1. Select all records where the City column has the value "Berlin".

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where city = ‘Berlin’;**

1. Select CustomerName, City where the CustomerID column has the value 32.

**Select CustomerName, City**

**from Customers**

**where CustomerID = 32;**

1. Select all records where the City column has the value 'Berlin' and the PostalCode column has the value 12209.

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where city = ‘Berlin’ and PostalCode = 12209;**

1. Select 3 first rows of the CustomerName, City and Country columns

**Select CustomerName, City, Country**

**from Customers**

**limit 3;**

1. Select all records where the City column has the value 'Berlin', and also the records where the City column has the value 'London'.

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where City = ‘Berlin’ or City = ‘London’;**

1. Select CustomerName, Address, Cityfrom the Customers table, sort the result alphabetically by the column City.

**Select CustomerName, Address, City**

**from Customers**

**order by City;**

1. Select all records from the Customers table, sort the result alphabetically, first by the column Country, then, by the column City

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**order by Country, City;**

1. Select all records from the Customers where the PostalCode column is empty.

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where PostalCode is null;**

1. Select CustomerID, CustomerName, PostalCodefrom the Customers where the PostalCode column is NOT empty.

**Select CustomerID, CustomerName, PostalCode**

**from Customers**

**where PostalCode is not null;**

1. Select all the different values from the Country column in the Customers table.

**Select distinct Country**

**from Customers;**

1. Select all records where the value of the City column starts with the letter "a".

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where City like ‘a%’;**

1. Select all records where the value of the City column contains the letter "a" and sort by City in descending order.

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where City like ‘%a%’,**

**order by City desc;**

1. Select all records where the value of the City column starts with letter "a" and ends with the letter "b".

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where City like ‘a%b’;**

1. Select all records where the value of the City column does NOT start with the letter "a" and where Country is not Germany.

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where City not like ‘a%’ and Country <> ‘Germany’;**

1. Use the IN operator to select all the records where Country is either "Norway" or "France".

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where Country in (‘Norway’, ‘France’);**

1. Select all records from the City of “Bern”, "Berlin", "London" where IDs are greater than 10, but less than 30

**Select \***

**from Customers**

**where City in (‘Bern’, ‘Berlin’, ‘London’) and CustomerID >10 and CustomerID<30;**

1. Update the City column of all records in the Customers table.

**Update Customers set City = ‘Cherepovets’;**

1. Set the value of the City columns to 'Oslo', but only the ones where the Country column has the value "Norway".

**Update Customers set City = ‘Oslo’ where Country = ‘Norway’;**

1. Update the City value and the Country value for the Customer with ID = 32.

**Update Customers set City = ‘Cherepovets’, Country = ‘Russia’ where CustomersID = 32;**

1. Delete all the records from the Customers table where the Country value is 'Norway'.

**Delete from Customers where Country = ‘Norway’;**