Paths

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1 Path definition

A path is a series of coordinates; paths are the most basic building blocks of tikz pictures. We can define a path using the \path command within a tikzpicture environment. By default, nothing is drawn.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \path (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

2 Actions

To see the path, we can use the optional action argument, which takes one or more of the following values:

- draw
- fill
- shade
- clip

Tikz comes with built-in abbreviations for commonly-used combinations of these values.

2.1 Draw

draw simply draws the line segments of the path, and does not require the path to be closed.

```
% Long form
\begin{tikzpicture}
    \path[draw] (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}

% Abbreviated form
\begin{tikzpicture}
    \draw (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}

\begin{tikzpicture}
    \draw (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

2.2 Fill

fill fills in the region enclosed by the path (which is required to be closed). If the path is not closed, tikz will automatically close it for us.

```
% Long form
\begin{tikzpicture}
    \path[fill] (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}

% Abbreviated form
\begin{tikzpicture}
    \fill (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```



```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \fill (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



2.3 Shade

shade shades the region enclosed by the path (which is required to be closed). If the path is not closed, tikz will automatically close it for us.

```
% Long form
\begin{tikzpicture}
   \path[shade] (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}

% Abbreviated form
\begin{tikzpicture}
   \shade (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



2.4 Clip

clip defines the region where graphics are permitted to appear. Only graphics located inside of the (closed) path are drawn. Note that tikz statements are executed sequentially, so the clip command will only apply to statements below it.

```
% Long form
\begin{tikzpicture}
    \path[clip] (-1, 0) -- (1, 0) -- (1, 1.5) -- (-1, 1.5) -- cycle;
    \path[fill] (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}

% Abbreviated form
\begin{tikzpicture}
    \clip (-1, 0) -- (1, 0) -- (1, 1.5) -- (-1, 1.5);
    \shade (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

2.5 Compound commands

The draw action can be combined with fill or shade to produce the area and perimeter of a shape simultaneously. In the case of \filldraw we have to pass in some optional arguments to be able to visually distinguish the perimeter from the area. We'll revisit these graphics parameters in a future section. Notice that for an open path, the path is implicitly closed for the area portion but not for the perimeter portion of these compound commands.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \filldraw (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \filldraw[color=black!80, fill=black!10] (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



```
\begin{tikzpicture}
   \shadedraw (0, 0) -- (1, 1) -- (-1, 2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



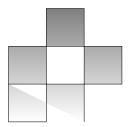
2.6 Self-intersecting paths

Paths can intersect themselves, which can sometimes lead to unexpected behavior with filling or shading. TODO: find a good way to describe the rules for what regions get shaded.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\fillshade (0, 0) -- (2, 1) -- (2, 0) -- (0, 1);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\shadedraw (0, 0) -- (3, 0) -- (3, 2) -- (0, 2) --
(0, -1) -- (1, -1) -- (1, 3) -- (2, 3) -- (2, -1);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



2.7 TODO

- use as bounding box

3 Graphics parameters

We can specify graphics parameters to change the appearance of a rendered path. These parameters, specified as key-value pairs, get passed into the \path function as optional arguments.

3.1 Color and opacity

Colors are specified with different keys depending on if your path is being rendered with <code>draw</code> , <code>fill</code> , or <code>shade</code> .

3.1.1 Draw

For paths rendered with \mbox{draw} , we specify the color of the line using the \mbox{color} parameter.

3.1.2 Fill

For paths rendered with fill , we specify the color of the fill using the fill parameter.



3.1.3 Shade

3.2 filldraw and fillshade



