

Virtual Reality---Texting While Driving

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1. Abstract

Erie Insurance currently works with its agents to help them display the dangers of distracted driving to their policyholders. This can often be very difficult for agents to do since the user is not able to experience the consequences of distracted driving for themselves in a safe way. In order to help solve this problem for the agents, we are creating a virtual reality experience to demonstrate how distracted driving can affect the policyholder. This virtual reality experience will utilize the Unity 3D engine and the Google Cardboard SDK to give the policyholder different scenarios in which they will have to make decisions influencing their outcome. This virtual reality experience will help the policyholder to understand how they can influence dangerous driving activities as well as to help stop them.

2. Report Revision History

2.1 Changes in Version 1.5

In this version, we have made the changes recommended to us by our advisor. We have added a new user requirement and functional requirement detailing more information regarding the specific tasks that the AI driver should perform. The use case mapping diagram has updated as well. Along with that, we have changed the name of our use case "Begin Experience" to "Experience Loop" to make more sense. References are now available and are used in section 5 to further explain our exploratory studies.

2.2 Changes in Version 2.0

In this version, we have added our initial designs for the architecture, structure, interface, and behavior of the system. We have changed our architecture to the component-based architecture, which more accurately captures the way Unity objects build off each other to create the overall system. We have added and updated our requirements based off feedback from advisors and industry mentor. We have created test cases for our system, as well as the execution history. We have added the steps to set up the development environment and testing environment, build for the target platform, and install to the end user's device.

3. Problem Statement

3.1 Business Background

Erie Insurance is a Fortune 500 insurance company employing thousands of people. Erie Insurance has been a figure in the insurance world for 90 years, and currently serves over 4 million customers in 13 states. They utilize and manage smaller agencies to deal directly with customers, selling them auto, home, life, and business insurance.

With the rise of technology, distracted driving has become more of a risk than ever before. As Erie Insurance invests in protecting people, they are taking the initiative in informing families about the dangers of driving while distracted.

3.2 Needs

Currently, it is very difficult to display the dangers of distracted driving to a younger generation in a way that engages them. Erie Insurance is seeking an innovative solution in order to solve this problem.

3.3 Objectives

This project aims to utilize virtual reality technology to create an immersive experience that engages users of all ages. The application will be distributed to agents around Erie's footprint and will effectively capture the younger audience.

4. Requirements

4.1 User Requirements

4.1.1 Glossary of Relevant Domain Terminology

<u>Virtual Reality (VR)</u> – A simulation of a three dimensional environment

Cardboard – Google's SDK created for smartphone devices

<u>Headset</u> – A head mounted device that displays virtual reality devices

Scene – A Unity scene is an aggregation of components that can be executed on its own

4.1.2 User Groups

<u>User</u> – Any person engaging in our experience

4.1.3 Functional Requirements

4.1.3.1 Project Scope (Use Case Diagram)

Figure 4.1 displays the system's use case diagram. This gives a layout of the main user interactions that can occur as they use the system.

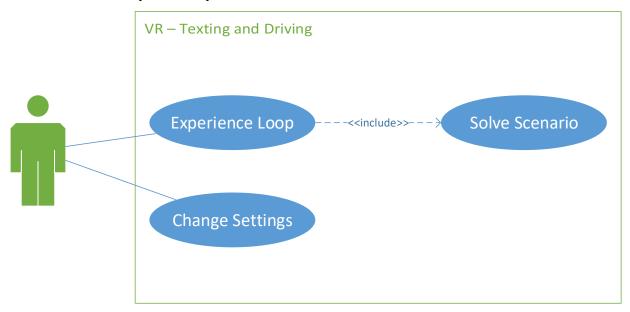


Figure 4.1 - Use Case Diagram

4.1.3.2 User Scenarios

Figure 4.2 lists the details of the use cases that occur within the system. The use cases give an overview of the sequence of the interactions that occur with the user and the system.

Project Name: Virtual RealityTexting While Driving								
Use Case ID	Use Case Name	Level	Author	Version				
UC-001	Change Settings	Primary task	Nathan Christiansen	0.4				
UC-002	Experience Loop	Primary task	Nathan Christiansen	0.6				
UC-003	Solve Scenario	Subfunction	Nathan Christiansen	0.3				
Acknowledgment: Generated from the CapStone process management system ©2015								

Figure 4.2 - Use Case List

Barriaget Names	Notice Broken Broken 180 to Bridge				
Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving				
Use Case ID:	UC-001				
Use Case Name:	Change Settings				
User Goal:	Change Experience Settings				
Scope:	VR - Texting While Driving				
Level:	Primary task				
Relevant User Reqs:	UF-E				
Relevant System Reqs:	SF-E-01				
Primary Actor:	User				
Precondition:	The application is running and on the main menu				
Minimal Guarantee:	Setting changes do not persist				
Success Guarantee:	Settings are changed to user specifications				
Trigger:	User selects settings option on main menu				
	Step Actions				
	1 The user selects settings in the main menu				
Success Scenario:	The system brings up the settings menu				
Success Scenario.	3 The user changes their desired settings				
	4 The user saves changes				
	5 The system applies changes				
Extensions:	Branching Scenarios				
4A	Condition: The user does not save changes				
	Step Actions				
	1 The user declines to make changes				
	The system returns to the main menu				
Acknowledament: Gene	erated from the CapStone process management system ©2015				

Figure 4.3 - Change Settings

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving				
Use Case ID:	JC-002				
Use Case Name:	xperience Loop				
User Goal:	Experience the experience				
Scope:	VR - Texting while Driving				
Level:	Primary task				
Relevant User Reqs:	UF-B,UF-C,UF-D				
Relevant System Reqs:	SF-B-01,SF-B-02,SF-C-01,SF-D-01				
Primary Actor:	User				
Precondition:	The application is running and on the main menu				
Minimal Guarantee:	The user enters the experience				
Success Guarantee:	The user finishes the experience				
Trigger:	User selects start experience on the main menu				
	Step Actions				
	1 The user selects start experience on the main menu				
	2 The system begins the experience				
Success Scenario:	3 The user gains control of the passenger				
Success Scenario.	4 The user SOLVES SCENARIO				
	5 The system continues until the next threshold				
	6 The system repeats step 4-5 until the user completes the experience				
	7 The system displays a results screen to the user				
Extensions:	Branching Scenarios				
5A	Condition: The user fails a scenario				
	Step Actions				
	1 The system ends the experience				
Acknowledgment: Generated from the CapStone process management system ©2015					

Figure 4.4 – Experience Loop

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Use Case ID:	UC-003							
Use Case Name:	Solve Scenario							
User Goal:	he user makes choices to solve a scenario							
Scope:	VR - Texting While Driving							
Level:	Subfunction							
Relevant User Reqs:	UF-A							
Relevant System Reqs:	SF-A-01							
Primary Actor:	User							
Precondition:	The user is in the experience and has not failed							
Minimal Guarantee:	The default solution is chosen							
Success Guarantee:	The user's solution is chosen							
Trigger:	The user reaches a scenario threshold							
	Step Actions							
	The user reaches a scenario threshold							
Success Scenario:	The system presents a scenario involving a dangerous situation							
	3 The user selects a solution presented by the scenario							
	4 The system enters a success state for the scenario							
Extensions:	Branching Scenarios							
3A	Condition: The user selects an incorrect solution or does not enter within the alloted time							
	Step Actions							
	The system enters a fail state for the scenario							
Acknowledgment: Gene	Acknowledgment: Generated from the CapStone process management system ©2015							

Figure 4.5 - Solve Scenario

4.1.3.3 List of User Functional Requirements

User functional requirements describe functionality that the system should provide.

Project Name: Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Requirement ID:	UF-A			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 16 2016 12:51	PM		User	×		
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 03:07 PM			System			
Description:	The application should present various scenarios that display a distracted driver, and give the user the ability to overcome the potential negative outcome.						
Priority:	✓ Highest	High	Medium	Low		owest	
This Req. is Refin	ed Into:	SF-A-01					
Justify why UF-A	can be completely	SF-A-01 describes how many choices the user will be able to choose from to					
covered by SF-A-0)1	affect their outcome.					
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	UC-003					
maceability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	CapStone Process I	Management System	©2015			

Figure 4.6 - Requirement UF-A

Project Name:	Virtual RealityT	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving					
Requirement ID:	UF-B				Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 16 2016 01:05 PM				×		
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 03:06 PM						
Description:	The user should control a passenger in a vehicle driven by a person engaging in dangerous activities.						
Priority:	✓ Highest	High	Medium	Low		Lowest	
This Req. is Refin	ed Into:	SF-B-01, SF-B-02					
Justify why UF-B		SF-B-01 specifies how the user will be able to control a passenger. SF-B-02					
covered by SF-B-0	01, SF-B-02	specifies how the user will be able to input commands.					
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	UC-002	UC-002				
maceability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.7 - Requirement UF-B

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	Requirement ID: UF-C				Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 21 2016 02:59 PM				×		
Modification:	Oct 18 2016 08:25 AM						
Description:	The system should feature multiple outcomes that can occur due to the driver being distracted.						
Priority:	Priority: ✓ Highest		Medium	Low		Lowest	
This Req. is Refine	ed Into:	SF-C-01					
Justify why UF-C	can be completely	SF-C-01 specifies how many outcomes the system will provide and gives detail					
covered by SF-C-0)1	about each.					
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	UC-002					
maceability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.8 - Requirement UF-C

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	UF-D				Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 21 2016 03:00 PM			User	×		
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 03:01 PM			System			
Description:	The user should be able to interact with their environment between scenarios presented to them						
Priority:	✓ Highest	High	Medium	Low Lowe		owest	
This Req. is Refine	ed Into:	SF-D-01					
Justify why UF-D of covered by SF-D-0		SF-D-01 specifies the objects that the user will be able to interact with.					
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	UC-002					
maceability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015					

Figure 4.9 - Requirement UF-D

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	UF-E			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 26 2016 03:11 PM				M		
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 03:01 PM			System			
Description:	User should be able to modify experience settings						
Priority:	Highest	High	✓ Medium	Low		Lowest	
This Req. is Refin	ed Into:	SF-E-01					
Justify why UF-E	can be completely	SF-E-01 provides some settings that the user can modify to alter the					
covered by SF-E-0)1	experience.					
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	UC-001					
maccability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	ment Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.10 - Requirement UF-E

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Requirement ID:	Requirement ID: UF-F				Functional	Non-Functional		
Creation:	Oct 21 2016 12:12 PM				×			
Modification:	Oct 21 2016 12:17 PM			System				
Description:	The driver should be controlled by an Al and should engage in various tasks.							
Priority:	Highest	√ High	Medium	Low		Lowest		
This Req. is Refine	ed Into:	SF-F-01						
Justify why UF-F of covered by SF-F-0	can be completely 01	Specifies what the AI will perform during the experience.						
Transchility	Use cases cf.	Yet to be completed in use case worksheet!						
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!						
Acknowledgment	cknowledgment Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015							

Figure 4.11 - Requirement UF-F

4.1.4 Non-functional Requirements

Non-functional requirements describe the constraints and quality of the functionalities, providing testable features and specifying restrictions.

4.1.4.1 Product: Usability Requirements

Usability requirements describe how easily a user interacts with the system.

4.1.4.2 Product: Performance Requirements

Performance requirements describe how well a system performs in terms of time and resource usage.

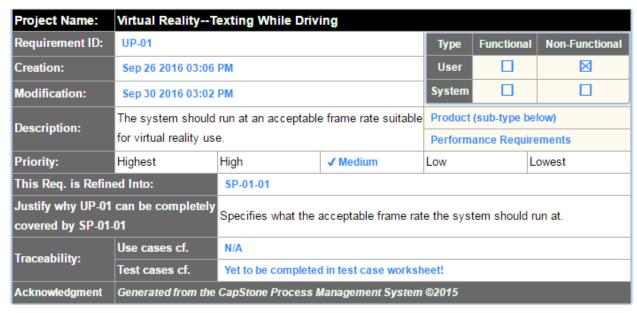


Figure 4.12 - Requirement UP-01

4.1.4.3 Product: Dependability/Security Requirements

Dependability/Security requirements describe the reliability and security concerns of the project.

4.1.4.4 Organizational: Development Requirements

Development requirements specify development practices and constraints.

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving								
Requirement ID:	UO-01	UO-01				Non-Functional			
Creation:	Sep 16 2016 12:56	Sep 16 2016 12:56 PM				⋈			
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 03:03	Sep 30 2016 03:03 PM							
Description:	The application sho devices.	The application should be developed for modern Android devices.				Organizational (sub-type below) Development Requirements			
Priority:	✓ Highest	High	Medium	Low	I	Lowest			
This Req. is Refin	ed Into:	SO-01-01)-01-01						
Justify why UO-01	can be completely	SO-01-01 specifies	a modern Android o	perating s	ystem and	device for eventual			
covered by SO-01	-01	app deployment.							
Tracoability	Use cases cf.	N/A							
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!							
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	CapStone Process	Management Systen	©2015					

Figure 4.13 - Requirement UO-01

Project Name:	Virtual RealityT	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	UO-02	UO-02				Non-Functional		
Creation:	Sep 16 2016 12:58	Sep 16 2016 12:58 PM				M		
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 03:01	Sep 30 2016 03:01 PM						
Description:	The application sho	The application should be developed for cardboard VR use.			ational (sub-	type below)		
Description.	The application should be developed for callaboard vix use.			Development Requirements				
Priority:	✓ Highest	High	Medium	Low	l	owest		
This Req. is Refin	ed Into:	SO-02-01						
Justify why UO-02 covered by SO-02	can be completely -01	Specifies the SDK	and method of displa	aying virtu	al reality ap	plications.		
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	N/A						
maceability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!						
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	CapStone Process	Management System	©2015				

Figure 4.14 - Requirement UO-02

Project Name:	Virtual RealityT	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	UO-03	UO-03				Non-Functional		
Creation:	Sep 16 2016 01:04	Sep 16 2016 01:04 PM				M		
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 03:01	Sep 30 2016 03:01 PM						
Description:		The application must feature ERIE Insurance branded paraphernalia advertising the company throughout.			Organizational (sub-type below) Development Requirements			
Priority:	Highest	√ High	Medium	Low	I	Lowest		
This Req. is Refin	ed Into:	SO-03-01						
Justify why UO-03 covered by SO-03	can be completely -01	Specifies objects to	be textured with El	RIE Insura	nce texture:	S.		
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	N/A						
maceability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!						
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.15 - Requirement UO-03

4.1.4.5 Organizational: Operational Requirements

Operational requirements describe conditions that a system must support.

4.1.4.6 Organizational: Environmental Requirements

Environmental requirements describe the look and feel of the system's interface.

4.1.4.7 External: Safety/Security Requirements

Safety/Security requirements detail how the system will interact with other systems, and the security concerns of these interactions.

4.1.4.8 External: Cultural and Social Requirements

Cultural and social requirements describe how the system conforms to cultural and social expectations.

4.1.4.9 External: Political Requirements

Political requirements detail how the system will influence different sections of the company.

4.2 System Requirements

User requirements tend to be vague, so they are refined into system requirements. System requirements engineer and refine the user requirements into many detailed requirements that are much more descriptive and implementable.

4.2.1 Functional Requirements

4.2.1.1 List of System Functional Requirements

Project Name:	Virtual Reality	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving										
Requirement ID:	SF-A-01			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional						
Creation:	Sep 23 2016 01:00	PM (User								
Modification:	Sep 23 2016 01:02	Sep 23 2016 01:02 PM										
Description:		The system should provide three possible solutions for every decision presented.										
Priority:	Highest	High	Medium	Low		Lowest						
This Req. is Engi	neered From:	UF-A										
Justify why meeti contribute to the	ing SF-A-01 can fulfilment of UF-A	Specifies he	ow the user can overcome	e each situat	tion.							
Transability	Use cases cf.	UC-003										
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!										
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	e CapStone P	rocess Management Syste	em ©2015		CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.16 - Requirement SF-A-01

Project Name:	Virtual Reality	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Requirement ID:	SF-A-02			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional			
Creation:	Nov 09 2016 02:24	Nov 09 2016 02:24 PM							
Modification:	Nov 09 2016 02:25	Nov 09 2016 02:25 PM							
Description:	When the car passe presented	When the car passes a trigger, a scenario should be presented							
Priority:	√ Highest	High	Medium	Low	L	.owest			
This Req. is Engin	eered From:	UF-A							
Justify why meeting contribute to the f		Handles the beginning of individual scenarios							
Traccability	Use cases cf.	Yet to be complete	d in use case worksh	neet!					
Traceability: Test cases cf. Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!									
Acknowledgment	Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015								

Figure 4.17 - Requirement SF-A-02

Project Name:	Virtual Reality	Texting Whi	ile Driving				
Requirement ID:	SF-B-01	SF-B-01			Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 23 2016 12:54	Sep 23 2016 12:54 PM					
Modification:	Sep 27 2016 10:55	Sep 27 2016 10:55 AM					
Description:		The user should have a first person perspective during the experience, and can use motion inputs to position the camera.					
Priority:	√ Highest	High	Medium	Low	1	Lowest	
This Req. is Engi	neered From:	UF-B					
Justify why meeti contribute to the	ing SF-B-01 can fulfilment of UF-B	Specifies th	ne inputs the user can use t	o control ti	he passenge	er.	
Transabilitu	Use cases cf.	UC-002					
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	e CapStone P	rocess Management Systen	n ©2015			

Figure 4.18 - Requirement SF-B-01

Project Name:	Virtual Reality	Texting Wh	ile Driving					
Requirement ID:	SF-B-02			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional		
Creation:	Sep 27 2016 10:5	5 AM		User				
Modification:	Sep 27 2016 10:56	Sep 27 2016 10:56 AM						
Description:		ne user will use the button on the cardboard headset to teract with objects in the environment, and select choices uring scenarios						
Priority:	✓ Highest	High	Medium	Low		Lowest		
This Req. is Engi	ineered From:	UF-B						
Justify why meet contribute to the	ing SF-B-02 can fulfilment of UF-B	Specifies in	put the user has during cor	ntrol				
Tracability	Use cases cf.	UC-002						
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!						
Acknowledgment	Generated from th	the CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.19 - Requirement SF-B-02

Project Name:	Virtual Reality1	exting While Driv	ing				
Requirement ID:	SF-B-03	SF-B-03				Non-Functional	
Creation:	Nov 09 2016 01:58	Nov 09 2016 01:58 PM					
Modification:	Nov 09 2016 02:00 PM				×		
Description:	Double clicking the the front of the car	Double clicking the input button will re-center the camera to the front of the car					
Priority:	Highest	√ High	Medium	Low	L	owest	
This Req. is Engin	eered From:	UF-B					
Justify why meeting contribute to the f			ds the user in their c		he passenge	er as it allows an	
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	Yet to be completed in use case worksheet!					
пасеарину.	Test cases cf.	TC-001					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.20 - Requirement SF-B-02

Project Name:	Virtual Reality1	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	SF-C-01			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional		
Creation:	Sep 23 2016 12:59 PM			User				
Modification:	Oct 18 2016 08:25	AM		System	×			
Description:	occur within the env	The system should have four types of outcomes that can occur within the environment, including hitting an object, running off the road/lanes, speeding/slowing down, and missing traffic lights.						
Priority:	Highest	√ High	Medium	Low	L	owest		
This Req. is Engin	eered From:	UF-C						
Justify why meeting contribute to the f		Specifies the different situations and outcomes that the user is presented with.						
Tracability	Use cases cf.	UC-002						
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!						
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	CapStone Process I	Management System	©2015				

Figure 4.21 - Requirement SF-C-01

Project Name:	Virtual Reality	Texting While	e Driving					
Requirement ID:	SF-D-01			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional		
Creation:	Sep 23 2016 01:02	PM		User				
Modification:	Sep 26 2016 02:56	PM		System	×			
Description:	with objects in the	The user should be able to open/close glove box, interact with objects in the glove box, drink a drink in the cup holder, open/close the window, and adjust the radio.						
Priority:	Highest	✓ High	Medium	Low	L	.owest		
This Req. is Engi	ineered From:	UF-D						
Justify why meet contribute to the	ing SF-D-01 can fulfilment of UF-D	It specifies th	ne objects that the user	can interact	with			
Transabilitus	Use cases cf.	UC-002						
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!						
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.22 - Requirement SF-D-01

Project Name:	Virtual Reality	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Requirement ID:	SF-E-01	SF-E-01				Non-Functional			
Creation:	Sep 30 2016 01:07	Sep 30 2016 01:07 PM							
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 01:08	PM		System	×				
Description:	A STANFORD TO SECURE STANFORD	The system will provide options to the user including changing weather effects and time of day.							
Priority:	Highest	√ High	Medium	Low	l	owest			
This Req. is Engi	neered From:	UF-E							
Justify why meeti contribute to the	ing SF-E-01 can fulfilment of UF-E	The user will	be given some control	of the enviror	nment that th	ney participate in.			
Tracachility	Use cases cf.	UC-001							
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!							
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	e CapStone Process Management System ©2015							

Figure 4.23 - Requirement SF-E-01

Project Name:	Virtual Reality1	exting While Driv	ing				
Requirement ID:	SF-F-01	SF-F-01				Non-Functional	
Creation:	Oct 21 2016 12:13	Oct 21 2016 12:13 PM					
Modification:	Oct 21 2016 12:16	Oct 21 2016 12:16 PM					
Description:	The driver AI should look out window.	The driver AI should drive, text, converse with user, and ook out window.					
Priority:	Highest	√ High	Medium	Low	L	owest	
This Req. is Engin	eered From:	UF-F					
Justify why meeting contribute to the f		Specifies exactly w	hat the driver's Al wil	l do durin	g the experie	ence.	
Transability	Use cases cf.	Yet to be complete	d in use case worksh	neet!			
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	CapStone Process I	Management System	©2015			

Figure 4.24 - Requirement SF-F-01

4.2.1.2 System Behavior

Figures 4.23 and 4.24 detail the sequence of flow between user and system, much like use cases. However, they give a more detailed look into the system, providing interaction between components in the system as well.

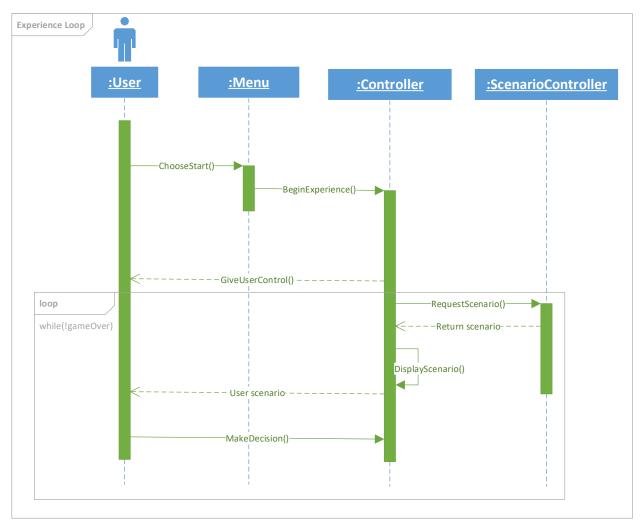


Figure 4.25 - Experience Loop Sequence

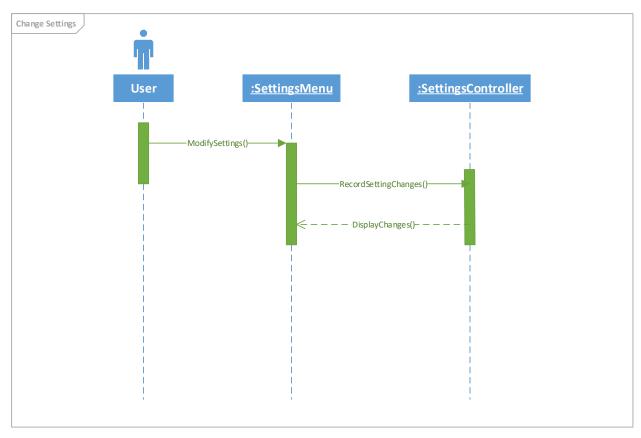


Figure 4.26 - Change Settings Sequence

4.2.1.3 Data Requirements

4.2.2 Non-functional Requirements

4.2.2.1 Product: Usability Requirements

4.2.2.2 Product: Performance Requirements

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Requirement ID:	SP-01-01			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional		
Creation:	Sep 30 2016 02:54	Sep 30 2016 02:54 PM						
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 02:55 PM			System				
Description:	The application sho	application should run at a minimum of 30 frames per			Product (sub-type below)			
	second.			Performance Requirements				
Priority:	Highest	✓ High Medium Low Lowest				_owest		
This Req. is Engineered From:		UP-01						
Justify why meeting SP-01-01 can contribute to the fulfilment of UP-01		Specifies the minimum fps that the experience should perform at.						
Transabilitu	Use cases cf.	N/A						
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!						
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	he CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.27 - Requirement SP-01-01

4.2.2.3 Product: Dependability/Security Requirements

4.2.2.4 Organizational: Development Requirements

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	SO-01-01			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 26 2016 02:59	Sep 26 2016 02:59 PM					
Modification:	Sep 26 2016 03:02 PM			System		M	
Description:		he system should be targeted for Android 5.1.1 "Lollipop" or phones with hardware specifications of the Samsung S5			Organizational (sub-type below)		
. Бозоприот	and up			Development Requirements			
Priority:	Highest	✓ High	Low	1	Lowest		
This Req. is Engineered From:		UO-01					
Justify why meeting SO-01-01 can contribute to the fulfilment of UO-01		Specifies the OS version and hardware requirements					
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	N/A					
maceability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	ne CapStone Process Management System ©2015					

Figure 4.28 - Requirement SO-01-01

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	SO-02-01			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 30 2016 01:03	Sep 30 2016 01:03 PM					
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 01:05 PM			System			
Description:	The system will utilize the Google VR SDK to display two images through the cardboard.			Organizational (sub-type below) Development Requirements			
Priority:	✓ Highest	High	Medium	Low	Walter Street Street	Lowest	
This Req. is Engineered From:		UO-02					
Justify why meeting SO-02-01 can contribute to the fulfilment of UO-02		The system will provide a VR experience that is designed around the cardboard.					
Transhilitu	Use cases cf.	N/A					
Traceability:	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the CapStone Process Management System ©2015						

Figure 4.29 - Requirement SO-02-01

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Requirement ID:	SO-03-01			Туре	Functional	Non-Functional	
Creation:	Sep 30 2016 01:00	Sep 30 2016 01:00 PM					
Modification:	Sep 30 2016 01:02 PM			System		×	
Description	Erie Insurance logos will be placed on buildings, billboards, bumper stickers, and air fresheners.			Organizational (sub-type below)			
Description:				Development Requirements			
Priority:	Highest	High	✓ Medium	Low Lowe		_owest	
This Req. is Engineered From:		UO-03					
Justify why meeting SO-03-01 can contribute to the fulfilment of UO-03		Erie Insurance will be represented within the experience.					
Traceability:	Use cases cf.	N/A					
Traceability.	Test cases cf.	Yet to be completed in test case worksheet!					
Acknowledgment	Generated from the	e CapStone Process Management System ©2015					

Figure 4.30 - Requirement SO-03-01

- 4.2.2.5 Organizational: Operational Requirements
- 4.2.2.6 Organizational: Environmental Requirements
- 4.2.2.7 External: Safety/Security Requirements
- 4.2.2.8 External: Cultural and Social Requirements
- 4.2.2.9 External: Political Requirements

4.3 Requirements Trace Table

Figure 4.29 gives a breakdown of the system requirements that have been engineered from the user requirements.

Project Na	Project Name: Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
User Requirements		System Requirements					
Req ID	Description	Req ID	Description				
UF-A	The application should present various scenarios that display a distracted driver, and give the user the ability to overcome the potential negative outcome.	SF-A-01	The system should provide three possible solutions for every decision presented.				
	The user should control a passenger in a	SF-B-01	The user should have a first person perspective during the experience, and can use motion inputs to position the camera.				
UF-B	vehicle driven by a person engaging in dangerous activities.	SF-B-02	The user will use the button on the cardboard headset to interact with objects in the environment, and select choices during scenarios				
UF-C	The system should feature multiple outcomes that can occur due to the driver being distracted.	SF-C-01	The system should have four types of outcomes that can occur within the environment, including hitting an object, running off the road/lanes, speeding/slowing down, and missing traffic lights.				
UF-D	The user should be able to interact with their environment between scenarios presented to them	SF-D-01	The user should be able to open/close glove box, interact with objects in the glove box, drink a drink in the cup holder, open/close the window, and adjust the radio.				
UF-E	User should be able to modify experience settings	SF-E-01	The system will provide options to the user including changing weather effects and time of day.				
UF-F	The driver should be controlled by an Al and should engage in various tasks.	SF-F-01	The driver Al should drive, text, converse with user, and look out window.				
UO-01	The application should be developed for modern Android devices.	SO-01-01	The system should be targeted for Android 5.1.1 "Lollipop" for phones with hardware specifications of the Samsung S5 and up				
UO-02	The application should be developed for cardboard VR use.	SO-02-01	The system will utilize the Google VR SDK to display two images through the cardboard.				
UO-03	The application must feature ERIE Insurance branded paraphernalia advertising the company throughout.	SO-03-01	Erie Insurance logos will be placed on buildings, billboards, bumper stickers, and air fresheners.				
UP-01	The system should run at an acceptable frame rate suitable for virtual reality use.	SP-01-01	The application should run at a minimum of 30 frames per second.				
Acknowledg	gment: Generated from the CapStone process ma	nagement s	ystem ©2015				

Figure 4.31 - Requirement Trace Table

5. Exploratory Studies

5.1 Relevant Techniques

We will be using the Unity 3D game engine to create our application. We have chosen this engine because of its C# scripting, large community, and because it allows us to create an immersive VR experience very quickly. Along with Unity 3D, we will be using the Google VR SDK for Unity to adapt our project for VR use [6]. We also plan to take advantage of the Unity Asset Store to collect models, animations, and scripts to allow us to focus on implementing the requested features and not worry about having to create all of our assets from scratch. Within the Asset Store exists an important package called Unity Test Tools [4]. Unity Test Tools allows us various ways of testing including unit tests, integration tests, and assertion component to make sure our work is as bug free as possible. All of these technologies working together will allow us to create an experience that puts the user into the middle of a seemingly dangerous situation.

5.2 Relevant Packages/Products

The main products and packages we will be using include Unity 3D, Google VR SDK, a variety of assets from the Unity Asset Store, the Android SDK to build from within the Unity engine, Unity Test Tools to complete our application testing, Visual Studio for writing C# scripts, and potentially more as we move forward.

5.3 Broader Impacts

This virtual reality experience has the potential to help minimize distracted driving. Minimizing distracted driving means that there will be less accidents, less injuries, and less deaths because of distracted driving. Since the application runs on the Android operating system, which is used by millions of people every day, this application has the potential to reach a large number of drivers and passengers.

6. System Design

6.1 Architectural Design

The system will be using a component-based architectural design, which emphasizes the creation of components, which other components reuse to create a scene. Multiple scenes are sequenced together to create the overall system. Unity objects are a component that is self-contained, meaning that it can run on its own inside a scene. As objects are defined, they can be used in other objects to create large components that are combined to create complex scenes. Figure 6.1 shows our high-level architecture, which is consisting of a starting interface *GameObject* that has a composition with itself to allow the components to have other components that make it up.

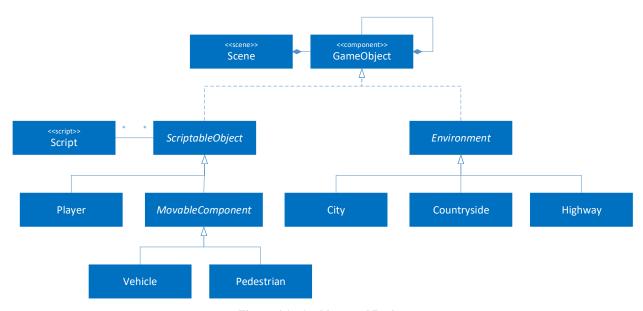


Figure 6.1 - Architectural Design

6.2 Structural Design

The structural diagram provides the detailed components that are defined in the architectural design. The basic components are refined into each individual component that can be reused to create the overall layout of the Unity scene.

Figure 6.2 represents the Scenes package within the structural diagram. This package will contain each scene within the experience and show how they connect to each other. This package also contains the main GameObject interface that all other components will be inheriting from throughout the system.

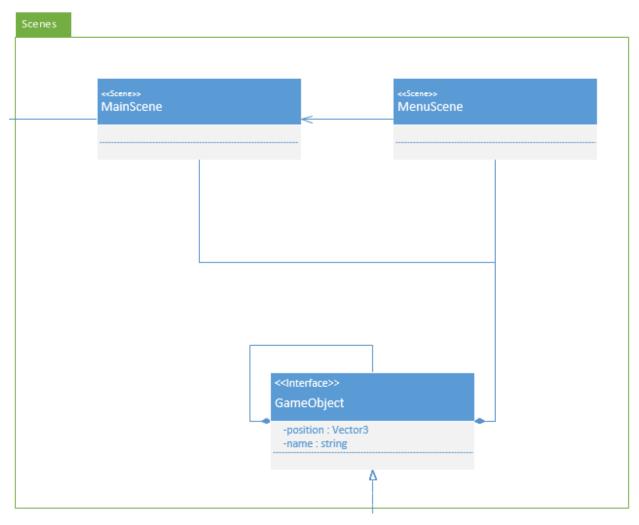


Figure 6.2 - Structural Diagram (Scenes)

Figure 6.3 is the package representing the player. The player is essentially a camera component using a player controller script to allow the user to move their head around to view and interact with what is happening in the scene. The player controller is able to perform actions with the environment such as reentering the user, which is shown below.

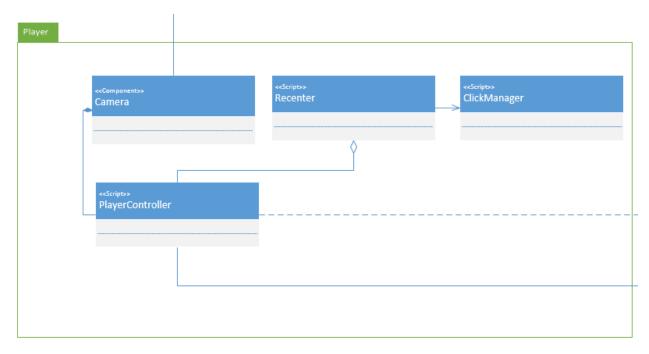


Figure 6.3 - Structural Diagram (Player)

Figure 6.4 shows many of the components that come from Googles VR SDK. As mentioned above, the player is a camera that is able to interact with the environment. To do this, the camera utilizes components, interfaces, and scripts in this package. This package allows components to be set as either objects causing interactions to happen or allows components to be the object that is interacted with.

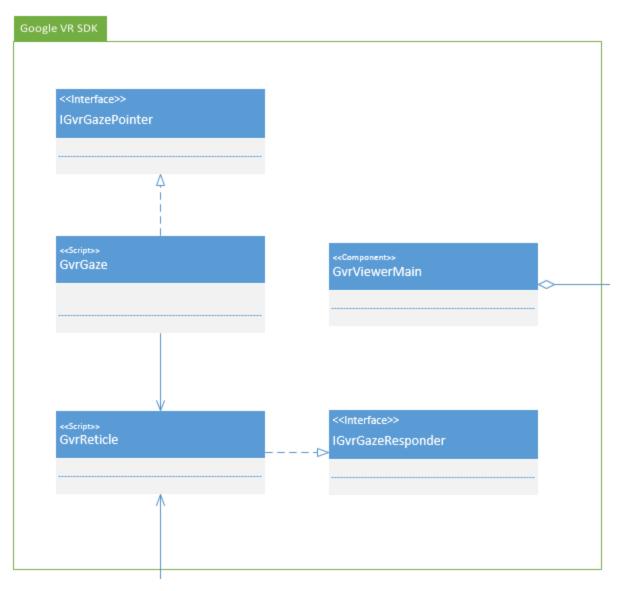


Figure 6.4 - Structural Diagram (Google VR SDK)

Figure 6.5 shows the MovableComponent package which consists of all components that will be moving in some way during the execution of the program. This package includes pedestrians (people, animals, etc.) and vehicles. The package also contains the scripts that these components will rely on to perform their movement and coordination.

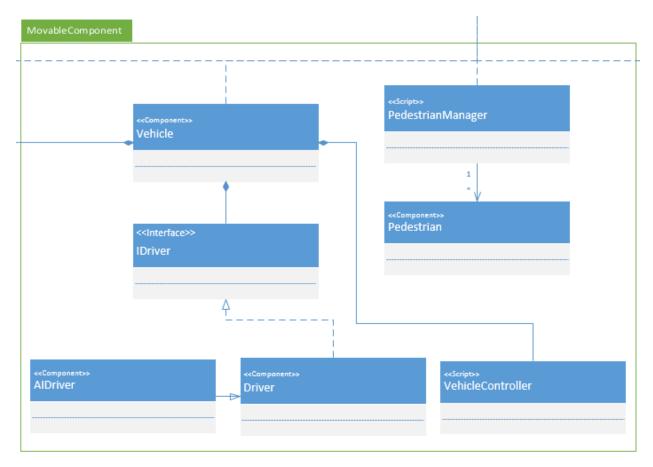


Figure 6.5 - Structural Diagram (MovableComponent)

Figure 6.6 shows the EnvironmentalObjects package which contains objects that are non-moving and exist in the environment such as plants, buildings, and roadways. The hierarchy below demonstrates how full environments will be made up of smaller components such as what was listed previously.

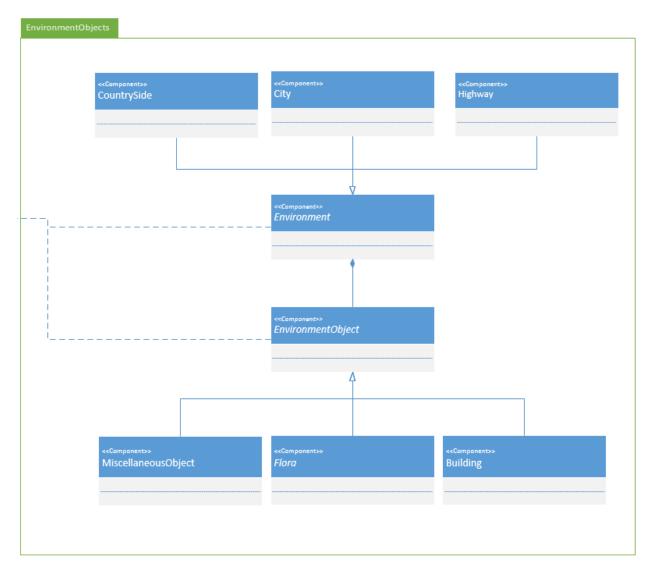


Figure 6.6 - Structural Diagram (EnvironmentObjects)

6.3 User Interface Design

Our user interface design is built around the technologies we are implementing. Virtual reality has a defined structure of displaying an image on two separate screens with logical angles that simulate what eyes see. With that, we are trying to create a very realistic depiction of riding in the car with a friend while the friend engages in dangerous activities. Google's SDK has provided many useful assets that have helped create the menu screens and input management to allow the player to control the experience. Figures 6.7 through 6.9 show the view the player has throughout the experience.

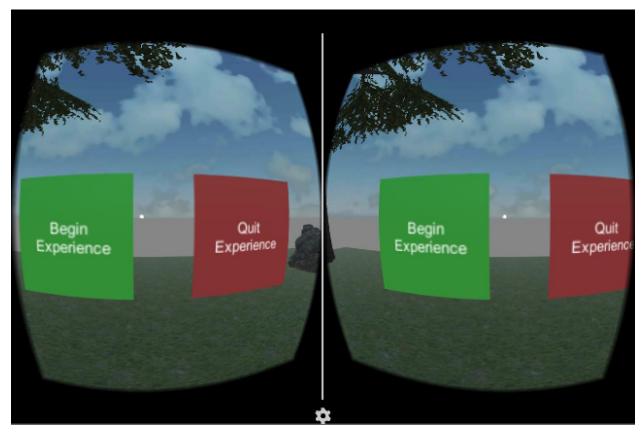


Figure 6.7 - Start Menu View



Figure 6.8 - Outside View

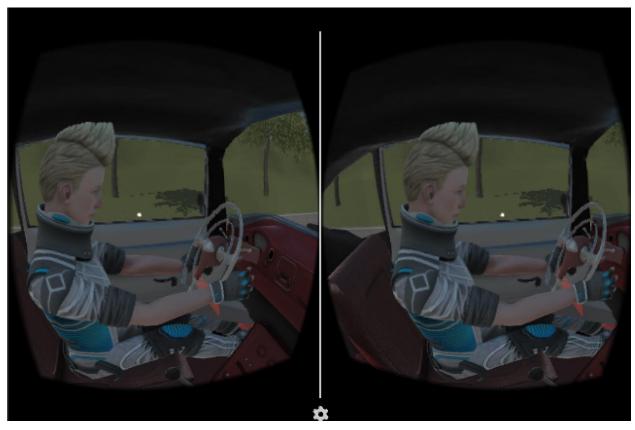


Figure 6.9 - Driver View

6.4 Behavioral Design

In Figure 6.10, the behavior of the system is displayed. The activity diagram shows the flow of the experience and gives the steps required to succeed in the system, as well as the fail state requirements.

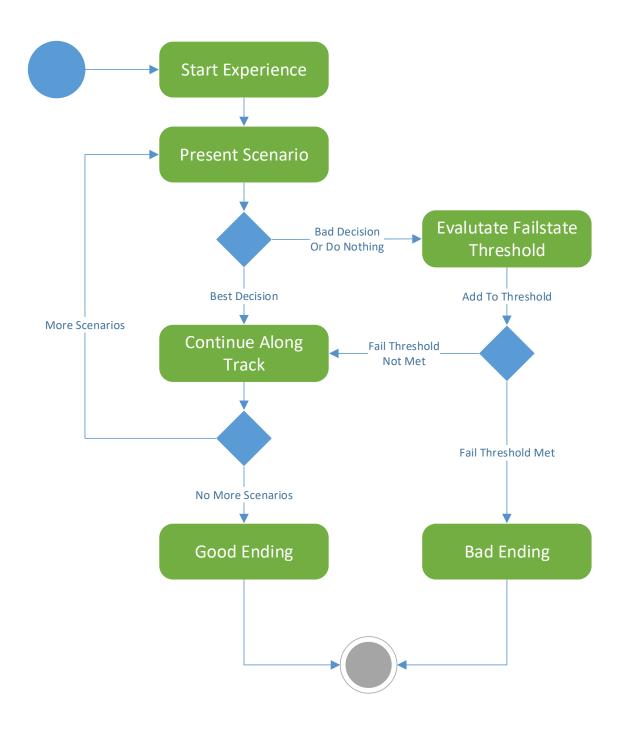


Figure 6.10 - Activity Diagram

6.5 Design Alternatives & Design Rationale

With our project, we are using Unity to create an experience that can run on mobile devices. Unity is designed with the component-based architecture in mind, and the way objects are implemented is based around that concept. Initially we looked into MVC, which is similar to our current design. However, each component in Unity essentially has its own model, view, and controller. The design would be complicated, and would not be as accurate as the component-based architecture.

7. System Implementation

7.1 Programming Languages & Tools

We are implementing our project using Unity, which takes advantage of C# for creating scripts. Unity provides an IDE called MonoDevelop, however we are using Microsoft Visual Studio, which can be used instead of MonoDevelop.

7.2 Coding Conventions

We will adhere to the coding conventions designed around Unity development as well as Microsoft's C# conventions. We will also be following Unity best practice for component design, which will help improve maintainability and performance.

7.3 Code Version Control

As with all projects being worked on by multiple personnel, version control is very important for the efficiency of our workflow. We will be using a combination of Git and Unity SmartMerge for our version control which will handle branching and merge conflicts. We will be hosting our repository in GitHub.

7.4 Implementation Alternatives & Decision Rationale

One alternative development tool we could have used instead of Unity is Unreal Engine. Unreal is another game engine that is widely available and features mobile development and also has Google Cardboard SDK support. With Unreal we would also be developing using C++ instead of C#. Our team decided to use Unity over Unreal because we are all more familiar with C# and virtual reality development is more popular with Unity, so the documentation and resources available will be better defined. Erie Insurance has stated that they are aware of the terms of service with Unity are we are still fine to proceed with development.

7.5 Analysis of Key Algorithms

N/A

8. System Testing

8.1 Test Automation Framework

Our project is developed following the test-driven development methodology. In section 8, we will be covering the tests designed for our application as we continue developing it. In order for our system requirements to be verified, there will be tests created for each one to ensure correct implementation.

8.1.1 Steps for Installing Test Framework

Our tests are designed using Unity Test Tools, which is an asset that allows assertions on Unity objects and scripts to verify that everything is working correctly. In order to install the testing framework, all that needs to be done is download Unity Test Tools from the Unity Asset Store and add it to an existing project.

8.1.2 Steps for Running Test Cases

In order to run a test case, the test case must be opened in Unity Test Tools. From there, the tests can be ran or modified to specified settings.

8.2 Test Case Design

8.2.1 Acceptance Test Cases

These test cases are specifically tailored to test user requirements. The tests verify that specific requirements are working as planned for the user. They ensure that the most important requirements provided by the end user are covered within the system.

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving	
Test Suite	TS-002: Environment Interac	tion
Test Case ID	TC-009 (Acceptance Test)	
What To Test	Al Driver Actions	
Test Data Input		
Expected Result	The AI driver drives and converses with the user throughout the experience, and gets realisticall distracted when scenarios are triggered through texting/not paying attention to the road.	
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UF-F
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SF-F-01
	Relevant Use Case(s)	UC-002

Figure 8.1 - AI Driver Actions Test

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving	
Test Suite	TS-003: System Performanc	e
Test Case ID	TC-010 (Acceptance Test)	
What To Test	Hardware Validation	
Test Data Input		
Expected Result	The system runs smoothly on hardware specifications of the Samsung S5 and up.	
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UO-01
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SO-01-01
	Relevant Use Case(s)	

Figure 8.2 - Hardware Validation Test

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving		
Test Suite	TS-003: System Performance	TS-003: System Performance	
Test Case ID	TC-011 (Acceptance Test)		
What To Test	Double Image VR Display		
Test Data Input			
Expected Result	Two images should be displayed for use with the Google Cardboard.		
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UO-02	
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SO-02-01	
	Relevant Use Case(s)		

Figure 8.3 - VR Display Test

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving		
Test Suite	TS-003: System Performance		
Test Case ID	TC-012 (Acceptance Test)		
What To Test	System Frame Rate		
Test Data Input			
Expected Result	The system runs at or above 30 frames per second when viewed through on a mobile device through a Google Cardboard.		
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UP-01	
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SP-01-01	
	Relevant Use Case(s)		

Figure~8.4-System~Frame~Rate~Test

8.2.2 System Test Cases

System tests covers major system functionalities, and tests specific system requirements.

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving	
Test Suite	TS-001: Scenario Interaction	
Test Case ID	TC-002 (System Test)	
What To Test	Scenario Triggers	
Test Data Input	7.00	
Expected Result	A scenario is presented to the user upon reaching a trigger in the environment.	
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UF-A
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SF-A-02
	Relevant Use Case(s)	UC-002,UC-003

Figure 8.5 - Scenario Trigger Test

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving	
Test Suite	TS-001: Scenario Interaction	X
Test Case ID	TC-006 (System Test)	
What To Test	Bad Scenario Outcomes	
Test Data Input		
Expected Result	Choosing the wrong decision or doing nothing at the end of a scenario will sometimes lead to one of the four types of bad outcomes.	
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UF-C
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SF-C-01
	Relevant Use Case(s)	UC-003

Figure 8.6 - Bad Scenario Test

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving	
Test Suite	TS-002: Environment Interac	tion
Test Case ID	TC-008 (System Test)	
What To Test	Weather Modification	
Test Data Input		
Expected Result	If the user changes the weather settings, the environment will reflect those changes.	
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UF-E
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SF-E-01
	Relevant Use Case(s)	UC-001,UC-002

Figure 8.7 - Weather Modification Test

8.2.3 Integration Test Cases

Integration test cases test the connection between the units of a system or subsystem.

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving	
Test Suite	TS-001: Scenario Interaction	
Test Case ID	TC-003 (Integration Test)	
What To Test	Possible Scenario Solutions	
Test Data Input	None	
Expected Result	3 solutions appear in the user's field of view after a scenario is played out.	
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UF-A
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SF-A-01
	Relevant Use Case(s)	UC-003

Figure 8.8 - Scenario Solutions Test

002: Environment Interac	Colors
Joe. Ellinoinfield filterae	tion
TC-005 (Integration Test)	
Environment Interaction	
Tapping the input button on environment objects will allow the user to interact with them in some way.	
evant User Req.(s)	UF-B
evant System Req.(s)	SF-B-02
evant Use Case(s)	UC-002,UC-003
	ironment Interaction

Figure 8.9 – Environment Interaction Test

8.2.4 Unit Test Cases

Unit test cases test all parts of an individual unit within a system or subsystem.

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving	
Test Suite	TS-002: Environment Interac	tion
Test Case ID	TC-001 (Unit Test)	
What To Test	Camera Recentering	
Test Data Input		
Expected Result	Camera resets to the default view looking out of the windshield of the vehicle upon two rapid clicks of the input button.	
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UF-B
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SF-B-03
	Relevant Use Case(s)	UC-002

Figure 8.10 – Camera Recentering Test

Project Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving	
Test Suite	TS-001: Scenario Interaction	
Test Case ID	TC-004 (Unit Test)	
What To Test	Camera Rotation	
Test Data Input	*	
Expected Result	Rotating the phone moves the camera in the experience uniformly.	
	Relevant User Req.(s)	UF-B
Traceability	Relevant System Req.(s)	SF-B-01
	Relevant Use Case(s)	UC-002
Acknowledgment: G	enerated from the CapStone pro	ocess management system ©2015

Figure 8.11 – Camera Rotation Test

8.3 Test Case Execution Report

The test case execution reports outline the steps taken to execute a given test case. They also provide the status of the test and any defects that will prevent the test from passing.

8.3.1 Unit Testing Report

Project Name: Test Case ID:		Virtual	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving TC-001						
		TC-001							
esti	ng Tools Use	d:							
Testing Type:		Function	n coverage						
		1 Be	egin the experience						
xec	ution Steps:	2 Tu							
		3 Q	3 Quickly double tap the Cardboard input button						
Test	Execution F	Records:							
#	Tester	Test Date	Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction			
	Tester Nick Kapty	Test Date 11/9/2016	Actual Result Double tapping does nothing	Status Fail	Not yet implemented	Correction			

Figure 8.12 – Camera Recentering Execution

Project Name: Test Case ID:		Virt	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving TC-004						
		TC-0							
Testi	ng Tools Use	d:							
Testing Type:		Fund	Function coverage						
	ution Steps:	1 2 Records	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	tion					
#	Tester	Test Da	e Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction			
1	Nick Kapty	11/9/20	16 Camera moves around	Pass	4				
Exec	ution Summa	ary: The	feature works as intended						
Ackn	owledgment: (Generated	from the CapStone process ma	anagement	system ©2015				

Figure 8.13 – Camera Rotating Execution

8.3.2 Integration Testing Report

Project Name: Virtual RealityTexting While Driving									
Test Case ID:		TC-003	TC-003						
Testi	ing Tools Use	d:							
Testing Type:		Functio	n coverage						
	cution Steps:	2 W	egin the experience /ait for the vehicle to reach /ait for the scenario to play		ger point				
#	Tester	Test Date	Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction			
1	Nick Kapty	11/9/2016	No solutions appear	Fail	Not yet implemented				
Exec	cution Summa	агу:	***************************************						
Ackn	nowledgment: (Generated fr	om the CapStone process n	nanagement :	system ©2015				

Figure 8.14 – Scenario Solutions Execution

Proj	ect Name:	Virtua	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Test Case ID:		TC-005	TC-005						
Testi	ing Tools Use	d:							
Testing Type:		Functio	n coverage						
	cution Steps:	2 L 3 C	egin the experience ook at an interactive environ lick on object if reticule exp						
#	Tester	Test Date	Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction			
1	1 Nick Kapty 11		Object does not move	Fail	Not yet implemented				
Exec	ution Summ	агу:				·			
Ackr	nowledgment: (Generated fr	om the CapStone process m	anagement:	system ©2015				

Figure 8.15 – Environment Interaction Execution

8.3.3 System Testing Report

ion coverage Begin the experience			
Market Constant			
Market Constant			
Begin the experience			
Allow the car to proceed to a	predefined t	rigger point	
Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction
No scenario presented	Fail	Not yet implemented	
e	e Actual Result 6 No scenario presented	e Actual Result Status 6 No scenario presented Fail	e Actual Result Status Defect

Figure 8.16 – Scenario Interaction Execution

Proje	ect Name:	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Test	Case ID:	TC-0	06						
Testi	ng Tools Use	d:							
Testi	ng Type:	Fund	tion coverage						
			Begin the experience						
Evac	ution Stone	2	2 Wait for the vehicle to move to the first scenario						
Lxec	ution Steps:	3	3 Wait for the scenario to play out						
		4	4 Choose the wrong decision presented						
Test	Execution F	Records	:						
#	Tester	Test Dat	te Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction			
1 Nick Kapty 11		11/9/201	16 No outcomes occur	Fail	Not yet implemented				
Exec	ution Summa	ну:							
Ackn	owledgment: (Senerated	from the CapStone process r	management	system ©2015				

Figure 8.17 – Bad Outcomes Execution

roject Name: Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Test Case ID:	TC-008	-					
Testing Tools Used	l:						
Testing Type:	Function coverage						
	1 Choose the change settings me	1 Choose the change settings menu					
Execution Steps:	2 Under the weather tab, select any alternate weather effect						
Execution steps.	3 Exit the change settings menu						
	4 Begin the experience						
Test Execution R	ecords:						
# Tester	Test Date Actual Result	Status Defect	Correction				
1 Nick Kapty	11/9/2016 Weather does not change	Fail Not yet implemented					
Execution Summa	ry:						
Acknowledament: G	enerated from the CapStone process man	agement system ©2015					

 ${\bf Figure~8.18-Weather~Modification~Execution}$

8.3.4 Acceptance Testing Report

Project Name:		Virt	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving						
Test	Test Case ID: Testing Tools Used:		009						
Testi									
Testing Type:		Fund	Function coverage						
		1	Begin the experience						
Exec	ution Steps:	2	2 Look at/Listen to the driver before scenario for animation/conversation						
		3	3 Look at/Listen to the driver during scenario for animation/conversation						
Test	Execution I	Records	:						
#	Tester	Test Dat	te Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction			
1	Nick Kapty	11/9/201	Driver does not animate or interact with the user in any way	Fail					
Exec	ution Summa	агу:	# 15 a			*			
Ackn	owledgment: (Generated	from the CapStone process ma	nagement	system ©2015				

Figure 8.19 – AI Driver Interaction Execution

Proje	ect Name:	Virt	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving TC-010						
Test	Case ID:	TC-0							
Testi	ng Tools Use	d:							
Testi	ng Type:	Fund	tion coverage						
		1	Build the application in Unity						
Exec	ution Steps:	2							
		3	3 Begin the experience						
Test	Execution F	Records							
#	Tester	Test Dat	e Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction			
1	Nick Kapty	11/9/201	6 App launches successfully	Pass					
Exec	ution Summa		app was able to launch on a pho essfully.	ne of com	parable hardware	to the Samsung S5			
Ackn	owledgment: (Generated	from the CapStone process mai	nagement	system ©2015				

Figure 8.20 – Hardware Validation Execution

Project Name: Test Case ID:		Virtu	Virtual RealityTexting While Driving TC-011						
		TC-01							
Testi	ng Tools Use	d:							
Testing Type:		Functi	Function coverage						
	ution Steps:	2 1							
#	Tester	Test Date	Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction			
1	Nick Kapty	11/9/2016	The app displayed with a binocular view	Pass					
Exec	ution Summa	The ap	p ran correctly with a binocula	r view <mark>u</mark> sir	ng the Google VR	SDK.			
Ackn	owledgment: (Generated f	rom the CapStone process ma	nagement.	system ©2015				

Figure 8.21 – VR Display Execution

Project Name:	ne: Virtual RealityTexting While Driving							
Test Case ID:	TC	-012						
Testing Tools L	sed:							
Testing Type:	Fu	nction	n coverage					
		1 Ex	port the built app to an	Android phone				
Evenution Stan		2 Launch the app						
Execution Step	S.	3 Begin the experience						
		4 Monitor the FPS throughout the experience using the debug menu						
Test Executio	n Record	s:	II.					
# Tester	Test D	ate	Actual Result	Status	Defect	Correction		
1 Nick Kap	y 11/9/2	016	FPS unknown	Fail	Not yet implemented			
Execution Sum	mary:							
Acknowledamer	t: Generat	ed fro	m the CapStone proces	s management.	svstem ©2015			

Figure 8.22 – System Frame Rate Execution

9. Challenges & Open Issues

9.1 Challenges Faced in Requirements Engineering

We had trouble dealing with somewhat vague requirements provided by the industry sponsor, and were faced with the task of continuous meetings in order to get a clear understanding of the sponsor's needs in regard to the system.

9.2 Challenges Faced in System Development

Our first issue we faced was configuring version control to work with our system. Git alone does not work for Unity projects, and scenes are stored in binary files, so if a scene was worked on concurrently, it would not be able to merge. The documentation was confusing, and we failed to set it up properly a few times. We also had trouble with incompatible versions between Unity and the Google VR SDK. The SDK we originally had was out of date.

9.3 Open Issues & Ideas for Solutions

N/A

10. System Manuals

10.1 Instructions for System Development

In order to develop the application, the environment must be set up. After the required steps are completed, the project must be opened in Unity. From there, any part of the system can modified.

10.1.1 How to Set Up Development Environment

In order to develop the application, the developer must have Unity 5.4.1f1 installed as well as Git in order to pull from the repository. Once pulled, opening the project in Unity will allow for additional development.

10.1.2 Notes on System Further Extensions

10.2 Instructions for System Deployment

Steps to build and export to Android:

- 1. Select File > Build Settings
- 2. Select the platform as Android, then switch platform
- 3. Select Player Settings, in the resolution and presentation tab, select landscape left and use the 32-bit display buffer
- 4. Select Other Settings, change minimum API level to be Android 4.4 KitKat (API level 19)
- 5. Select Build to create APK

10.2.1 Platform Requirements

In order to build and deploy the application, Unity is required. Along with that, the Android SDK and Java SDK must be installed as well.

10.2.2 System Installation

To install on Android, the APK must be downloaded. After downloading, it can be installed and then started.

10.3 Instructions for System End Users

N/A

11. Conclusion

- 11.1 Achievement
- 11.2 Lessons Learned
- 11.3 Acknowledgment

12. References

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