(14.6,5) y2-2x-dy-5=0 (y - dy+1) - 2x - 6=0 $(y-1)^2-2(x-3)$ - naparoule e yentpour (3,1) u p=1(17.6.6) 3a 2+5y2+12a-30y+42=0 3(x2+4x+4) +5(y2-6y+9) -15=0 $3(\alpha+2)^2+5(y-3)^2=15$ (17.6.7) 200 - y2 + 6y - 7 =0 2x 2- (y2-6y+9)+2=0 2x 2- (y-3)2=-2 2d - (y-3) = -1 $-\frac{\pi^2}{1} + (\frac{y-3}{2})^2 = 1$ - runeproduc c yentpour (0,3) u $\alpha = 1, 6 = \sqrt{2}$ (14.6.8) 2x 2- 3y 2- 28 x- 42y -55=0 2/22 - 14x+49) - 3/2+ 14y+49) -6=0 2(2-4)2-3(4+4)2=6 $\frac{(n-4)^2}{3} - \frac{(y+4)^2}{2} = 1 - une poole c yeupoul(4,-4)$ u a = 13, 6 = 12