

MIPS Reference Data

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CORE INSTRUCTION SET

NAME, MNEMONIC	FOR-MAT	OPERATION (in Verilog)	OPCODE / FUNCT (Hex)
Add	add R	R[rd] = R[rs] + R[rt]	(1) 0 / 20 _{hex}
Add Immediate	addi I	R[rt] = R[rs] + SignExtImm	(1,2) 8 _{hex}
Add Imm. Unsigned	addiu I	R[rt] = R[rs] + SignExtImm	(2) 9 _{hex}
Add Unsigned	addu R	R[rd] = R[rs] + R[rt]	0 / 21 _{hex}
And	and R	R[rd] = R[rs] & R[rt]	0 / 24 _{hex}
And Immediate	andi I	R[rt] = R[rs] & ZeroExtImm	(3) c _{hex}
Branch On Equal	beq I	if(R[rs]==R[rt]) PC=PC+4+BranchAddr	(4) 4 _{hex}
Branch On Not Equal	bne I	if(R[rs]!=R[rt]) PC=PC+4+BranchAddr	(4) 5 _{hex}
Jump	j J	PC=JumpAddr	(5) 2 _{hex}
Jump And Link	jal J	R[31]=PC+8; PC=JumpAddr	(5) 3 _{hex}
Jump Register	jr R	PC=R[rs]	0 / 08 _{hex}
Load Byte Unsigned	lbu I	R[rt]={24'b0,M[R[rs]+SignExtImm](7:0)}	(2) 24 _{hex}
Load Halfword Unsigned	lhu I	R[rt]={16'b0,M[R[rs]+SignExtImm](15:0)}	(2) 25 _{hex}
Load Linked	ll I	R[rt] = M[R[rs]+SignExtImm]	(2,7) 30 _{hex}
Load Upper Imm.	lui I	R[rt] = {imm, 16'b0}	h _{hex}
Load Word	lw I	R[rt] = M[R[rs]+SignExtImm]	(2) 23 _{hex}
Nor	nor R	R[rd] = ~ (R[rs] R[rt])	0 / 27 _{hex}
Or	or R	R[rd] = R[rs] R[rt]	0 / 25 _{hex}
Or Immediate	ori I	R[rt] = R[rs] ZeroExtImm	(3) d _{hex}
Set Less Than	slt R	R[rd] = (R[rs] < R[rt]) ? 1 : 0	0 / 2a _{hex}
Set Less Than Imm.	slti I	R[rt] = (R[rs] < SignExtImm) ? 1 : 0	(2) a _{hex}
Set Less Than Imm. Unsigned	sltiu I	R[rt] = (R[rs] < SignExtImm) ? 1 : 0	(2,6) b _{hex}
Set Less Than Unsig.	sltu R	R[rd] = (R[rs] < R[rt]) ? 1 : 0	(6) 0 / 2b _{hex}
Shift Left Logical	sll R	R[rd] = R[rt] << shamt	0 / 00 _{hex}
Shift Right Logical	srl R	R[rd] = R[rt] >>> shamt	0 / 02 _{hex}
Store Byte	sb I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm](7:0) = R[rt](7:0)	(2) 28 _{hex}
Store Conditional	sc I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm] = R[rt]; R[rt] = (atomic) ? 1 : 0	(2,7) 38 _{hex}
Store Halfword	sh I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm](15:0) = R[rt](15:0)	(2) 29 _{hex}
Store Word	sw I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm] = R[rt]	(2) 2b _{hex}
Subtract	sub R	R[rd] = R[rs] - R[rt]	(1) 0 / 22 _{hex}
Subtract Unsigned	subu R	R[rd] = R[rs] - R[rt]	0 / 23 _{hex}

- (1) May cause overflow exception
- (2) SignExtImm = { 16{immediate[15]}, immediate }
- (3) ZeroExtImm = { 16{1b'0'}, immediate }
- (4) BranchAddr = { 14{immediate[15]}, immediate, 2'b0 }
- (5) JumpAddr = { PC+4[31:28], address, 2'b0 }
- (6) Operands considered unsigned numbers (vs. 2's comp.)
- (7) Atomic test&set pair; R[rt] = 1 if pair atomic, 0 if not atomic

BASIC INSTRUCTION FORMATS

base instruction format						
R	opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	funct
	31	26 25	21 20	16 15	11 10	6 5
I	opcode	rs	rt	immediate		
	31	26 25	21 20	16 15		
J	opcode	address				
	31	26 25				

ARITHMETIC CORE INSTRUCTION SET

②

NAME, MNEMONIC	FOR-MAT	OPERATION	OPCODE / FUNCT (Hex)
Branch On FP True	bclt FI	if(FPcond)PC=PC+4+BranchAddr	(4) 11/8/1/--
Branch On FP False	bclf FI	if(!FPcond)PC=PC+4+BranchAddr	(4) 11/8/0/--
Divide	div R	Lo=R[rs]/R[rt]; Hi=R[rs]%R[rt]	0/--/--/1a
Divide Unsigned	divu R	Lo=R[rs]/R[rt]; Hi=R[rs]%R[rt]	(6) 0/--/--/1b
FP Add Single	add.s FR	F[fd] = F[fs] + F[ft]	11/10/--/0
FP Add Double	add.d FR	{F[fd],F[fd+1]} = {F[fs],F[fs+1]} + {F[ft],F[ft+1]}	11/11/--/0
FP Compare Single	c.x.s* FR	FPcond = (F[fs] op F[ft]) ? 1 : 0	11/10/--/y
FP Compare Double	c.x.d* FR	FPcond = ({F[fs],F[fs+1]} op {F[ft],F[ft+1]}) ? 1 : 0	11/11/--/y
* (x is eq, lt, or le) (op is ==, <, or <=) (y is 32, 3c, or 3e)			
FP Divide Single	div.s FR	F[fd] = F[fs] / F[ft]	11/10/--/3
FP Divide Double	div.d FR	{F[fd],F[fd+1]} = {F[fs],F[fs+1]} / {F[ft],F[ft+1]}	11/11/--/3
FP Multiply Single	mul.s FR	F[fd] = F[fs] * F[ft]	11/10/--/2
FP Multiply Double	mul.d FR	{F[fd],F[fd+1]} = {F[fs],F[fs+1]} * {F[ft],F[ft+1]}	11/11/--/2
FP Subtract Single	sub.s FR	F[fd]=F[fs] - F[ft]	11/10/--/1
FP Subtract Double	sub.d FR	{F[fd],F[fd+1]} = {F[fs],F[fs+1]} - {F[ft],F[ft+1]}	11/11/--/1
Load FP Single	lwc1 I	F[rt]=M[R[rs]+SignExtImm]	(2) 31/--/--/0
Load FP Double	ldc1 I	F[rt]=M[R[rs]+SignExtImm]; F[rt+1]=M[R[rs]+SignExtImm+4]	(2) 35/--/--/0
Move From Hi	mfhi R	R[rd] = Hi	0 / --/--/10
Move From Lo	mflo R	R[rd] = Lo	0 / --/--/12
Move From Control	mfc0 R	R[rd] = CR[rs]	10 / 0/--/0
Multiply	mult R	{Hi,Lo} = R[rs] * R[rt]	0/--/--/18
Multiply Unsigned	multu R	{Hi,Lo} = R[rs] * R[rt]	(6) 0/--/--/19
Shift Right Arith.	sra R	R[rd] = R[rt] >>> shamt	0/--/--/3
Store FP Single	swc1 I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm] = F[rt]	(2) 39/--/--/0
Store FP Double	sdc1 I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm] = F[rt]; M[R[rs]+SignExtImm+4] = F[rt+1]	(2) 3d/--/--/0

FLOATING-POINT INSTRUCTION FORMATS

FR	opcode	fmt	ft	fs	fd	funct
	31	26 25	21 20	16 15	11 10	6 5
FI	opcode	fmt	ft	immediate		
	31	26 25	21 20	16 15		

PSEUDOINSTRUCTION SET

NAME	MNEMONIC	OPERATION
Branch Less Than	blt	if(R[rs]<R[rt]) PC = Label
Branch Greater Than	bgt	if(R[rs]>R[rt]) PC = Label
Branch Less Than or Equal	ble	if(R[rs]<=R[rt]) PC = Label
Branch Greater Than or Equal	bge	if(R[rs]>=R[rt]) PC = Label
Load Immediate	li	R[rd] = immediate
Move	move	R[rd] = R[rs]

REGISTER NAME, NUMBER, USE, CALL CONVENTION

NAME	NUMBER	USE	PRESERVEDACROSS A CALL?
\$zero	0	The Constant Value 0	N.A.
\$at	1	Assembler Temporary	No
\$v0-\$v1	2-3	Values for Function Results and Expression Evaluation	No
\$a0-\$a3	4-7	Arguments	No
\$t0-\$t7	8-15	Temporaries	No
\$s0-\$s7	16-23	Saved Temporaries	Yes
\$t8-\$t9	24-25	Temporaries	No
\$k0-\$k1	26-27	Reserved for OS Kernel	No
\$gp	28	Global Pointer	Yes
\$sp	29	Stack Pointer	Yes
\$fp	30	Frame Pointer	Yes
\$ra	31	Return Address	Yes

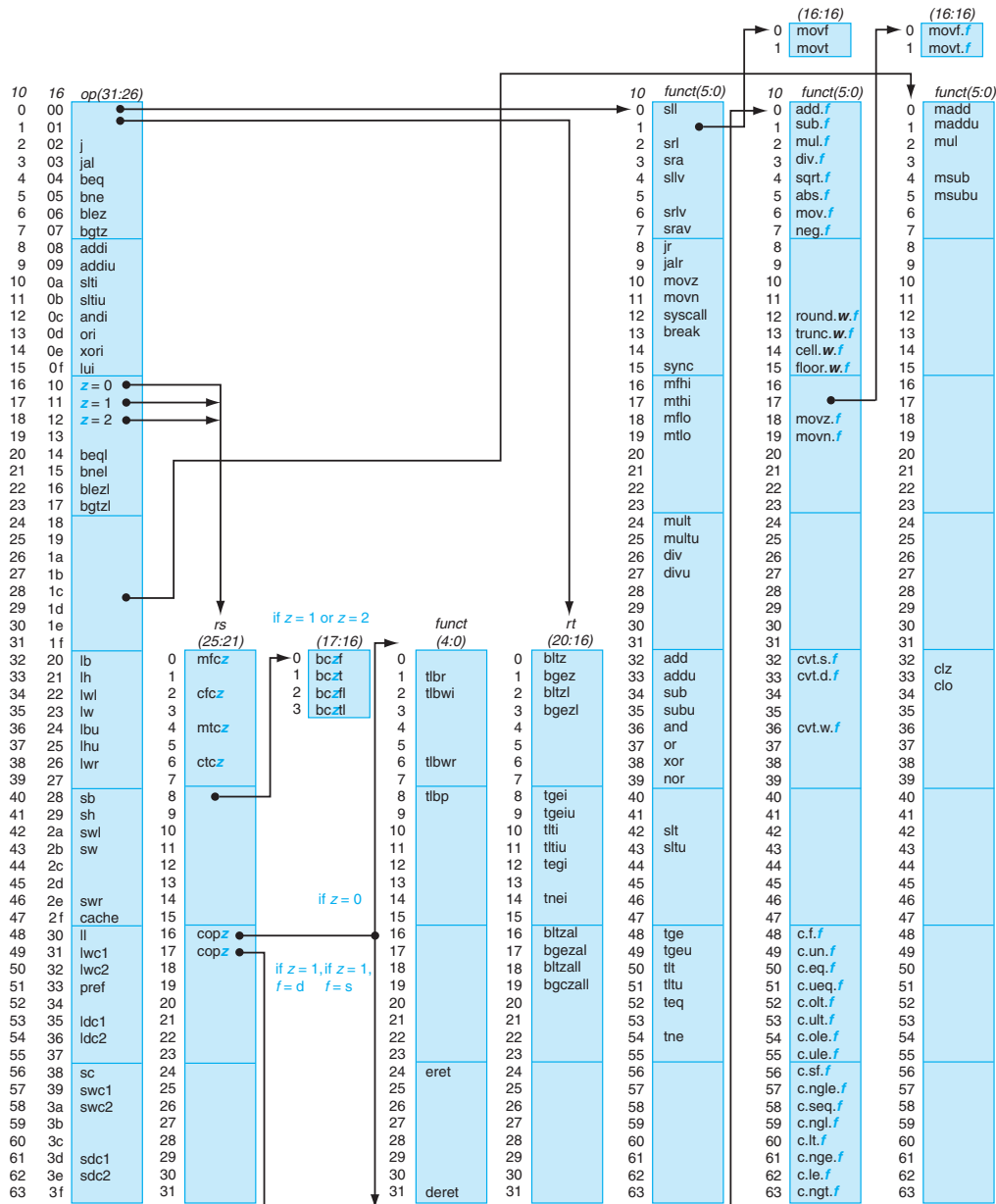


FIGURE B.10.2 MIPS opcode map. The values of each field are shown to its left. The first column shows the values in base 10, and the second shows base 16 for the op field (bits 31 to 26) in the third column. This op field completely specifies the MIPS operation except for six op values: 0, 1, 16, 17, 18, and 19. These operations are determined by other fields, identified by pointers. The last field (funct) uses “f” to mean “s” if rs = 16 and op = 17 or “d” if rs = 17 and op = 17. The second field (rs) uses “z” to mean “0”, “1”, “2”, or “3” if op = 16, 17, 18, or 19, respectively. If rs = 16, the operation is specified elsewhere: if z = 0, the operations are specified in the fourth field (bits 4 to 0); if z = 1, then the operations are in the last field with f = s. If rs = 17 and z = 1, then the operations are in the last field with f = d.