

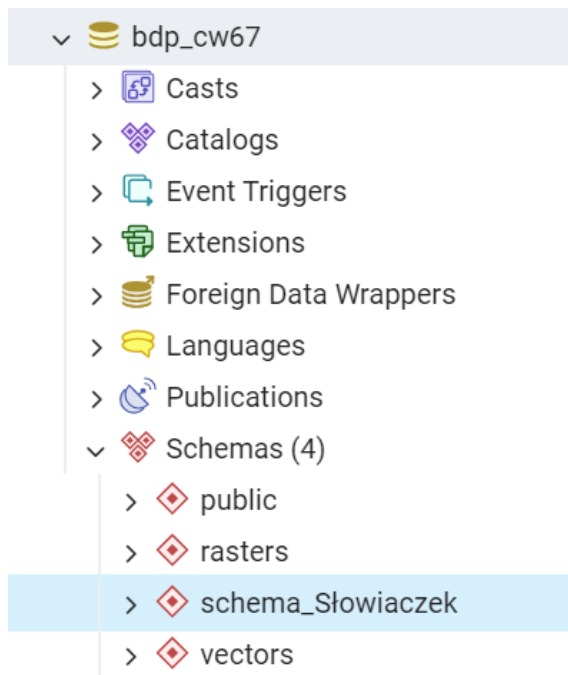
Sprawozdanie z przedmiotu Bazy Danych Przestrzennych – ćwiczenia z PostGIS raster

Natalia Słowiacek

Nowa baza danych

```
bdp_cw67=# psql bdp_cw67 < "C:\Users\Lenovo\Desktop\Studia\7 semestr\Bazy Danych przestrzennych\Lab6\PostGIS raster - dane\postgis_raster.backup"  
bdp_cw67=#
```

Struktura bazy danych



Ładowanie danych rastrowych

[illegible][illegible]

The screenshot displays the pgAdmin 4 web interface. On the left, the 'Object Explorer' pane shows a tree structure of database objects. The 'public' schema is selected, and the 'rasters' table is highlighted. The main pane shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

```
SELECT * FROM public.raster_columns;
```

Below the query editor, the 'Data Output' tab is active, displaying the results of the query in a table format. The table has 10 columns: r_table_catalog, r_table_schema, r_table_name, r_raster_column_name, srid, scale_x, scale_y, blocksize_x, and blocksize_y. The results show two rows of data for the 'rasters' table in the 'bdp_cw67' database.

	r_table_catalog	r_table_schema	r_table_name	r_raster_column_name	srid	scale_x	scale_y	blocksize_x	blocksize_y
1	bdp_cw67	rasters	dem	rast	3763	23.3527411668	-30.7891756029	100	100
2	bdp_cw67	rasters	landsat8	rast	3763	30.3114020783	-29.7057939174	128	128

At the bottom of the interface, the status bar indicates: 'Total rows: 2 of 2 Query complete 00:00:00.291 Ln 1, Col 1'.

St_intersects

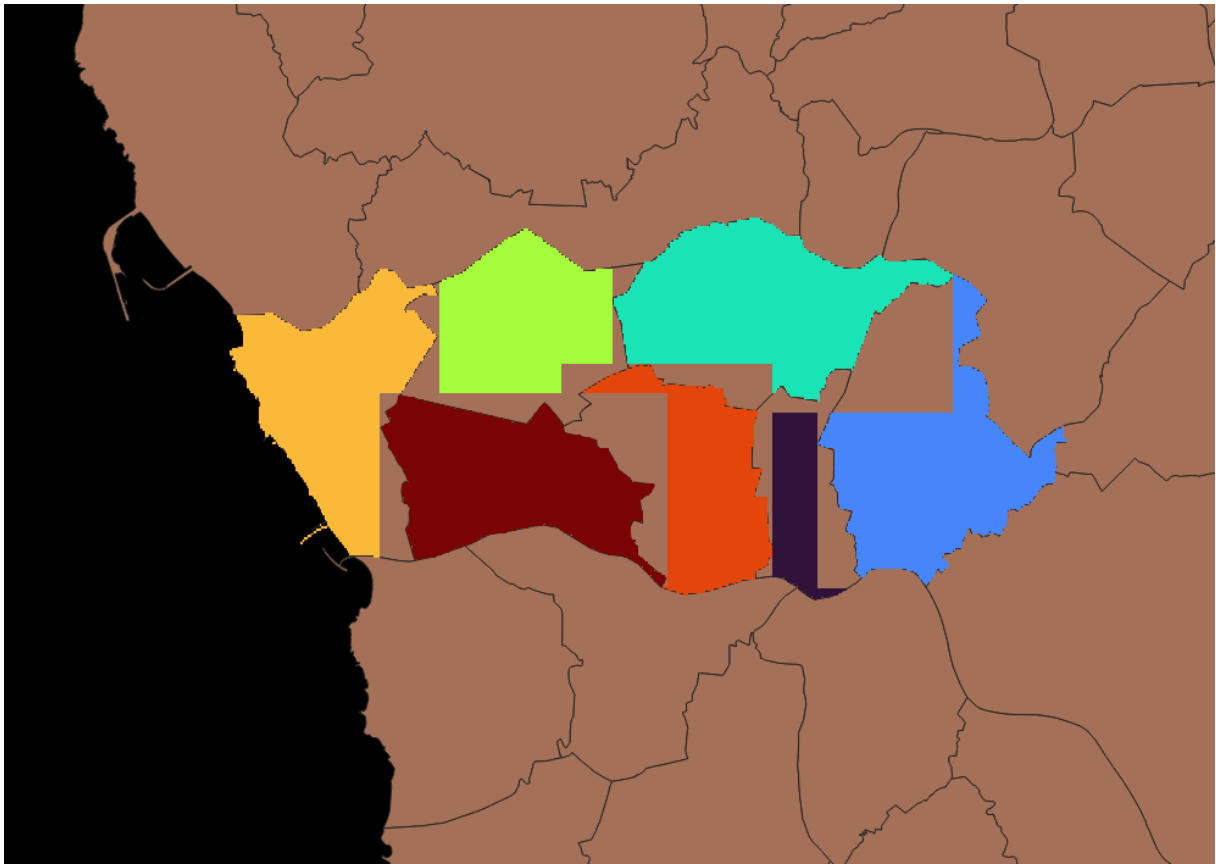
Query returned successfully in 105 msec.



Data Output Messages Notifications

Query returned successfully in 86 msec.

[illegible]



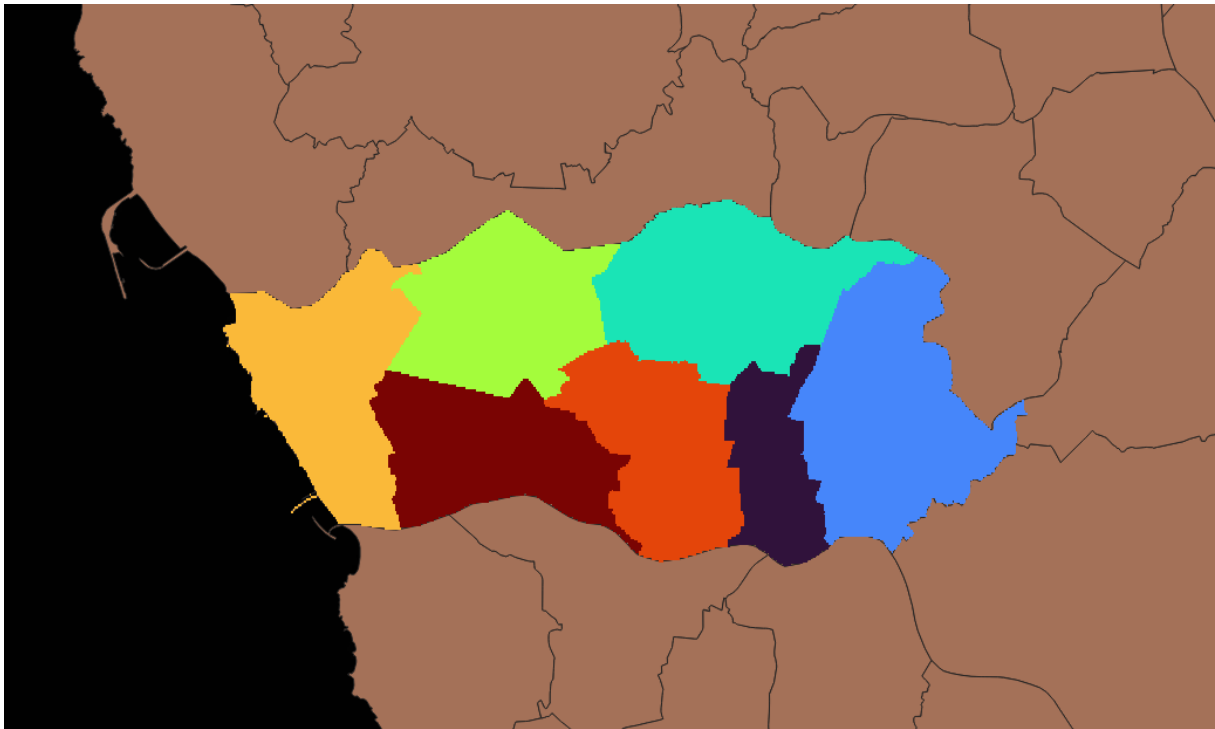
ST_Union

```
1 DROP TABLE schema_slowiaczek.porto_parishes;--> drop table porto_parishes first
2
3 v CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.porto_parishes AS
4 WITH r AS (
5 SELECT rast FROM rasters.dem
6 LIMIT 1
7 )
8 SELECT st_union(ST_AsRaster(a.geom,r.rast,'8BUI',a.id,-32767)) AS rast
9 FROM vectors.porto_parishes AS a, r
10 WHERE a.municipality ilike 'porto';
11
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 1

Query returned successfully in 128 msec.



ST_Tile

```
1 DROP TABLE schema_slowiaczek.porto_parishes; --> drop table porto_parishes first
2
3 CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.porto_parishes AS
4 WITH r AS (
5 SELECT rast FROM rasters.dem
6 LIMIT 1 )
7 SELECT st_tile(st_union(ST_AsRaster(a.geom,r.rast,'8BUI',a.id,
8 32767)),128,128,true,-32767) AS rast
9 FROM vectors.porto_parishes AS a, r
10 WHERE a.municipality ilike 'porto';
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 8

Query returned successfully in 142 msec.

Konwertowanie rastrów na wektory (wektoryzowanie)

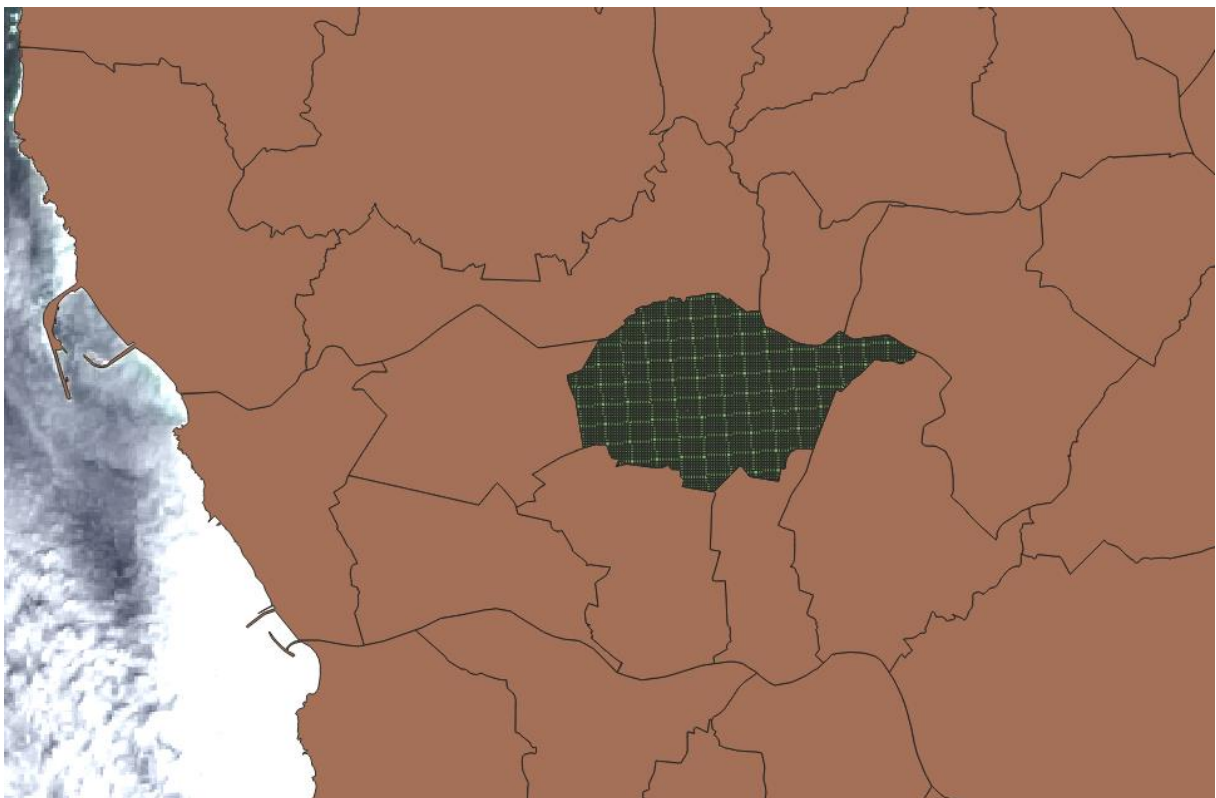
ST_Intersection

```
1 1 ✓ create table schema_slowiaczek.intersection as
2 SELECT
3 a.rid,(ST_Intersection(b.geom,a.rast)).geom,(ST_Intersection(b.geom,a.rast)
4 ).val
5 FROM rasters.landsat8 AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b
6 WHERE b.parish ilike 'paranhos' and ST_Intersects(b.geom,a.rast);
```

Data Output [Messages](#) Notifications

SELECT 6629

Query returned successfully in 7 secs 91 msec.



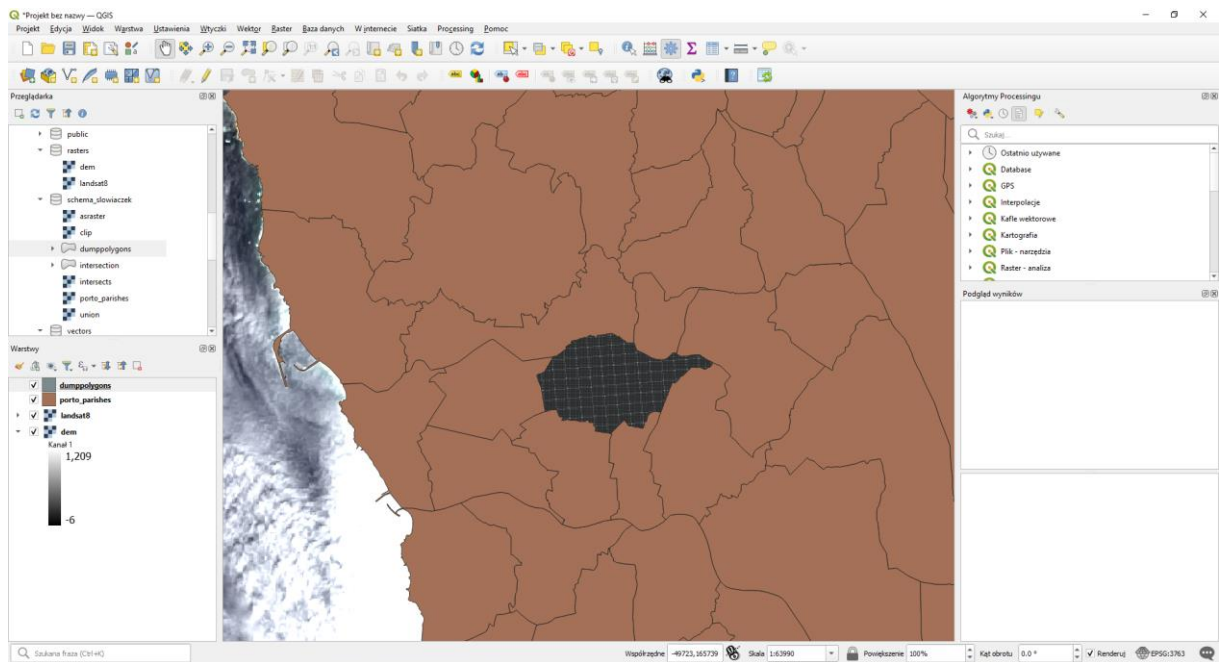
ST_DumpAsPolygons

```
1 CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.dumppolygons AS
2 SELECT
3 a.rid, (ST_DumpAsPolygons(ST_Clip(a.rast,b.geom))).geom, (ST_DumpAsPolygons(ST_Clip
4 FROM rasters.landsat8 AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b
5 WHERE b.parish ilike 'paranhos' and ST_Intersects(b.geom,a.rast));
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 6422

Query returned successfully in 146 msec.



Analiza rastrów

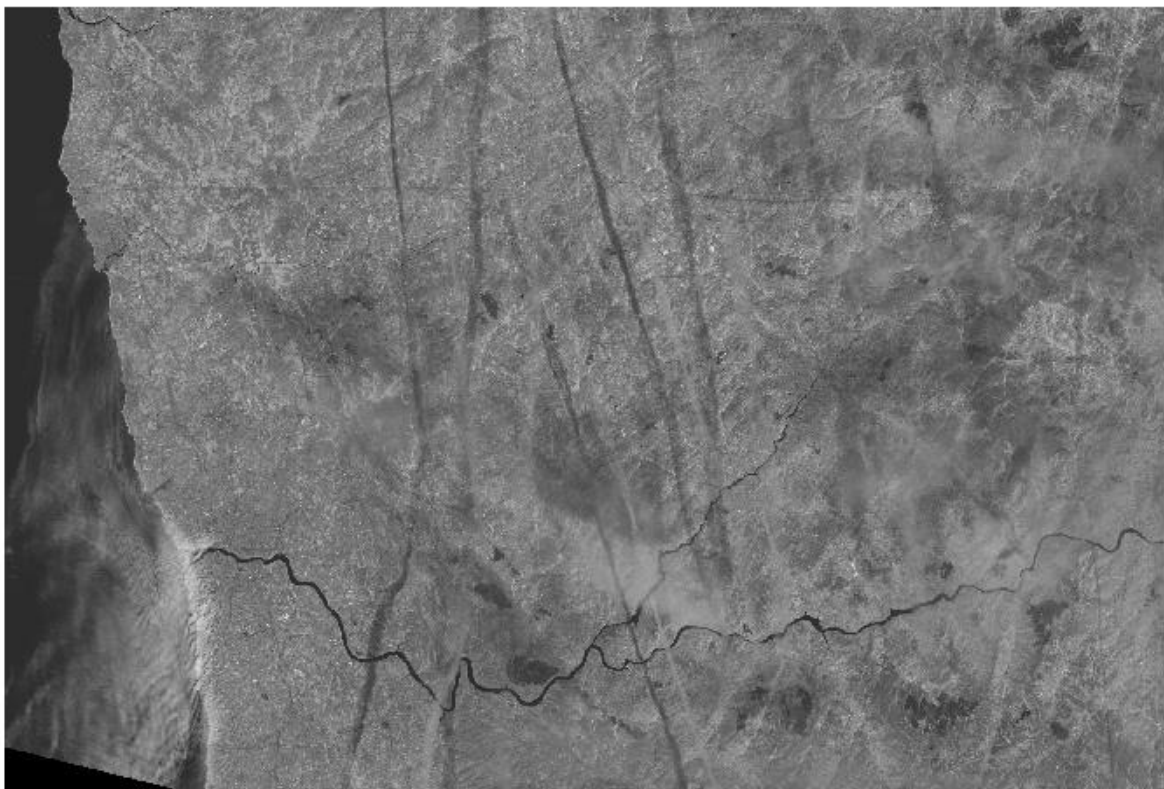
ST_Band

```
1 ✓ CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.landsat_nir AS  
2 SELECT rid, ST_Band(rast,4) AS rast  
3 FROM rasters.landsat8;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 384

Query returned successfully in 902 msec.



ST_Clip

```
1  ▾ CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.paranhos_dem AS
2    SELECT a.rid,ST_Clip(a.rast, b.geom,true) as rast
3    FROM rasters.dem AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b
4    WHERE b.parish ilike 'paranhos' and ST_Intersects(b.geom,a.rast);
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 4

Query returned successfully in 174 msec.

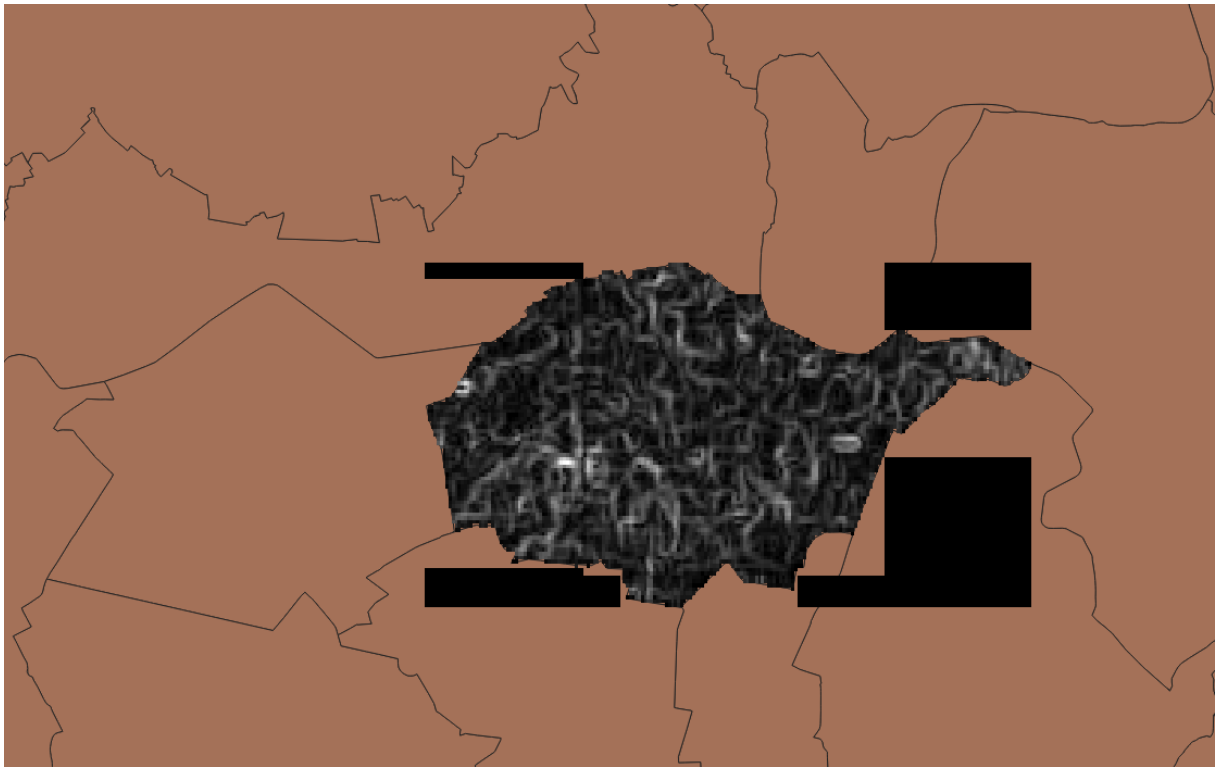
ST_Slope

```
1  ▾ CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.paranhos_slope AS
2    SELECT a.rid,ST_Slope(a.rast,1,'32BF','PERCENTAGE') as rast
3    FROM schema_slowiaczek.paranhos_dem AS a;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 4

Query returned successfully in 437 msec.



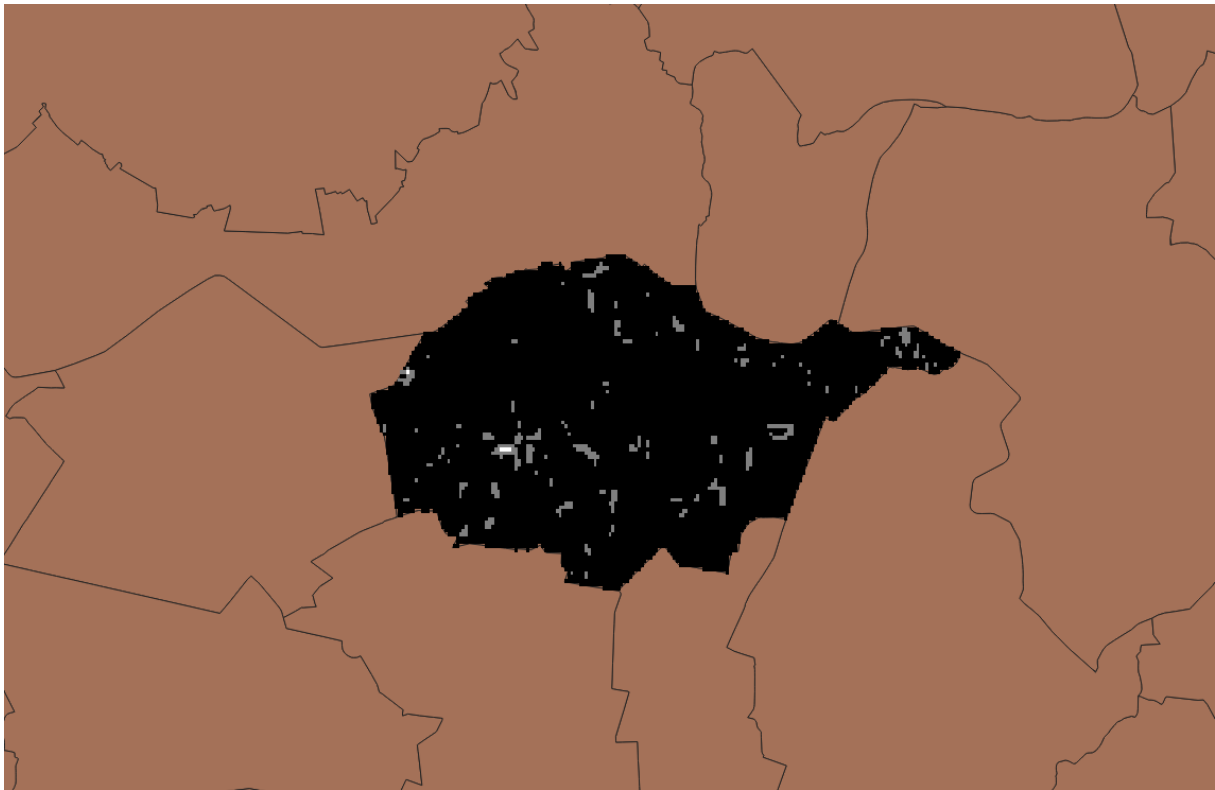
ST_Reclass

```
1  ✓ CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.paranhos_slope_reclass AS
2  SELECT a.rid,ST_Reclass(a.rast,1,['0-15']:1, (15-30]:2, (30-9999:3', '32BF',0)
3  FROM schema_slowiaczek.paranhos_slope AS a;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 4

Query returned successfully in 131 msec.



ST_SummaryStats

```
1 ▾ SELECT st_summarystats(a.rast) AS stats  
2 FROM schema_słowiaczek.paranhos_dem AS a;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

≡+ 📄 ▼ 📋 ▼ 🗑️ 🗄️ ⬇️ 📈 SQL

	stats summarystats	🔒
1	(2616,278385,106.41628440366972,11.622628762211638,87,14...	
2	(682,95581,140.14809384164224,12.078072186605759,103,158)	
3	(216,31874,147.5648148148148,4.262830628315728,137,158)	
4	(6463,816615,126.35231316725978,14.0438229209133,94,158)	

ST_SummaryStats oraz Union

```
1 ✓ SELECT st_summarystats(ST_Union(a.rast))
2 FROM schema_słowiaczek.paranhos_dem AS a;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications



st_summarystats summarystats		🔒
1	(9977,1222455,122.52731281948482,16.908004202736272,87,15...	

ST_SummaryStats z lepszą kontrolą złożonego typu danych

```
1 ✓ WITH t AS (
2 SELECT st_summarystats(ST_Union(a.rast)) AS stats
3 FROM schema_słowiaczek.paranhos_dem AS a
4 )
5 SELECT (stats).min,(stats).max,(stats).mean FROM t;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications



	min double precision 🔒	max double precision 🔒	mean double precision 🔒
1	87	158	122.52731281948482

ST_SummaryStats w połączeniu z GROUP BY

```
1 WITH t AS (  
2 SELECT b.parish AS parish, st_summarystats(ST_Union(ST_Clip(a.rast,  
3 b.geom,true))) AS stats  
4 FROM rasters.dem AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b  
5 WHERE b.municipality ilike 'porto' and ST_Intersects(b.geom,a.rast)  
6 group by b.parish  
7 )  
8 SELECT parish,(stats).min,(stats).max,(stats).mean FROM t;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

	parish character varying (254)	min double precision	max double precision	mean double precision
1	Bonfim	1	159	107.5658842667906
2	Campanhã	0	178	74.66732213085449
3	Paranhos	87	158	122.52731281948482
4	Ramalde	48	108	77.58444444444444
5	União das freguesias de Aldoar, Foz do Douro e Nevogilde	-4	83	34.66735489791237
6	União das freguesias de Cedofeita, Santo Ildefonso, Sé, Miragaia, São Nicolau e Vitó...	1	157	95.00277741039545
7	União das freguesias de Lordelo do Ouro e Massarelos	-1	117	49.50051440329218

ST_Value

```
1 SELECT b.name,st_value(a.rast,(ST_Dump(b.geom)).geom)  
2 FROM rasters.dem a, vectors.places AS b  
3 WHERE ST_Intersects(a.rast,b.geom)  
4 ORDER BY b.name;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

	name character varying (48)	st_value double precision
1	Aldeia São Miguel	96
2	Alpendurada e Matos	145
3	Amarante	71
4	Baião	581
5	Cabeceiras de Basto	[null]
6	Castelo de Paiva	284
7	Celorico de Basto	227
8	Cinfães	405
9	Espinho	14
10	Fafe	338
11	Fajozes	53

Topographic Position Index (TPI)

```
1 ▼ create table schema_slowiaczek.tpi30 as
2 select ST_TPI(a.rast,1) as rast
3 from rasters.dem a;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 589

Query returned successfully in 1 min 29 secs.

```
1 ▼ CREATE INDEX idx_tpi30_rast_gist ON schema_slowiaczek.tpi30
2 USING gist (ST_ConvexHull(rast));
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

CREATE INDEX

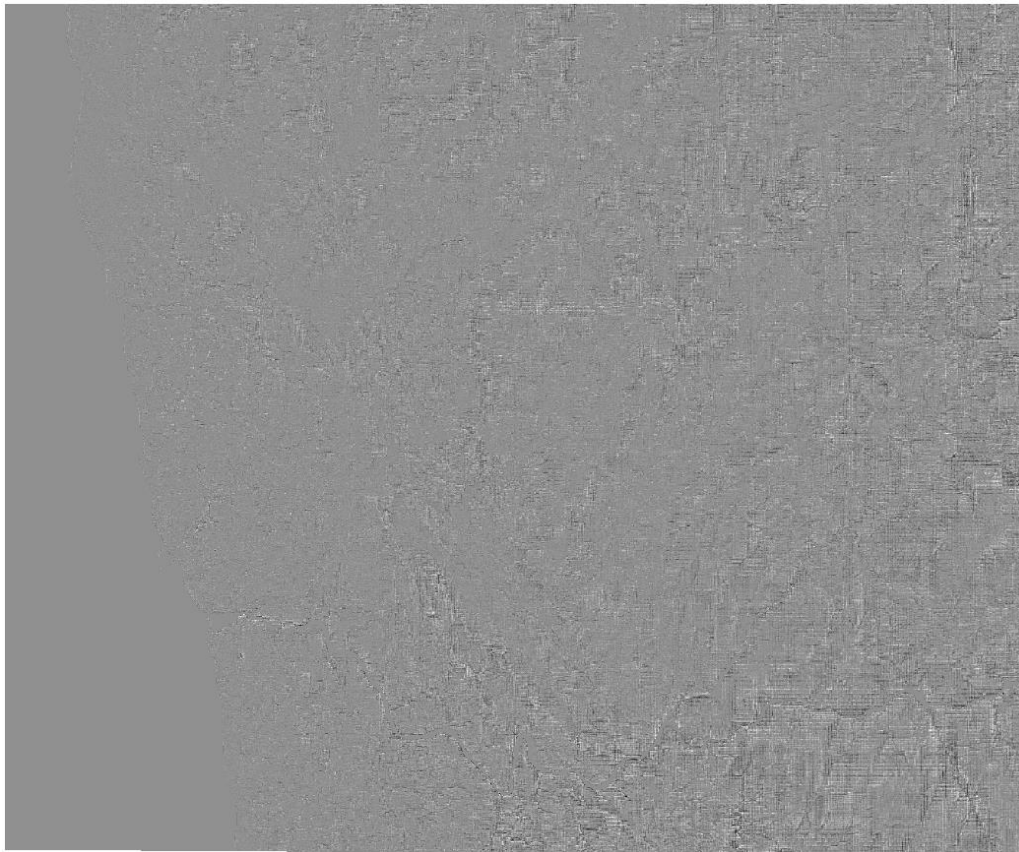
Query returned successfully in 140 msec.

```
1 ▼ SELECT AddRasterConstraints('schema_slowiaczek'::name,
2 'tpi30'::name, 'rast'::name);
```

Data Output Messages Notifications



	addrasterconstraints boolean	🔒
1	true	



Problem do samodzielnego rozwiązania

```
1  -- ograniczony obszar
2  ✓ CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.tpi30_porto AS
3  SELECT ST_TPI(a.rast, 1) AS rast
4  FROM rasters.dem AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b
5  WHERE ST_Intersects(a.rast, b.geom) AND b.municipality ILIKE 'porto';
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 25

Query returned successfully in 1 secs 666 msec.

Widać, że to zapytanie wykonało się po 1,666 sekundy, natomiast do dla całego rastra minutę 29 sekund. Jest to spora różnica.

```

1  CREATE INDEX idx_tpi30_porto_rast_gist ON schema_slowiaczek.tpi30_porto
2  USING gist (ST_ConvexHull(rast));
3
4  SELECT AddRasterConstraints('schema_slowiaczek'::name,
5                               'tpi30_porto'::name,
6                               'rast'::name);
7
8  ALTER TABLE schema_slowiaczek.tpi30_porto
9  ADD COLUMN rid SERIAL PRIMARY KEY;

```

Data Output Messages Notifications

ALTER TABLE

Query returned successfully in 66 msec.

Dodatkowe porównanie czasów przetwarzania przy pomocy EXPLAIN ANALYZE:

Query Query History

```

1  EXPLAIN ANALYZE
2  SELECT ST_TPI(a.rast, 1) AS rast
3  FROM rasters.dem AS a;

```

Data Output Messages Notifications








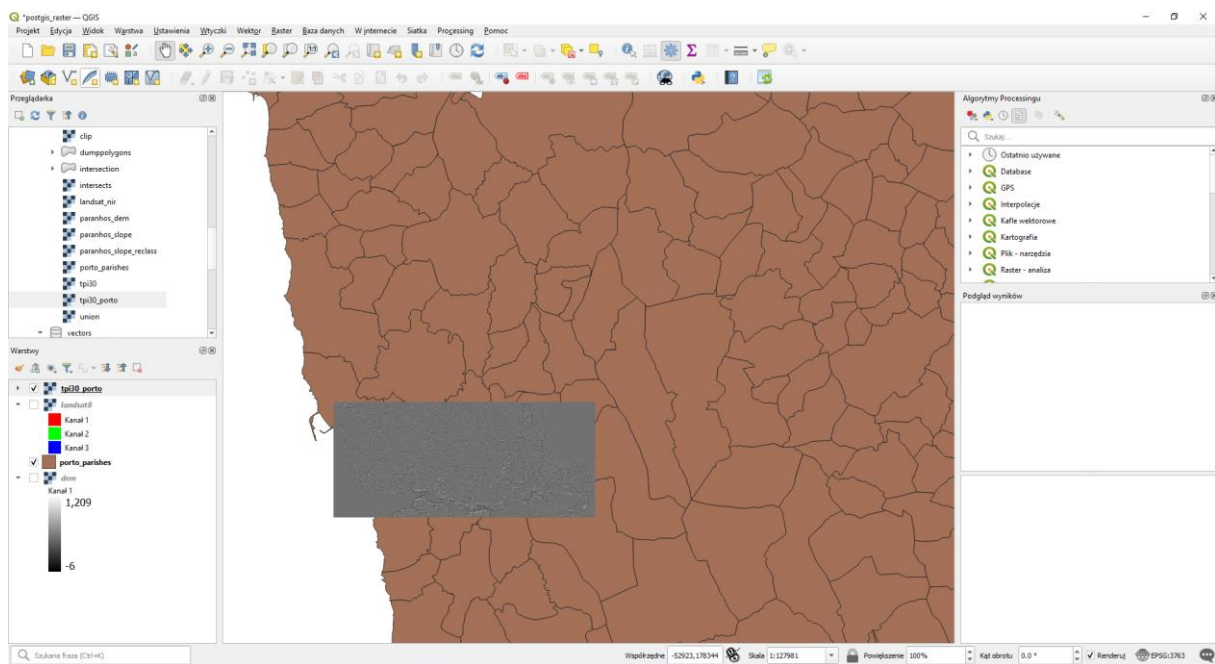


SQL

	QUERY PLAN	
	text	
1	Seq Scan on dem a (cost=0.00..162.14 rows=589 width=32) (actual time=69.584..32953.404 rows=589 loops...	
2	Planning Time: 0.078 ms	
3	Execution Time: 32953.841 ms	

Query		Query History	Scratch
<pre> 1 EXPLAIN ANALYZE 2 SELECT ST_TPI(a.rast, 1) AS rast 3 FROM rasters.dem AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b 4 WHERE ST_Intersects(a.rast, b.geom) AND b.municipality ILIKE 'porto'; </pre>			
Data Output		Messages	Notifications
<div> <div> <div>+</div> <div>📄</div> <div>▼</div> <div>📋</div> <div>▼</div> <div>🗑</div> <div>🗄</div> <div>⬇</div> <div>📈</div> <div>SQL</div> </div> <div> <div>QUERY PLAN</div> <div>text</div> <div>🔒</div> </div> </div>			
1	Nested Loop (cost=0.14..205.98 rows=1 width=32) (actual time=55.593..2324.349 rows=25 loops=1)		
2	-> Seq Scan on porto_parishes b (cost=0.00..147.04 rows=7 width=8358) (actual time=0.476..0.831 rows=7 loops=1)		
3	Filter: ((municipality)::text ~~* 'porto'::text)		
4	Rows Removed by Filter: 236		
5	-> Index Scan using dem_st_convexhull_idx on dem a (cost=0.14..8.37 rows=1 width=88) (actual time=0.126..0.548 rows=4 loop=1)		
6	Index Cond: ((rast)::geometry && b.geom)		
7	Filter: _st_intersects(b.geom, rast, NULL::integer)		
8	Rows Removed by Filter: 0		
9	Planning Time: 0.256 ms		
10	Execution Time: 2324.404 ms		

Oraz wynik w Qgis na tle porto_parishes:



Algebra map

Wyrażenie Algebra Map

Query

Query History

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

▼

CREATE TABLE schema_słowiaczek.porto_ndvi AS

WITH r AS (

SELECT a.rid,ST_Clip(a.rast, b.geom,true) AS rast

FROM rasters.landsat8 AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b

WHERE b.municipality ilike 'porto' and ST_Intersects(b.geom,a.rast)

)

SELECT

r.rid,ST_MapAlgebra(

r.rast, 1,

r.rast, 4,

'([rast2.val] - [rast1.val]) / ([rast2.val] + [rast1.val])::float','32BF'

) AS rast

FROM r;

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

SELECT 23

Query returned successfully in 259 msec.

1

2

3

4

5

▼

CREATE INDEX idx_porto_ndvi_rast_gist ON schema_słowiaczek.porto_ndvi

USING gist (ST_ConvexHull(rast));

▼

SELECT AddRasterConstraints('schema_słowiaczek'::name,

'porto_ndvi'::name,'rast'::name);

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

+

📄

▼

📋

▼

🗑️

🗄️

📥

📡

SQL

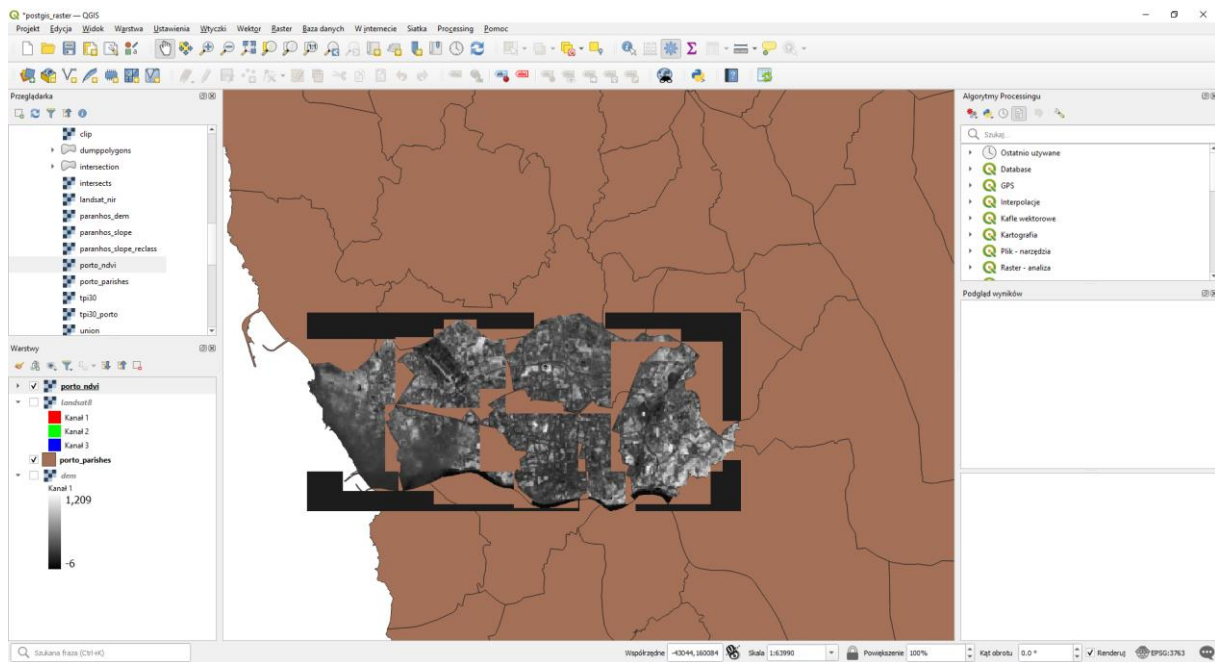
addrasterconstraints

boolean

🔒

1

true



Funkcja zwrotna

```

Query  Query History
1  create or replace function schema_slowiaczek.ndvi(
2      value double precision [], [], [],
3      pos integer [], [],
4      VARIADIC userargs text []
5  )
6  RETURNS double precision AS
7  $$
8  BEGIN --RAISE NOTICE 'Pixel Value: %', value [1][1][1];-->For debug purposes
9      RETURN (value [2][1][1] - value [1][1][1]) / (value [2][1][1] + value [1][1][1])
10 END;
11 $$
12 LANGUAGE 'plpgsql' IMMUTABLE COST 1000;
13
14 CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.porto_ndvi2 AS
15 WITH r AS (
16     SELECT a.rast, ST_Clip(a.rast, b.geom, true) AS rast
17     FROM rasters.landsat8 AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b
18     WHERE b.municipality ilike 'porto' AND ST_Intersects(b.geom, a.rast)
19 )
20 SELECT
21     r.rid, ST_MapAlgebra(
22         r.rast, ARRAY[1,4],
23         'schema_slowiaczek.ndvi(double precision[], integer[], text[])::regproc',
24         '32BF'::text
25     ) AS rast
26 FROM r;

```

Data Output Messages Notifications

CREATE FUNCTION

Query returned successfully in 85 msec.

```

14 CREATE TABLE schema_slowiaczek.porto_ndvi2 AS
15 WITH r AS (
16     SELECT a.rid, ST_Clip(a.rast, b.geom, true) AS rast
17     FROM rasters.landsat8 AS a, vectors.porto_parishes AS b
18     WHERE b.municipality ilike 'porto' AND ST_Intersects(b.geom, a.rast)
19 )
20 SELECT
21     r.rid, ST_MapAlgebra(
22         r.rast, ARRAY[1,4],
23         'schema_slowiaczek.ndvi(double precision[], integer[], text[])::regproc',
24         '32BF'::text
25     ) AS rast
26 FROM r;

```

Data Output Messages Notifications

SELECT 23

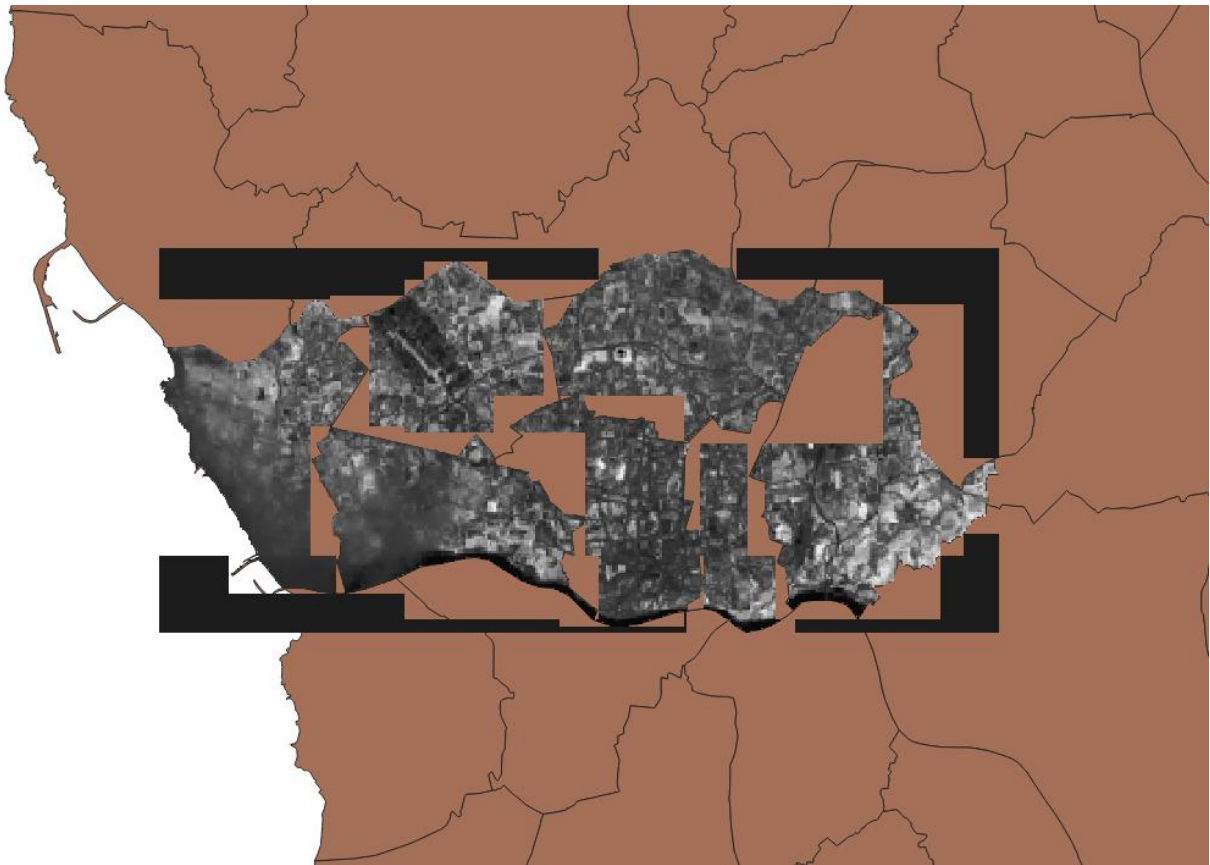
Query returned successfully in 154 msec.

```
28 ✓ CREATE INDEX idx_porto_ndvi2_rast_gist ON schema_słowiacek.porto_ndvi2
29 USING gist (ST_ConvexHull(rast));
30
31 ✓ SELECT AddRasterConstraints('schema_słowiacek'::name,
32 'porto_ndvi2'::name, 'rast'::name);
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

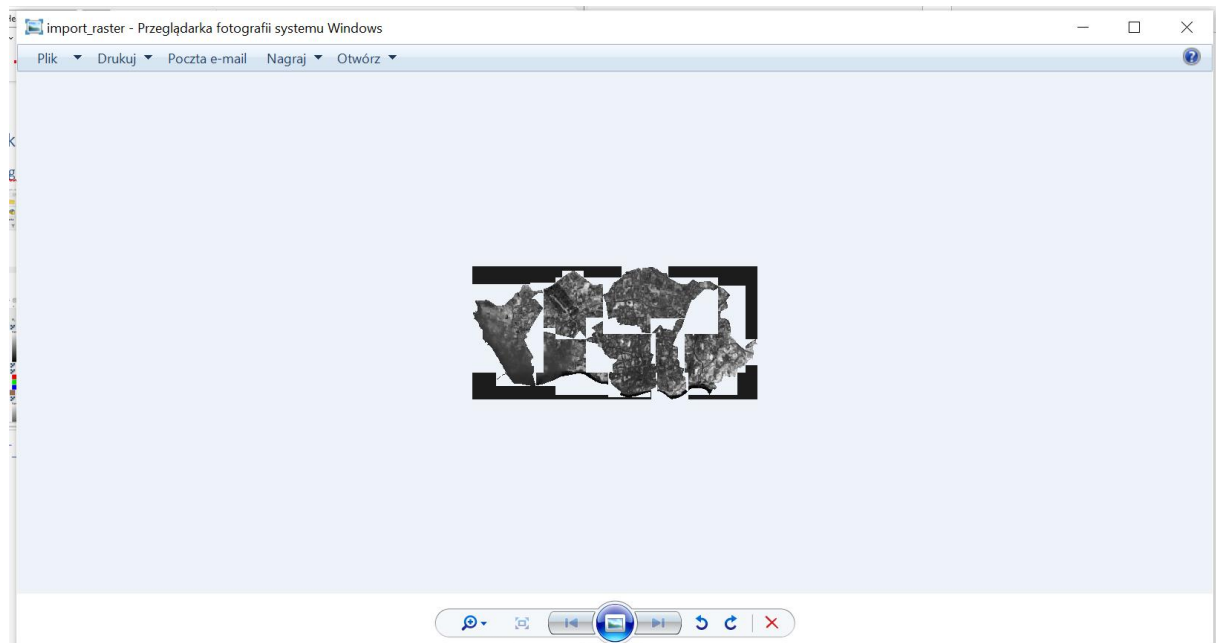
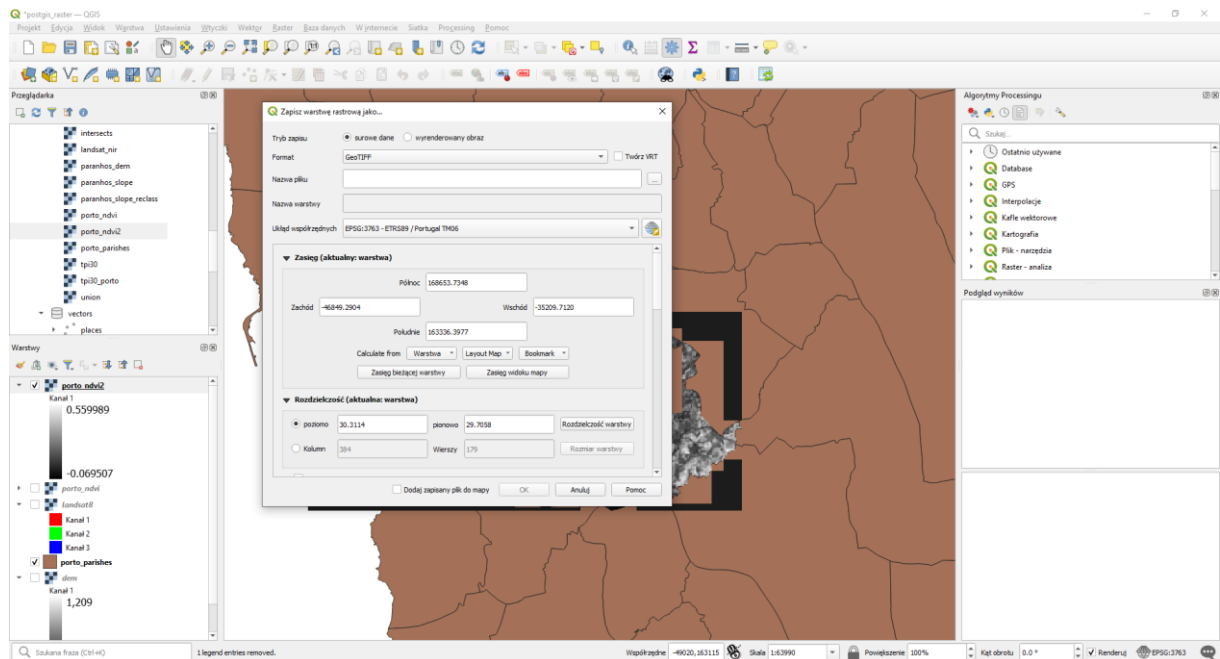
⌵ 📄 ⌵ 🗑️ 🗄️ ⬇️ ⚡ SQL

	addrasterconstraints boolean
1	true



Eksport danych

Qgis



ST_AsTiff

Query

Query History

1

SELECT ST_AsTiff(ST_Union(rast))

2

FROM schema_slowiaczek.porto_ndvi;

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

+

📄

▼

📋

▼

🗑️

🗄️

⬇️

📈

SQL

	st_astiff	
	bytea	🔒
1	[binary data]	

ST_AsGDALRaster

Query

Query History

1

SELECT ST_AsGDALRaster(ST_Union(rast), 'GTiff', ARRAY['COMPRESS=DEFLATE',

2

'PREDICTOR=2', 'PZLEVEL=9'])

3

FROM schema_slowiaczek.porto_ndvi;

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

+

📄

▼

📋

▼

🗑️

🗄️

⬇️

📈

SQL

	st_asgdalraster	
	bytea	🔒
1	[binary data]	

5

SELECT ST_GDALDrivers();

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

+

📄

▼

📋

▼

🗑️

🗄️

⬇️

📈

SQL

	st_gdaldrivers	
	record	
1	0,GTiff,GeoTIFF,t,t,<CreationOptionList> <Option name='COMPRESS' type='string-select'> <Value>NONE</Value> <Value>LZW</Value> <Value>PACKBITS</V	
2	1,AAIGrid,Arc/Info ASCII Grid,t,t,<CreationOptionList>	
3	2,DTED,DTED Elevation Raster,t,t,	
4	3,PNG,Portable Network Graphics,t,t,<CreationOptionList>	
5	4,JPEG,JPEG JFIF,t,t,<CreationOptionList>	
6	5,GIF,Graphics Interchange Format (.gif),t,t,<CreationOptionList>	
7	6,USGSDEM,USGS Optional ASCII DEM (and CDED),t,t,<CreationOptionList> <Option name='PRODUCT' type='string-select' description='Specific Product Type'> <Val	
8	7,XYZ,ASCII Gridded XYZ,t,t,<CreationOptionList> <Option name='COLUMN_SEPARATOR' type='string' default='' description='Separator between fields./> <Option nam	

Zapisywanie danych na dysku za pomocą dużego obiektu

Query

Query History

```
1 CREATE TABLE tmp_out AS
2 SELECT lo_from_bytea(0,
3 ST_AsGDALRaster(ST_Union(rast), 'GTiff', ARRAY['COMPRESS=DEFLATE',
4 'PREDICTOR=2', 'PZLEVEL=9']))
5 ) AS loid
6 FROM schema_slowiaczek.porto_ndvi; -----
7 SELECT lo_export(loid, 'C:\Users\Lenovo\Desktop\Studia\7 semestr\Bazy Danych przestrzennych\Lab6\
8 -- where the user postgres have access. In windows a flash drive usually works fine.
9 FROM tmp_out; -----
10 SELECT lo_unlink(loid)
11 FROM tmp_out; --> Delete the large object.
```

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

SELECT 1

Query returned successfully in 88 msec.

Użycie Gdal

```
C:\Program Files\QGIS 3.24.1>gdal_translate -co COMPRESS=DEFLATE -co PREDICTOR=2 -co ZLEVEL=9 PG:"host=localhost port=5432 dbname=bdp_cw67 user=postgres password= schema=schema_slowiaczek table=porto_ndvi mode=2" "C:\Users\Lenovo\Desktop\Studia\7 semestr\Bazy Danych przestrzennych\Lab6\porto_ndvi.tif"
Input file size is 384, 179
0...10...20...30...40...50...60...70...80...90...100 - done.
C:\Program Files\QGIS 3.24.1>
```

Studia > 7 semestr > Bazy Danych przestrzennych > Lab6				
step	Nazwa	Data modyfikacji	Typ	Rozmiar
	<input type="checkbox"/> PostGIS raster - dane	06.10.2024 21:59	Folder plików	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Ćwiczenia 6-7 - PostGIS_raster	25.11.2024 09:55	Microsoft Edge PDF ...	347 KB
	<input type="checkbox"/> dem	26.11.2024 17:35	SQL Source File	23,116 KB
	<input type="checkbox"/> import_raster	02.12.2024 11:24	Plik TIF	270 KB
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> porto_ndvi	02.12.2024 11:50	Plik TIFF	146 KB
	<input type="checkbox"/> postgis_raster	26.11.2024 19:38	QGIS Project	9 KB
	<input type="checkbox"/> Sprawozdanie z przedmiotu Bazy Danych Prz...	26.11.2024 19:38	Dokument programu...	4,429 KB

MapServer

0. Instalacja dockera
1. Clone git repo

```
C:\Users\Lenovo\Desktop\Studia\7 semestr\Bazy Danych przestrzennych\Lab6>git clone https://github.com/kartoza/docker-mapserver
Cloning into 'docker-mapserver'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 231, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (35/35), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (7/7), done.
remote: Total 231 (delta 28), reused 28 (delta 28), pack-reused 196 (from 1)Receiving objects: 72% (167/231), 39.92 MiB
Receiving objects: 84% (195/231), 39.92 MiB | 666.00 KiB/s
Receiving objects: 100% (231/231), 39.95 MiB | 707.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (104/104), done.
C:\Users\Lenovo\Desktop\Studia\7 semestr\Bazy Danych przestrzennych\Lab6>
```

2. cd do docker-mapserver i zbuduj obraz dockerowy (to trochę zajmie)

```
C:\Users\Lenovo\Desktop\Studia\7 semestr\Bazy Danych przestrzennych\Lab6\docker-mapserver>docker build -t kartoza/mapserver_kartoza .
[+] Building 912.3s (28/28) FINISHED                                docker:desktop-linux
=> [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile                 0.0s
=> => transferring dockerfile: 3.51kB                             0.0s
=> WARN: MaintainerDeprecated: Maintainer instruction is deprecated in favor of using label (line 4) 0.0s
=> [internal] load metadata for docker.io/library/ubuntu:focal     1.1s
=> [auth] library/ubuntu:pull token for registry-1.docker.io       0.0s
=> [internal] load .dockerignore                                    0.0s
=> => transferring context: 2B                                       0.0s
=> [internal] load build context                                    0.0s
=> => transferring context: 2.57kB                                    0.0s
=> [ 1/22] FROM docker.io/library/ubuntu:focal@sha256:8e5c4f0285ecbb4ead070431d29b576a530d3166df73ec44affc1cd275 0.0s
=> => resolve docker.io/library/ubuntu:focal@sha256:8e5c4f0285ecbb4ead070431d29b576a530d3166df73ec44affc1cd27555 0.0s
=> CACHED [ 2/22] RUN apt-get -qq update --fix-missing && apt-get -qq --yes upgrade 0.0s
=> CACHED [ 3/22] RUN DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteractive apt-get install -y software-properties-common g++ make cmake 0.0s
=> CACHED [ 4/22] RUN apt-get install -y --fix-missing --no-install-recommends libxml2-dev libxslt1-dev 0.0s
=> CACHED [ 5/22] RUN apt-get install -y libgdal-dev 0.0s
=> CACHED [ 6/22] RUN apt-get install -y php7.4-fpm libapache2-mod-php7.4 php7.4-common php7.4-cli php7.4 php7 0.0s
=> CACHED [ 7/22] ADD resources /tmp/resources 0.0s
=> [ 8/22] ADD setup.sh /setup.sh 0.0s
=> [ 9/22] RUN chmod 0755 /setup.sh 0.3s
=> [10/22] RUN /setup.sh 780.3s
=> [11/22] RUN cp /tmp/resources/000-default.conf /etc/apache2/sites-available/ 0.5s
=> [12/22] RUN wget http://mirrors.kernel.org/ubuntu/pool/multiverse/liba/libapache2-mod-fastcgi/libapache2-mod-f 3.8s
=> [13/22] RUN cp /tmp/resources/php7-fpm.conf /etc/apache2/conf-available/ 0.5s
```

3. stwórz kontener (port 8182 to port pod którym będzie można połączyć się z kontenerem z poziomu komputera) to z -v to jest wolumen z przykładowymi danymi od kartozy czyli katalog map z pobranego repo (opis na githubie, można sobie potestować)

```
C:\Users\Lenovo\Desktop\Studia\7 semestr\Bazy Danych przestrzennych\Lab6\docker-mapserver>docker run -d -p 8182:80 --name mapserver2 -v "C:/Users/Lenovo/Desktop/Studia/7 semestr/Bazy Danych przestrzennych/Lab6/docker-mapserver/map:/map" kartoza/mapserver_kartoza
441a94a014685b77d45837383c391b04e54dd53a565ad6c824db93394d760243
```

4. wejdź do kontenera

```
C:\Users\Lenovo\Desktop\Studia\7 semestr\Bazy Danych przestrzennych\Lab6\docker-mapserver>docker exec -it mapserver2 /bin/bash
root@441a94a01468:/#
```

5. sprawdź połączenie z bazą danych - tutaj zmień odpowiednio hosta, usera i hasło w jdbc stringu

```
root@441a94a01468:/# apt-get install -y postgresql-client
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following package was automatically installed and is no longer required:
  libjpeg62
Use 'apt autoremove' to remove it.
The following additional packages will be installed:
  postgresql-client-12 postgresql-client-common

root@441a94a01468:/# psql postgresql://postgres:postgres@host.docker.internal/bdp_cw67
psql: error: KATASTROFALNY: autoryzacja hasła nie powiodła się dla użytkownika "postgres"
root@441a94a01468:/# psql postgresql://postgres:root@host.docker.internal/bdp_cw67
psql (12.20 (Ubuntu 12.20-0ubuntu0.20.04.1), server 17.0)
WARNING: psql major version 12, server major version 17.
Some psql features might not work.
Type "help" for help.

bdp_cw67=#
```

6. zainstaluj edytor

```
root@441a94a01468:/# apt-get install vim
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following package was automatically installed and is no longer required:
  libjpeg62
Use 'apt autoremove' to remove it.
The following additional packages will be installed:
  alsa-topology-conf alsa-ucm-conf libasound2 libasound2-data libcanberra0 libgpm2 libogg0 libtdb1 libvorbis0a
  libvorbisfile3 sound-theme-freedesktop vim-common vim-runtime xxd
```

7. Stwórz mapfile

```
MAP
NAME 'map'
SIZE 800 650
STATUS ON
EXTENT -58968 145487 30916 206234
UNITS METERS

WEB
METADATA
  'wms_title' 'Terrain wms'
  'wms_srs' 'EPSG:3763 EPSG:4326 EPSG:3857'
  'wms_enable_request' '*'
  'wms_onlineresource'
'http://54.37.13.53/mapservices/srtm'
END
END

PROJECTION
  'init=epsg:3763'
END

LAYER
NAME srtm
TYPE raster
STATUS OFF
DATA "PG:host='host.docker.internal' port=5432 dbname='bdp_cw67' user='postgres' password='root' schema='rasters' table='dem' mode='2'"
PROCESSING "NODATA=-32767"
OFFSITE 0 0 0
METADATA
  'wms_title' 'srtm'
END
END
END
~
```

8. Gotowe!

Niestety, wszystko zrobiłam jak w tutorialu, połączenie z bazą danych jest, ale na stronie nic nie wyskakuje...

