American International University, Bangladesh



Data Communication

Section: E

Semester: Summer 2021-22

Course Instructor: Tanjil Amin

Experiment no: 01

Experiment Name: Study of signal frequency, spectrum, bandwidth, and quantization using MATLAB

Submitted by:

Name	ID
Sheikh Muhtasim Nasif	20-42119-1
Mysara Nur Tanha	20-42261-1
Anonnya Sarkar	20-42600-1
Md Al- Amin	20-42481-1
Md Abdul Mukit	19-40921-2

Class Task:

In here, used Id=20-42600-1

So,

A=2

B=0

C=4

D=2

E=6

F=0

G=0

H=1

So,

a1=(0+0+1)=1

a2=(6+4+1)=11

f1=(0+1+2)=3

f2=(6+0+1)=7

Matlab Code(For time domain Signal):

```
a1=1;
a2=11;
f1=3;
f2=7;
t=0:.001:3;
x=a1*sin(2*pi*f1*t) + a2*cos(2*pi*f2*t);
%plot(t,x)
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitute');
nx=length(t);
fx1=fft1(x);
fs=10000;
fx1 = fftshift(fx1)/(nx/2);
f = linspace(-fs/2,fs/2,nx);
bar(f, abs(fx1),2,'k')
```

```
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Frequency Domain Representation of Different Signals');
legend('Signal x1')
```

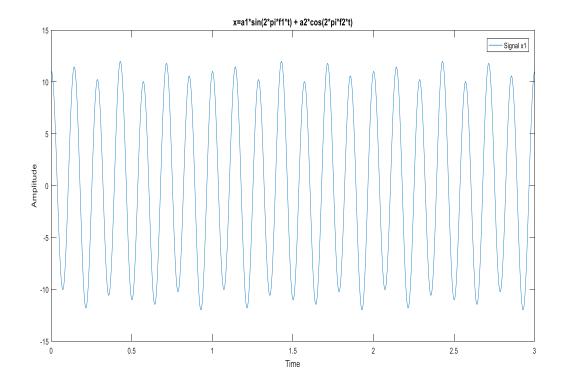


Fig 01: Time Domain Signal

Matlab Code(For time domain Signal):

```
a1=1;
a2=11;
f1=3;
f2=7;
t=0:.001:3;
x=a1*sin(2*pi*f1*t) + a2*cos(2*pi*f2*t);
%plot(t,x)
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitute');
nx=length(t);
fx1=fft1(x);
fs=10000;
fx1 = fftshift(fx1)/(nx/2);
f = linspace(-fs/2,fs/2,nx);
bar(f, abs(fx1),2,'k')
```

```
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Frequency Domain Representation of Different Signals');
legend('Signal x1')
```

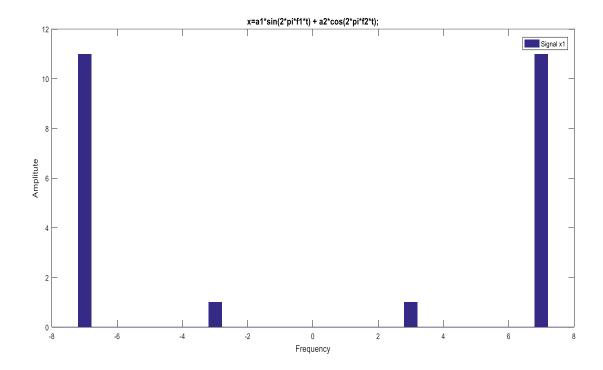


Fig 02: Frequency Domain Signal

Performance Task:

In here, used Id=20-42119-1

So,

A=2

B=0

C=4

D=2

```
E=1
F=1
G=9
H=1
So,
a1= (9+1) =10
a2= (2+1) =3
a3= (1+3) = 4
f1= (1+1) =2
f2= (1+2) =3
```

f3 = (9+3) = 12

Answer to the question no a:

```
fs=5000;
a1=10;
a2=3;
a3=4;
f1=2;
f2=3;
f3=12;
t=0:.001:3;
x1 = a1*cos(2*pi*f1*t);
x2 = a2*sin(2*pi*f2*t);
x3 = a3*cos(2*pi*f3*t);
signal x = x1 + x2 + x3;
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(t,signal x)
xlabel('Time(sec)');
ylabel('Amplitute');
title('a1*cos(2*pi*f1*t)+a2*sin(2*pi*f2*t)+a3*cos(2*pi*f3*t)');
nx=length(t);
fk1=fft(signal x);
fk1=fftshift(fk1)/(nx/2);
f = linspace(-fs/2, fs/2, nx);
subplot(2,1,2)
bar(f, abs(fk1),2,'k')
xlim([-17, +17])
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Amplitude');
```

```
title('Frequency Domain Representation of Different Signals');
legend('Signal_x1')

xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Frequency Domain Representation of Different Signals');
legend('Signal x1')
```

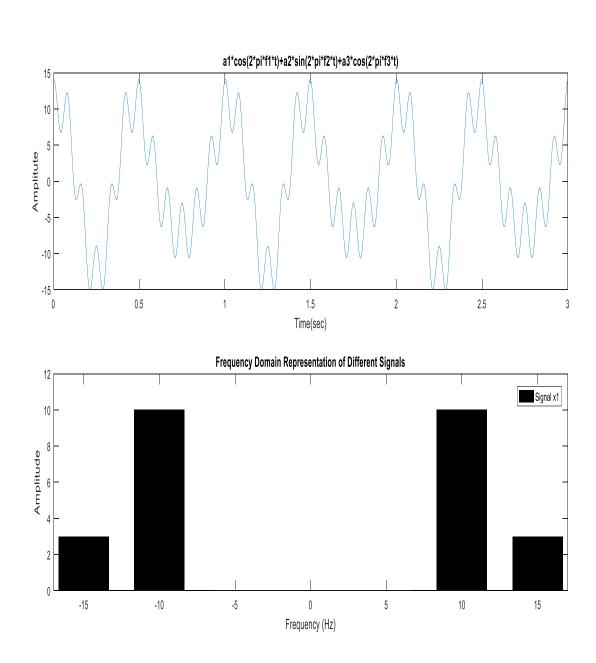


Fig 03: Time domain and Frequency Domain Signal

Answer to the question no b:

Matlab code:

```
fs=5000;
a1=10;
a2=3;
a3=4;
f1=2;
f2=3;
f3=12;
t=(0:0.01125/fs:1);
x1 = a1*cos(2*pi*f1*t);
x2 = a2*sin(2*pi*f2*t);
x3 = a3*cos(2*pi*f3*t);
signal x = x1 + x2 + x3;
partition = -1.5:1.5;
codebook = -2:2;
[index,quants] = quantiz(signal_x,partition,codebook);
plot(t, signal_x, 'x', t, quants, '.')
xlim([0.11, 0.178])
ylim([-2.6, 2.6])
legend('Original signal','Quantized signal');
```

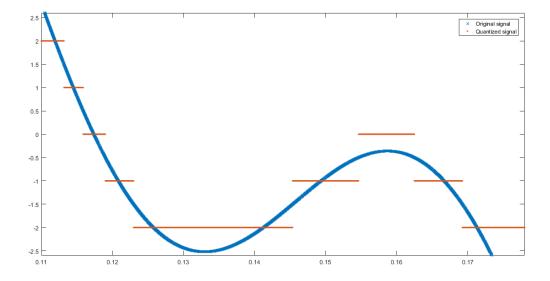


Fig 04: Quantization

Answer to the question no c:

```
fs=5000;
a1=10;
a2=3;
a3=4;
f1=2;
f2=3;
f3=12;
t=(0:0.01125/fs:1);
x1 = a1*cos(2*pi*f1*t);
x2 = a2*sin(2*pi*f2*t);
x3 = a3*cos(2*pi*f3*t);
signal x = x1 + x2 + x3;
n=3;
L = (2^n);
delta=(max(signal_x)-min(signal_x))/(L-1);
xq = min(signal x) + (round((signal x-min(signal x))/delta)).*delta;
plot(t,signal x)
xlim([0.11, 0.178])
ylim([-2.6, 2.6])
legend('Original signal','Quantized signal');
```

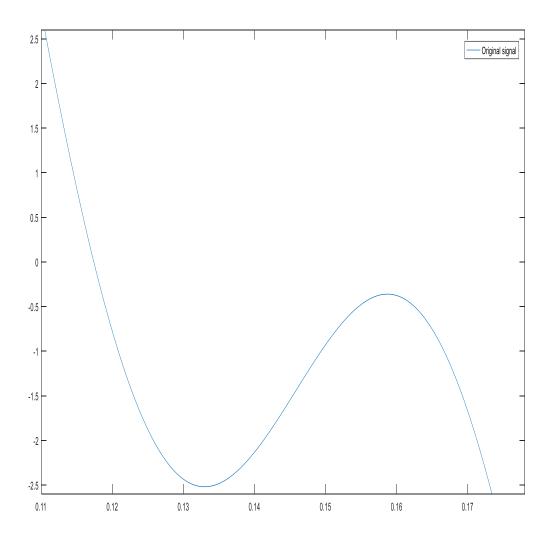


Fig 05: Quantization