

0.1 Banking System GUI

We have provided a skeleton GUI application for a banking system. Your task is to implement the backend logic to connect the application to a MySQL database and perform transactional operations.

0.1.1 Tools

MySQL

Functionality: A powerful, open-source Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) that stores and manages structured data using SQL.

Variances: MariaDB (a community-developed fork of MySQL, effectively a drop-in replacement).

phpMyAdmin

Functionality: A free software tool written in PHP, intended to handle the administration of MySQL over the Web. It supports operations on databases, tables, columns, relations, indexes, users, permissions, etc.

Tkinter

Functionality: The standard Python interface to the Tk GUI toolkit. It provides widgets such as buttons, labels, and text boxes to build desktop applications.

PyMySQL

Functionality: A pure-Python MySQL client library. It allows Python programs to connect to a MySQL server and execute SQL queries.

0.1.2 Database Schema

You must create the following tables in your MySQL database to support the application:

1. **Customers:** Stores user identity.
 - `customer_id` (int, PK), `name` (text), `tax_id` (text, unique).
2. **Accounts:** Stores individual bank accounts.
 - `account_id` (int, PK), `customer_id` (FK), `balance` (decimal).
3. **Transactions:** Stores an audit log of all operations.
 - `transaction_id` (int, PK), `account_id` (FK), `transaction_type` (text), `amount` (decimal), `created_at` (timestamp).
4. **BankReserves:** Stores the total cash holding of the bank branch.
 - `branch_id` (int, PK), `total_reserve` (decimal).
5. **AllCustomerTransactions (View):** A joined view for reporting.
 - Logic: Join `Customers` \bowtie `Accounts` \bowtie `Transactions`.
 - Columns: `CustomerName`, `AccountID`, `Type`, `Amount`, `Date`.

0.1.3 Lab Tasks

Open the provided `banking_gui.py` file and complete the following TODO sections:

1. **Server Connection:** Implement logic to `connect()` and `disconnect()` from the MySQL database server. Handle connection errors gracefully.
2. **Banking Operations:**

- (a) **Open Account:** Implement SQL to insert a new customer and account.
- (b) **Deposit (Transaction):**
 - Update the specific **Account** balance ($+Amount$).
 - Update the **BankReserves** total reserve ($+Amount$).
 - **Requirement:** These updates must be wrapped in a transaction block. If one fails, both must roll back.
- (c) **Withdraw (Transaction):**
 - Check if the **Account** has sufficient funds ($Balance \geq Amount$).
 - Update the **Account** balance ($-Amount$).
 - Update the **BankReserves** total reserve ($-Amount$).
 - **Requirement:** All steps must be atomic.
- (d) **Transfer (Transaction):** The core ACID test. Move money from Account A to Account B.
 - Wrap operations in a **BEGIN ... COMMIT** transaction block.
 - If any step fails (e.g., insufficient funds), **ROLLBACK** the entire transaction.
- (e) **Check Balance:** Query and display the current balance.
- (f) **Bank Statement:** Query the **AllCustomerTransactions** view to display the user's transaction history.