echo -- write arguments to the standard output

SYNOPSIS
    echo [-n] [string ...]

DESCRIPTION
    The echo utility writes any specified operands, separated by single blank
    (` ') characters and followed by a newline (`\n') character, to the stan-
    dard output.

    The following option is available:

    -n   Do not print the trailing newline character. This may also be
         achieved by appending `\c' to the end of the string, as is done by
         iBCS2 compatible systems. Note that this option as well as the
         effect of `\c' are implementation-defined in IEEE Std 1003.1-2001
         (``POSIX.1'') as amended by Cor. 1-2002. Applications aiming for
         maximum portability are strongly encouraged to use printf(1) to
         suppress the newline character.

    Some shells may provide a builtin echo command which is similar or iden-
    tical to this utility. Most notably, the builtin echo in sh(1) does not
    accept the -n option. Consult the builtin(1) manual page.

EXIT STATUS
    The echo utility exits 0 on success, and >0 if an error occurs.

SEE ALSO
    builtin(1), csh(1), printf(1), sh(1)

STANDARDS
    The echo utility conforms to IEEE Std 1003.1-2001 (``POSIX.1'') as
    amended by Cor. 1-2002.