

# **Unit 1 — Lesson 2:**

## **Constants, Variables, and Data Types**

# Constants and variables

Associate a name with a value

Defining a constant or variable

- Allocates storage for the value in memory
- Associate the constant name with the assigned value

# Constants

Defined using the `let` keyword

```
let name = "John"
```

Defined using the `let` keyword

```
let pi = 3.14159
```

Can't assign a constant a new value

```
let name = "John"  
name = "James"
```



Cannot assign to value: 'name' is a 'let' constant

# Variables

Defined using the `var` keyword

```
var age = 29
```

Can assign a new value to a variable

```
var age = 29
```

```
age = 30
```

```
let defaultScore = 100
var playerOneScore = defaultScore
var playerTwoScore = defaultScore

print(playerOneScore)
print(playerTwoScore)

playerOneScore = 200
print(playerOneScore)
```

100

100

200



# Constant or variable?

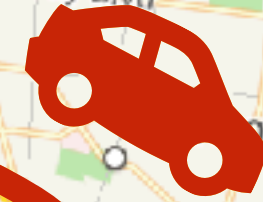
Starting location

Current location

Distance traveled

Remaining distance

Destination





# Naming constants and variables

## Rules

No mathematical symbols

No spaces

Can't begin with a number

```
let  $\pi$  = 3.14159
let 一百 = 100
let 🎲 = 6
let mañana = "Tomorrow"
let anzahlDerBücher = 15 //numberOfBooks
```

# Naming constants and variables

## Best practices

### 1. Be clear and descriptive

✗ `n`

✓ `firstName`

### 2. Use camel case when multiple words in a name

✗ `firstname`

✓ `firstName`



# Comments

```
// Setting pi to a rough estimate
```

```
let  $\pi$  = 3.14
```

```
/* The digits of pi are infinite,  
so instead I chose a close approximation.*/
```

```
let  $\pi$  = 3.14
```

# Most common types

	Symbol	Purpose	Example
Integer	<code>Int</code>	Represents whole numbers	<code>4</code>
Double	<code>Double</code>	Represents numbers requiring decimal points	<code>13.45</code>
Boolean	<code>Bool</code>	Represents true or false values	<code>true</code> / <code>false</code>
String	<code>String</code>	Represents text	<code>"Once upon a time..."</code>

# Type safety

```
let playerName = "Julian"  
var playerScore = 1000  
var gameOver = false  
playerScore = playerName
```



Cannot assign value of type 'String' to type 'Int'

```
var wholeNumber = 30  
var numberWithDecimals = 17.5  
wholeNumber = numberWithDecimals
```



Cannot assign value of type 'Double' to type 'Int'

# Type inference

```
let cityName = "San Francisco"  
let pi = 3.1415927
```



# Type annotation

```
let cityName: String = "San Francisco"  
let pi: Double = 3.1415927
```

```
let number: Double = 3  
print(number)
```

3.0

# Required values

```
var x
```




Type annotation missing in pattern

# Required values

```
var x: Int
```

# Required values

```
var x: Int  
print(x)
```

 Variable 'x' used before being initialized



# Required values

```
var x: Int
```

```
x = 10
```

```
print(x)
```

10

# Unit 1 — Lesson 2

## Lab: Constants and Variables.playground



Open and complete the exercises in Lab – Constants and Variables.playground

