

Python `flask jsonify()` Examples

The following are code examples for showing how to use `flask jsonify()`. They are from open source Python projects. You can vote up the examples you like or vote down the ones you don't like.

Example 1

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: [server.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

7 vc

```
def whitelist_add():
    log.info("whitelist_add called")
    try:
        file_ = request.files["file"]
        handle, filename = tempfile.mkstemp()
        os.close(handle)
        file_.save(filename)
        data = request.get_json()
        if data and "functions" in data:
            functions = data["functions"]
        else:
            functions = None
        bass.whitelist_add(filename, functions)
        os.unlink(filename)
    except KeyError:
        log.exception("")
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Sample file 'file' missing in POS"))

    return jsonify(message = "OK")
```

Example 2

Project: *Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration* Author: *orymeyer* File: [basic.py](#) Apache License 2.0

7 vc

```
def test_make_response_with_response_instance(self):
    app = flask.Flask(__name__)
    with app.test_request_context():
        rv = flask.make_response(
            flask.jsonify({'msg': 'W00t'}), 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.status_code, 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.data, b'\n "msg": "W00t"\n')
        self.assertEqual(rv.mimetype, 'application/json')

        rv = flask.make_response(
            flask.Response(''), 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.status_code, 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.data, b'')
        self.assertEqual(rv.mimetype, 'text/html')

        rv = flask.make_response(
            flask.Response('', headers={'Content-Type': 'text/html'}),
            400, [(('X-Foo', 'bar')])
        self.assertEqual(rv.status_code, 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.headers['Content-Type'], 'text/html')
        self.assertEqual(rv.headers['X-Foo'], 'bar')
```

Example 3

6 vc

```
def test_make_response_with_response_instance(self):
    app = flask.Flask(__name__)
    with app.test_request_context():
        rv = flask.make_response(
            flask.jsonify({'msg': 'W00t'}), 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.status_code, 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.data, b'{\n  "msg": "W00t"\n}')
        self.assertEqual(rv.mimetype, 'application/json')

        rv = flask.make_response(
            flask.Response(''), 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.status_code, 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.data, b'')
        self.assertEqual(rv.mimetype, 'text/html')

        rv = flask.make_response(
            flask.Response('', headers={'Content-Type': 'text/html'}),
            400, [('X-Foo', 'bar')])
        self.assertEqual(rv.status_code, 400)
        self.assertEqual(rv.headers['Content-Type'], 'text/html')
        self.assertEqual(rv.headers['X-Foo'], 'bar')
```

Example 4

```
def get(self) -> Response:
    """Return main entrypoint for the api."""
    return set_response_headers(jsonify(get_doc().entrypoint.get()))
```

Example 5

```
def get(self) -> Response:
    """Return the main hydra vocab."""
    return set_response_headers(jsonify(get_doc().generate()))
```

Example 6

```
def get(self) -> Response:
    """Return application main Entrypoint."""
    response = {"@context": get_doc().entrypoint.context.generate()}
    return set_response_headers(jsonify(response))
```

Example 7

```
def get(self, id_: str, path: str) -> Response:
    """
    GET object with id = id_ from the database.
    :param id_ : Item ID
    :param path : Path for Item ( Specified in APIDoc @id)
    """
```

```

id_ = str(id_)
auth_response = check_authentication_response()
if isinstance(auth_response, Response):
    return auth_response

class_type = get_doc().collections[path]["collection"].class_.title
# Get path of the collection-class
class_path = get_doc().collections[path]["collection"].class_.path

if checkClassOp(class_path, "GET"):
    # Check if class_type supports GET operation
    try:
        # Try getting the Item based on ID and Class type
        response = crud.get(
            id_,
            class_type,
            api_name=get_api_name(),
            session=get_session())

        response = finalize_response(class_path, response)
        return set_response_headers(
            jsonify(hydrafy(response, path=path)))

    except (ClassNotFound, InstanceNotFound) as e:
        error = e.get_HTTP()
        return set_response_headers(jsonify(error.generate()), status_code=405)

```

Example 8

Project: *hydrus* Author: *HTTP-APIs* File: *resources.py* MIT License

5 vc

```

def delete(self, id_: str, path: str) -> Response:
    """Delete object with id=id_ from database."""
    id_ = str(id_)
    auth_response = check_authentication_response()
    if isinstance(auth_response, Response):
        return auth_response

    class_type = get_doc().collections[path]["collection"].class_.title
    # Get path of the collection-class
    class_path = get_doc().collections[path]["collection"].class_.path

    if checkClassOp(class_path, "DELETE"):
        # Check if class_type supports PUT operation
        try:
            # Delete the Item with ID == id_
            crud.delete(id_, class_type, session=get_session())
            method = "DELETE"
            resource_url = "{}{}/{}/{}".format(
                get_hydrus_server_url(), get_api_name(), path, id_)
            last_job_id = crud.get_last_modification_job_id(session=get_session())
            new_job_id = crud.insert_modification_record(method, resource_url,
                                                         session=get_session())
            send_sync_update(socketio=socketio, new_job_id=new_job_id,
                             last_job_id=last_job_id, method=method,
                             resource_url=resource_url)
            status_description = "Object with ID {} successfully deleted".format(id_)
            status = HydraStatus(code=200, title="Object successfully deleted.",
                                 desc=status_description)
            return set_response_headers(jsonify(status.generate()))

```

```

        except (ClassNotFound, InstanceNotFound) as e:
            error = e.get_HTTP()
            return set_response_headers(jsonify(error.generate()), status_cod

abort(405)

```

Example 9

Project: *hydrus* Author: *HTTP-APIs* File: [resources.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```

def delete(self, path: str) -> Response:
    """
    Method executed for DELETE requests.
    Used to delete a non-collection class.
    :param path - Path for Item ( Specified in APIDoc @id)
    """
    auth_response = check_authentication_response()
    if isinstance(auth_response, Response):
        return auth_response

    endpoint_ = checkEndpoint("DELETE", path)
    if not endpoint_['method']:
        abort(endpoint_['status'])
    elif path in get_doc().parsed_classes and "{}Collection".format(
        path) not in get_doc().collections:
        # No Delete Operation for collections
        try:
            class_type = get_doc().parsed_classes[path]['class'].title
            crud.delete_single(class_type, session=get_session())
            method = "DELETE"
            resource_url = "{}{}/{}".format(
                get_hydrus_server_url(), get_api_name(), path)
            last_job_id = crud.get_last_modification_job_id(session=get_sessio
            new_job_id = crud.insert_modification_record(method, resource_url,
                session=get_session())
            send_sync_update(socketio=socketio, new_job_id=new_job_id,
                last_job_id=last_job_id, method=method,
                resource_url=resource_url)
            status = HydraStatus(code=200, title="Object successfully added")
            return set_response_headers(jsonify(status.generate()))
        except (ClassNotFound, InstanceNotFound) as e:
            error = e.get_HTTP()
            return set_response_headers(
                jsonify(error.generate()), status_code=error.code)

```

Example 10

Project: *hydrus* Author: *HTTP-APIs* File: [resources.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```

def delete(self, path, int_list):
    """
    To delete multiple objects
    :param path: endpoints
    :param int_list: Optional String containing ',' separated ID's
    :return:
    """
    auth_response = check_authentication_response()
    if isinstance(auth_response, Response):
        return auth_response
    class_type = get_doc().collections[path]["collection"].class_.title

```

```

if checkClassOp(class_type, "DELETE"):
    # Check if class_type supports PUT operation
    try:
        # Delete the Item with ID == id_
        crud.delete_multiple(int_list, class_type, session=get_session())
        method = "DELETE"
        path_url = "{}{}/{}".format(
            get_hydrus_server_url(), get_api_name(), path)
        last_job_id = crud.get_last_modification_job_id(session=get_session())
        id_list = int_list.split(',')
        for item in id_list:
            resource_url = path_url + item
            new_job_id = crud.insert_modification_record(method, resource_url,
                session=get_session())
            send_sync_update(socketio=socketio, new_job_id=new_job_id,
                last_job_id=last_job_id, method=method,
                resource_url=resource_url)
            last_job_id = new_job_id
        status_description = "Objects with ID {} successfully deleted".format(
            id_list)
        status = HydraStatus(code=200, title="Objects successfully deleted",
            desc=status_description)
        return set_response_headers(jsonify(status.generate()))

    except (ClassNotFound, InstanceNotFound) as e:
        error = e.get_HTTP()
        return set_response_headers(jsonify(error.generate()), status_code=
            abort(405)

```

Example 11

Project: *hydrus* Author: *HTTP-APIs* File: [auth.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```

def token_response(token: str) -> Response:
    """
    Return succesful token generation object
    """
    message = {200: "User token generated"}
    response = set_response_headers(jsonify(message), status_code=200,
        headers=[{'X-Authorization': token}])
    return response

```

Example 12

Project: *hydrus* Author: *HTTP-APIs* File: [auth.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```

def failed_authentication(incorrect: bool) -> Response:
    """
    Return failed authentication object.
    """
    if not incorrect:
        message = {401: "Need credentials to authenticate"}
        realm = 'Basic realm="Login required"'
    else:
        message = {401: "Incorrect credentials"}
        realm = 'Basic realm="Incorrect credentials"'
    nonce = create_nonce(get_session())
    response = set_response_headers(jsonify(message), status_code=401,
        headers=[{'WWW-Authenticate': realm}],

```

```
                                {'X-Authentication': nonce}))  
    return response
```

Example 13

Project: *hydrus* Author: *HTTP-APIs* File: [auth.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def verify_user() -> Union[Response, None]:  
    """  
    Verify the credentials of the user and assign token.  
    """  
    try:  
        auth = check_authorization(request, get_session())  
        if auth is False:  
            return failed_authentication(True)  
        elif get_token():  
            token = add_token(request, get_session())  
            return token_response(token)  
    except Exception as e:  
        error = e.get_HTTP() # type: HydraError  
        return set_response_headers(jsonify(error.generate()), status_code=error.  
    return None
```

Example 14

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

File: [chapter9_6.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def get_devices():  
    return jsonify({'device': [device.get_url()  
                                for device in Device.query.all()]})
```

Example 15

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

File: [chapter9_6.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def get_device(id):  
    return jsonify(Device.query.get_or_404(id).export_data())
```

Example 16

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

File: [chapter9_6.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def new_device():  
    device = Device()  
    device.import_data(request.json)  
    db.session.add(device)  
    db.session.commit()  
    return jsonify({}), 201, {'Location': device.get_url()}
```

Example 17

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

File: [chapter9_6.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def edit_device(id):
    device = Device.query.get_or_404(id)
    device.import_data(request.json)
    db.session.add(device)
    db.session.commit()
    return jsonify({})
```

Example 18

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

File: [chapter9_7.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def get_devices():
    return jsonify({'device': [device.get_url()
                               for device in Device.query.all()]})
```

Example 19

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

File: [chapter9_7.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def get_device_version(id):
    device = Device.query.get_or_404(id)
    hostname = device.hostname
    ip = device.mgmt_ip
    prompt = hostname+"#"
    result = show_version(hostname, prompt, ip, 'cisco', 'cisco')
    return jsonify({"version": str(result)})
```

Example 20

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

File: [chapter9_7.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def get_role_version(device_role):
    device_id_list = [device.id for device in Device.query.all() if device.role ==
                      result = {}
    for id in device_id_list:
        device = Device.query.get_or_404(id)
        hostname = device.hostname
        ip = device.mgmt_ip
        prompt = hostname + "#"
        device_result = show_version(hostname, prompt, ip, 'cisco', 'cisco')
        result[hostname] = str(device_result)
    return jsonify(result)
```

Example 21

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

File: [chapter9_7.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def edit_device(id):
    device = Device.query.get_or_404(id)
    device.import_data(request.json)
    db.session.add(device)
    db.session.commit()
    return jsonify({})
```

Example 22

Project: *Mastering-Python-Networking-Second-Edition* Author: *PacktPublishing*

5 vc

File: [chapter9_5.py](#) MIT License

```
def interface(hostname, interface_number):  
    return jsonify(name=hostname, interface=interface_number)
```

Example 23

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: [server.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def job_create():  
    try:  
        job = bass.create_job()  
        return jsonify(message = "ok", job = job.json())  
    except Exception as ex:  
        return make_response(jsonify(message = str(ex), trace = traceback.format_
```

Example 24

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: [server.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def jobs_list():  
    return jsonify(message = "ok", jobs = [j.json() for j in bass.list_jobs()])
```

Example 25

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: [server.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def job_get_status(job_id):  
    try:  
        return jsonify(message = "ok", job = bass.get_job(job_id).json())  
    except KeyError:  
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Invalid job id"), 400)  
    except Exception as ex:  
        return make_response(jsonify(message = str(ex), trace = traceback.format_
```

Example 26

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: [server.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def job_add_sample(job_id):  
    try:  
        samples = []  
        for name, file_ in request.files.items():  
            handle, filename = tempfile.mkstemp()  
            os.close(handle)  
            file_.save(filename)  
            samples.append(bass.get_job(job_id).add_sample(filename, name))  
        return jsonify(message = "ok", samples = [s.json() for s in samples])  
    except KeyError:  
        log.exception("Invalid job id")  
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Invalid job id"), 400)
```

Example 27

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: [server.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc


```
def job_submit(job_id):
    try:
        bass.submit_job(job_id)
        return jsonify(message = "ok")
    except KeyError:
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Invalid job id"), 400)
```

Example 28

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: *server.py* GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def function_get(fid):
    global Session
    session = Session()
    try:
        function = session.query(Function).filter(Function.id == fid).one()
        return make_response(jsonify(**json.loads(function.data)), 200)
    except NoResultFound:
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Function not found"), 404)
```

Example 29

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: *server.py* GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def function_raw_hash_get():
    global Session
    session = Session()
    filename, file_ = request.files.items()[0]
    db = Database(pickle.load(file_))

    arch_name = db.architecture_name
    if arch_name == "metapc":
        arch_name = "x86"
    try:
        arch = session.query(Architecture).filter(Architecture.name == arch_name &
            Architecture.bits == db.architecture_bits and \
            Architecture.little_endian == db.architecture_endianness == "little")
    except NoResultFound:
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Architecture not found"), 404)

    try:
        func = next(db.functions)
    except StopIteration:
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "No function found in database"), 404)

    raw_hash = _function_calculate_raw_sha256(func)
    size = _function_get_size(func)

    try:
        function = session.query(Function).filter(Function.raw_sha256 == raw_hash &
            Function.size == size and \
            Function.arch == arch.id).one()
        return make_response(jsonify(**json.loads(function.data)), 200)
    except NoResultFound:
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Function not found"), 404)
```

Example 30

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: *server.py* GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```

def function_mnem_hash_get():
    global Session
    session = Session()
    filename, file_ = request.files.items()[0]
    db = Database(pickle.load(file_))

    arch_name = db.architecture_name
    if arch_name == "metapc":
        arch_name = "x86"
    try:
        arch = session.query(Architecture).filter(Architecture.name == arch_name &
            Architecture.bits == db.architecture_bits and \
            Architecture.little_endian == db.architecture_endianness == "little")
    except NoResultFound:
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Architecture not found"), 404)

    try:
        func = next(db.functions)
    except StopIteration:
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "No function found in database"),

    mnem_hash = _function_calculate_mnem_sha256(func)

    try:
        function = session.query(Function).filter(Function.mnem_sha256 == mnem_hash &
            Function.arch == arch.id).one()
        return make_response(jsonify(**json.loads(function.data)), 200)
    except NoResultFound:
        return make_response(jsonify(message = "Function not found"), 404)

```

Example 31

Project: BASS Author: Cisco-Talos File: [ida_service.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```

def bindiff_export():
    """
    Run the IDA Pro autoanalysis on the input file and export a BinExport database
    :param input: The input file
    :return: Status code 200 and a JSON object containing the output database
             name in key 'output', or status code 422 on invalid parameters, 408 on
             timeout or 500 on other errors.
    """
    logger.info("bindiff_export called")

    directory = None
    try:
        directory = tempfile.mkdtemp()
        if len(request.files) != 1:
            return make_response(jsonify(error = "Missing file parameter"), 422)

        filename, file_ = request.files.items()[0]
        input_ = os.path.join(directory, sanitize_filename(filename))
        file_.save(input_)

        output = os.path.join(directory, "output.BinExport")

        timeout = request.form.get('timeout', None)
        is_64_bit = request.form.get('is_64_bit', True)
    try:
        run_ida(input_, is_64_bit, timeout, os.path.join(PREFIX, "export_binex"))
        logger.info("Command completed successfully")
        return send_file(open(output, "rb"), as_attachment = True, attachment_

```

```

except TimeoutError:
    return jsonify(error = "Program execution timed out"), 408
except OSError as err:
    return jsonify(error = "Program execution failed with error %d" % err)

finally:
    if directory is not None:
        shutil.rmtree(directory)

```

Example 32

Project: BASS Author: Cisco-Talos File: [ida_service.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

[5 vc](#)

```

def pickle_export():
    """
    Run the IDA Pro autoanalysis on the input file and export a BinExport database
    :param input: The input file
    :return: Status code 200 and a JSON object containing the output database
            name in key 'output', or status code 422 on invalid parameters, 408 on
            timeout or 500 on other errors.
    """
    logger.info("bindiff_export called")

    directory = None
    try:
        directory = tempfile.mkdtemp()
        if len(request.files) != 1:
            return make_response(jsonify(error = "Missing file parameter"), 422)

        filename, file_ = request.files.items()[0]
        input_ = os.path.join(directory, sanitize_filename(filename))
        file_.save(input_)

        output = os.path.join(directory, "output.pickle")

        timeout = request.form.get('timeout', None)
        is_64_bit = request.form.get('is_64_bit', False)
        try:
            run_ida(input_, is_64_bit, timeout, os.path.join(PREFIX, "export_binex"))
            logger.info("Command completed successfully")
            return send_file(open(output, "rb"), as_attachment = True, attachment_
except TimeoutError:
    return jsonify(error = "Program execution timed out"), 408
except OSError as err:
    return jsonify(error = "Program execution failed with error %d" % err)
finally:
    if directory is not None:
        shutil.rmtree(directory)

```

Example 33

Project: BASS Author: Cisco-Talos File: [ida_service.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

[5 vc](#)

```

def bindiff_compare():
    logger.info("bindiff_compare called")

    input_dir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
    output_dir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
    try:
        primary = os.path.join(input_dir, "primary")
        secondary = os.path.join(input_dir, "secondary")

```

```

try:
    request.files["primary"].save(primary)
    request.files["secondary"].save(secondary)
except KeyError:
    return make_response(jsonify(error="Missing parameter 'primary' or 's

timeout = request.form.get('timeout', None)

cmd = (BINDIFF_DIFFER, "--primary", primary, "--secondary", secondary, "--
logger.info("Executing %s", " ".join("%s" % x for x in cmd))
check_call(cmd, cwd = output_dir, timeout = timeout)
db_path = [os.path.join(output_dir, x) for x in os.listdir(output_dir)]
if len(db_path) != 1:
    return make_response(jsonify(error = "BinDiff generated 0 or several
return send_file(open(db_path[0], "rb"), as_attachment = True, attachment_
except OSError as err:
    if err.errno == -9:
        return make_response(jsonify(error = "Program execution timed out"),
    else:
        return make_response(jsonify(error = "Program execution failed with e
finally:
    shutil.rmtree(input_dir)
    shutil.rmtree(output_dir)

```

Example 34

Project: BASS Author: Cisco-Talos File: [ida_service.py](#) GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```

def bindiff_export():
    """
    Run the IDA Pro autoanalysis on the input file and export a BinExport database
    :param input: The input file
    :return: Status code 200 and a JSON object containing the output database
             name in key 'output', or status code 422 on invalid parameters, 408 on
             timeout or 500 on other errors.
    """
    logger.info("bindiff_export called")

    directory = None
    try:
        directory = tempfile.mkdtemp()
        if len(request.files) != 1:
            return make_response(jsonify(error = "Missing file parameter"), 422)

        filename, file_ = request.files.items()[0]
        input_ = os.path.join(directory, sanitize_filename(filename))
        file_.save(input_)

        output = os.path.join(directory, "output.BinExport")

        timeout = request.form.get('timeout', None)
        is_64_bit = request.form.get('is_64_bit', True)
        try:
            run_ida(input_, is_64_bit, timeout, os.path.join(PREFIX, "export_bine
            logger.info("Command completed successfully")
            return send_file(open(output, "rb"), as_attachment = True, attachment_
        except TimeoutError:
            return jsonify(error = "Program execution timed out"), 408
        except OSError as err:
            return jsonify(error = "Program execution failed with error %d" % err

    finally:

```

```
if directory is not None:
    shutil.rmtree(directory)
```

Example 35

Project: *BASS* Author: *Cisco-Talos* File: *ida_service.py* GNU General Public License v2.0

5 vc

```
def bindiff_compare():
    logger.info("bindiff_compare called")

    input_dir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
    output_dir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
    try:
        primary = os.path.join(input_dir, "primary")
        secondary = os.path.join(input_dir, "secondary")
        try:
            request.files["primary"].save(primary)
            request.files["secondary"].save(secondary)
        except KeyError:
            return make_response(jsonify(error="Missing parameter 'primary' or 's

        timeout = request.form.get('timeout', None)

        cmd = (BINDIFF_DIFFER, "--primary", primary, "--secondary", secondary, "--
        logger.info("Executing %s", " ".join('%s' % x for x in cmd))
        check_call(cmd, cwd = output_dir, timeout = timeout)
        db_path = [os.path.join(output_dir, x) for x in os.listdir(output_dir)]
        if len(db_path) != 1:
            return make_response(jsonify(error = "BinDiff generated 0 or several
        return send_file(open(db_path[0], "rb"), as_attachment = True, attachment
    except OSError as err:
        if err.errno == -9:
            return make_response(jsonify(error = "Program execution timed out"),
        else:
            return make_response(jsonify(error = "Program execution failed with e
    finally:
        shutil.rmtree(input_dir)
        shutil.rmtree(output_dir)
```

Example 36

Project: *sanctuary* Author: *bzamecnik* File: *backend.py* MIT License

5 vc

```
def experiments():
    return jsonify({'experiments': sacred_mongo.list_experiments()})
```

Example 37

Project: *sanctuary* Author: *bzamecnik* File: *backend.py* MIT License

5 vc

```
def list_runs():
    return jsonify({'runs': [str(r['_id']) for r in sacred_mongo.list_runs()]})
```

Example 38

Project: *sanctuary* Author: *bzamecnik* File: *backend.py* MIT License

5 vc

```
def list_runs_by_experiment(experiment_id):
    return jsonify({'runs': [str(r['_id']) for r in sacred_mongo.list_runs_by_exp
```

Example 39

Project: *sanctuary* Author: *bzamecnik* File: [backend.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def run_details(run_id):  
    return jsonify(json.loads(bson_dumps(sacred_mongo.get_run(run_id))))
```

Example 40

Project: *sanctuary* Author: *bzamecnik* File: [backend.py](#) MIT License

5 vc

```
def list_files():  
    return jsonify(json.loads(bson_dumps({'files': [f for f in sacred_mongo.list_
```

Example 41

Project: *Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration* Author: *orymeyer* File: [main.py](#) Apache License 2.0

5 vc

```
def addNewUser():  
    username = request.form["username"]  
    email = request.form["email"]  
    password = request.form["password"]  
  
    info = {"userid":1,  
           "name":username,  
           "email":email,  
           "password":password  
          }  
    return jsonify(status=addUser(info))
```

Example 42

Project: *Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration* Author: *orymeyer* File: [main.py](#) Apache License 2.0

5 vc

```
def login():  
    if 'loggedin' in session:  
        return jsonify({"status":True})  
  
    name = str(request.form["username"])  
    password = str(request.form["password"])  
    status=checkLogin(name,password)  
  
    if status==True:  
        session["loggedin"]=True  
    return jsonify(status=status)
```

Example 43

Project: *Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration* Author: *orymeyer* File: [main.py](#) Apache License 2.0

5 vc

```
def checkUser():  
    _name = str(request.form["name"])  
    return jsonify(present=checkUserPresence(_name))
```

Example 44

Project: *Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration* Author: *orymeyer* File: [json.py](#) Apache License 2.0

5 vc

```
def jsonify(*args, **kwargs):
    """Creates a :class:`~flask.Response` with the JSON representation of
    the given arguments with an `application/json` mimetype. The arguments
    to this function are the same as to the :class:`~dict` constructor.
```

Example usage::

```
from flask import jsonify

@app.route('/_get_current_user')
def get_current_user():
    return jsonify(username=g.user.username,
                    email=g.user.email,
                    id=g.user.id)
```

This will send a JSON response like this to the browser::

```
{
  "username": "admin",
  "email": "admin@localhost",
  "id": 42
}
```

For security reasons only objects are supported toplevel. For more information about this, have a look at :ref:`json-security`.

This function's response will be pretty printed if it was not requested with ``X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest`` to simplify debugging unless the ``JSONIFY_PRETTYPRINT_REGULAR`` config parameter is set to false.

```
.. versionadded:: 0.2
"""
indent = None
if current_app.config['JSONIFY_PRETTYPRINT_REGULAR'] \
    and not request.is_xhr:
    indent = 2
return current_app.response_class(dumps(dict(*args, **kwargs),
    indent=indent),
    mimetype='application/json')
```

Example 45

Project: [Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration](#) Author: [orymeyer](#) File: [helpers.py](#) [Apache License 2.0](#) [5 vc](#)

```
def test_json_bad_requests(self):
    app = flask.Flask(__name__)
    @app.route('/json', methods=['POST'])
    def return_json():
        return flask.jsonify(foo=text_type(flask.request.get_json()))
    c = app.test_client()
    rv = c.post('/json', data='malformed', content_type='application/json')
    self.assertEqual(rv.status_code, 400)
```

Example 46

Project: [Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration](#) Author: [orymeyer](#) File: [helpers.py](#) [Apache License 2.0](#) [5 vc](#)

```
def test_json_key_sorting(self):
    app = flask.Flask(__name__)
    app.testing = True
    self.assertEqual(app.config['JSON_SORT_KEYS'], True)
```

```

d = dict.fromkeys(range(20), 'foo')

@app.route('/')
def index():
    return flask.jsonify(values=d)

c = app.test_client()
rv = c.get('/')
lines = [x.strip() for x in rv.data.strip().decode('utf-8').splitlines()]
self.assertEqual(lines, [
    '{',
    '  "values": {' ,
    '    "0": "foo",',
    '    "1": "foo",',
    '    "2": "foo",',
    '    "3": "foo",',
    '    "4": "foo",',
    '    "5": "foo",',
    '    "6": "foo",',
    '    "7": "foo",',
    '    "8": "foo",',
    '    "9": "foo",',
    '    "10": "foo",',
    '    "11": "foo",',
    '    "12": "foo",',
    '    "13": "foo",',
    '    "14": "foo",',
    '    "15": "foo",',
    '    "16": "foo",',
    '    "17": "foo",',
    '    "18": "foo",',
    '    "19": "foo"',
    '  }',
    '}'
])

```

Example 47

Project: *Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration* Author: *orymeyer* File: [json.py](#) [Apache License 2.0](#)

5 vc

```

def jsonify(*args, **kwargs):
    """Creates a :class:`~flask.Response` with the JSON representation of
    the given arguments with an `application/json` mimetype. The arguments
    to this function are the same as to the :class:`~dict` constructor.

```

Example usage::

```

from flask import jsonify

@app.route('/_get_current_user')
def get_current_user():
    return jsonify(username=g.user.username,
                  email=g.user.email,
                  id=g.user.id)

```

This will send a JSON response like this to the browser::

```

{
  "username": "admin",
  "email": "admin@localhost",
  "id": 42
}

```


For security reasons only objects are supported toplevel. For more information about this, have a look at :ref:`json-security`.

This function's response will be pretty printed if it was not requested with ``X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest`` to simplify debugging unless the ``JSONIFY_PRETTYPRINT_REGULAR`` config parameter is set to false.

```
.. versionadded:: 0.2
"""
indent = None
if current_app.config['JSONIFY_PRETTYPRINT_REGULAR'] \
    and not request.is_xhr:
    indent = 2
return current_app.response_class(dumps(dict(*args, **kwargs),
    indent=indent),
    mimetype='application/json')
```

Example 48

Project: *Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration* Author: *orymeyer* File: [helpers.py](#) [Apache License 2.0](#) [5 vc](#)

```
def test_json_bad_requests(self):
    app = flask.Flask(__name__)
    @app.route('/json', methods=['POST'])
    def return_json():
        return flask.jsonify(foo=text_type(flask.request.get_json()))
    c = app.test_client()
    rv = c.post('/json', data='malformed', content_type='application/json')
    self.assertEqual(rv.status_code, 400)
```

Example 49

Project: *Flask-Python-GAE-Login-Registration* Author: *orymeyer* File: [helpers.py](#) [Apache License 2.0](#) [5 vc](#)

```
def test_jsonify(self):
    d = dict(a=23, b=42, c=[1, 2, 3])
    app = flask.Flask(__name__)
    @app.route('/kw')
    def return_kwargs():
        return flask.jsonify(**d)
    @app.route('/dict')
    def return_dict():
        return flask.jsonify(d)
    c = app.test_client()
    for url in ['/kw', '/dict']:
        rv = c.get(url)
        self.assertEqual(rv.mimetype, 'application/json')
        self.assertEqual(flask.json.loads(rv.data), d)
```

Example 50

Project: *gpu-mux* Author: *google* File: [gpumux.py](#) [Apache License 2.0](#) [5 vc](#)

```
def status():
    return flask.jsonify(job_thread=JOB_THREAD.is_alive(),
        completed_jobs=[x.json for x in JOBS.completed][::-1],
        running_jobs=[x.json for x in JOBS.running],
        pending_jobs='\n'.join(JOBS.pending))
```