pset 3 631

```
#======#
# ==== IO Pset 3 ====
#======#
#=======#
# ==== load packages/data ====
#----#
 rm(list = ls(pos = ".GlobalEnv"), pos = ".GlobalEnv")
 options(scipen = 999)
 cat("\f")
 library(package)
 library(data.table)
 library(xtable)
 library(boot)
 library(broom)
 library(rmarkdown)
 # set option for who is running this
 opt_nate <- TRUE
 # load data and set directories
 if(opt_nate){
   # load data
   gmdt <- fread("c:/Users/Nmath_000/Documents/MI_school/Third Year/Econ 631/ps3/GMdata.csv")</pre>
   f_out <- "c:/Users/Nmath_000/Documents/Code/Econ_631/ps3/"</pre>
   # if running on tyler's computer
   }else{
     # load data from tylers locaiton
     gmdt <- fread("C:/Users/tyler/Box/coursework/Econ_631/ps3/GMdata.csv")</pre>
     f_out <- "C:/Users/tyler/Box/coursework/Econ_631/ps3"</pre>
 }
#----#
# ==== summary stats ====
#======#
 #======#
 # ==== Make balanced panel ====
```

```
# make the balanced panel version of data
  # first get number of years by firm
 gmdt[, num_years := .N, index]
 # check how many are in each group
 gmdt[, .N, num_years]
 # make balanced panel
 gmdt_b <- gmdt[num_years == max(gmdt$num_years)]</pre>
 # drop variable
 gmdt[, num_years := NULL]
 gmdt_b[, num_years := NULL]
#----#
# ==== do comparison ====
#----#
  # make list of variables
 vars <- grep("1", colnames(gmdt_b), value = TRUE)</pre>
 # get each column of summart stats
 sum stats li <- list()</pre>
 sum_stats_li[[1]] <- data.table(Variable = vars)</pre>
 # means
 sum_stats_li[[2]] <- gmdt[, list("Full Mean" = lapply(.SD, mean)), .SDcols = vars]</pre>
 sum_stats_li[[3]] <- gmdt_b[, list("Bal. Mean" = lapply(.SD, mean)), .SDcols = vars]</pre>
 # t.test for mean equlity
  # function to do it
 tstat_fun <- function(var_i){</pre>
 res <- t.test(gmdt[, get(var_i)], gmdt_b[, get(var_i)])</pre>
 return(res$statistic)
 }
 # apply over variales
 sum_stats_li[[4]] <- data.table( "Tstat" = unlist(lapply(vars, tstat_fun)))</pre>
 # varianvce
 sum_stats_li[[5]] <- gmdt[, list("Full VAR" = lapply(.SD, var)), .SDcols = vars]</pre>
 sum_stats_li[[6]] <- gmdt_b[, list("Bal. VAR" = lapply(.SD, var)), .SDcols = vars]</pre>
  # fstat for equalit of variance
 ftest_fun <- function(var_i){</pre>
   res <- var.test(gmdt[, get(var_i)], gmdt_b[, get(var_i)])</pre>
   return(res$statistic)
```

```
#apply over variables
   sum_stats_li[[7]] <- data.table( "Fstat" = unlist(lapply(vars, ftest_fun)))</pre>
   #min
   sum_stats_li[[8]] <- gmdt[, list("Full Min" = lapply(.SD, min)), .SDcols = vars]</pre>
   sum_stats_li[[9]] <- gmdt_b[, list("Bal. Min" = lapply(.SD, min)), .SDcols = vars]</pre>
   sum_stats_li[[10]] <- gmdt[, list("Full max" = lapply(.SD, max)), .SDcols = vars]</pre>
   sum_stats_li[[11]] <- gmdt_b[, list("Bal. max" = lapply(.SD, max)), .SDcols = vars]</pre>
   # get variance
   sum_stats <- do.call(cbind, sum_stats_li)</pre>
   #check it out!
   sum_stats
 #======#
 # ==== save table to tex ====
 #======#
   # split this into two tables
   sum_stat_1 <- sum_stats[, 1:7, with=FALSE]</pre>
   sum_stat_2 <- sum_stats[, c(1, 8:11), with = FALSE]</pre>
   # save summary stats
   print(xtable(sum_stat_1, type = "latex"),
         file = pasteO(f_out, "sum_stats_1.tex"),
         include.rownames = FALSE,
         floating = FALSE)
   print(xtable(sum_stat_2, type = "latex"),
         file = paste0(f_out, "sum_stats_2.tex"),
         include.rownames = FALSE,
         floating = FALSE)
#=======#
# ==== Estimate Production Function ==== #
#=======#
   # Step 1: Get measurement error from second-order polynomial
   # (including interactions) of emp, dnpt, drst and investment
   setnames(gmdt, c("ldsal", "ldnpt", "ldrst"), c("lsales","lcap", "lrdcap"))
   gmdt[,dummy:=1]
```

```
# do it for balanced too just for fun
 setnames(gmdt_b, c("ldsal", "ldnpt", "ldrst"), c("lsales","lcap", "lrdcap"))
 gmdt b[,dummy:=1]
#=======#
# ==== internal functions ====
#======#
  # in_data <- gmdt_b</pre>
 get_resid_fun <- function(in_data){</pre>
   dt_copy <- copy(in_data)</pre>
   X <- as.matrix(dt_copy[,.(dummy, lemp,lcap,lrdcap,ldinv, lemp*lemp,lemp*lcap, lemp*lrdcap,</pre>
                            lemp*ldinv,lcap*lcap,lcap*lrdcap,lcap*ldinv,lrdcap*lrdcap,lrdcap*ldinv,ld
   Y <- as.matrix(dt_copy[,.(lsales)])
    # Get the coefficients of all these interactions
   beta1 <- solve(t(X)%*%X)%*%t(X)%*%Y
    # Get the fitted values
    theta <- X%*%beta1
    # Add the fitted values to the datatable
   dt_copy[,theta:= theta]
    # get lags of emp, cap, rdcap and theta, remove observations without lag values
    cols = c("lemp","lcap","lrdcap", "theta")
    anscols = paste("lag", cols, sep="_")
   dt_copy[, (anscols) := shift(.SD, 1, NA, "lag"), .SDcols=cols, index]
   dt_copy <- dt_copy[!is.na(lag_lemp),]</pre>
   return(dt_copy)
 }
  # # ttest the funciton
  # gmdt2 <- get_resid_fun(gmdt)</pre>
  # function to run GMM
  # a lot of inputs here but this is how you get around using global objects
  \# THis is supposed to be better practice but it doe sget a bit wild with all these
  gmm_obj_f <- function(parm_vector.in,</pre>
                        Y.in = Y,
                        X.in = X,
                        1X.in = 1X,
                        ltheta.in = ltheta,
```

```
Z.in = Z,
                      W.in = W){
  beta <- as.matrix(parm_vector.in[1:4])</pre>
 rho <- parm_vector.in[5]</pre>
  current.resid <- Y.in - X.in%*%beta</pre>
 lag.w <- as.matrix(ltheta.in) - lX.in%*%beta</pre>
 m <- current.resid - rho*lag.w</pre>
 m <- as.matrix(m)</pre>
 distance <- t(Z.in)%*%m
 result <- t(distance/length(m)) %*% W.in %*%(distance/length(m))
  # get function value
 return(result)
}
# TEST
# # parms to test the function
\# parm\_vector \leftarrow c(1, .6, .2, .2, .8)
# # Get X's and lag X's and Zs for GMM estimation
# X <- as.matrix(gmdt2[,.(dummy, lemp, lcap, lrdcap)])</pre>
\# lX \leftarrow as.matrix(gmdt2[,.(dummy, lag_lemp, lag_lcap, lag_lrdcap)])
# Y <- as.matrix(gmdt2[,.(lsales)])</pre>
\# ltheta <- as.matrix(gmdt2[,.(lag_theta)])
# W \leftarrow diag(1, 4, 4)
# # test it out
# f <- gmm_obj_f(parm_vector.in = parm_vector,
                Y. in = Y,
#
                X.in
                              = X,
#
                lX.in
                              = lX,
                ltheta.in
#
                              = ltheta,
#
                Z.in
                               = Z,
                W.in
                               = W)
# # Run the initial GMM using the identity matrix as the weighting matrix
                                = parm_vector,
# Results.step1 <- optim(par
#
                         fn
                                     = gmm\_obj\_f,
#
                                   = Y,
                         Y.in
#
                         X.in
                                    = X,
                         lX.in
#
                                     = lX,
#
                         ltheta.in = ltheta,
#
                         Z.in
                                   = Z,
#
                         W.in
                                    = W)
# Function to calculate optimal weighting matrix
```

```
find.optimal.W <- function(results.in,</pre>
                              Y.in = Y,
                              X.in = X,
                              1X.in = 1X,
                              ltheta.in = ltheta,
                              Z.in = Z){
      beta <- as.matrix(results.in$par[1:4])</pre>
      rho <- results.in$par[5]</pre>
      current.resid <- Y.in - X.in%*%beta</pre>
      lag.w <- as.matrix(ltheta.in) - lX.in%*%beta</pre>
      m <- current.resid - rho*lag.w</pre>
      m <- as.matrix(m)</pre>
      distance \leftarrow t(Z.in*cbind(m, m, m, m))%*%(Z.in*cbind(m, m, m, m))
      W <- distance/length(m)
      W.inv <- solve(W)
 return(W.inv)
 }
 # test
  # # Get optimal weighting matrix
 # W.opt <- find.optimal.W(results.in = Results.step1,
                             Y.in = Y,
  #
                             X.in = X,
  #
                             lX.in = lX,
  #
                             ltheta.in = ltheta,
  #
                             Z.in = Z
 # # Run again with optimal weighting matrix
 # Results.final <- optim(par = parm_vector,</pre>
                       fn
                                  = gmm_obj_f,
  #
                       Y.in = Y,
  #
                      X.in = X,
  #
                       lX.in = lX,
  #
                       ltheta.in = ltheta,
  #
                       Z.in = Z,
  #
                       W.in = W.opt)
#======#
# ==== boot function ====
#======#
 # in_data <- qmdt</pre>
  # sample <- 1:nrow(in_data)</pre>
 to_boot_fun <- function(in_data, sample){</pre>
   boot_dt <- in_data[sample]</pre>
```

```
# get resids
  boot_dt <- get_resid_fun(boot_dt)</pre>
  parm_vector \leftarrow c(1, .6, .2, .2, .8)
  # Get X's and lag X's and Zs for GMM estimation
  X <- as.matrix(boot_dt[,.(dummy, lemp, lcap, lrdcap)])</pre>
  1X <- as.matrix(boot_dt[,.(dummy, lag_lemp, lag_lcap, lag_lrdcap)])</pre>
  Z <- as.matrix(boot_dt[,.(dummy, lag_lemp, lcap, lrdcap)])</pre>
  Y <- as.matrix(boot_dt[,.(lsales)])</pre>
  ltheta <- as.matrix(boot_dt[,.(lag_theta)])</pre>
  W \leftarrow diag(1, 4, 4)
  # test it out
  f <- gmm_obj_f(parm_vector.in = parm_vector,</pre>
                 Y.in = Y,
                               = X,
                 X.in
                 lX.in
                               = 1X,
                 ltheta.in
                               = ltheta,
                 Z.in
                                = Z
                 W.in
                                = W)
  # Run the initial GMM using the identity matrix as the weighting matrix
 Results.step1 <- optim(par = parm_vector,
fn = gmm_obj_f,
                          Y.in
                                     = Y,
                          X.in
                                     = X
                          lX.in
                                     = 1X,
                           ltheta.in = ltheta,
                           Z.in = Z,
                                       = W)
                           W.in
  # Get optimal weighting matrix
  W.opt <- find.optimal.W(results.in = Results.step1,</pre>
                          Y.in = Y,
                          X.in = X,
                           1X.in = 1X,
                           ltheta.in = ltheta,
                           Z.in = Z)
  # Run again with optimal weighting matrix
                                 = parm_vector,
  Results.final <- optim(par
                                      = gmm_obj_f,
                           Y.in = Y,
                           X.in = X,
                           1X.in = 1X,
                           ltheta.in = ltheta,
                           Z.in = Z,
                           W.in = W.opt)
 return(Results.final$par)
}
```

```
# to_boot_fun(gmdt, 1:(nrow(gmdt)))
#======#
# ==== Do bootstrapping ====
#======#
  #=======#
  # ==== write out own boot ====
  #======#
   n_sim <- 1000
   # block boot funciton to iteratie
   block_boot <- function(iteration, in_data){</pre>
     # if iteration is 1 use full sample
     if(iteration == 1){
       sample_i <- 1:1400
     }else{
       sample_i <- sample(1:1400, 1400, replace = TRUE)</pre>
     }
     # grab a random sample
     dt_i <- in_data[index %in% sample_i]</pre>
     # run function on subsample
     res_i <- to_boot_fun(dt_i, 1:nrow(dt_i))</pre>
     return(data.table(var = parms , res = res_i))
   # apply function n_sim times
   re_list_b <- lapply(1:n_sim, block_boot, in_data = gmdt_b)</pre>
   # do it again on unbalanced sample
   re_list_u <- lapply(1:n_sim, block_boot, in_data = gmdt)</pre>
   # bind the lists together
   re_dt_b <- rbindlist(re_list_b)</pre>
   re_dt_u <- rbindlist(re_list_u)</pre>
   # Now get standard errors for balanced
   re_dt_b[, mean := mean(res), var]
   re_dt_b[, to_sum := (res-mean)^2 ]
   out_dt_b <- re_dt_b[, list(std.error = sqrt(1/(n_sim - 1) * sum(to_sum))), var]
```

```
# Now get standard errors fo unbalanced
   re_dt_u[, mean := mean(res), var]
    re_dt_u[, to_sum := (res-mean)^2 ]
    out_dt_u <- re_dt_u[, list(std.error = sqrt(1/(n_sim - 1) * sum(to_sum))), var]
    # Now add in estiamtes
    est_b <- re_list_b[[1]]</pre>
    est_u <- re_list_u[[1]]</pre>
   out_dt_b <- merge(est_b, out_dt_b, "var")</pre>
   out_dt_u <- merge(est_u, out_dt_u, "var")</pre>
    # change the variable names
    setnames(out_dt_b, colnames(out_dt_b), c("Parm", "Statistic", "Std.Error"))
    setnames(out_dt_u, colnames(out_dt_u), c("Parm", "Statistic", "Std.Error"))
 # save table
 print(xtable(out_dt_b, type = "latex"),
      file = paste0(f_out, "boot_res.tex"),
      include.rownames = FALSE,
      floating = FALSE)
print(xtable(out_dt_u, type = "latex"),
      file = paste0(f_out, "boot_res_unbalanced.tex"),
       include.rownames = FALSE,
      floating = FALSE)
 # ==== run r markdown for tex file ====
 #========#
# load data and set directories
  if(opt_nate){
     rmarkdown::render(input = "C:/Users/Nmath_000/Documents/Code/Econ_631/ps3/ps3_r_markdown.Rmd",
                       output_format = "pdf_document",
                       output_file = pasteO(f_out, "assignment_3_r_code_pdf.pdf"))
      # if running on tyler's computer
  }else{
    rmarkdown::render(input = "C:/Users/tyler/Box/coursework/Econ_631/ps3/ps3_r_markdown.Rmd",
                      output_format = "pdf_document",
                       output_file = paste0(f_out, "assignment_3_r_code_pdf.pdf"))
   }
```