

Python `flask.request.csrf_valid()` Examples

The following are code examples for showing how to use `flask.request.csrf_valid()`. They are from open source Python projects. You can vote up the examples you like or vote down the ones you don't like.

Example 1

Project: *jbox* Author: *jpush* File: [csrf.py](#) MIT License

6 vc

```
def protect(self):
    if request.method not in self._app.config['WTF_CSRF_METHODS']:
        return

    if not validate_csrf(self._get_csrf_token()):
        reason = 'CSRF token missing or incorrect.'
        return self._error_response(reason)

    if request.is_secure and self._app.config['WTF_CSRF_SSL_STRICT']:
        if not request.referrer:
            reason = 'Referrer checking failed - no Referrer.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

        good_referrer = 'https://%s/' % request.host
        if not same_origin(request.referrer, good_referrer):
            reason = 'Referrer checking failed - origin does not match.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

    request.csrf_valid = True # mark this request is csrf valid
```

Example 2

Project: *chihu* Author: *yelongyu* File: [csrf.py](#) GNU General Public License v3.0

6 vc

```
def protect(self):
    if request.method not in self._app.config['WTF_CSRF_METHODS']:
        return

    if not validate_csrf(self._get_csrf_token()):
        reason = 'CSRF token missing or incorrect.'
        return self._error_response(reason)

    if request.is_secure and self._app.config['WTF_CSRF_SSL_STRICT']:
        if not request.referrer:
            reason = 'Referrer checking failed - no Referrer.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

        good_referrer = 'https://%s/' % request.host
        if not same_origin(request.referrer, good_referrer):
            reason = 'Referrer checking failed - origin does not match.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

    request.csrf_valid = True # mark this request is csrf valid
```

Example 3

Project: *WRGameVideos-Server* Author: *thundernet8* File: [csrf.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

6 vc

```
def protect(self):
    if request.method not in self._app.config['WTF_CSRF_METHODS']:
        return

    if not validate_csrf(self._get_csrf_token()):
        reason = 'CSRF token missing or incorrect.'
        return self._error_response(reason)

    if request.is_secure and self._app.config['WTF_CSRF_SSL_STRICT']:
        if not request.referrer:
            reason = 'Referrer checking failed - no Referrer.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

        good_referrer = 'https://%s/' % request.host
        if not same_origin(request.referrer, good_referrer):
            reason = 'Referrer checking failed - origin does not match.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

    request.csrf_valid = True # mark this request is csrf valid
```

Example 4

Project: *flasky* Author: *RoseOu* File: [form.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def validate_csrf_token(self, field):
    if not self.csrf_enabled:
        return True
    if hasattr(request, 'csrf_valid') and request.csrf_valid:
        # this is validated by CsrfProtect
        return True
    if not validate_csrf(field.data, self.SECRET_KEY, self.TIME_LIMIT):
        raise ValidationError(field.gettext('CSRF token missing'))
```

Example 5

Project: *jbox* Author: *jpush* File: [form.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def validate_csrf_token(self, field):
    if not self.csrf_enabled:
        return True
    if hasattr(request, 'csrf_valid') and request.csrf_valid:
        # this is validated by CsrfProtect
        return True
    if not validate_csrf(field.data, self.SECRET_KEY, self.TIME_LIMIT):
        raise ValidationError(field.gettext('CSRF token missing'))
```

Example 6

Project: *oa_qian* Author: *sunqb* File: [form.py](#) Apache License 2.0

5 vc

```
def validate_csrf_token(self, field):
    if not self.csrf_enabled:
        return True
    if hasattr(request, 'csrf_valid') and request.csrf_valid:
        # this is validated by CsrfProtect
        return True
    if not validate_csrf(field.data, self.SECRET_KEY, self.TIME_LIMIT):
        raise ValidationError(field.gettext('CSRF token missing'))
```

Example 7

Project: *chihu* Author: *yelongyu* File: [form.py](#) GNU General Public License v3.0

5 vc

```
def validate_csrf_token(self, field):
    if not self.csrf_enabled:
        return True
    if hasattr(request, 'csrf_valid') and request.csrf_valid:
        # this is validated by CsrfProtect
        return True
    if not validate_csrf(field.data, self.SECRET_KEY, self.TIME_LIMIT):
        raise ValidationError(field.gettext('CSRF token missing'))
```

Example 8

Project: *Tellal* Author: *mehtapgundogan* File: [form.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def validate_csrf_token(self, field):
    if not self.csrf_enabled:
        return True
    if hasattr(request, 'csrf_valid') and request.csrf_valid:
        # this is validated by CsrfProtect
        return True
    if not validate_csrf(field.data, self.SECRET_KEY, self.TIME_LIMIT):
        raise ValidationError(field.gettext('CSRF token missing'))
```

Example 9

Project: *WRGameVideos-API* Author: *thundernet8* File: [form.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def validate_csrf_token(self, field):
    if not self.csrf_enabled:
        return True
    if hasattr(request, 'csrf_valid') and request.csrf_valid:
        # this is validated by CsrfProtect
        return True
    if not validate_csrf(field.data, self.SECRET_KEY, self.TIME_LIMIT):
        raise ValidationError(field.gettext('CSRF token missing'))
```

Example 10

Project: *pipa-pay-server* Author: *davidvon* File: [form.py](#) Apache License 2.0

5 vc

```
def validate_csrf_token(self, field):
    if not self.csrf_enabled:
        return True
    if hasattr(request, 'csrf_valid') and request.csrf_valid:
        # this is validated by CsrfProtect
        return True
    if not validate_csrf(field.data, self.SECRET_KEY, self.TIME_LIMIT):
        raise ValidationError(field.gettext('CSRF token missing'))
```

Example 11

Project: *WRGameVideos-Server* Author: *thundernet8* File: [form.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def validate_csrf_token(self, field):
    if not self.csrf_enabled:
        return True
    if hasattr(request, 'csrf_valid') and request.csrf_valid:
        # this is validated by CsrfProtect
```

```
        return True
    if not validate_csrf(field.data, self.SECRET_KEY, self.TIME_LIMIT):
        raise ValidationError(field.gettext('CSRF token missing'))
```

Example 12

Project: *flasky* Author: *RoseOu* File: *csrf.py* MIT License

4 vc

```
def init_app(self, app):
    app.jinja_env.globals['csrf_token'] = generate_csrf
    strict = app.config.get('WTF_CSRF_SSL_STRICT', True)
    csrf_enabled = app.config.get('WTF_CSRF_ENABLED', True)

    @app.before_request
    def _csrf_protect():
        # many things come from django.middleware.csrf
        if not csrf_enabled:
            return

        if request.method in ('GET', 'HEAD', 'OPTIONS', 'TRACE'):
            return

        if self._exempt_views:
            if not request.endpoint:
                return

            view = app.view_functions.get(request.endpoint)
            if not view:
                return

            dest = '%s.%s' % (view.__module__, view.__name__)
            if dest in self._exempt_views:
                return

        csrf_token = None
        if request.method in ('POST', 'PUT', 'PATCH'):
            # find the ``csrf_token`` field in the subitted form
            # if the form had a prefix, the name will be ``{prefix}-csrf_token``
            for key in request.form:
                if key.endswith('csrf_token'):
                    csrf_token = request.form[key]
        if not csrf_token:
            # You can get csrf token from header
            # The header name is the same as Django
            csrf_token = request.headers.get('X-CSRFToken')
        if not csrf_token:
            # The header name is the same as Rails
            csrf_token = request.headers.get('X-CSRF-Token')
        if not validate_csrf(csrf_token):
            reason = 'CSRF token missing or incorrect.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

        if request.is_secure and strict:
            if not request.referrer:
                reason = 'Referrer checking failed - no Referrer.'
                return self._error_response(reason)

            good_referrer = 'https://%s/' % request.host
            if not same_origin(request.referrer, good_referrer):
                reason = 'Referrer checking failed - origin not match.'
                return self._error_response(reason)
```

```
request.csrf_valid = True # mark this request is csrf valid
```

Example 13

Project: *WRGameVideos-API* Author: *thundernet8* File: *csrf.py* GNU General Public License v2.0

4 vc

```
def init_app(self, app):
    app.jinja_env.globals['csrf_token'] = generate_csrf
    strict = app.config.get('WTF_CSRF_SSL_STRICT', True)
    csrf_enabled = app.config.get('WTF_CSRF_ENABLED', True)

    @app.before_request
    def _csrf_protect():
        # many things come from django.middleware.csrf
        if not csrf_enabled:
            return

        if request.method in ('GET', 'HEAD', 'OPTIONS', 'TRACE'):
            return

        if self._exempt_views:
            if not request.endpoint:
                return

            view = app.view_functions.get(request.endpoint)
            if not view:
                return

            dest = '%s.%s' % (view.__module__, view.__name__)
            if dest in self._exempt_views:
                return

        csrf_token = None
        if request.method in ('POST', 'PUT', 'PATCH'):
            # find the ``csrf_token`` field in the subitted form
            # if the form had a prefix, the name will be ``{prefix}-csrf_token``
            for key in request.form:
                if key.endswith('csrf_token'):
                    csrf_token = request.form[key]

        if not csrf_token:
            # You can get csrf token from header
            # The header name is the same as Django
            csrf_token = request.headers.get('X-CSRFToken')

        if not csrf_token:
            # The header name is the same as Rails
            csrf_token = request.headers.get('X-CSRF-Token')

        if not validate_csrf(csrf_token):
            reason = 'CSRF token missing or incorrect.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

        if request.is_secure and strict:
            if not request.referrer:
                reason = 'Referrer checking failed - no Referrer.'
                return self._error_response(reason)

            good_referrer = 'https://%s/' % request.host
            if not same_origin(request.referrer, good_referrer):
                reason = 'Referrer checking failed - origin not match.'
                return self._error_response(reason)

        request.csrf_valid = True # mark this request is csrf valid
```

Example 14

Project: *pipa-pay-server* Author: *davidvon* File: *csrf.py* Apache License 2.0

4 vc

```
def init_app(self, app):
    app.jinja_env.globals['csrf_token'] = generate_csrf
    strict = app.config.get('WTF_CSRF_SSL_STRICT', True)
    csrf_enabled = app.config.get('WTF_CSRF_ENABLED', True)

    @app.before_request
    def _csrf_protect():
        # many things come from django.middleware.csrf
        if not csrf_enabled:
            return

        if request.method in ('GET', 'HEAD', 'OPTIONS', 'TRACE'):
            return

        if self._exempt_views:
            if not request.endpoint:
                return

            view = app.view_functions.get(request.endpoint)
            if not view:
                return

            dest = '%s.%s' % (view.__module__, view.__name__)
            if dest in self._exempt_views:
                return

        csrf_token = None
        if request.method in ('POST', 'PUT', 'PATCH'):
            # find the ``csrf_token`` field in the subitted form
            # if the form had a prefix, the name will be ``{prefix}-csrf_token``
            for key in request.form:
                if key.endswith('csrf_token'):
                    csrf_token = request.form[key]

        if not csrf_token:
            # You can get csrf token from header
            # The header name is the same as Django
            csrf_token = request.headers.get('X-CSRFToken')

        if not csrf_token:
            # The header name is the same as Rails
            csrf_token = request.headers.get('X-CSRF-Token')

        if not validate_csrf(csrf_token):
            reason = 'CSRF token missing or incorrect.'
            return self._error_response(reason)

        if request.is_secure and strict:
            if not request.referrer:
                reason = 'Referrer checking failed - no Referrer.'
                return self._error_response(reason)

            good_referrer = 'https://%s/' % request.host
            if not same_origin(request.referrer, good_referrer):
                reason = 'Referrer checking failed - origin not match.'
                return self._error_response(reason)

        request.csrf_valid = True # mark this request is csrf valid
```