor for maximizing validation ac
                                      save_best_only=True, # Save only the best performi
                                      verbose=1)
          # Load VGG16 model with ImageNet weights, exclude the top layers
          base_model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=(92, 112,
          # Freeze some of the initial layers (optional)
          for layer in base_model.layers[:10]:
             layer.trainable = False
          # Add custom classification head
          x = base_model.output
          x = Flatten()(x)
          predictions = Dense(40, activation='softmax')(x) # 40 classes
          model = Model(inputs=base_model.input, outputs=predictions)
          # Compile the model
          model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Nadam(learning_rate=0.0
          # Train (consider using a lower learning rate for fine-tuning)
          model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=32, callbacks=[reduce_lr, che
          # Evaluate the model on the test data
          test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
          print(f"Test loss: {test loss}")
          print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
        Epoch 1: val_accuracy improved from -inf to 0.02083, saving model to vgg16_orl_fa
        ces-01-0.02.hdf5
        C:\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\engine\training.py:3000: UserWarning: Yo
        u are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()`. This file format is c
        onsidered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `mode
        1.save('my_model.keras')`.
```

saving\_api.save\_model(

```
7/7 [=========== - 19s 2s/step - loss: 3.6966 - accuracy: 0.0
312 - val_loss: 3.6163 - val_accuracy: 0.0208 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 2/20
Epoch 2: val_accuracy improved from 0.02083 to 0.15625, saving model to vgg16_orl
faces-02-0.16.hdf5
7/7 [==========] - 17s 3s/step - loss: 3.2635 - accuracy: 0.1
250 - val_loss: 3.1611 - val_accuracy: 0.1562 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 3/20
Epoch 3: val_accuracy improved from 0.15625 to 0.28125, saving model to vgg16_orl
faces-03-0.28.hdf5
7/7 [==========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 2.4895 - accuracy: 0.3
125 - val_loss: 2.4571 - val_accuracy: 0.2812 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 4: val_accuracy improved from 0.28125 to 0.59375, saving model to vgg16_orl
faces-04-0.59.hdf5
7/7 [=========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 1.5065 - accuracy: 0.5
402 - val_loss: 1.5464 - val_accuracy: 0.5938 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 5/20
Epoch 5: val_accuracy improved from 0.59375 to 0.73958, saving model to vgg16_orl
faces-05-0.74.hdf5
7/7 [==========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 0.7571 - accuracy: 0.7
723 - val_loss: 0.9314 - val_accuracy: 0.7396 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 6: val_accuracy improved from 0.73958 to 0.84375, saving model to vgg16_orl
faces-06-0.84.hdf5
7/7 [==========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 0.2670 - accuracy: 0.8
839 - val_loss: 0.6335 - val_accuracy: 0.8438 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 7/20
Epoch 7: val accuracy improved from 0.84375 to 0.87500, saving model to vgg16 orl
faces-07-0.88.hdf5
7/7 [========== - 19s 3s/step - loss: 0.1028 - accuracy: 0.9
420 - val_loss: 0.4233 - val_accuracy: 0.8750 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 8/20
Epoch 8: val accuracy did not improve from 0.87500
152 - val_loss: 1.3798 - val_accuracy: 0.6667 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 9/20
Epoch 9: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 4.999999873689376e-05.
Epoch 9: val accuracy did not improve from 0.87500
7/7 [==========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 0.6651 - accuracy: 0.8
125 - val_loss: 0.5352 - val_accuracy: 0.8333 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 10/20
Epoch 10: val_accuracy improved from 0.87500 to 0.93750, saving model to vgg16_or
l faces-10-0.94.hdf5
7/7 [=========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 0.1657 - accuracy: 0.9
330 - val_loss: 0.3222 - val_accuracy: 0.9375 - lr: 5.0000e-05
Epoch 11/20
7/7 [=========] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0387 - accuracy: 0.9554
Epoch 11: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [==========] - 17s 3s/step - loss: 0.0387 - accuracy: 0.9
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554 - val_loss: 0.2875 - val_accuracy: 0.9271 - lr: 5.0000e-05
Epoch 12/20
Epoch 12: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [=========== - - 18s 3s/step - loss: 0.0458 - accuracy: 0.9
464 - val_loss: 0.9166 - val_accuracy: 0.7083 - lr: 5.0000e-05
Epoch 13/20
Epoch 13: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 2.499999936844688e-05.
Epoch 13: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [============ - 18s 3s/step - loss: 1.3247 - accuracy: 0.7
098 - val_loss: 2.4414 - val_accuracy: 0.7917 - lr: 5.0000e-05
Epoch 14/20
7/7 [=========] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.5232 - accuracy: 0.8795
Epoch 14: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
795 - val_loss: 1.6026 - val_accuracy: 0.7604 - lr: 2.5000e-05
Epoch 15/20
Epoch 15: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 1.249999968422344e-05.
Epoch 15: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [============ - - 19s 3s/step - loss: 0.2061 - accuracy: 0.9
330 - val_loss: 2.0498 - val_accuracy: 0.8229 - 1r: 2.5000e-05
Epoch 16/20
7/7 [=========] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.3620 - accuracy: 0.9196
Epoch 16: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [=========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 0.3620 - accuracy: 0.9
196 - val_loss: 2.7585 - val_accuracy: 0.8750 - lr: 1.2500e-05
Epoch 17/20
Epoch 17: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 1e-05.
Epoch 17: val accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [=========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 0.3332 - accuracy: 0.9
375 - val loss: 3.3240 - val accuracy: 0.8229 - lr: 1.2500e-05
Epoch 18/20
Epoch 18: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [=========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 0.3812 - accuracy: 0.9
375 - val loss: 4.0545 - val accuracy: 0.7604 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 19/20
Epoch 19: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [==========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 0.4686 - accuracy: 0.9
196 - val_loss: 5.6035 - val_accuracy: 0.6771 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 20/20
Epoch 20: val accuracy did not improve from 0.93750
7/7 [===========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 1.1105 - accuracy: 0.7
902 - val loss: 7.7720 - val accuracy: 0.6250 - lr: 1.0000e-05
0.6250
Test loss: 3.4258506298065186
Test accuracy: 0.625
from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
```

In [408...

from keras.models import Model from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten

```
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=2, restore_best_weig
from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='accuracy', factor=0.5, patience=2, min_lr
                              verbose=1, mode='max') # Reduce LR when accuracy
checkpoint_path = "vgg16_orl_faces-{epoch:02d}-{val_accuracy:.2f}.hdf5" # Filen
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath=checkpoint_path,
                             monitor='val_accuracy',
                             mode='max', # Monitor for maximizing validation ac
                             save_best_only=True, # Save only the best performi
                             verbose=1)
# Load VGG16 model with ImageNet weights, exclude the top layers
base_model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=(92, 112,
# Freeze some of the initial layers (optional)
for layer in base_model.layers[:10]:
   layer.trainable = False
# Add custom classification head
x = base_model.output
x = Flatten()(x)
predictions = Dense(40, activation='softmax')(x) # 40 classes
model = Model(inputs=base_model.input, outputs=predictions)
# Compile the model
model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer=Nadam(learning rate=0.0
# Train (consider using a lower learning rate for fine-tuning)
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=32, callbacks=[early_stopping
# Evaluate the model on the test data
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(X test, y test)
print(f"Test loss: {test_loss}")
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
```

```
Epoch 1/20
      Epoch 1: val_accuracy improved from -inf to 0.15625, saving model to vgg16_orl_fa
      ces-01-0.16.hdf5
      7/7 [==========] - 18s 2s/step - loss: 3.6753 - accuracy: 0.0
      357 - val_loss: 3.5079 - val_accuracy: 0.1562 - lr: 1.0000e-04
      Epoch 2/20
      Epoch 2: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.15625
      830 - val_loss: 3.0938 - val_accuracy: 0.1458 - lr: 1.0000e-04
      Epoch 3/20
      Epoch 3: val_accuracy improved from 0.15625 to 0.40625, saving model to vgg16_orl
      faces-03-0.41.hdf5
      991 - val_loss: 2.2152 - val_accuracy: 0.4062 - lr: 1.0000e-04
      Epoch 4/20
      Epoch 4: val_accuracy improved from 0.40625 to 0.62500, saving model to vgg16_orl
      _faces-04-0.62.hdf5
      7/7 [==========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 1.2836 - accuracy: 0.6
      786 - val_loss: 1.4951 - val_accuracy: 0.6250 - lr: 1.0000e-04
      Epoch 5/20
      Epoch 5: val_accuracy improved from 0.62500 to 0.73958, saving model to vgg16_orl
      faces-05-0.74.hdf5
      795 - val_loss: 0.8161 - val_accuracy: 0.7396 - lr: 1.0000e-04
      Epoch 6/20
      7/7 [==========] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.1707 - accuracy: 0.9286
      Epoch 6: val_accuracy improved from 0.73958 to 0.78125, saving model to vgg16_orl
      _faces-06-0.78.hdf5
      286 - val loss: 0.6164 - val accuracy: 0.7812 - lr: 1.0000e-04
      7/7 [==========] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.1106 - accuracy: 0.9330
      Epoch 7: val_accuracy improved from 0.78125 to 0.81250, saving model to vgg16_orl
      faces-07-0.81.hdf5
      7/7 [==========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 0.1106 - accuracy: 0.9
      330 - val loss: 0.7365 - val accuracy: 0.8125 - lr: 1.0000e-04
      Epoch 8/20
      Epoch 8: val accuracy did not improve from 0.81250
      7/7 [==========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 0.1085 - accuracy: 0.9
      286 - val_loss: 1.2023 - val_accuracy: 0.6771 - lr: 1.0000e-04
      0.8375
      Test loss: 0.5728174448013306
      Test accuracy: 0.8374999761581421
In [454...
      from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
       from keras.models import Model
       from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten
       from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
       from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
       from keras.callbacks import Callback
       class AccuracyThresholdCallback(Callback):
         def init (self, threshold=0.7, filepath=r"D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Center\AI
```

```
super().__init__()
        self.threshold = threshold
        self.filepath = filepath
    def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):
        if logs.get('val_accuracy') >= self.threshold:
            filename = self.filepath.format(accuracy=logs['val_accuracy'])
            self.model.save(filename) # Change to save the entire model
            print(f"Validation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: {fi
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=2, restore_best_weig
from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='accuracy', factor=0.5, patience=2, min_lr
                              verbose=1, mode='max') # Reduce LR when accuracy
#checkpoint_path = "vgg16_orl_faces-{epoch:02d}-{val_accuracy:.2f}.hdf5" # File
checkpoint = AccuracyThresholdCallback(threshold=0.6)
# Load VGG16 model with ImageNet weights, exclude the top layers
base_model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=(92, 112,
# Freeze some of the initial layers (optional)
for layer in base_model.layers[:10]:
    layer.trainable = False
# Add custom classification head
x = base_model.output
x = Flatten()(x)
predictions = Dense(40, activation='softmax')(x) # 40 classes
model = Model(inputs=base_model.input, outputs=predictions)
# Compile the model
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Nadam(learning_rate=0.0
# Train (consider using a lower learning rate for fine-tuning)
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=32, callbacks=[early_stopping
filepath=r"'D:\\OneDrive\\Knowledge Center\\AI - ML\\Masters in Artifical Engine
```

Epoch 1/20

```
7/7 [=============] - 20s 3s/step - loss: 3.6293 - accuracy: 0.0
       312 - val_loss: 3.7265 - val_accuracy: 0.0208 - lr: 1.0000e-04
       Epoch 2/20
       7/7 [===========] - 20s 3s/step - loss: 3.1913 - accuracy: 0.1
       741 - val_loss: 3.2496 - val_accuracy: 0.2188 - lr: 1.0000e-04
       Epoch 3/20
       7/7 [=========] - 18s 3s/step - loss: 2.3403 - accuracy: 0.3
       795 - val_loss: 2.7203 - val_accuracy: 0.2083 - lr: 1.0000e-04
       Epoch 4/20
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model_acc_0.72.hdf5
       982 - val_loss: 1.3435 - val_accuracy: 0.7188 - lr: 1.0000e-04
       Epoch 5/20
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model_acc_0.82.hdf5
       7/7 [==========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 0.4843 - accuracy: 0.8
       527 - val_loss: 0.7590 - val_accuracy: 0.8229 - lr: 1.0000e-04
       Epoch 6/20
       7/7 [===========] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.1441 - accuracy: 0.9420V
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model_acc_0.84.hdf5
       7/7 [==========] - 20s 3s/step - loss: 0.1441 - accuracy: 0.9
       420 - val_loss: 0.5877 - val_accuracy: 0.8438 - lr: 1.0000e-04
       Epoch 7/20
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model acc 0.77.hdf5
       7/7 [=========] - 20s 3s/step - loss: 0.0512 - accuracy: 0.9
       509 - val_loss: 1.0263 - val_accuracy: 0.7708 - lr: 1.0000e-04
       Epoch 8/20
       7/7 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.5688 - accuracy: 0.8125V
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model acc 0.71.hdf5
       7/7 [=========] - 19s 3s/step - loss: 0.5688 - accuracy: 0.8
       125 - val_loss: 1.3656 - val_accuracy: 0.7083 - lr: 1.0000e-04
In [414...
       import os
        print(os.getcwd()) # Prints the current working directory
       C:\Users\naseh
In [455...
        import os
        from keras.models import load model
        saved models dir = 'D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Center\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical En
        model_filenames = [f for f in os.listdir(saved_models_dir) if f.endswith('.hdf5'
        for model filename in model filenames:
            model_path = os.path.join(saved_models_dir, model_filename)
```

```
model = load model(model path)
          print(f"Model: {model_filename} - Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f} - Test Accuracy: {t
         Model: model_acc_0.91.hdf5 - Test Loss: 0.5489 - Test Accuracy: 0.7875
In [456...
         from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
          from keras.models import Model
          from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten
          from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
          from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
          from keras.callbacks import Callback
          class AccuracyThresholdCallback(Callback):
              def __init__(self, threshold=0.9, filepath=r"D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Center\AI
                  super(). init ()
                  self.threshold = threshold
                  self.filepath = filepath
              def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):
                  if logs.get('val_accuracy') > self.threshold:
                      filename = self.filepath.format(accuracy=logs['val_accuracy'])
                      self.model.save(filename) # Change to save the entire model
                      print(f"Validation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: {fi
          early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=2, restore_best_weig
          from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
          reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='accuracy', factor=0.5, patience=2, min_lr
                                        verbose=1, mode='max') # Reduce LR when accuracy
          #checkpoint_path = "vgg16_orl_faces-{epoch:02d}-{val_accuracy:.2f}.hdf5" # File
          checkpoint = AccuracyThresholdCallback(threshold=0.6)
          # Load VGG16 model with ImageNet weights, exclude the top layers
          base_model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=(92, 112,
          # Freeze some of the initial layers (optional)
          for layer in base_model.layers[:10]:
              layer.trainable = False
          # Add custom classification head
          x = base model.output
          x = Flatten()(x)
          predictions = Dense(40, activation='softmax')(x) # 40 classes
          model = Model(inputs=base model.input, outputs=predictions)
          # Compile the model
          model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Nadam(learning_rate=0.0
          # Train (consider using a lower learning rate for fine-tuning)
          model.fit(X train, y train, epochs=20, batch size=32, callbacks=[early stopping
          filepath=r"'D:\\OneDrive\\Knowledge Center\\AI - ML\\Masters in Artifical Engine
```

```
Epoch 1/20
       134 - val_loss: 3.6225 - val_accuracy: 0.0417
       Epoch 2/20
       7/7 [==========] - 21s 3s/step - loss: 3.2160 - accuracy: 0.1
       429 - val_loss: 3.0034 - val_accuracy: 0.3646
       Epoch 3/20
       7/7 [==========] - 20s 3s/step - loss: 2.3834 - accuracy: 0.3
       527 - val_loss: 2.6043 - val_accuracy: 0.3125
       Epoch 4/20
       7/7 [=========] - 24s 4s/step - loss: 1.4896 - accuracy: 0.5
       938 - val loss: 1.3733 - val accuracy: 0.5938
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model_acc_0.75.hdf5
       7/7 [==========] - 24s 4s/step - loss: 0.6392 - accuracy: 0.7
       679 - val loss: 0.7774 - val accuracy: 0.7500
       Epoch 6/20
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model acc 0.84.hdf5
       7/7 [==========] - 23s 3s/step - loss: 0.2434 - accuracy: 0.9
       062 - val_loss: 0.4966 - val_accuracy: 0.8438
       Epoch 7/20
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model_acc_0.90.hdf5
       7/7 [==========] - 22s 3s/step - loss: 0.0906 - accuracy: 0.9
       420 - val_loss: 0.3397 - val_accuracy: 0.8958
       7/7 [========== - - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.1322 - accuracy: 0.9196V
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model_acc_0.74.hdf5
       196 - val_loss: 1.1945 - val_accuracy: 0.7396
       Epoch 9/20
       7/7 [========== - - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.7123 - accuracy: 0.6875V
       alidation accuracy exceeded threshold! Saving model to: D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Cen
       ter\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical Engineer\Advanced Deep Learning and Computer Vis
       ion\model_acc_0.74.hdf5
       875 - val_loss: 1.2917 - val_accuracy: 0.7396
In [460...
        import os
        from keras.models import load_model
        saved_models_dir = 'D:\OneDrive\Knowledge Center\AI - ML\Masters in Artifical En
        model_filenames = [f for f in os.listdir(saved_models_dir) if f.endswith('.hdf5'
        for model filename in model filenames:
           model path = os.path.join(saved models dir, model filename)
        model = load model(model path)
        print(f"Model: {model_filename} - Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f} - Test Accuracy: {t
```

Model: model\_acc\_0.91.hdf5 - Test Loss: 0.5489 - Test Accuracy: 0.7875

As we see using the above model we could get accuracy above 90%