# **TRAINING DAY3 REPORT:**

**Topic:** Padding, Margin, Anchor Tag, Hover Effect, and Navbar Creation

**Overview:** Today's training session focused on understanding the use of padding and margin in CSS, exploring the anchor tag and hover effect, and creating a navigation bar (navbar) using div elements.

#### **Key Learnings:**

#### 1. Padding and Margin:

#### o Padding:

- Space between the content of an element and its border.
- Can be set for all sides (top, right, bottom, left) individually or collectively.
- Example:

```
.box {
   padding: 10px;
}
```

# Margin:

- Space outside the border of an element, separating it from other elements.
- Can be set for all sides (top, right, bottom, left) individually or collectively.
- Example:

```
.box {
   margin: 15px;
}
```

# 2. Anchor Tag (<a>):

- Used to create hyperlinks.
- Attributes include href for the URL and target for specifying where to open the linked document.

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Example:

<a href="https://www.example.com" target="\_blank">Visit Example</a>

#### 3. Hover Effect:

- Changes the style of an element when the mouse hovers over it.
- Commonly used with anchor tags to enhance user interaction.
- o Example:

```
css
Copy code
a:hover {
   color: red;
}
```

#### 4. Creating a Navbar using div:

- Used div elements to structure a navigation bar.
- Styled the navbar with CSS to align items horizontally and apply padding and margins for spacing.
- o Example HTML structure:

### o Example CSS styling:

```
.navbar {
   background-color: #333;
   overflow: hidden;
}
.nav-item {
   float: left;
   padding: 14px 16px;
}
.nav-item a {
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```
color: white;
  text-align: center;
  text-decoration: none;
  display: block;
}
.nav-item a:hover {
  background-color: #ddd;
  color: black;
}
```

#### 5. Fluid Design:

- Focuses on creating responsive web designs that adapt to different screen sizes and devices.
- Uses relative units like percentages instead of fixed units like pixels.
- Example:

```
.container {
  width: 100%;
  padding: 20px;
}
.content {
  width: 50%;
  float: left;
  padding: 10px;
}
```

# **Practical Exercise:**

- Created a simple HTML page that includes a navbar using div elements.
- Styled the navbar with CSS, applying padding and margins for proper spacing and layout.
- Added hover effects to the anchor tags within the navbar for better user interaction.

**Reflections:** Today's session provided a thorough understanding of how to use padding and margin to control the spacing around and within elements. Creating a navbar using div elements and styling it with CSS, including hover

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effects, was particularly beneficial in learning how to enhance user interface and experience.

**Next Steps:** Tomorrow, we will explore advanced CSS layout techniques to further improve our web design skills.

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