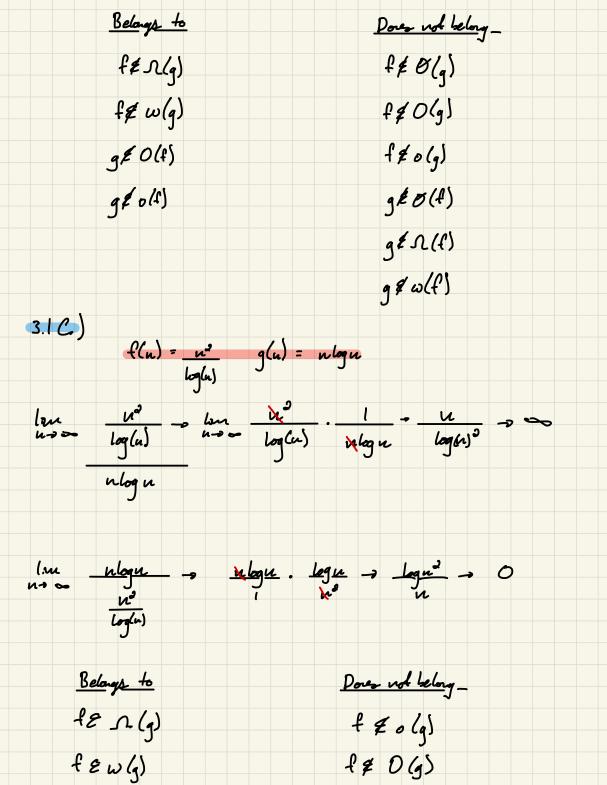
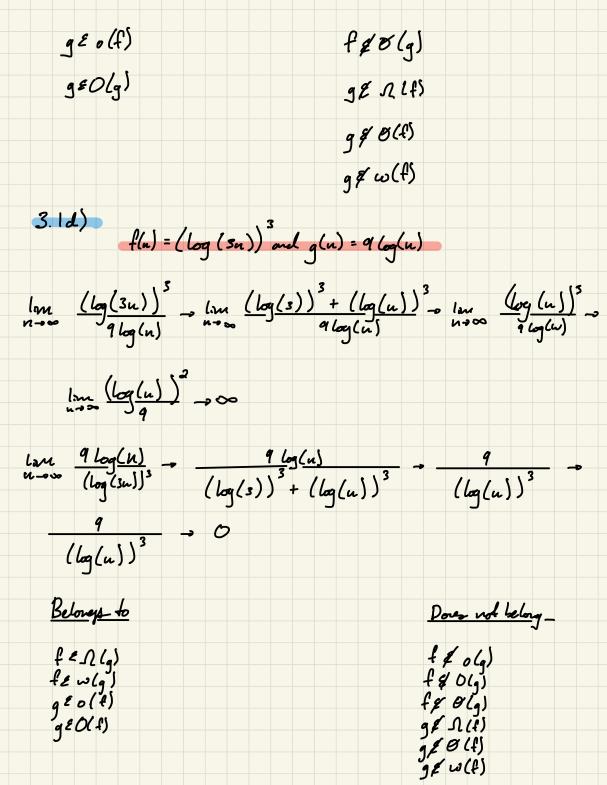
ADS Howework 3

Justen Moms

3. la) f(u) = 9u and g(u) = 5u3 lin f(u) - bru 9 u - 9 - 9 0 0 $\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{g(n)}{f(n)} = \lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{5n^3}{9n} = \lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{5\infty^2}{9} = \frac{5\infty}{9} = \frac{\infty}{9}$ Belongs to Does not belong f \$ 12(q) f E oglus f & O (g) f & & (g) 98-JL (4) f# w(g) ge w(f) 94 o(f) 9\$ 8(4) 9 (O(f) 3.16) f(u) = 9008 + 200.5 + 14 logu and g(u) - Ju $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{f(n)}{g(n)} \rightarrow \frac{9n^{0.8} + 2n^{0.3} + 14\log n}{\sqrt{n}} \rightarrow \frac{9n^{0.8}}{\sqrt{n}} \rightarrow \frac{0.8}{\sqrt{n}} \rightarrow \frac{0.8}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{g(n)}{f(n)} \to \frac{\sqrt{n}}{q_n^{0.8} + 2n^{0.5} + \kappa \log n} \to \frac{\sqrt{n}}{q_n^{0.8}} \to 0$





3.26) selector sont ofstream out; void selectionSort(int arr[], int size){ for(int i = 0; i < size-1; i++){ int minIndex = i; for (int j = i+1; j < (size); $j++){}$ Find minmum elevent if(arr[minIndex] > arr[j]){ minIndex = j; if(minIndex != i){ - Swap elements int tempSwap = arr[i]; arr[i] = arr[minIndex]; arr[minIndex] = tempSwap; Refuned: Original array How selection sof words: 98765432170 Explanter Ly example Sorted array 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 70 1) init 15 3 where is our 2) cycle fordsmall work, smallet int main(){ int arr[10] = $\{9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1,70\}$; w 6>3 cout << "\n0riginal array" << endl;</pre> for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++){ cout << arr[i] << " "; cout << endl; selectionSort(arr, 10); cout << "\nSorted array" << endl;</pre> for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++){ cout << arr[i] << " "; 3) Swap Vale cout << "\n" << endl; 4) repeat using were inde

3.2B) From https://facultyweb.cs.wwu.edu/~wehrwes/courses/csci241_18f/lectures/L03/L03.pdf To slow that it is correct, we would need to check, 1) Intralzation - true at the start. 2) Termenton - loop end when gost and troin of fre 3) Progress - makes progres to post consistion 4) Martueree - treater each Abaton 3.20) // cycle through the array and insert random elements for (int j = 0; j < sizeArr; j++){ arr[j] = (rand() % 100 + 1); > Case A - most swaps void caseA(int arr[], int sizeArr){ The worst use would be out.open("caseA.csv", ios_base::app); when we love the legest int max_arr = 0; number at the front of the // find the largest element to make the worst case array for (int k = 0; k < sizeArr; k++){ lost. SO, we do that ... if (arr[k] > max_arr){ after having gereated rouslan max_arr = arr[k]; vales, and fooling the max of // set first element to make worst case, insert in index 0 max * 2 there to know low long first arr[0] = (max_arr*2); elevel need to be. There // time execution auto startCaseA = high_resolution_clock::now(); Set denut at alex O selectionSort(arr, sizeArr); auto stopCaseA = high_resolution_clock::now(); auto caseA = duration_cast<microseconds>(stopCaseA - startCaseA); Out put to can ble out << sizeArr << "," << (double)caseA.count() << endl;</pre> Rest use out.close(): void caseB(int arr[], int sizeArr){ // open caseB csv in append mode The best cuse, O swaps would out.open("caseB.csv", ios_base::app); then be an array chealy on order. This, run case A brost and auto startCaseB = high_resolution_clock::now(); selectionSort(arr, sizeArr); case B offer so of is already auto stopCaseB = high_resolution_clock::now(); auto caseB = duration_cast<microseconds>(stopCaseB - startCaseB); softed. out << sizeArr << "," << (double)caseB.count() << endl;</pre>

out.close();

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3.20)
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Mars

Cose C

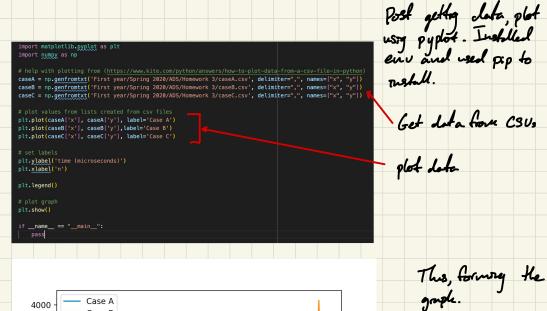
Run enough force to get data, but not every in value as that wall take a long time

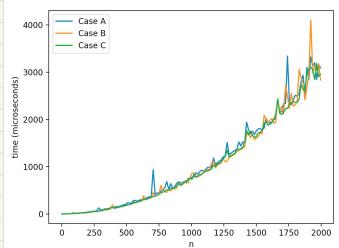
- New array length, this new array and ____ Raubon clevers

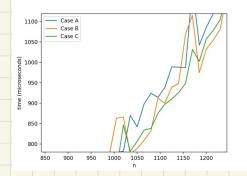
- hun cases (functions)

Ida is to rue meltiple times to get rebuble awage. This, run W times, new value in array,

Average and sur to CSU (:







Zooneel in to see best case, average, and worst case. Too seeing low of cum differ.

3.2e)

As seen in the graph, the lines are all pretty close. This retrieving that selection sof has a time complexity of we.

Best use: $\Omega(n^2)$

Worst ase: O(n²)

Aurage case: $8(n^2)$

Asnell, as we know, whotever constants there are, will become non significant.