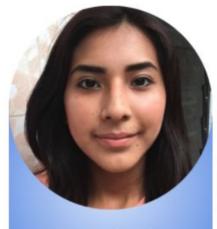
## NotMyFitnessPal

Aaron, Marcy, Nasir, Sarina, Suraaj



**Marcy Calderon** 

The Team



Sarina Salamon

**Aaron Nazareth** 



**Mohammed Nasir** 



Suraaj Leal



### Introducing NotMyFitnessPal!

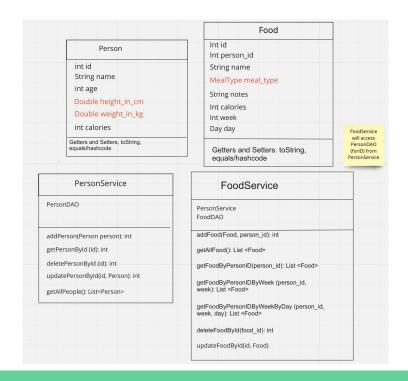
- A food tracking API built using Java,
   SQL, Spring Boot
  - Get stored food from a database
  - Update stored food items
  - Delete food items

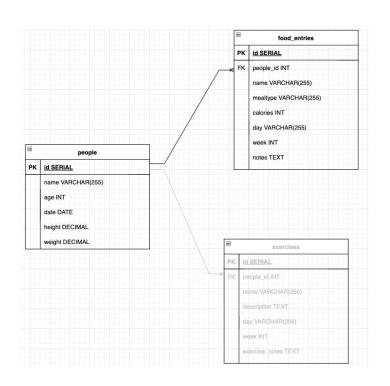
- Able to select food by...
  - Person\_id
  - Week and day
  - Meal type



### Planning - ERD, Class Diagram

- Friday - POJOs, services, methods, ERD

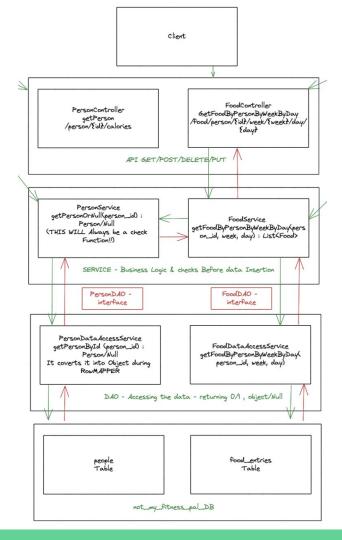


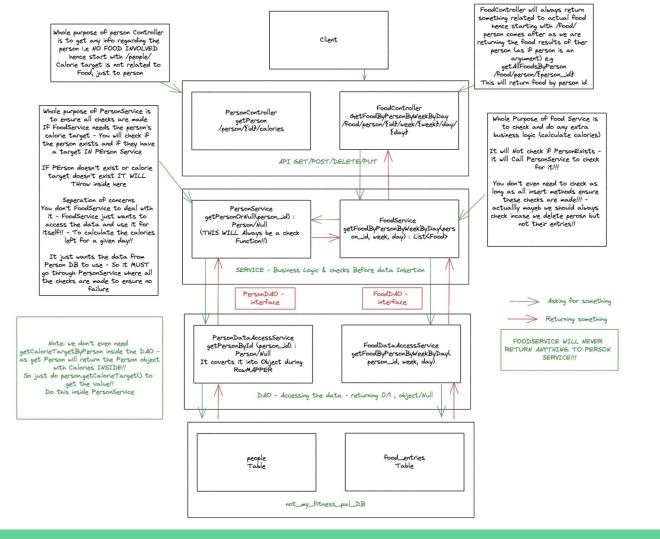


#### Planning - Application Structure

- Sunday
- Food and Person
- Controller, Service, DAOs
- Connection via service classes







## Planning - Week

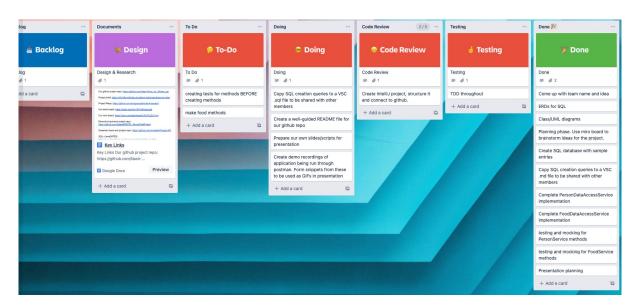
- Mob Programming
  - Everyone clued up
- One method reference
- Split up on Tues/Wed
- Key factor of success collab



Day	Task
Friday	Choose project, Pojo, services
Saturday	Self-Learning
Sunday	Mob Prog - Setup Project, Git, TDD
Monday	Mob Prog - Complete One method, testing to API
Tuesday	Split up and finish all Methods/Testing <del>MVP</del>
Wednesday	Attempt Stretch Goals, Start Presentation prep (MVP/Testing)
Thursday	Presentation Dry Run
Friday	Presentation day

#### Collaboration Tools - Trello

- Switch up the visual tool styles detail/brainstorming vs broken down targets.
- Cater for different minds.
- Each day resembled an agile sprint (stand-up, implement, review, retrospect) though not firmly set this way.



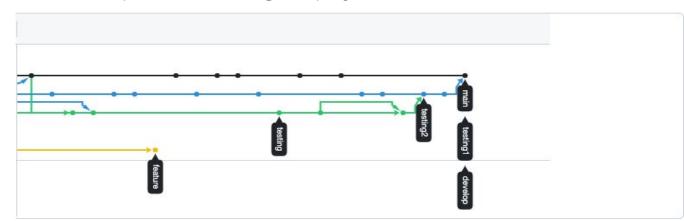
## Collaboration Tools - Git



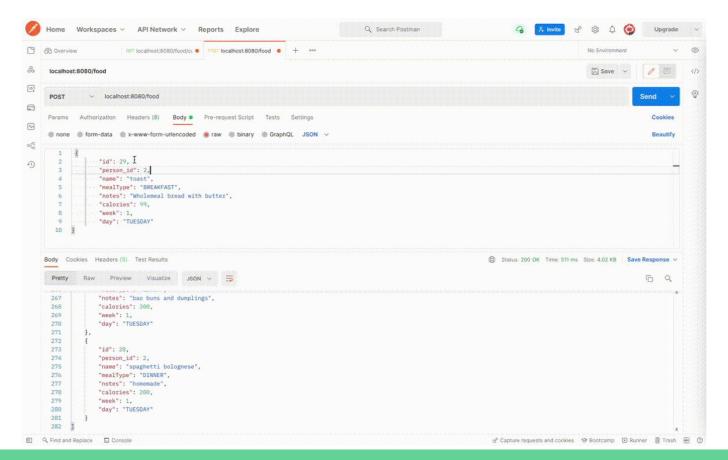
- Additional branches to distinguish the type of task we were doing and avoid breaking main code.
- Staggered approach to working through merges resolving any conflicts was smoother.
- Led to much **more efficient merges**, coping as the code base grew.
- Low number of merge conflicts experienced during our project was a testament to this.

Top-right photo: A rough merge process we drew up - to reference back to when splitting off for pair programming.

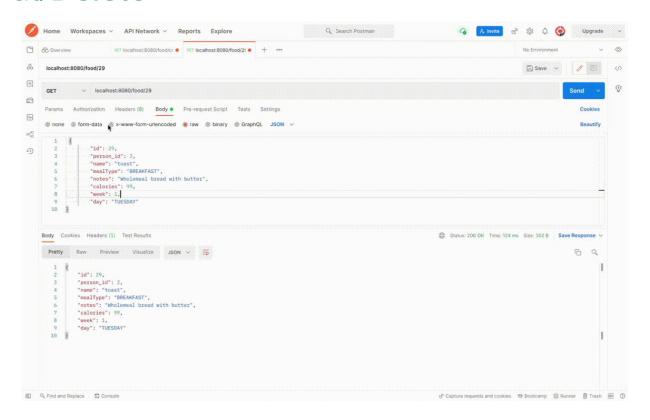
Bottom-right photo: Branch structure as per github (towards end of project).



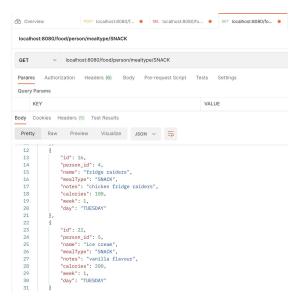
#### Demo: Post/Get

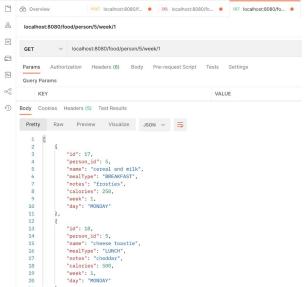


#### Demo: Put/Delete



#### Many more





```
☐ ⊗ Overview
                           POST localhost:8080/f... 

DEL localhost:8080/fo... 

GET localhost:8080/fo...
      localhost:8080/food/person/5/week/1/day/TUESDAY
₽.
                 localhost:8080/food/person/5/week/1/day/TUESDAY
      GET
Params Authorization Headers (6) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings
      Query Params
만
                                                                   VALUE
    Body Cookies Headers (5) Test Results
      Pretty
             Raw Preview Visualize JSON V
                    "id": 20,
                    "person_id": 5,
                    "name": "avocado on toast",
                    "mealType": "BREAKFAST",
                    "notes": "sliced avocado on brown bread",
                    "calories": 200,
                    "week": 1.
                    "day": "TUESDAY"
       11
       12
       13
                    "id": 21,
                    "person id": 5.
                    "name": "chilli con carne".
                    "mealType": "DINNER",
       17
                    "notes": "minced beef and rice",
       18
                    "calories": 700,
       19
                    "week": 1,
       20
                    "day": "TUESDAY"
```

By Week and Day

#### **Client Errors**

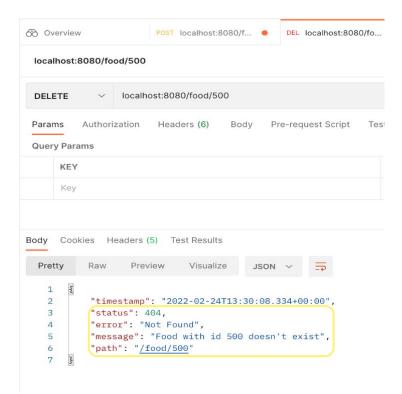
```
3 Overview
                              QET localhost:8080/food/c: .
       localhost:8080/food
       POST
                        localhost:8080/food
      Params
                Authorization
                              Headers (8)
M
               form-data x-www-form-urlencoded
                      "person_id": 8.
                      "name": "toast",
                      "mealType": "BREAKFAST".
                      "notes": "Kingsmill 50/50 bread with butter",
                      "calories": 188.
                   "week": 1,
                      "day": "TUESDAY"
            Cookies Headers (5) Test Results
                         Preview Visualize
```

#### 400 Bad Request

#### 404 Not Found

```
@ResponseStatus(value = HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND)
public class FoodNotFoundException extends RuntimeException{
    public FoodNotFoundException(String message) {
        super(message);
    }
}
```

#### **Custom Exception Class**



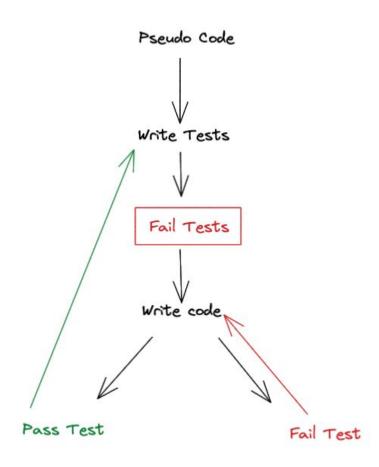
```
public int deleteFood(Integer foodId){
        Food foodInDb = getFoodOrThrowNull(foodId);
        int rowsAffected = foodDao.deleteFoodById(foodId);
        if (rowsAffected!=1){
            throw new IllegalStateException("Food could not be deleted");
private Food getFoodOrThrowNull(Integer id){
        if (id == null || id <= 0){</pre>
            throw new InvalidRequestException("Food id is invalid");
        Food food = foodDao.getFoodById(id); //mocking this line
        if(food == null){
            throw new FoodNotFoundException("Food with id " + id + " doesn't exist");
        return food;
```

### Our Approach to Testing

Lacking confidence in testing

 Using TDD - a great opportunity to explore industry standard development

- Approaching TDD
  - Mob pseudo code
  - Write tests
  - Write code



#### TDD in addFoodEntry method

```
Input
///TODO:3) Create Psuedo code for add food
  public int addFoodEntry(Food food) {
     // Check all fields are valid (enums don't have to be checked here):
     // calories - can't be null or < 0 - 0 is accepted
     // Add food entry to sql db - using FoodDao. (Mock)
     // foodDao.addFood(someRandom)
     // If result != 1, then throw exception to say it failed
      return 1; 📥
                               Output
```

```
@Test
   void addFoodEntry() {
           //Given
       Food food = new Food(1, 1, "toast", MealType.BREAKFAST,
                            "random", 50, 1, Day.MONDAY);
       Person personInDb = new Person(1, "marcy", 23, 157.0, 47.0, 2000);
       given(personDao.getPersonById(food.getPerson_id())).willReturn(personInDb);
       given(foodDao.addFood(food)).willReturn(1);
           //When
       Integer actual = underTest.addFoodEntry(food);
            //Then
       Integer expected = 1;
       assertThat(actual).isEqualTo(expected);
```

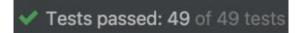
#### Results of TDD

Sunday/Monday - TDD focused

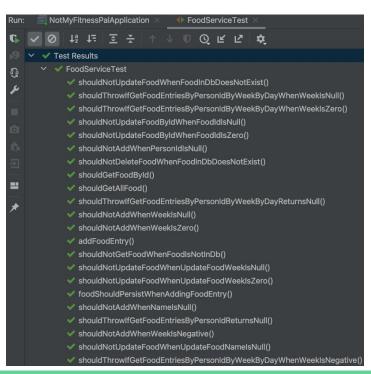
- Tuesday/Wednesday More ambitious with methods, less TDD
  - Testing took longer, less conscious business logic

90 Tests written and passed - a reliable API!

 Pedagogically valuable, whole team more confident in testing



✓ Tests passed: 41 of 41 tests



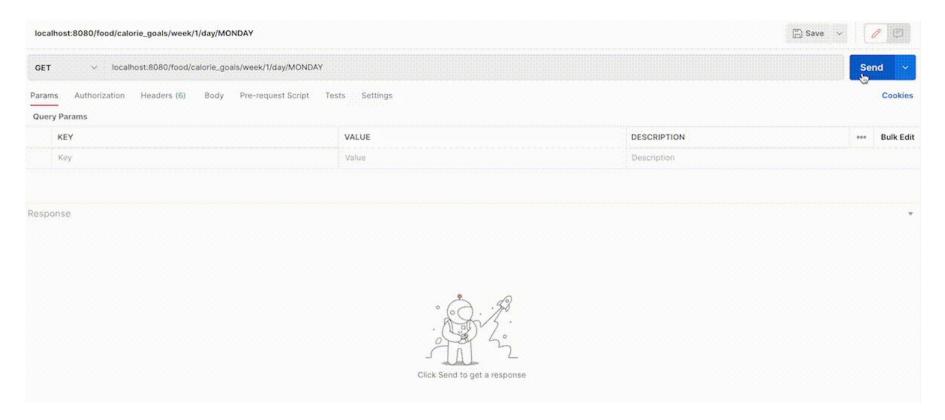
# Argument Captors - a fun discovery!

- Originally had conflict over the need for an **ArgumentCaptor** when comparing two tests.
- Discovered the difference between them was down to primitives remaining consistent vs objects being traced as rows returned in SQL - thus not the specific object.
- Cleaner code!

#### **BEFORE**

#### **AFTER**

## Extension - daily calorie goals



#### **SQL** implementation

Calculates the sum of the total calories for a day per person

JOIN required as the food\_entries table does not have access to the daily calorie target property in the people table

```
public class PersonDailyCalorieGoal {

   private Integer id;
   private String name;
   private Integer calorie_target;
   private Integer week;
   private Day day;
   private Integer total_calories_on_week_on_day;
   // The two below are set in service (business logic)
   private Integer calorie_difference;
   private String calorie_goal_result;
```

Both set in service class

```
@Override
   public List<PersonDailyCalorieGoal> getDailyCalorieGoalsByWeekByDay(Integer week,
Day day) {
       String sql =
               SELECT food_entries.person_id, people.name, people.calorie_target,
                SUM(food_entries.calories) AS total_calorie_intake, food_entries.day
                FROM food entries
                INNER JOIN people
               ON food_entries.person_id = people.id
               WHERE food_entries.day = ? AND food_entries.week = ?
               GROUP BY (person_id, people.name, people.calorie_target, day)
```

#### **Business logic**

Work out the calorie difference then SET that value for each person

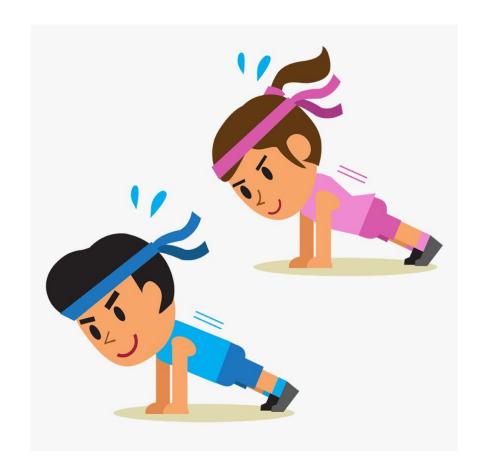
```
for (PersonDailyCalorieGoal calorieGoal : calorieGoalsList) {
            if(calorieGoal.getCalorie_target() == null){
                calorieGoal.setCalorie_goal_result(calorieGoal.getName() + " did not set a calorietarget." );
            } else{
                Integer calorie_difference = calorieGoal.getCalorie_target() - calorieGoal.getTotal_calories_on_week_on_day();
                calorieGoal setCalorie difference(calorie difference);
                if (calorie difference > 0){
                   calorieGoal.setCalorie_goal_result(calorieGoal.getName() + " is " + Math.abs(calorie_difference) + " calories
                   below their target." );
                } else if (calorie difference < 0){
                    calorieGoal.setCalorie goal result(calorieGoal.getName() + " is " + Math.abs(calorie difference) + " calories
                   above their target." );
               } else {
                   calorieGoal.setCalorie_goal_result(calorieGoal.getName() + " has met their daily calorie target of " +
                    calorieGoal.getCalorie_target() + ".");
        return calorieGoalsList;
```

SET the result property as a message indicating how much they are above/below their target

#### Ideas for the future

Expand to include exercise
data - include people's daily
workouts and how many
calories they are burning.

 Work out people's daily net calories then compare to daily calorie target.



#### Reflections

- Greater understanding of project work, thorough planning and TDD
- Came across interesting challenges
  - How to properly do TDD
  - ArgumentCaptor
  - Calorie Counting method

Please check out our repo if you're interested! Any improvements are welcomed!

https://github.com/Nasir-6/not my fitness pal