pset 2 631

```
#======#
# ==== pset 2 ====
#======#
require(data.table)
require(Matrix)
library(xtable)
# clear objects
rm(list = ls(pos = ".GlobalEnv"), pos = ".GlobalEnv")
options(scipen = 999)
cat("\f")
#set #note output location
f out <- "c:/Users/Nmath 000/Documents/Code/Econ 631/ps2/"
#set #note option to save output
opt_save <- TRUE
#======#
# ==== Question 1 ====
#======#
# set parameters
     = 1
x1
     = 2
x2
xЗ
     = 3
n.sim = 10000
# Function to compute shares for a given mean and random utility
share_f <- function(delta.in, mu.in, opt_tidle = FALSE){</pre>
  # get the numerator by exp(delta + xi*vi*sigma)
 numer <- exp(mu.in) * matrix(rep(exp(delta.in), n.sim), ncol = n.sim)</pre>
  # get the denominator by summing over all numerators and adding one
  denom_i <- matrix(rep(1 + colSums(numer),3), nrow = 1, ncol = n.sim)</pre>
  \# then replicated this three times so we can divide (probs better way to do this )
  denom <- rbind(denom_i, denom_i, denom_i)</pre>
  if(opt_tidle){
   return(numer / denom)
  }else{
    # the shares are the mean of numerator/denominator accross simulations
   shares <- rowMeans(numer / denom)</pre>
   return(shares)
```

```
}
}
# Function to compute the derivative of your own shares wrt own-good mean utility
#note we can just use output of shares function as input here
dSharedOwnP_f <- function(shares.in, alpha.in){</pre>
  # dS.i/dP.i is -alpha*share*(1-share)
  dSharedOwnP <- rowMeans(-alpha.in*shares.in*(1-shares.in))</pre>
  return(dSharedOwnP)
}
#note switcing this to take shares as the input so we dont recalculate it
dSharedOtherP_f <- function(shares.in, alpha.in){</pre>
  # Just using shares output from other function
  # share.i <- matrix(shares.in)</pre>
  # dS.i/dDelta.j is integral of -s.i*s.j
  sisj.matrix <- -shares.in%*%t(shares.in)/ncol(shares.in)</pre>
  # dS.i/dP.j is -alpha*dS.i/dDelta.j
  #note I don't understand why we are only grabbing 1,2
  dSharedOtherP <- -alpha.in*sisj.matrix[1,2]</pre>
    return(dSharedOtherP)
}
# create data.tabe of xs
xi \leftarrow as.matrix(c(x1,x2,x3))
# make simulation matrix
v = matrix(rnorm(1 * n.sim), nrow = 1, ncol = n.sim)
# Now we will guess the price to start and calcualte everything
# fill in an initial price quess to work through functions
# price in iteration k
p.init \leftarrow matrix(c(2, 3, 4))
tol <- 10<sup>-10</sup>
p_solver <- function(beta.in, alpha.in, sigma.in, xi.in, mc.in, p.guess){</pre>
  #======#
  # ==== Inside the loop ====
  #======#
  i <- 1
  # Initial quess
  p.old \leftarrow matrix(c(0, 0, 0))
```

```
while (sum(abs(p.guess - p.old)) > tol)
     print(paste0("Iteration:", i, ", Difference:", sum(abs(p.guess - p.old))))
     p.old <- p.guess
     # using the guess, calualte deltas
     delta <- xi.in*beta.in - alpha.in*p.guess
     \# calculate x times sigma times v
     mu <- xi.in%*%v*sigma.in</pre>
     # Calculate shares and derivative
     shares <- as.matrix(share_f(delta, mu))</pre>
     shares_tilde <- share_f(delta, mu, opt_tidle = TRUE)</pre>
     dSharedOwnP <- as.matrix(dSharedOwnP_f(shares_tilde, alpha.in))</pre>
     # using the shares and derivative, calculate the equilibrium price
     p.guess <- mc.in - shares*(dSharedOwnP)^-1</pre>
     i <- i + 1
   }
 p.final <- p.guess
 return(p.final)
}
# get answer for question 1
p_q1 <- p_solver(1, 1, 1, xi, mc.in = xi, p.init)</pre>
#======#
# ==== question 2 ====
#======#
p_q2 \leftarrow p_solver(.5, .5, .5, xi, mc.in = xi, p.init)
#=====#
# ==== Question 3 ====
#=====#
p_postmerge_solver <- function(beta.in, alpha.in, sigma.in, xi.in, mc.in, p.guess){
  #======#
  # ==== Inside the loop ====
  #======#
  i <- 1
  p.old <- matrix(c(0, 0, 0))
 while (sum(abs(p.guess - p.old)) > tol)
```

```
print(paste0("Iteration:", i, ", Difference:", sum(abs(p.guess - p.old))))
   p.old <- p.guess
    # using the guess, calualte deltas
   delta <- xi.in*beta.in - alpha.in*p.guess
    # calculate x times sigma times v
   mu <- xi.in %*% v*sigma.in
    # You care about the markup of the other product you own, so create a variable for 2's markup for 1
   markup <- p.guess - mc.in</pre>
    # Definitely a better way to do this...
   othergood.markup <- rbind(markup[2,1], markup[1, 1], 0)
    # Calculate shares, own price elasticities
    shares <- as.matrix(share_f(delta, mu))</pre>
    shares_tilde <- share_f(delta, mu, opt_tidle = TRUE)</pre>
   dSharesdOwnP <- as.matrix(dSharedOwnP_f(shares_tilde, alpha.in))</pre>
    # Calculate price elasticities wrt the other product we care about.
    #note: would rather use an ownership matrix somehow but yolo
   dSharesdOtherP <- as.matrix(c(dSharedOtherP_f(shares_tilde, alpha.in), dSharedOtherP_f(shares_tilde
    # using the shares and derivative, calculate the equilibrium price
   p.guess <- xi.in - (shares + othergood.markup*dSharesdOtherP)*(dSharesdOwnP)^-1
   i <- i + 1
  }
 p.final <- p.guess</pre>
 return(p.final)
}
p_q3 \leftarrow p_postmerge_solver(.5, .5, .5, xi,mc.in = xi, matrix(c(2, 3, 4)))
#======#
# ==== question 4 ====
#======#
#----#
# ==== change in consumer surplus ====
#=======#
  # define variables for debug
  v.in = v
```

```
pv = p_q2
 # function for getting sum of value funcitons
 vi_f <- function(v.in, pv, xi.in, beta.in, alpha.in, sigma.in){</pre>
   # make beta_i
  beta_i <- beta.in + sigma.in*v.in
  # qet beta_i times xs
  #note this is old. It does not doe the exponent. Can delet when we are sure it is wrong
  # Vi \leftarrow colSums(xi.in \%*\% beta_i) - colSums(alpha*pv)
  Vi <- colSums( exp(xi.in %*% beta_i - matrix(rep(alpha.in*pv, ncol(beta_i)), ncol = ncol(beta_i))) )
  return(Vi)
 }
 # #note temp define these for deubg
 \# pv\_pre = p\_q2
 \# pv_post = p_q3
 # NOw write funciton to get cv_i
 cv_i_f <- function(v.in, pv_pre, pv_post, xi.in, beta.in, alpha.in, sigma.in ){</pre>
   # get vi for pre
   vi_pre <- vi_f(v.in, pv = pv_pre, xi.in, beta.in, alpha.in, sigma.in)</pre>
   # et vi for post
   vi_post <- vi_f(v.in, pv = pv_post, xi.in, beta.in, alpha.in, sigma.in)</pre>
   # get cv_i
   cv_i <- (log(vi_post) - log(vi_pre))/-alpha.in</pre>
   return(cv_i)
 }
 # run it with correct values
 cv_i \leftarrow cv_i f(v.in = v,
                pv_pre = p_q2,
                 pv_post = p_q3,
                 xi.in
                        = xi,
                 beta.in = .5,
                 alpha.in = .5,
                 sigma.in = .5)
 # now get mean cv
 mean_cv <- mean(cv_i)</pre>
#=======#
# ==== Change in producer surplus ====
```

```
# # for debug
# pv = p_q2
# mc_v
         = xi
         = v
# v.in
\# xi.in = xi
# alpha.in = .5
\# beta.in = .5
\# sigma.in = .5
profit_f <- function(pv,mc_v, v.in, alpha.in, beta.in, xi.in, sigma.in){</pre>
  # using the guess, calualte deltas
  delta <- xi.in*beta.in - alpha.in*pv</pre>
  \# calculate x times sigma times v
  mu <- xi.in%*%v.in*sigma.in
  shares <- share_f(delta, mu)</pre>
  # get profits before and afte
  profits <-( pv - mc_v)*shares</pre>
 return(profits)
# get profts before
profits_before <- profit_f(pv = p_q2,</pre>
                            mc_v = xi,
                                  = v,
                            v.in
                            xi.in
                                     = xi,
                            alpha.in = .5,
                            beta.in = .5,
                            sigma.in = .5)
# get profits after
profits_after <- profit_f(pv</pre>
                                     = p_q3,
                            mc_v
                                   = xi,
                                   = v,
                            v.in
                            xi.in
                                     = xi,
                            alpha.in = .5,
                            beta.in = .5,
                            sigma.in = .5)
# get the total difference in profits i.e. producer surplus
change_ps <- sum(profits_after) - sum(profits_before)</pre>
# get change in total surplus
total_surplus_change <- change_ps - mean_cv</pre>
# table all the info
q4_table <- data.table(variable = c("change in cosumer surplus per person",
                                    "change in Producer surplus per person",
                                    "change in total surplus per person"),
                      value = c(-mean_cv, change_ps,total_surplus_change))
```

```
#======#
# ==== Question 5 ====
#======#
mc_{new} \leftarrow c(.5,1,3)
p_post_q5 <- p_postmerge_solver(.5, .5, .5, xi, mc.in = mc_new, p.init)</pre>
# get cv
cv_i <- cv_i_f(v.in
                       = v,
              pv_pre = p_q2,
              pv_post = p_post_q5,
              xi.in = xi,
              beta.in = .5,
              alpha.in = .5,
              sigma.in = .5)
# now get mean cv
mean_cv <- mean(cv_i)</pre>
# get profits after
profits_after_q5 <- profit_f(pv</pre>
                                   = p_post_q5,
                         mc_v
                                   = mc_new,
                         v.in
                                    = v,
                         xi.in = xi,
                         alpha.in = .5,
                         beta.in = .5,
                          sigma.in = .5
# get the total difference in profits i.e. producer surplus
change_ps <- sum(profits_after_q5) - sum(profits_before)</pre>
# get change in total surplus
total_surplus_change <- change_ps - mean_cv</pre>
# table all the info
q5_table <- data.table(variable = c("change in cosumer surplus per person",
                                    "change in Producer surplus per person",
                                   "change in total surplus per person"),
                      value = c(-mean_cv, change_ps,total_surplus_change))
# ==== save output to latex ====
#=======#
# make these tables pretty
p_q1_out <- data.table(variable = c("p1", "p2", "p3"), value = as.numeric(p_q1))</pre>
p_q2_out <- data.table(variable = c("p1", "p2", "p3"), value = as.numeric(p_q2))</pre>
p_q3_out <- data.table(variable = c("p1", "p2", "p3"), value = as.numeric(p_q3))
p_post_q5_out <- data.table(variable = c("p1", "p2", "p3"), value = as.numeric(p_post_q5))</pre>
```

```
# capitolize first letters
q4_table[, variable := sapply(variable, function(x) paste0(sapply(strsplit(x, " "), Hmisc::capitalize),
q5_table[, variable := sapply(variable, function(x) pasteO(sapply(strsplit(x, " "), Hmisc::capitalize),
if(opt_save){
  print(xtable(p_q1_out, type = "latex"),
       file = pasteO(f_out, "p_q1.tex"),
        include.rownames = FALSE,
       floating = FALSE)
  print(xtable(p_q2_out, type = "latex"),
        file = pasteO(f_out, "p_q2.tex"),
        include.rownames = FALSE,
       floating = FALSE)
  print(xtable(p_q3_out, type = "latex"),
       file = pasteO(f_out, "p_q3.tex"),
        include.rownames = FALSE,
       floating = FALSE)
  print(xtable(q4_table, type = "latex"),
       file = pasteO(f_out, "q4_table.tex"),
        include.rownames = FALSE,
       floating = FALSE)
  print(xtable(p_post_q5_out, type = "latex"),
        file = pasteO(f_out, "p_post_q5.tex"),
        include.rownames = FALSE,
       floating = FALSE)
  print(xtable(q5_table, type = "latex"),
       file = pasteO(f_out, "q5_table.tex"),
        include.rownames = FALSE,
       floating = FALSE)
}
# ==== run r markdown for tex file ====
#========#
rmarkdown::render(input = "C:/Users/Nmath_000/Documents/Code/Econ_631/ps2/ps2_r_markdown.Rmd",
                 output_format = "pdf_document",
                 output_file = paste0(f_out, "assignment_2_r_code_pdf.pdf"))
```