### TWeb

Full Duplex Web Applications

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#### **SE** Overview of Today's Class

- Quiz about last week's lecture
- Correction of last week's assignment
- Full duplex web applications
- Introduction of next week's assignment
- Preparation to next week's evaluation

# Quiz

## Speakup

You can answer to the following Quiz on Speakup.

http://www.speakup.info/

Room Number: XXXXX

Once connected, answer to the first test question.

Quelle est la valeur de l'objet JavaScript retournée par le programme suivant?

```
var json = '["a", "b", {"c": 1}, ["d", "2"]]';
console.log(JSON.parse(json));
```

- Uncaught SyntaxError: Unexpected token a in JSON at position 1
- {"a", "b", {c: 1}, ["d", "2"]}
- ["a", "b", {c: 1}, ["d", "2"]]
- Aucune réponse correcte

Quelle est la valeur retournée par le programme suivant?

```
var json = {a: "a", "b": "b"};
console.log(JSON.stringify(json));
```

- {a:"a","b":"b"}
- {"a":"a","b":"b"}
- Uncaught SyntaxError: Unexpected token a in JSON at position 1
- Aucune réponse correcte

Quelles sont les affirmation correctes à propos de la programmation asynchrone?

- Une instruction asynchrone est non-bloquante
- Une instruction asynchrone est bloquante
- Les instructions asynchrones sont executée dans la boucle d'évènements (Event Loop)
- La programation asynchrone est toujours basée sur les callbacks
- Aucune réponse correcte

Quelle est la valeur affichée par le programme suivant?

```
var value = 1;
var promise = Promise.resolve(2).then(v => value = v).catch(e => value = 3);
console.log(value);
```

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 1 ou 2 (Non déterministe à cause de l'event loop)
- 1 ou 3
- Aucune réponse correcte

Quelle est la valeur affichée par le programme suivant?

```
<scriptt>
  async function f() {
    return 1;
  }
  var v = await f();
  console.log(v);
</scriptt>
```

- 1
- une promesse
- Uncaught SyntaxError: await is only valid in async function
- Aucune réponse correcte

Quelle est mot clé décrit le mieux l'état de la promesse suivante après 10 secondes?

```
var promise = new Promise(function(resolve, reject) {
   setTimeout(function() {
      if (Math.random() > 0.5) {
         resolve(42);
      } else {
        reject("The ultimate question to life, the universe and everything has no answer!")
      }
    }, 1000);
});
```

- pending
- resolved
- settled
- rejected
- Aucune réponse correcte







### s Full Duplex Web Applications

#### Js HTTP \*

Recall that the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) is a request/response protocol.

**HTTP/1.0** had a **short-lived** connection model and allowed **persistent connection** with the Connection: keep-alive HTTP header.

**HTTP/1.1**, the version of HTTP commonly used by Web browsers, introduced:

- **Persistent connections** that allow to reuse a TCP connection to send and receive multiple requests and responses (modern browsers **enable** this by default);
- **Pipelined connections** that allow to send multiple requests without waiting for the corresponding responses (modern browsers **do not enable** this by default);
- Chunked transfers that allow to divide the data stream into a series of chunks that are received independently of each other;
- **Protocol upgrades** that allow a clietn to ask the server for a change in the application protocol.

<sup>\*</sup> https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt

#### Js HTTP Connection management \*



<sup>\*</sup> https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HTTP\_persistent\_connection



#### Implementing a Chat Application

Clone the example-chat repository in the tweb-classroom organization.

The following slides will be illustrated with these examples.

#### Js Polling

- The browser **polls** events at a fixed interval
- The server returns an empty result if events are unavailable and close the connection
- The function setInterval is typically used set the interval
- Limitation: the interval introduce a delay

polling

#### Js Long-Polling

- The browser **polls** events and keeps the connection open
- The server returns events once they are available and closes the connection
- When receiving events the browsers **polls** events again
- Limitation: this method requires to perform several requests

long polling

#### Js Server-side Events (SSE) \*

- The browser **listen** to events and keeps the connection open
- The server returns events as they become available and keeps the connection open
- The browser provides the **EventStream API** that manages reconnections
- Limitation: this method allows to communicate from the client to the server only



<sup>\*</sup> https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Server-sent\_events/Using\_server-sent\_events

#### Js Websocket \*

- The browser open a connection and Upgrade the protocol to websocket
- Once the websocket connection is open the browser and the server are allowed to send events
- The browser provides the WebSocket API that manages protocol upgrade
- Limitation: this method is characterized by a relatively high latency (TCP)

long polling

<sup>\*</sup> https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/WebSocket#Examples







