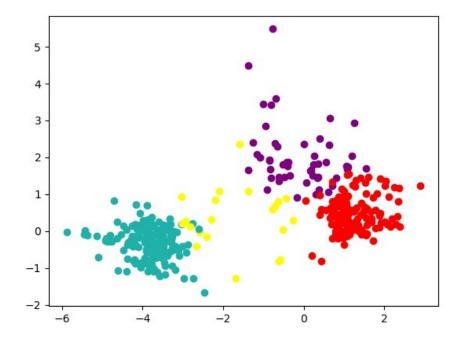
Yeast Gene Centroids

- [[-2.41271429e-01 -1.28750000e-01 6.22500000e-02 1.73350000e-01 2.17914286e-01 1.65169286e+00 1.90532143e+00]
- [-9.53509804e-01 -1.47164706e+00 7.75294118e-02 -1.79490196e-01 -1.00482353e+00 1.15121569e+00 9.68803922e-01]
- [1.65103659e-01 9.16524390e-02 -1.03884146e-01 -5.52585366e-01 -6.30085366e-01 -1.72318293e+00 -1.75481098e+00]
- [2.32857143e-02 2.50809524e-01 -2.76952381e-01 -3.64000000e-01 -7.35428571e-01 -8.94619048e-01 7.00142857e-01]
- [-1.55555556e-03 1.56506173e-01 3.56253086e-01 7.01580247e-01 1.00971605e+00 1.84231481e+00 1.64341975e+00]
- [-3.93289474e-02 1.53947368e-01 4.36078947e-01 1.10581579e+00 1.44871053e+00 3.01634211e+00 2.82938158e+00]]

Yest Gene PCA Plot



Utilities Merges

```
0-th merging: 12, 21, 23
1-th merging: 10, 13, 24
2-th merging: 4, 24, 25
3-th merging: 7, 23, 26
4-th merging: 25, 20, 27
5-th merging: 14, 19, 28
6-th merging: 1, 18, 29
7-th merging: 15, 26, 30
8-th merging: 29, 28, 31
9-th merging: 2, 27, 32
10-th merging: 8, 16, 33
11-th merging: 32, 30, 34
12-th merging: 34, 22, 35
13-th merging: 9, 31, 36
14-th merging: 35, 36, 37
15-th merging: 6, 37, 38
16-th merging: 3, 38, 39
17-th merging: 39, 33, 40
18-th merging: 17, 40, 41
19-th merging: 11, 41, 42
20-th merging: 5, 42, 43
```

K-Means Code

```
def assignCluster(dataSet, k, centroids):
   "For each data point, assign it to the closest centroid
   Inputs:
      dataSet: each row represents an observation and
             each column represents an attribute
      k: number of clusters
      centroids: initial centroids or centroids of last iteration
   Output:
      clusterAssment: list
         assigned cluster id for each data point
   clusterAssment = []
   dataSetCopy = copy.deepcopy(dataSet)
   for data in dataSetCopy:
      minDist = -1
      minIndex = -1
      for cenInd, center in enumerate(centroids):
```

```
totalDist = 0
         #print(data, center)
         for dat, cen in zip(np.asarray(data).flatten(), np.asarray(center).flatten()):
            #print(dat, cen)
            totalDist += (dat - cen) ** 2
         totalDist = sqrt(totalDist)
         if minDist == -1 or totalDist < minDist:
            minDist = totalDist
            minIndex = cenInd
      clusterAssment.append(minIndex)
   return clusterAssment
def getCentroid(dataSet, k, clusterAssment):
   "recalculate centroids
   Input:
      dataSet: each row represents an observation and
         each column represents an attribute
      k: number of clusters
      clusterAssment: list
         assigned cluster id for each data point
   Output:
      centroids: cluster centroids
   111
   dataSetCopy = copy.deepcopy(dataSet)
   centroids = []
   #print(centroids)
   lastIndex = max(clusterAssment)
   for cenInd in range(lastIndex + 1):
      #print(cenInd)
      indexes = np.where(np.array(clusterAssment) == cenInd)[0]
      #print(indexes)
      totalPoints = 0
      for ind in indexes:
         if isinstance(totalPoints, int):
            totalPoints = copy.deepcopy(dataSet[ind])
            totalPoints += dataSet[ind]
      #print(totalPoints)
```

```
totalPoints /= len(indexes)
#print(totalPoints.tolist()[0])
centroids.append(totalPoints.tolist()[0])
centroids = np.matrix(centroids)
return centroids
```

Hierarchical Cluster Code

def merge_cluster(distance_matrix, cluster_candidate, T):

- $^{\prime\prime\prime}$ Merge two closest clusters according to min distances
- 1. Find the smallest entry in the distance matrix—suppose the entry is i-th row and j-th column
- 2. Merge the clusters that correspond to the i-th row and j-th column of the distance matrix as a new cluster with index T

```
Parameters:
distance_matrix : 2-D array
   distance matrix
cluster candidate: dictionary
   key is the cluster id, value is point ids in the cluster
T: int
   current cluster index
Returns:
_____
cluster_candidate: dictionary
   upadted cluster dictionary after merging two clusters
   key is the cluster id, value is point ids in the cluster
merge_list : list of tuples
   records the two old clusters' id and points that have just been merged.
   [(cluster_one_id, point_ids_in_cluster_one),
   (cluster_two_id, point_ids_in_cluster_two)]
merge_list = []
minValue = np.amin(distance_matrix)
#print(minValue)
index = np.where(distance_matrix.flatten() == minValue)
coords = np.unravel_index(index, (len(distance_matrix), len(distance_matrix[0])))
```

```
for key, value in cluster_candidate.items():
      if coords[0].flatten()[0] in value:
         id1 = key
      if coords[0].flatten()[1] in value:
         id2 = key
   merge_list = [(id1, copy.deepcopy(cluster_candidate[id1])), (id2,
copy.deepcopy(cluster_candidate[id2]))]
   points1 = copy.deepcopy(cluster_candidate[id1])
   points2 = copy.deepcopy(cluster candidate[id2])
   points1.extend(points2)
   cluster\_candidate[T] = points1
   cluster_candidate.pop(id1)
   cluster_candidate.pop(id2)
   return cluster_candidate, merge_list
def update_distance(distance_matrix, cluster_candidate, merge_list):
   ''' Update the distantce matrix
   Parameters:
   _____
   distance matrix: 2-D array
      distance matrix
   cluster_candidate : dictionary
      key is the updated cluster id, value is a list of point ids in the cluster
   merge list : list of tuples
      records the two old clusters' id and points that have just been merged.
      [(cluster_one_id, point_ids_in_cluster_one),
      (cluster_two_id, point_ids_in_cluster_two)]
   Returns:
   _____
   distance_matrix: 2-D array
      updated distance matrix
   111
   coordList = [[a, b] for a in merge\_list[0][1] for b in merge\_list[1][1] if a != b]
   for coord in coordList:
      distance_matrix[coord[0]][coord[1]] = 100000
```

 ${\tt distance_matrix[coord[1]][coord[0]] = 100000}$

return distance_matrix