Name:

Show sufficient work to make very clear your method of solution.

- 1. (a) (4 points) Show that if A and B are mutually exclusive and P(A), P(B) > 0, then A and B can not be independent.
  - (b) (8 points) Let A and B be events with 0 < P(A) < 1 and 0 < P(B) < 1. Suppose that  $P(A|B) > P(A|B^c)$ , where the superscript c denotes complement. Show that P(B|A) > P(B).
  - (c) (8 points) Let A, B, C, and D be four events. Suppose that if all B, C, and D occur, then A occurs. Show that  $P(A) \geq P(B) + P(C) + P(D) 2$ . (Hint:  $(\bigcap_i A_i)^c = \bigcup_i A_i^c$ ).
- 2. Let  $Z_1, Z_2, ..., Z_p$  be independent Normal(0, 1) random variables.
  - (a) (5 points) Find the joint PDF for  $(Z_1 + Z_2, Z_2 + Z_3)$ . Name the distribution and specify all parameters.
  - (b) (5 points) Find  $P(\max(Z_1 + Z_2, Z_2 + Z_3) < 0)$ .
  - (c) (5 points) Find the PDF for the random variable  $X = Z_1^2 + Z_2^2 + Z_3^2 + Z_4^2$ .
  - (d) (5 points) Find Corr $(Z_1, Z_1^4 + Z_2)$ . Are  $Z_1$  and  $Z_1^4 + Z_2$  independent?
- 3. Consider a continuous random variable X with PDF  $f(x) = cx^2 \cdot (1-x)$ , for 0 < x < 1 and 0 otherwise. Further let  $Y|X = x \sim \text{Bernoulli}(x)$ .
  - (a) (5 points) Find c and the marginal PDF for Y.
  - (b) (5 points) Find the conditional PDF X|Y=y.
  - (c) (10 points) Find Corr(X, Y).
- 4. Suppose that X is a random variable with PDF  $f_{\theta}(x) = c(\theta)x^{\theta-1}.(1-x)$  for 0 < x < 1 (0 otherwise) and  $\theta > 0$ .
  - (a) (5 points) Find  $c(\theta)$ .
  - (b) (5 points) Show that X belong to a natural parameter exponential family and state the base measure and sufficient statistic.
  - (c) (5 points) Find  $E[\log X]$ .
  - (d) (5 points) Find the MGF for  $Y = \log X$ .
- 5. Let  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_p$  be mutually independent random variables with distribution  $X_i \sim \text{Exponential}(\lambda)$ .
  - (a) (5 points) Find the MGF for  $Y = \sum_{i=1}^{p} a_i X_i$  where  $a_i > 0$  for all i. Clearly specify any constraints on t.
  - (b) (5 points) Find the CDF for for  $Y = \min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_p)$ . Name the distribution.
  - (c) (5 points) Find a g such that  $g(X_i) \sim \text{Uniform}(0,1)$ .
  - (d) (5 points) Find the joint PDF for  $(Y_1, Y_2) = (\frac{X_1}{X_2}, X_2)$ . Hence or otherwise, find the PDF for  $R = \frac{X_1}{X_2}$ .