

# Diffie Hellman

# Diffie–Hellman key exchange

- One of the earliest examples of key exchange (1976).
- The Diffie–Hellman key exchange allows two parties to jointly establish a shared secret key over an insecure communications channel.
- This key can then be used for symmetric key encryption.

# Diffie-Hellman Parameters

- Three parameters are used.
  - prime  $p$
  - base  $g$ ,
  - the length in bits of the private value,  $l$
- These are shared but it doesn't matter if they are known by other parties.

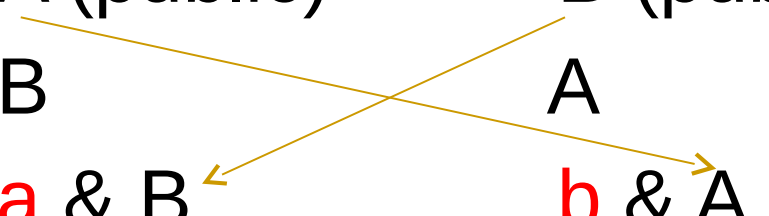
# Diffie-Hellman Key Agreement

- Both parties obtain the DH parameters
- (In practise, one party can generate them and send to the other.)
- Both parties generate a Diffie-Hellman public-key/private-key pair.
- Both parties send the public key to the other party.

# Diffie-Hellman Key Agreement

- Both parties use their own private key and the others public key to generate a symmetric key.
- The values are the same.

# Diffie/Hellman

- |                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| ■ Alice         | Bob           |
| ■ $a$ (private) | $b$ (private) |
| ■ $A$ (public)  | $B$ (public)  |
| ■ $B$           | $A$           |
| ■ $a$ & $B$     | $b$ & $A$     |
- symmetric key == symmetric key
- 

# Diffie/Hellman

- Alice – generates **a**
- Calculates  $g^a \bmod p = A$  (public)
- Bob – generates **b**
- Calculates  $g^b \bmod p = B$  (public)

# Alice

- Has **a** and B ( $g^b \bmod p$ )
- Calculates
  - $B^a \bmod p = (g^b \bmod p)^a \bmod p$   
 $= g^{ab} \bmod p$



# Bob

- Has **b** and  $A (g^a \bmod p)$
- Calculates
  - $A^b \bmod p = (g^a \bmod p)^b \bmod p$   
 $= g^{ab} \bmod p$

# Example

- $p = 23, g = 5$
- $a = 6, A = 5^6 \bmod 23 = 15,625 \bmod 23 = 8$
- $b = 15, B = 5^{15} \bmod 23$   
 $= 30,517,578,125 \bmod 23 = 19$
- Alice  $s = 19^6 \bmod 23 = 2$
- Bob  $s = 8^{15} \bmod 23 = 2$

# Cryptanalysis

- With  $p = 23$  there are only 23 possible values for the public keys ( $n \bmod 23$ ).
- Better
  - $p$  is a prime of at least 300 digits.
  - $a, b$  at least 100 digits long
- To solve is the "discrete logarithm problem" and is not possible for these types of values.

# Three programs

- Generate DH parameters and save them to a file
- Generate DH public key/private key pair and save then to a file (Execute for Alice and Bob)
- Read in both pairs of keys,
  - generate an AES key from AlicePrivate and BobPublic
  - generate an AES key from BobPrivate and AlicePublic
  - Show they are the same.

# Generate DH Parameters

```
AlgorithmParameterGenerator paramGen = AlgorithmParameterGenerator
    .getInstance("DH");
paramGen.init(1024);

// Generate the parameters
AlgorithmParameters params = paramGen.generateParameters();
DHParameterSpec dhSpec = params
    .getParameterSpec(DHParameterSpec.class);

String s = dhSpec.getP() + "," + dhSpec.getG() + "," + dhSpec.getL();
System.out.println(s);
writeToFile("data/dhParams", s);
```

# GenerateAndSaveKeys

```
String PARTY = args[0];

// get DH parameters
String valuesInStr = (String) readFromFile("data/dhParams");
String[] values = valuesInStr.split(",");
BigInteger p = new BigInteger(values[0]);
BigInteger g = new BigInteger(values[1]);
int l = Integer.parseInt(values[2]);
DHParameterSpec dhSpec = new DHParameterSpec(p, g, l);

// Use the values to generate a key pair
KeyPairGenerator keyGen = KeyPairGenerator.getInstance("DH");
keyGen.initialize(dhSpec);
KeyPair keypair = keyGen.generateKeyPair();
```

# GenerateAndSaveKeys

```
// Save the private key
PrivateKey privateKey = keypair.getPrivate();
writeToFile("data/" + PARTY + "Private", privateKey) ;

// Save the public key
PublicKey publicKey = keypair.getPublic();
writeToFile("data/" + PARTY + "Public", publicKey) ;
```

# Two Run Configurations

- This has to be run twice, one for each party.
  - RC - Run As – Run Configurations
  - New – java Application
  - Name –
  - Arguments – Alice
- Create a second Run Configuration
  - Bob



# Two Run Configurations

- Run twice to generate files
  - AlicePrivate
  - AlicePublic
  - BobPrivate
  - BobPublic

# GenerateSymKeyTwiceAndCheck

```
// read both keypairs
PrivateKey privateKey1 = (PrivateKey) readFromFile("data/AlicePrivate");
PrivateKey privateKey2 = (PrivateKey) readFromFile("data/BobPrivate");
PublicKey publicKey1 = (PublicKey) readFromFile("data/AlicePublic");
PublicKey publicKey2 = (PublicKey) readFromFile("data/BobPublic");

// AlicePrivate and BobPublic
KeyAgreement ka = KeyAgreement.getInstance("DH");
ka.init(privateKey1);
ka.doPhase(publicKey2, true);
byte[] rawValue = ka.generateSecret();
SecretKey secretKey1 = new SecretKeySpec(rawValue, 0, 16, "AES");

String encodedKey = Base64.getEncoder().
    encodeToString(secretKey1.getEncoded());
System.out.println("Base64 encoded secret key 1 " + encodedKey);
```

# GenerateSymKeyTwiceAndCheck

```
// AlicePublic and BobPrivate
ka.init(privateKey2);
ka.doPhase(publicKey1, true);
byte[] rawValue2 = ka.generateSecret();
SecretKey secretKey2 = new SecretKeySpec(rawValue2, 0, 16, "AES");

String encodedKey2 = Base64.getEncoder().
    encodeToString(secretKey2.getEncoded());
System.out.println("Base64 encoded secret key 2 " + encodedKey2);
```