# Market Basket Analysis

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## AGENDA

- Objective
- Shopping Data
- Insights
- Association Rule Mining
- Thank You



### **OBJECTIVE**

- Analyze the dataset and derive an action plan for Mr & Mrs Khanna to increase their sales revenue
- Use Association Rule Mining to derive insights

Product	ProductID	Season	Price
Summer Cap	P01	Summer	100
Sunglasses	P02	Summer	50
Half Sleeve T-shirt	P03	Summer	200
Capri	P04	Summer	350
Saree	P05	Evergreen	400
Earrings	P06	Evergreen	30
Kurta	P07	Evergreen	150
Ethnic Shoes	P08	Evergreen	300
Winter Cap	P09	Winter	150
Sweatshirt	P10	Winter	250
Long Sleeve T-shirt	P11	Winter	300
Jeans	P12	Winter	600
Thermocoat	P13	Winter	270
Sherwani	P14	Wedding	2000
Lahenga	P15	Wedding	4000



## SHOPPING DATA

- This table contains the OrderID, CustomerID, date of purchase, ProductID, Product, Quantity purchased, Unit Price, and Revenue respectively
- The data was grouped by the OrderID and CustomerID in patches of color as seen which indicates items bought in pairs by the same customer and these pairs are frequently purchased as indicated by patches of the same color

1001	101	27/06/2023	P02	Sunglasses	1	50	50	
1002	102	28/07/2023	P07	Kurta	1	150	150	
1003	103	29/07/2023	P03	Half Sleeve T-shirt	1	200	200	
1003	103	29/07/2023	P04	Capri	2	350	700	
1004	104	31/08/2023	P05	Saree	1	400	400	
1004	104	31/08/2023	P06	Earrings	1	30	30	
1005	105	01/09/2023	P03	Half Sleeve T-shirt	1	200	200	
1005	105	01/09/2023	P04	Capri	2	350	700	
1006	105	02/09/2023	P07	Kurta	2	150	300	
1007	104	07/09/2023	P05	Saree	2	400	800	
1007	104	07/09/2023	P06	Earrings	1	30	30	
1008	106	05/10/2023	P15	Lahenga	1	4000	4000	
1009	107	16/10/2023	P14	Sherwani	1	2000	2000	
1010	108	26/10/2023	P15	Lahenga	1	4000	4000	
1011	103	27/10/2023	P03	Half Sleeve T-shirt	1	200	200	
1011	103	29/07/2023	P04	Capri	2	350	700	
1012	109	27/10/2023	P14	Sherwani	1	2000	2000	
1013	110	28/10/2023	P15	Lahenga	1	4000	4000	
1014	111	29/10/2023	P14	Sherwani	1	2000	2000	
1015	101	01/11/2023		Sweatshirt	2	250	500	
1016	103	02/11/2023		Long Sleeve T-shirt	1	300	300	
1016	103	02/11/2023	P12	Jeans	1	600	600	
1017	103	04/11/2023		Thermocoat	1	270	270	
1018	101	05/11/2023		Sweatshirt	2	250	500	
1019	105	06/11/2023		Long Sleeve T-shirt	1	300	300	
1019	105	06/11/2023		Jeans	1	600	600	
1020	106	10/12/2023		Saree	1	400	400	
1020	106	10/12/2023		Earrings	1	30	30	
1021	107	01/01/2024		Long Sleeve T-shirt	1	300	300	
1021	107	01/01/2024		Jeans	1	600	600	
1022	101	01/02/2024		Winter Cap	1	150	150	
1022	101	01/02/2024		Sunglasses	1	50	50	
1023	111	03/02/2024		Winter Cap	1	150	150	
1023	111	03/02/2024	P02	Sunglasses	1	50	50	



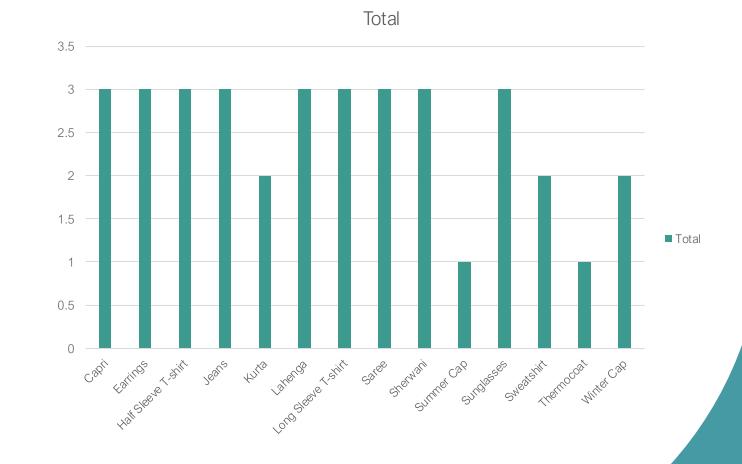
## Insights





## COUNT OF EACH ITEM PURCHASED

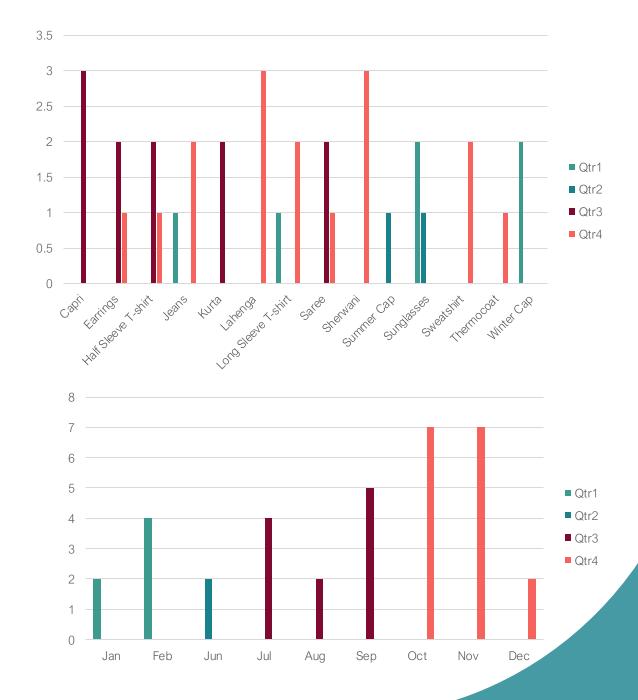
- This chart was created using a pivot table on the given data
- On the X-axis we can see the name of each item
- On the Y-axis we can see the frequency of purchase
- From this bar chart, we can say that all items are frequently purchased except summer cap and thermo-coat, so a suggestion would be to spend more time and money on marketing them





## QUARTER-WISE PURCHASES

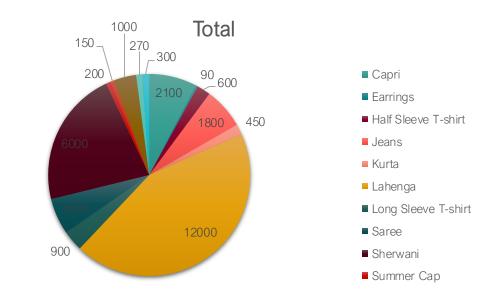
- These charts were created using a pivot table on the given data
- From both the charts, we can see that most of the purchases are made during the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter, that is, during the months of October, November and December. This must be because the wedding season overlaps with winter. So, winter apparel and festive wear are high-in demand. Rest of the year, purchases are quite consistent except in the months of March, April, and May which indicates that demand is next to none during the summer season. A suggestion here would be to find innovative ways to market clothes during the summer season.

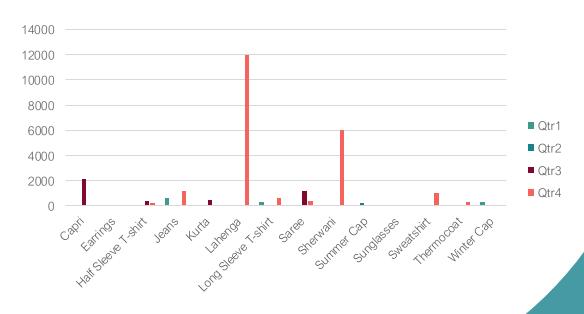




## BUSINESS REVENUE

- These charts were created using a pivot table on the given data
- From both charts, we can see that the item *Lahenga* contributes to nearly half of the total revenue followed by *sherwani* and *earrings*. This again proves the fact that the business flourishes during the festive season and purchases are fairly consistent rest of the year







# Association Rule Mining





## What is an association rule?

An association rule represents the pattern/co-occurrence of two item sets by using an ifthen condition. For example, a rule (Apple) → (Banana) means "IF Apple is in a transaction, THEN Banana is also in that transaction". This is a concept that works for problems like the Market Basket Analysis in which we predict which items are most probably going to be sold together. Let's dive into the concept, shall we?



## **Antecedent and Consequent**

These are important concepts related to the if-then structure of association rules. Here's a brief explanation to add to the existing content:

- Antecedent (If part): The item or itemset that appears on the left side of the association rule.
  It's the "if" part of the rule.
- Consequent (Then part): The item or itemset that appears on the right side of the association rule. It's the "then" part of the rule.

For example, in the rule  $X \rightarrow Y$ :

- X is the antecedent
- Y is the consequent

This rule suggests that if X occurs in a transaction, then Y is likely to occur as well. In the context of market basket analysis, if a customer buys item X, they are likely to buy item Y too.



## Support, Confidence and Lift

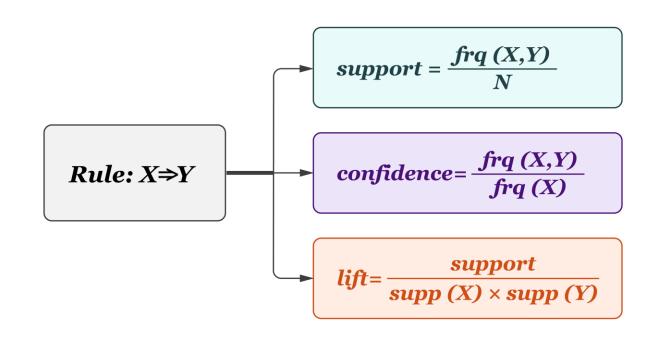
Association Rule Mining consists of three metrics. These metrics help identify relationships between items in a dataset, such as products frequently purchased together:

- Support: Support measures how frequently an item (a group of items) appears in the dataset. It indicates how common an item is
- Confidence: Confidence measures the likelihood that item Y is purchased when item X is purchased. It's the ratio of the number of transactions that include both X and Y to the number of transactions that include X alone
- Lift: Lift measures how much more likely two items are to be bought together than expected if they were independent. It compares the observed co-occurrence of X and Y to what would be expected if X and Y were independent



### HIGHLIGHTS

- •Support indicates how common an item is in the dataset.
- •Confidence shows the likelihood of one item being purchased when another is purchased.
- •Lift reveals the strength of the association between two items, adjusting for how common they are individually.





## USING ASSOCIATION RULE ON OUR DATA

Product	Support single	Items paired	Frequency	Support	Confidence	Lift
Summer Cap	0.02777778	Summer Cap, Sunglasses	1	0.083333	3	36
Sunglasses	0.083333333	Half Sleeve T-Shirt, Capri	3	0.25	3	36
Kurta	0.05555556	Saree, Earrings	3	0.25	3	36
Half Sleeve T-shirt		Long Sleeve T-Shirt, Jeans	3	0.25	3	36
Capri	0.083333333	Winter Cap, Sunglasses	2	0.166667	2	24
Saree	0.083333333					
Earrings	0.083333333					
Half Sleeve T-shirt	0.083333333					
Capri	0.083333333					
Kurta	0.05555556					
Saree	0.083333333					
Earrings	0.083333333					
Lahenga	0.083333333					
Sherwani	0.083333333					
Lahenga	0.083333333					
Half Sleeve T-shirt	0.083333333					
Capri	0.083333333					
Sherwani	0.083333333					
Lahenga	0.083333333					
Sherwani	0.083333333					
Sweatshirt	0.05555556					
Long Sleeve T-shirt	0.083333333					
Jeans	0.083333333					
Thermocoat	0.02777778					
Sweatshirt	0.05555556					
Long Sleeve T-shirt	0.083333333					
Jeans	0.083333333					
Saree	0.083333333					
Earrings	0.083333333					
Long Sleeve T-shirt	0.083333333					
Jeans	0.083333333					
Winter Cap	0.083333333					
Sunglasses	0.083333333					
Winter Cap	0.083333333					
Sunglasses	0.083333333					



### **OBSERVATIONS AND SUGGESTIONS**

- 1. Lift=1: X, and Y are independent(no association)
- 2. Lift>1: X and Y are positively associated(they occur together frequently)
- 3. Lift<1: X and Y are negatively associated(they occur together less often than expected)

As seen from the previous table, the lift values are way above 1 for the pair of items, this indicates a strong relationship between the items and a high likelihood of them being purchased together

Hence, it's suggested that these items be sold together, to positively generate revenue and maintain a successful business



# Thank you

