

## 5.9 Swapping two variables (General)

Sometimes a program must swap values among two variables. **Swapping** two variables  $x$  and  $y$  means to assign  $y$ 's value to  $x$ , and  $x$ 's value to  $y$ . If  $x$  is 33 and  $y$  is 55, then after swapping  $x$  is 55 and  $y$  is 33.

A common method for swapping uses a temporary variable. A **temporary variable** is a variable used briefly to store a value. To understand the intuition of such temporary storage, consider a person holding a book in one hand and a phone in the other, wishing to swap the items. The person can temporarily place the phone on a table, move the book to the other hand, then pick up the phone.

### PARTICIPATION ACTIVITY

#### 5.9.1: Swap idea: Use a temporary location.



2x speed



1. Put phone on table
2. Move book
3. Pick up phone



Table  
(temporary place)



A swap between two hands requires a third, temporary place

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Similarly, swapping two variables can use a third variable to temporarily hold one value while the other value is copied over.

### PARTICIPATION ACTIVITY

#### 5.9.2: Swapping two variables using a third temporary variable.



Start

2x speed

```
int X = 33;
int Y = 55;
int tempVal = 0;
```

```
tempVal = X;
X = Y;
Y = tempVal;
```

```
// Print X and Y
```

96			
97	33	55	X
98	55	33	Y
99	0	33	tempVal

X: 55, Y: 33

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#### PARTICIPATION ACTIVITY

#### 5.9.3: Swap.

To begin, x is 22 and y is 99. What are x and y after the given code?

1) `x = y;`  
`y = x;`

- ☐ x is 99 and y is 22.
- ☐ x is 22 and y is 99.
- ☐ x is 99 and y is 99.

2) `x = y;`  
`y = x;`  
`x = y;`

- ☐ x is 99 and y is 22.
- ☐ x is 99 and y is 99.
- ☐ x is 22 and y is 22.

3) `tempVal = x;`  
`x = y;`  
`y = x;`

- ☐ x is 99 and y is 22.
- ☐ x is 99 and y is 99.

4)

```
tempVal = x;  
x = y;  
y = tempVal;
```

- ☐ x is 99 and y is 22.
- ☐ x is 99 and y is 99.

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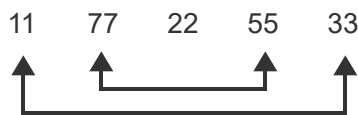
If you have studied arrays or vectors (or other kinds of lists), know that most swaps are actually performed between two list elements. For example, reversing a list with N elements can be achieved by swapping element 1 and N, element 2 and N-1, element 3 and N-2, etc. (stopping at the middle of the list).

**PARTICIPATION  
ACTIVITY**

## 5.9.4: Reversing a list using swaps.

**Start**

2x speed

[Feedback?](#)**PARTICIPATION  
ACTIVITY**

## 5.9.5: Reversing a list using swaps.



- 1) Using the above approach, how many swaps are needed to reverse this list:

999 888 777 666 555 444 333 222

**Check**[Show answer](#)[Feedback?](#)