Supplementary Materials to: A thorough evaluation of the Language Environment Analysis (LENA) system

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Abstract

This document provides the full results of analyses carried out in the main manuscript as well as other useful analyses.

Supplementary Materials to: A thorough evaluation of the Language Environment Analysis (LENA) system

LENA® classification accuracy: False alarms, misses, confusion

No additional results.

LENA® classification accuracy: Precision and recall

No additional results.

LENA® classification accuracy: Precision. No additional results.

LENA® classification accuracy: Recall. No additional results.

LENA® classification accuracy: Agreement using Cohen's kappa.

No additional results.

Derived metrics

Child Vocalization Counts (CVC) accuracy. In the present version of the main paper, we followed the LENA® definitions of what "counts" as a child vocalization for LENA®-reported CVC: Any vocalization that contains an utterance, i.e., a linguistic segment. Thus, child vocalizations consisting purely of vegetative/fix subsegments, or of cries, does not count towards CVC. In a previous version, however, we were counting any vocalization - regardless of its content. It turns out that accuracy is slightly better with the latter definition - which we will call CHN counts (so as to avoid a confusion with LENA®-reported Child Vocalization Counts).

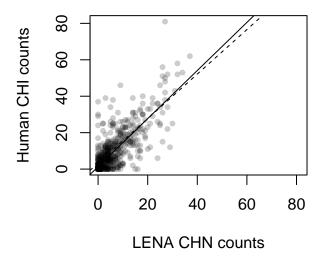


Figure 1. Key Child Segment counts recalculated from LENA reports (x axis; CHN counts, counting CHN segments regardless of whether they contain some linguistic stretches or not) and humans (y axis; CHI counts, counting segments attributed to the key child regardless of whether they were classified as linguistic or not). Each point represents the child segments totaled within a clip. The solid line corresponds to a linear regression fit to data from all clips; the dashed line corresponds to an analysis excluding clips where both the human and LENA® found zero child segments. The x and y ranges have been adjusted to be equal regardless of the data distribution.

Conversational Turn Counts (CTC) accuracy. As with CVC, LENA® counts infant-adult turns only if a child vocalization contains some linguistic material. In the main text, this is the analysis we report on, but we thought it informative to include in the present supplementary materials a redefinition whereby turns are counted regardless of whether the CHN segment contains some linguistic material or not. For instance, an infant cry followed by a child phrase would be counted in the latter definition but not the former.

Adult Word Counts accuracy. One of the children in the corpus was in a French-speaking environment. The following Figure shows results for AWC excluding the 15 data points corresponding to this child.

Table 1

For each measure (CVC, CHN counts, CTC,

" all CHI, AWC, " no French – see main

text for details), N all stands for the total

number of clips considered in the general

correlation analysis and resulting Pearson r

coefficient; N stands for the number of

non-null clips (i.e., having some

vocalizations, turns, and adult words

respectively) as well as Pearson r in the

analyses restricted to the non-null clips.

	N clips	r all	N	r	
CVC	757	0.728	343	0.613	
CHN c	757	0.728	343	0.613	
CTC	757	0.567	206	0.351	
" all CHI	757	0.501	196	0.292	
AWC	598	0.751	307	0.687	
" no French	583	0.751	305	0.686	

AWC

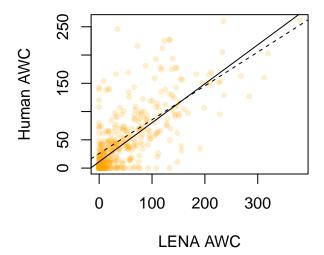


Table 2

For each measure (CVC, CHN counts, CTC, "all CHI, AWC," no French – see main text for details),

AER is the absolute error rate, AER-0 the same excluding clips with counts of zero according to either the human or the system, RER is the relative error rate and ARER the absolute relative error rate (the latter two exclude clips where the human count is zero).

	AER	min	max	AER-0	min	max	RER	min1	max1	ARER	min2	max2
CVC	-3	-37	14	-6	-35	14	-39	-100	650	74	0	650
CHN c	-3	-54	18	-5	-54	18	-18	-100	700	69	0	700
CTC	-2	-41	15	-5	-41	15	-29	-100	1,200	94	0	1,200
" all CHI	-2	-48	18	-6	-44	15	-27	-100	1,200	96	0	1,200
AWC	0	-211	157	0	-211	157	55	-100	7,400	124	0	7,400
" no French	0	-211	157	1	-211	157	56	-100	7,400	124	0	7,400

Effects of age and differences across corpora

Here we report on full model results.

Identification error rate.

```
## [1] "The following model corresponds to false.alarm.."
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: py[, dv] ~ cor * age + (1 | child)
## Data: py
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10693.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
```

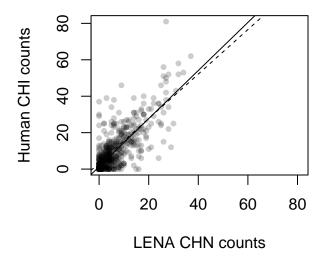


Figure 2. Conversational turns between Key Child and an adult recalculated from LENA reports and counting all CHN vocalizations, even if they do not contain any linguistic material (x axis) and humans (y axis; similarly counting all segments attributed to the key child regardless of whether they were classified as linguistic or not). Each point represents the turns totaled within a clip. The solid line corresponds to a linear regression fit to data from all clips; the dashed line corresponds to an analysis excluding clips where both the human and LENA® found zero turns. The x and y ranges have been adjusted to be equal regardless of the data distribution.

```
##
       Min
                 1Q
                    Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
   -1.9546 -0.1182 -0.0639 -0.0045 25.1886
##
## Random effects:
##
    Groups
             Name
                           Variance Std.Dev.
              (Intercept)
                                     50.42
##
    child
                           2542
##
    Residual
                           23591
                                    153.59
## Number of obs: 830, groups:
                                  child, 53
##
## Fixed effects:
```

```
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 32.5213
                         70.9717 0.458
## corROW
              -24.3956
                         99.3648 -0.246
## corSOD
              50.9833
                         80.4927 0.633
## corTSI
              -16.1728
                         84.3300 -0.192
## corWAR
              -15.8109
                         89.8810
                                 -0.176
## age
              -1.4715
                          6.0724 -0.242
## corROW:age
             1.8730
                          6.9236
                                  0.271
## corSOD:age
              -0.7689
                          6.6095 -0.116
## corTSI:age
             1.8096 6.2003
                                 0.292
## corWAR:age 1.1987
                         10.1558
                                  0.118
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
             (Intr) corROW corSOD corTSI corWAR age crROW: crSOD: crTSI:
##
## corROW
             -0.714
## corSOD
            -0.882 0.630
           -0.842 0.601 0.742
## corTSI
## corWAR -0.790 0.564 0.696 0.665
            -0.958 0.684 0.845 0.806 0.757
## age
## corROW:age 0.840 -0.922 -0.741 -0.707 -0.664 -0.877
## corSOD:age 0.880 -0.629 -0.934 -0.741 -0.695 -0.919 0.806
## corTSI:age 0.939 -0.670 -0.827 -0.890 -0.741 -0.979 0.859 0.900
## corWAR:age 0.573 -0.409 -0.505 -0.482 -0.910 -0.598 0.524 0.549 0.586
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: py[, dv]
##
               Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
```

```
## (Intercept) 0.2100 1 0.6468
## cor
             1.9768 4
                         0.7400
## age
             0.0587 1
                         0.8085
## cor:age
             0.8680 4
                          0.9291
## [1] "The following model corresponds to missed.detection.."
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: py[, dv] ~ cor * age + (1 | child)
##
     Data: py
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 8054.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min 1Q
                    Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
## -1.80065 -0.89369 -0.05148 0.73440 2.39729
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
           Name Variance Std.Dev.
## child (Intercept) 125.5 11.20
## Residual
                      937.7
                              30.62
## Number of obs: 830, groups: child, 53
##
## Fixed effects:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 37.79775 15.17127 2.491
## corROW
              15.75985 21.24073 0.742
## corSOD
         6.05640 17.20654 0.352
## corTSI
         -11.93678 18.03492 -0.662
```

```
## corWAR
              2.93300
                        19.21343 0.153
## age
              0.18724 1.29807 0.144
## corROW:age
             -1.08155
                         1.48002 -0.731
## corSOD:age
             -0.08728
                         1.41289 -0.062
## corTSI:age
              0.07516 1.32550 0.057
## corWAR:age 0.12401
                         2.17095 0.057
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
            (Intr) corROW corSOD corTSI corWAR age crROW: crSOD: crTSI:
##
## corROW
            -0.714
## corSOD -0.882 0.630
          -0.841 0.601 0.742
## corTSI
           -0.790 0.564 0.696 0.664
## corWAR
## age
          -0.958 0.684 0.845 0.806 0.757
## corROW:age 0.840 -0.922 -0.741 -0.707 -0.664 -0.877
## corSOD:age 0.880 -0.629 -0.934 -0.741 -0.695 -0.919 0.806
## corTSI:age 0.938 -0.670 -0.827 -0.890 -0.741 -0.979 0.859 0.900
## corWAR:age 0.573 -0.409 -0.505 -0.482 -0.910 -0.598 0.524 0.549 0.586
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: py[, dv]
              Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
## (Intercept) 6.2071 1
                         0.01272 *
## cor
             3.1580 4 0.53174
## age
             0.0208 1
                         0.88531
## cor:age
             2.3331 4
                         0.67476
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## [1] "The following model corresponds to confusion.."
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: py[, dv] ~ cor * age + (1 | child)
##
     Data: py
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 4677.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
## -1.9826 -0.5780 -0.2471 0.3239 5.5138
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
           Name Variance Std.Dev.
## child (Intercept) 0.0 0.00
## Residual
                      197.1 14.04
## Number of obs: 578, groups: child, 53
##
## Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error t value
##
## (Intercept) 11.30672
                        5.11879 2.209
## corROW
                        7.13277 0.253
              1.80466
## corSOD
             -6.19432 5.61288 -1.104
## corTSI
             -1.13895
                      6.00533 -0.190
## corWAR
             -1.89357 6.20817 -0.305
## age
             ## corROW:age 0.08925
                        0.49994 0.179
```

```
## corSOD:age
              0.86681
                        0.46069
                                 1.882
## corTSI:age
             0.29533 0.44353
                                 0.666
## corWAR:age -0.03466 0.67419 -0.051
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
             (Intr) corROW corSOD corTSI corWAR age crROW: crSOD: crTSI:
##
## corROW
            -0.718
## corSOD
            -0.912 0.654
## corTSI
           -0.852 0.612 0.777
## corWAR -0.825 0.592 0.752 0.703
## age
       -0.963 0.691 0.878 0.821 0.794
## corROW:age 0.839 -0.931 -0.765 -0.715 -0.692 -0.871
## corSOD:age 0.911 -0.654 -0.939 -0.776 -0.751 -0.946 0.824
## corTSI:age 0.946 -0.679 -0.863 -0.898 -0.780 -0.982 0.856 0.929
## corWAR:age 0.622 -0.447 -0.568 -0.530 -0.913 -0.646 0.563 0.611 0.635
## convergence code: 0
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
##
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: py[, dv]
               Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
## (Intercept) 4.8791 1
                          0.027184 *
## cor
              3.6533 4
                          0.454953
## age
             0.1295 1
                          0.718932
              14.3943 4
                          0.006137 **
## cor:age
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

There is a 2-way interaction between age and corpus for confusion. To investigate this we fit the same regression within each corpus.

```
## [1] "BER"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: py[, "confusion.."] ~ age + (1 | child)
##
     Data: py
   Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
## REML criterion at convergence: 778.9731
## Random effects:
## Groups
                        Std.Dev.
            Name
            (Intercept) 0.00
##
   child
   Residual
                        10.41
##
## Number of obs: 104, groups: child, 10
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)
                       age
      11.3067
##
                   -0.1568
## convergence code 0; 1 optimizer warnings; 0 lme4 warnings
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: py[, "confusion.."]
##
               Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## (Intercept) 8.8740 1
                          0.002893 **
## age
         0.2356 1
                          0.627427
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
## [1] "ROW"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: py[, "confusion.."] ~ age + (1 | child)
##
     Data: py
## Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
## REML criterion at convergence: 866.1401
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                        Std.Dev.
          (Intercept) 1.27
## child
  Residual
                        15.19
## Number of obs: 105, groups: child, 10
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)
                       age
     13.11500
                  -0.06799
##
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: py[, "confusion.."]
##
               Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## (Intercept) 5.5778 1
                           0.01819 *
              0.0617 1 0.80383
## age
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## [1] "SOD"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: py[, "confusion.."] ~ age + (1 | child)
##
     Data: py
## Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
```

```
## REML criterion at convergence: 946.4319
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                        Std.Dev.
            (Intercept) 0.00
   child
##
## Residual
                        17.45
## Number of obs: 111, groups: child, 10
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)
                       age
        5.112
                     0.710
##
## convergence code 0; 1 optimizer warnings; 0 lme4 warnings
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: py[, "confusion.."]
               Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
## (Intercept) 3.191 1 0.0740434 .
              14.532 1 0.0001378 ***
## age
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## [1] "TSI"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: py[, "confusion.."] ~ age + (1 | child)
##
     Data: py
## Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
## REML criterion at convergence: 1203.745
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                        Std.Dev.
## child (Intercept) 0
```

```
## Residual
                        15
## Number of obs: 146, groups: child, 13
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)
                       age
##
      10.1678
                    0.1385
## convergence code 0; 1 optimizer warnings; 0 lme4 warnings
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: py[, "confusion.."]
               Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
## (Intercept) 9.1868 1 0.002438 **
## age
              2.4218 1 0.119654
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## [1] "WAR"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: py[, "confusion.."] ~ age + (1 | child)
##
     Data: py
  Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
## REML criterion at convergence: 832.9831
## Random effects:
                        Std.Dev.
## Groups
            Name
   child
            (Intercept) 2.417
##
## Residual
                        9.953
## Number of obs: 112, groups: child, 10
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)
                       age
```

```
## 9.5289 -0.1846
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: py[, "confusion.."]
## Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## (Intercept) 8.5845 1 0.00339 **
## age 0.1494 1 0.69910
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

CVC.

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: gold CV count ~ lena CV count * age * cor + (1 | child)
##
     Data: cvtc
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 4892.2
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min 1Q Median 3Q
##
                                   Max
## -3.5862 -0.5122 -0.1489 0.2974 5.1912
##
## Random effects:
           Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Groups
   child (Intercept) 2.361 1.537
##
                      33.905 5.823
## Residual
## Number of obs: 759, groups: child, 52
##
## Fixed effects:
                          Estimate Std. Error t value
##
## (Intercept)
                         6.000520 2.596946 2.311
## lena CV count
                         1.236768 0.421390 2.935
## age
                         -0.198519 0.222963 -0.890
## corROW
                         -0.178856 3.731192 -0.048
                         -5.510679 3.284714 -1.678
## corSOD
## corTSI
                    -4.785960 3.069710 -1.559
## corWAR
                         0.622027 3.304109 0.188
## lena_CV_count:age 0.001817 0.034120 0.053
```

```
## lena CV count:corROW -0.468143 0.739397 -0.633
0.485204
                                              0.830
## lena CV count:corTSI
                         -0.408885
                                   0.460508 -0.888
## lena CV count:corWAR 0.122256
                                   0.464104
                                             0.263
## age:corROW
                         -0.030191
                                    0.257955 - 0.117
                         0.426802
                                    0.287942 1.482
## age:corSOD
                                    0.227615 0.831
                          0.189048
## age:corTSI
## age:corWAR
                         -0.112234
                                    0.375765 - 0.299
## lena CV count:age:corROW 0.076379
                                    0.054265 1.408
## lena CV count:age:corSOD -0.034838
                                   0.040638 -0.857
## lena CV count:age:corTSI -0.002157  0.034530 -0.062
## lena CV count:age:corWAR -0.019930  0.044431  -0.449
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: gold CV count
                       Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
## (Intercept)
                       5.3389 1
                                  0.020855 *
## lena CV count
                      8.6141 1
                                 0.003336 **
## age
                      0.7928 1
                                 0.373269
## cor
                      8.1834 4
                                 0.085087 .
## lena_CV_count:age
                      0.0028 1
                                  0.957526
## lena_CV_count:cor
                      8.5298 4
                                  0.073990 .
## age:cor
                       5.9889 4
                                  0.199976
## lena CV count:age:cor 6.0036 4
                                  0.198882
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

There is a main effect consistent with the predictive value of the LENA® system's counts with respect to the gold counts, no other significant main effects or interactions.

CTC.

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: gold CTC count ~ lena CTC count * age * cor + (1 | child)
##
     Data: cvtc
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 4696.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min 1Q Median 3Q
##
                                   Max
## -3.4568 -0.4344 -0.0996 0.1008 6.9909
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
           Name Variance Std.Dev.
## child (Intercept) 3.021 1.738
## Residual
                      25.881 5.087
## Number of obs: 759, groups: child, 52
##
## Fixed effects:
                          Estimate Std. Error t value
##
## (Intercept)
                         0.52017 2.52450 0.206
## lena_CTC_count
                  2.05115 0.46932 4.370
                          0.16014 0.21728 0.737
## age
## corROW
                          4.68582 3.61093 1.298
## corSOD
                           2.27593 3.24347 0.702
## corTSI
                          -0.33784 3.00803 -0.112
                          0.22087 3.20439 0.069
## corWAR
## lena_CTC_count:age
                          -0.06229
                                     0.04129 - 1.509
```

```
## lena CTC count:corROW
                           -0.03654
                                       0.77926 -0.047
                           -1.30924
                                               -2.255
## lena CTC count:corSOD
                                       0.58063
## lena CTC count:corTSI
                           -1.51425
                                       0.54685 - 2.769
## lena CTC count:corWAR
                           -0.77413
                                       0.53003 - 1.461
## age:corROW
                           -0.36594
                                       0.25086 - 1.459
## age:corSOD
                           -0.06901
                                       0.28454 -0.243
## age:corTSI
                           -0.15482
                                       0.22188 - 0.698
## age:corWAR
                            0.06088
                                       0.36425
                                                 0.167
## lena_CTC_count:age:corROW 0.02065
                                       0.06186 0.334
## lena CTC count:age:corSOD 0.09019
                                       0.05214 1.730
## lena CTC count:age:corTSI 0.05870
                                       0.04214
                                                 1.393
## lena CTC count:age:corWAR 0.01307
                                       0.05860
                                                 0.223
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: gold_CTC_count
##
                           Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## (Intercept)
                         0.0425 1
                                      0.83675
## lena CTC count
                         19.1008 1
                                     1.24e-05 ***
## age
                         0.5432 1
                                     0.46112
## cor
                         3.4125 4
                                     0.49131
## lena CTC count:age
                         2.2761 1
                                      0.13138
## lena_CTC_count:cor
                         11.8988 4
                                      0.01812 *
## age:cor
                         4.0640 4
                                      0.39741
## lena CTC count:age:cor 4.7499 4
                                      0.31394
## ---
```

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

There is a main effect consistent with the predictive value of the LENA® system's counts with respect to the gold counts, as well as a significant interaction of this factor and corpus. We follow up declaring just LENA® system's counts as fixed and child ID as random for each corpus separately

```
## [1] "the model coming up corresponds to BER"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: gold_CTC_count ~ lena_CTC_count + (1 | child)
      Data: cvtc
##
   Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 963.7307
## Random effects:
                         Std.Dev.
##
   Groups
             Name
   child
             (Intercept) 0.000
##
   Residual
                         6.014
## Number of obs: 150, groups: child, 10
## Fixed Effects:
      (Intercept)
                  lena_CTC_count
##
            2.261
                            1.365
##
## convergence code 0; 1 optimizer warnings; 0 lme4 warnings
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: gold CTC count
##
                    Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## (Intercept)
                   16.512 1 4.835e-05 ***
## lena CTC count 107.490 1 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
## [1] "the model coming up corresponds to ROW"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: gold_CTC_count ~ lena_CTC_count + (1 | child)
     Data: cvtc
##
## Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
## REML criterion at convergence: 541.2507
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                         Std.Dev.
##
  child
            (Intercept) 2.089
   Residual
                         4.066
## Number of obs: 94, groups: child, 10
## Fixed Effects:
      (Intercept) lena_CTC_count
##
            1.093
                            1.505
##
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: gold CTC count
##
                    Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## (Intercept)
                    1.7563 1
                                 0.1851
## lena CTC count 174.7071 1
                                <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## [1] "the model coming up corresponds to SOD"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: gold_CTC_count ~ lena_CTC_count + (1 | child)
      Data: cvtc
##
   Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
```

```
## REML criterion at convergence: 899.3663
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                        Std.Dev.
            (Intercept) 2.949
   child
##
## Residual
                        6.517
## Number of obs: 135, groups: child, 9
## Fixed Effects:
##
      (Intercept) lena_CTC_count
           3.730
                           1.002
##
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: gold CTC count
##
                   Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## (Intercept)
                  9.7724 1
                              0.001772 **
## lena CTC count 30.9106 1 2.702e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## [1] "the model coming up corresponds to TSI"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: gold_CTC_count ~ lena_CTC_count + (1 | child)
##
     Data: cvtc
## Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
## REML criterion at convergence: 882.1323
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                        Std.Dev.
##
   child
            (Intercept) 0.2195
## Residual
                        1.6169
```

```
## Number of obs: 230, groups: child, 13
## Fixed Effects:
##
      (Intercept) lena CTC count
          0.3509
                          0.4217
##
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: gold_CTC_count
##
                   Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
                  6.6409 1
                              0.009966 **
## (Intercept)
## lena CTC count 99.8019 1 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## [1] "the model coming up corresponds to WAR"
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: gold CTC count ~ lena CTC count + (1 | child)
##
     Data: cvtc
## Subset: c(cor == thiscor)
## REML criterion at convergence: 993.6314
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                        Std.Dev.
## child
            (Intercept) 1.854
## Residual
                        6.491
## Number of obs: 150, groups: child, 10
## Fixed Effects:
      (Intercept) lena CTC count
##
##
           2.081
                            1.009
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
```

```
##
## Response: gold_CTC_count

## Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)

## (Intercept) 6.1316 1 0.01328 *

## lena_CTC_count 57.2934 1 3.754e-14 ***

## ---

## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

AWC.

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: gold ~ LENA * age * cor + (1 | child)
##
     Data: awc
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 5879.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
     Min 1Q Median 3Q
##
                                 Max
## -3.5861 -0.4075 -0.1605 0.2618 5.9831
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
           Name Variance Std.Dev.
   child (Intercept) 196.1 14.00
## Residual
                     962.6 31.03
## Number of obs: 600, groups: child, 40
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error t value
##
## (Intercept) 0.88050 18.79928 0.047
## LENA
         1.15820 0.17198
                                   6.734
               1.15032 1.60182 0.718
## age
           28.62155 26.26054 1.090
## corROW
## corSOD
        11.09934 21.34535 0.520
## corWAR
        8.91309 24.07148 0.370
## LENA:age
              -0.04398 0.01370 -3.211
## LENA:corROW -0.47377 0.26423 -1.793
```

```
## LENA:corSOD
                   -0.66574
                               0.19755
                                        -3.370
## LENA:corWAR
                   -0.39316
                               0.22282
                                        -1.765
## age:corROW
                   -2.01925
                               1.82319
                                        -1.108
## age:corSOD
                   -1.42997
                               1.73943
                                        -0.822
## age:corWAR
                               2.71354
                                        -0.462
                   -1.25289
## LENA:age:corROW
                    0.05108
                               0.01706
                                         2.993
## LENA:age:corSOD
                    0.06509
                               0.01773
                                         3.671
## LENA:age:corWAR
                    0.02676
                               0.02443
                                         1.096
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: gold
                  Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
## (Intercept)
                 0.0022 1
                             0.962643
## LENA
                45.3512
                        1
                            1.647e-11 ***
## age
                0.5157 1
                             0.472675
## cor
                 1.2769 3
                             0.734634
## LENA:age
                10.3113
                             0.001322 **
                        1
## LENA:cor
                11.8133 3
                             0.008051 **
## age:cor
                 1.2533 3
                             0.740254
## LENA:age:cor 14.9656 3
                             0.001846 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

There is a 3-way interaction between age, corpus, and the predictive value of the LENA® system's counts with respect to the gold counts. To investigate this we fit the same regression within each corpus.