# **Projet Informatique**

IN104

Natalia Díaz Rodríguez, ENSTA ParisTech



#### Logistics

- Moodle Course page includes material, course and project defense date
- Project preferences: Make 3 choices (in decreasing order of preference)
  - Deadline to choose one of the 7 topics: 21 March midnight (1st come, 1st served)
  - Beware: may not be possible to accommodate everyone; we need balanced groups, respond timely today!

### Logistics (II)

- IN104 must help you learn manage your autonomy and independence
  - Essential today for an engineer
  - 1 ECTS = 25h of work (all included) -> Expect Min. 2h of extra work at home required
- What are normal grades from past years?
  - No Exam -> Everything between 10 -12 and 20.
  - Up to you to get beyond average
    - A self-learning project
    - Internet is to be used.

#### Logistics (III): Evaluation

- 1. 25% **Source code**: features, tests, code documentation, etc. Source code must be documented, the report including a link to the repository must be in a .zip file. The repository will contain the sources, as well as a plain text file README.md which indicates the actual operational features and limitations. Python code should compile, the teaching assistants are not supposed to make significant corrections for it to compile: a code with few features, but that compiles and does not crash will be preferred to a more complete code but which is not directly operational!
- 2. 25% **Defense** (10 minutes presentation, 5 min. questions): The formal quality of the presentation will be an important element. The defense needs to include a demonstration on the basis of the source code, an analysis of the difficulties encountered and implemented solutions. It will not include a presentation of the problem or the method of resolution that the teaching assistant obviously knows already well. The defense is open to everyone (subject to the acceptance of the pair that will present). The chronological order of defense will be given by the list of each group.
- 3. 20% **Practice Analysis**: You will return a critical (max. 5 pages) report before the defense in which you analyze and criticize the progress of your project and its success and failure factors. This evaluation component also includes the oral treatment of this question during the defense.
- 4. 30% **Continuous Progress Evaluation** of the practical work (mid-term evaluation) during the practical lab sessions (based on git commits).

#### **Timetable**

- 1. <u>19/3/2019 14.45-18.00: Projects presentations (5 min each)</u> and Intro to GIT practical
- 2. <u>25/3/2019 08.30-11.45:</u> Object Oriented Programming (OOP) and Python. Project 0: Unix/Python/ OOP Tutorial: Submit via Gradescope. Deadline: 1 week (see exact time time in Gradescope)
- 3. <u>26/3/2019: 14.45-18.00 Test Driven Development (TDD). TDD Practical.</u>
- 4. 2/4/2019: 14.45-18.00 Work on Project week
- 5. <u>9/4/2019: 14.45-18.00 Work on Project week</u>
- 6. <u>16/4/2019: 14.45-18.00 Work on Project week</u>
- 7. <u>23/4/2019: 14.45-18.00 Work on Project week. [TD-Dependent] Mid-term progress report: Deadline: 22/4/2019</u>
- 8. 7/5/2019: 14.45-18.00 Work on Project week
- 9. <u>22/5/2019: 8.30-11.45 Work on Project and Report (Autonomous week without TD supervision):</u> Deadline to hand in report containing link to project repository: 23 May 23.59.
- 10. 27/5/2019: 8.30-11.45 Project Defenses (15min per team: 10 min +5 questions) (Soutenances)

#### **Course expectations**

- This is your (first) independent project course
  - o i.e., autonomous work expected
  - Time in lab is not expected to be sufficient to hand in a high quality project and report
  - Expected total work hours: at the very least, same amount of lab time, at home
- Report: 1 single PDF containing link to repository:
  - Quality over Quantity
  - Results (plots, insights, conclusions and learnings):

more important than lengthy reports explaining the problem



### If you feel lost

- Establish milestones with your partner
  - Do GIT code reviews (of each other, if needed)
- Force yourself: pose the right question you want to answer
- The TA is there to support you!

### If you feel lost

#### Mid-term report hand in:

- Use the class to show to your TA, min. first 50% of your project report in the equator of the course
  - makes sure you are on track
  - can help you not derail. You can include:
    - Project Requirements
    - Software Architecture
    - Classes, Tests, Plots, Versions, Documentation...

### **Course & Team Python Conventions**

**PEP-8**: Defines Python coding practices <a href="https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0008">https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0008</a>

- **Indentation**: 4 spaces (good editors will replace <TAB> by 4 spaces)
- Variables: lower\_case\_with\_underscores
- Functions: lower\_case\_with\_underscores()
- Classes: UpperCamelCase
- Attributes: lower\_case\_with\_underscores
- Protected attributes: \_prefixed\_with\_1\_underscore
- **Constants**: ALL\_CAPS
- Modules: lowercase (single word)

**PEP-257**: Documentation conventions.

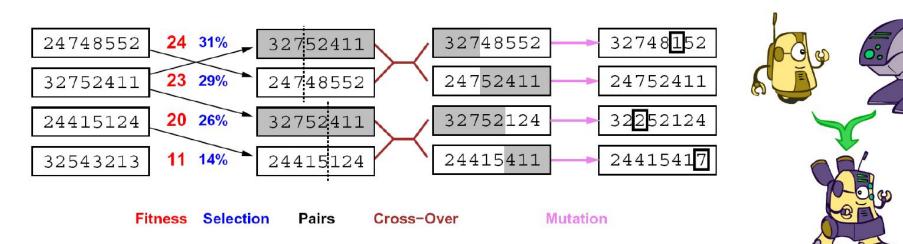
- Prescribes the function or method's effect as a command ("Do this", "Return that:").
- Docstring should NOT be a "signature" (reiterating the function/method parameters, which can be obtained by instrospection).

## 5 min Project Pitchs Time!

#### **Project 1: GENETIC ALGORITHMS**

#### Natalia Díaz Rodríguez

- Commonly used to generate high-quality solutions to **optimization and search** problems by relying on bio-inspired **operators**
- A **metaheuristic** belonging to the larger class of evolutionary algorithms (EA).
  - Inspired by a natural selection metaphor:
    - Keep best N hypotheses at each step (**selection**) based on a fitness function.
    - Have a pairwise **crossover** operator, with optional **mutation** to give variety

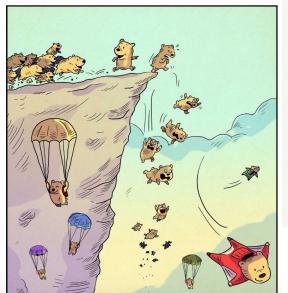


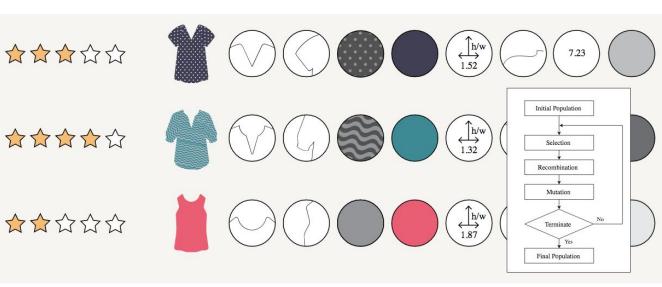
#### **Project 1: GENETIC ALGORITHMS**

#### Natalia Díaz Rodríguez

A Visual Guide to Evolution Strategies

⊌ ® fin





#### **Project 1: GENETIC ALGORITHMS**

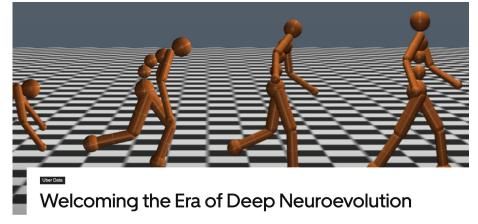
#### Natalia Díaz Rodríguez

#### Intro reads:

- GA: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Genetic algorithm
- EA: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Evolutionary\_algorithm
- Visual Evolution Strategies: <a href="http://blog.otoro.net/2017/10/29/visual-evolution-strategies/">http://blog.otoro.net/2017/10/29/visual-evolution-strategies/</a>
- The Era of Deep Neuroevolution (Uber Al Labs): <a href="https://eng.uber.com/deep-neuroevolution/">https://eng.uber.com/deep-neuroevolution/</a>
- An intro to genetic algorithms and an example of real industry application on data-driven fashion design <a href="https://multithreaded.stitchfix.com/blog/2016/07/14/data-driven-fashion-design/">https://multithreaded.stitchfix.com/blog/2016/07/14/data-driven-fashion-design/</a>

**Contact:** natalia.diaz(at)ensta-paristech(dot)fr

https://github.com/NataliaDiaz/IN\_104-Projet-Informatique



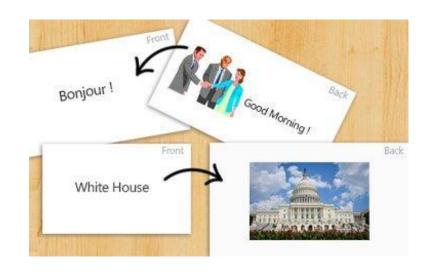
# Project 2: Flashcard system Roxana Agrigoroaie

#### Task:

Create your own flashcard system

#### Why:

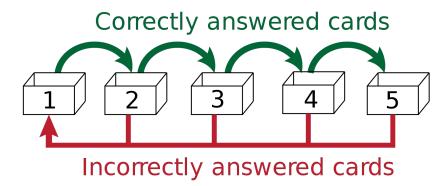
- Educational
- Practice your Python skills



### **Project 2: Flashcard system**

#### Two main parts:

- The flashcard management system:
  - Add / edit / delete cards
  - Customize your cards
- The training system:
  - Implement spaced repetition
  - Training your skills
  - Select the subjects/number of cards that you want to practice
  - Have an overview of your performance



**Project 2: Flashcard system** 

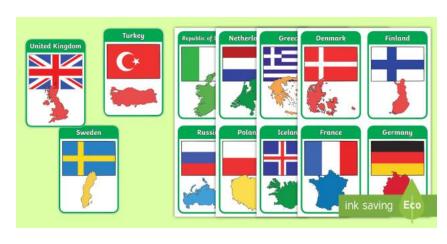
#### Training system:

- Using only the terminal
- Developing a basic GUI

#### Possible subjects:

- Learning a foreign language
- Learning the capitals of the world
- Learning some animals/plants
- Practicing for a school exam





Jean-Didier Garaud jean-didier.garaud@onera.fr

A cooperative game (2-5 players)

Spiel des Jahres 2013

Very simple to explain, very tricky to play well

Challenging for AI design:

- Imperfect information
- Al has to cooperate with human
- Coordination, trust, empathy



Currently a research subject (google summer, deepmind, ...)

### How to play

The goal is simply to play all 25 cards (1 to 5 in each color) in the correct order.

BUT: You don't see your cards, You only see your partners'!

Each turn you must do 1 (and only 1) of:

- Give a clue
- Play a card
- Discard a card



OO Programming with Python3: use an existing library and extend it:

https://github.com/JDGaraudEnsta/hanabi

**Task**: develop one or more AI's, based on:

- deterministic strategies
- human conventions & strategies
- or academic papers (hat strategy, deep learning)

Let it play against with itself or a human player

```
[jd@ananke hanabi]$ hanabi
Let's start a new game
Here are the starting hands:
[Y4 Y3 R4 B2 Y2, R2 Y1 R1 G1 W4]
                                 ** ** ** ** **
Alice this is what you remember:
        this is what you see:
                                  R2 Y1 R1 G1 W4
What do you want to play?
        (d)iscard a card (12345)
        give a (c)lue (RBGWY 12345)
        (p)lay a card (12345)
        e(x)amine the piles
hanabi> c1
Alice gives a clue: 1
```

Benji this is what you remember: \*\* \*1 \*1 \*1

this is what you see:

What do you want to play?

Y4 Y3 R4 B2 Y2

Online resources:

[BGA](https://fr.boardgamearena.com/#!gamepanel?game=hanabi)

[Hanabi strategies](<a href="https://github.com/Zamiell/hanabi-conventions">https://github.com/Zamiell/hanabi-conventions</a>)

[HanSim: the hat guessing strategy]

(https://d0474d97-a-62cb3a1a-s-sites.googlegroups.com/site/rmgpgrwc/research-pap

<u>ers/Hanabi final.pdf</u>)

[deepmind Hanabi] (https://arxiv.org/abs/1902.00506)

#### **Project 4: Checkers Al**

#### Why implementing a Checkers AI?

- Fun application of programming:
   You can play against your AI!
- Challenging application :
   competition with other groups!

https://sites.google.com/view/ensta-in104-checkers masson.cle@gmail.com

#### Clément Masson



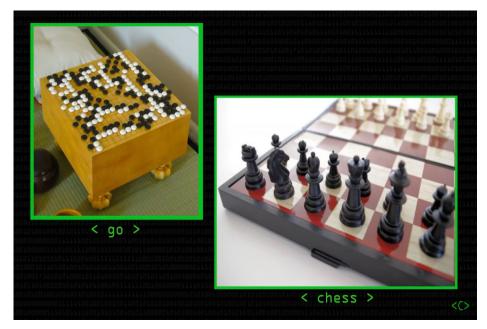
#### **Project 4: Checkers Al**

### Clément Masson

How implementing a Checkers AI?

#### With *minimax* algorithm:

- Relevant for any 2 players sequential
   Game with perfect information
   (chess, checkers, go ...)
- Simple theory but
- Many variants with +/- efficiency and complexity



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5oXyibEgJr0

#### **Project 4: Checkers Al**

#### Clément Masson

What is required to implement minimax?

Theoretical aspects

Trees

Recursivity

...

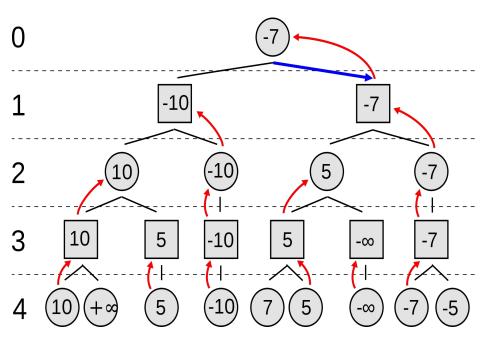
#### Practical aspects:

**Object Oriented Programming** 

Constrained execution time

**Profiling** 

Debugging



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Minimax

#### Project 5: Labyrinthe Florence Carton

Intelligence artificielle

Apprendre à se déplacer dans un labyrinthe avec de l'apprentissage par renforcement

### **Project 5: Labyrinthe**

#### Florence Carton

Apprentissage par renforcement:

- Classe d'algorithme de Machine Learning
- Objectif : apprendre à partir d'expériences
- Mars 2016 : Alpha Go



### **Project 5: Labyrinthe**

#### **Florence Carton**



1ère itération

### **Project 5: Labyrinthe**

### Florence Carton



1000ème itération

### Project 6: Solveur de Sudoku Ugo Vollhardt

#### Création d'un solveur de Sudoku:

- 1. Algorithme basique de résolution
- 2. Algorithme de forçage récursif
- 3. Algorithmes de discrimination rapide
- 4. Interface Graphique
- 5. Génération aléatoire de grille

	9	2			4	7		
1	5			6		2	58	8
				1	2		4	9
				5	8	6		
8	4			3			5	2
		3	2	9				
6	1		8	4				
6		5		7			6	1
		7	6			8	9	

### Project 6: Solveur de Sudoku Ugo Vollhardt

Langages possibles : C/C++ et Python

#### Notions mobilisées:

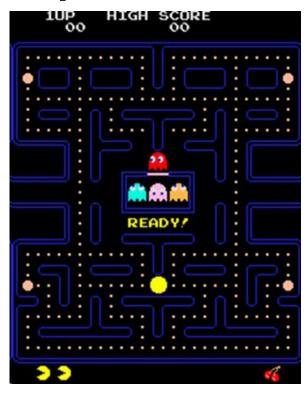
- Maîtrise des structures de données,
- Accès lecture/écriture fichier,
- Manipulation simple de tableau,
- Notions de récursivité,
- Compilation pour C/C++.

Introduction à la librairie Qt pour l'interface Graphique

### **Project 7: Pacman game**

- A good old fashion game,
  - o in the popular culture since the 1980s
- Make and manage your project
  - Define the systems requirements,
  - Choose the development cycle to use
  - Choose your software language,
  - Design & implement algorithms to
    - control the Pac-Man &
    - control the Ghosts
  - Define your GUI,
  - Test & validate your system.

### **Stephen Creff**



Screenshot of the Namco GUI

### **Project 7: Pacman game**

#### **Stephen Creff**

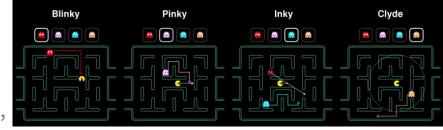
#### **Basic objectives to achieve**

Develop a software product and validate minimum game requirements:

- GUI
- Single stage game
- All ghosts have the same "chasing" behavior
- Partial traceability between deliverables (Software requirements, software functions and tests),
- Some tests pass

#### Explore ghosts behaviors

- Define strategies, define levels (stages) ...
- Develop one or more AI's for Blinky, Pinky,



Information about the gameplay <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pac-Man">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pac-Man</a>

### **Project 8 : Search Engines**

**Guillaume LORRE** 

Explosion of the number of multimedia documents -> Needs for fast ways to access relevant information

We use search engines everyday but how are they implemented in practice?

What are the main factors for their relevance performance and efficiency?



### **Project 8 : Search Engines**

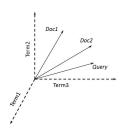
#### Guillaume LORRE

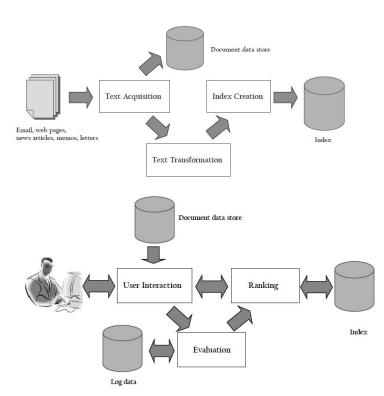
2 main parts: indexing and searching

#### Focus on:

Text transformation Index creation Ranking

Model: Vector Space





### **Project 8 : Search Engines**

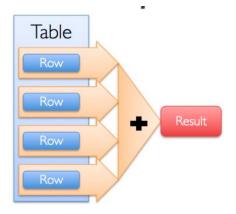
Guillaume LORRE

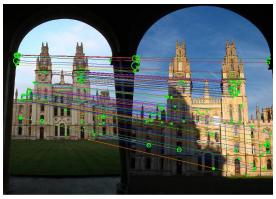
First part : Basic search engine implementation

Second part: Improvements

- Parallel index creation
- Index file compression
- Faster search

Or extension to images for the most motivated groups





#### Intro to GIT

Link to slides: <a href="https://github.com/NataliaDiaz/IN">https://github.com/NataliaDiaz/IN</a> 104-Projet-Informatique

Lecture 1: Intro to GIT

Lecture 2: Intro to Object Oriented Programming (OOP)

Lecture 3: Test Driven Development (TDD) in Python

### References & Acknowledgements

- Jean-Didier Garaud. Coding Best Practices
- Resources to learn Scientific Python: scipy, pandas, numpy:
   <a href="https://github.com/paris-saclay-cds/data-science-workshop-2019">https://github.com/paris-saclay-cds/data-science-workshop-2019</a>
- González Duque, R. Python para todos(on line).
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   <a href="http://www.diveintopython3.net">http://www.diveintopython3.net</a>
- Python Software Foundation. Python Official Webpage. <a href="http://www.python.org">http://www.python.org</a>
- Photography: Sandy Skoglund