Summary Report

Lead Scoring Model for X Education

Objective:

The goal of this project was to develop a **Lead Scoring** Model for X Education to maximize conversions and minimize ineffective calls. The process involved **Data preparation**, **exploratory data analysis** (**EDA**), feature engineering, model building, and evaluation.

Process Followed:

1. Data Understanding & Cleaning -

- The dataset contained **9,240 leads** and **37 features** (categorical & numerical).
- Features with over 40% missing values (e.g., **Lead Profile, Asymmetrique Scores**) were removed.
- Variables with values 'Select' were replaced with NaN and missing values in categorical columns were imputed with appropriate values.
- Looking for duplicate values and eliminating them if required.

2. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) -

- Key categorical variables (Lead Source, Lead Origin, Last Activity) and numerical variables (Total Visits, Time Spent on Website, Page Views per Visit) were analyzed.
- Outliers were treated to improve data quality.

3. Feature Engineering -

- High-cardinality categorical variables were grouped into broader categories.
- Dummy variables were created, and numerical features were standardized.
- The dataset was split (70% training, 30% testing).
- **Standardization** has been performed on numerical features.

4. Model Building & Selection -

- Logistic Regression was chosen for interpretability and efficiency.
- Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE) helped select the top 20 features.
- Features with high p-values and Variance Inflation Factor (VIF) were iteratively removed.

Key Model Insights -

- Top predictors: Total Time Spent on Website, Tags, Lead Source, Last Activity, Specialization.
- The top 3 contributing variables were:
 - 1. Tags_Closed by Horizzon (5.8192 coefficient)
 - 2. Tags_Lost to EINS (5.0213 coefficient)
 - 3. Tags_Will revert after reading the email (2.9394 coefficient)

• Performance Metrics:

- o Accuracy, Sensitivity, and Specificity: **88%-90%** at an optimum cut-off of **0.37**.
- A lead score threshold of 30 (probability cutoff = 0.3) balanced conversion (93.41% sensitivity) and specificity (92.48%).

Learnings:

- Lower thresholds (e.g., 30) improve recall, including more potential leads, while higher thresholds (70-80) maximize specificity to reduce unnecessary calls.
- Tags such as "Will revert after reading the email" and "Lost to EINS" are critical indicators of conversion potential.
- Automated engagement via email and WhatsApp can be more effective than direct calls.
- Data-driven lead scoring enables sales teams to refine outreach strategies for better efficiency.

Conclusion:

This Lead Scoring Model helps optimize conversions by prioritizing key features and fine-tuning lead thresholds. X Education can enhance efficiency, reduce costs, and improve outreach with data-driven engagement strategies. Future improvements can include advanced classification models and automation tools.

We have noted that the variables that matter the most in identifying potential buyers are –

- Total Time Spent on Website
- Tags
- Lead Source
- Last Activity
- Specialization.

These factors significantly influence lead conversion and should be prioritized in future strategies.