

Project 2 Morse Code Decoder/Encoder

https://github.com/Nate314/MorseCode Nathan Gawith

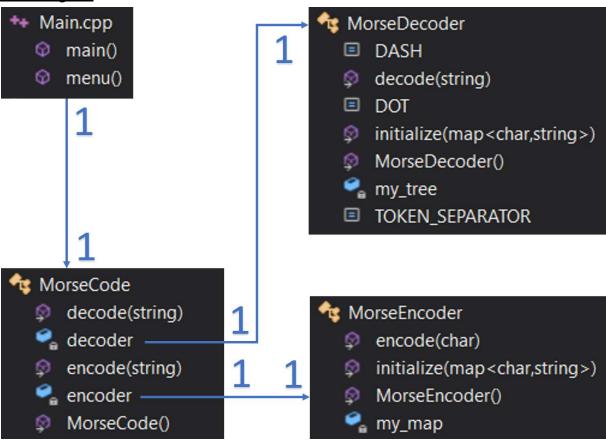
Assumptions

This program does not enter any spaces. If you enter more than one word, the spaces will be removed.

I used the Binary_Tree and BTNode classes from the lecture.

The key value pairs are loaded in from dictionary.txt, which has the same exact file contents as morse.txt at this link https://www.dropbox.com/s/3cj8yb8gcdsrefg/morse.txt?dl=0 Input will always by only lowercase letters

UML Diagram



Main

- main(): int
- menu(): void
- MorseCode
 - encode(string): string
 - decode(string): string
 - MorseDecoder
 - initialize(map<char, string>): void
 - decode(string): char
 - MorseEncoder
 - initialize(map<char, string>): void
 - encode(char): string

Big-O of Algorithms

```
void MorseDecoder::initialize(map):
                                                      The insert() function is Ign
                                                      F(n) = c + (n * F(insert()))
For
                                                      F(n) = c + (n * lgn)
                                                      O(n) = nlgn
       insert()
                                                      This initialize function is just copying over
void MorseEncoder::initialize(map):
                                                      the map
                                                      F(n) = n
For
                                                      O(n) = n
MorseCode():
                                                      The constructor does n statements and then
                                                      calls the above two initialize functions
While
                                                      F(n) = c + n + F(e.init()) + F(d.init())
                                                      F(n) = c + n + (nlgn) + (n)
encoder.initialize(morse codes)
                                                      F(n) = c + 2n + nlgn
decoder.initialize(morse codes)
                                                      O(n) = n
char MorseDecoder::decode(string):
                                                      Decode traverses the tree until it finds the
For
                                                      F(n) = Ign
                                                      O(n) = Ign
string MorseEncoder::encode(char):
                                                      encode() simply looks up a value in a map
                                                      F(n) = c + 1
                                                      O(n) = 1
string MorseCode::encode(string):
                                                      Calls MorseEncoder::encode() in a loop
                                                      F(n) = c + (n * F(e.encode()))
While
                                                      F(n) = c + (n * (1))
       encoder.encode(char)
                                                      O(n) = n
                                                      Calls MorseDecoder::decode() in a loop
string MorseCode::decode(string):
                                                      F(n) = c + (n * F(d.decode()))
. . .
                                                      F(n) = c + (n * (Ign))
While
                                                      O(n) = nIgn
       decoder.decode(string)
```

References: Cite any references that you used.

Morse Code Converter used for testing - https://morsecode.scphillips.com/translator.html

General Help Links

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/110157/how-to-retrieve-all-keys-or-values-from-a-stdmap-and-put-them-into-a-vector

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/743203/accessing-static-class-variables-in-c

http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/sstream/stringstream/str/

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/pair-in-cpp-stl/

How to evaluate postfix expressions

<u>Canvas > CS303 > Modules > Source Code > Binary Trees</u>, Binary Search Trees