

Logistic Regression HW: Due 2/27/24

Download dataset http://www.cse.sc.edu/~rose/590B/CSV/gold_target1.csv The description of dataset is http://www.stat.ufl.edu/~winner/data/gold_target1.txt. The description of each column is shown below:

```
Column 1: As level          # Real value
Column 2: Sb level          # Real value
Column 3: Lineament Proximity # binary, 1=Present, 0 if absent (0.5km)
Column 4: Gold deposit proximity # binary, 1=Present, 0=absent (0.5km)
```

Step 0: start by changing the default column headings from V1, V2, V3, and V4 to "As_Level", "Sb_Level", "Lineament_Proximity", and "Gold_Deposit_Proximity", respectively. If you are flummoxed, review the "Intro to R-RStudio" slides to see how to change the names of variables.

Step 1: Explore column 4 versus columns 1 and 2.

- Plot column 4 (Y) against column 1 (X).
Be sure to label each axis and include a title. Save this plot to a pdf file.
- Plot column 4 (Y) against column 2 (X).
Be sure to label each axis and include a title. Save this plot to a pdf file.
- Try fitting column 4 versus column 2 with a logistic model `glm()`. Hint: You might want to review the logistic regression lab.
- Visualize the fit of your model using commands similar to:

```
plot(gold_target1$Gold_Deposit_Proximity~gold_target1$Sb_Level)
lines(gold_target1$Sb_Level, lrm1$fitted, type="l", col="red")
```

where `lrm1` refers to your logistic regression model. If you name it something else, then substitute the name you used.

Be sure to label each axis and include a title. Save this plot to a pdf.

- Now try fitting column 4 versus columns 1 and 2 with the logistic model `glm()`. How can you accomplish this? When you only have Y versus X, you use $Y \sim X$ as you did in step c. When you have X_1 and X_2 then you use $Y \sim X_1 + X_2$. **Note: RStudio will give a warning that glm fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred.** This is caused by the data in column 1. **Note: you do NOT need to create a plot for this step.**
- Compare the models from step c with that of step e using the function `summary()`. In particular, compare the estimated coefficient for `gold_target1$Sb_Level` in the two models. What are the two values? How have the confidence values for these estimates changed? (Hint: look at the significance codes.)
- (Grad Students only)** Explain the results from part f). Specifically, explain why you think the confidence values for the estimated coefficients changed. Hint: think about the difference between the "reduced model" and the "full model". We discussed this in class.