5/17/24, 9:12 AM Week 8 Quiz HCK

(!) Students have either already taken or started taking this quiz, so take care when editing it. If you change any quiz questions in a significant way, you might want to consider re-grading students' quizzes who took the old version of the quiz.

					Points 10	00 📀 F	Published	•
Details	Questions							
☐ Show que	estion details							
Group	1							
Group Name			Pick 2 questions, 5 pts per question Pick		questions	s, 🗆	pts per que	stion
Cancel	Update						<b>↑</b> +	<b>\</b> <del>\</del>
iii Question 1 μ	ots							
$rac{d}{dx}cosecx$	:=?							
-coseca	$x. \cot x$							
None of	the given							
cosecx.	cotx							
$lacksquare cosec^2x$	;							
iii Question 1 μ	ots							
$rac{d}{dx}a^x$ =? V	vhere a is a	ny con	stant.					
$lacksquare a^x log a$								
$lacksquare x^a loga$								

$r_{\alpha}x^{-1}$

None of the above

::

Question 1 pts



- The limit does not exits
- 2
- 0 1
- 0

::

Question 1 pts



Consider the function  $f(x)=(x-2)^2-1, x\in R$  what is the value of  $\lim_{x\to 0}f(x)$ ?

- 0 3
- \_ -2
- $\bigcirc$  0
- \_ -1

## Group 2

Group Name Pick 7 questions, 10 pts per question Pick qu



pts per

question



Question 1 pts



The function g(x) = |x - 1| is continuous at x=1. is the statement true or false?



↑ + 🦠 🛍

- True
- False

Question 1 pts



Let f and g be two function such that  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = L_1$  and  $\lim_{x\to a} g(x) = L_2$ , where  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  are two real numbers, then which of the following statements are True (select all True statements)?

- $lacksquare \lim_{x o a}\left(f(x)\pm g(x)
  ight)=\lim_{x o a}f(x)\pm\lim_{x o a}g(x)=L_1\pm L_2$
- $lacksquare \lim_{x o a}\left(f(x)\cdot g(x)
  ight)=\lim_{x o a}f(x)\cdot \lim_{x o a}g(x)=L_1L_2$
- $lacksquare \lim_{x o a}rac{f(x)}{g(x)}=rac{\lim_{x o a}f(x)}{\lim_{x o a}g(x)}=rac{L_1}{L_2} ext{ for }L_2
  eq 0$
- All choices are correct

Question 1 pts



What is the derivative of the function  $f(x) = sin(x^2 + 2x + 1)$  with respect to x?

- $\bigcirc (2x+2)cos(x^2+2x+2)$
- $-(2x+2)cos(x^2+2x+2)$
- $0 (2x+2)sin(x^2+2x+2)$
- None of the given

Question 1 pts



A function f(x) is continuous at a point a if and only if

f(x) is defined

- $lacksquare \lim_{x o a}f(x)exists$
- $lacksquare \lim_{x o a}f(x)=f(a)$
- All of the given answers should be correct

Question 1 pts



Find the derivative of the following function with respect to x.

$$f(x) = \cos^2 x - \cos x^2$$

- None of the given
- $\bigcirc$  2cosx.  $sinx 2xcosx^2$
- $\bigcirc \ -2cosx.\, sinx 2xcosx^2$
- $\bigcirc \ 2cosx.\, sinx + 2xcosx^2$

Question 1 pts



What is the derivative of  $f((x) = e^{-4x^7}$  with respect to x?

- $-28x^6e^{-4x^7}$
- $-28x^6e^{-4x^6}$
- $28x^6e^{-4x^7}$
- None of the given

Question 1 pts



Find the equation of the tangent of the line  $y = x^2$  at x=3.

- y = 6x 9
- y = 6x + 9
- y = -6x + 9
- None of the given

Question 1 pts



Find the derivative of  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ , with respect to x.

- None of the given

Question 1 pts



Compute the derivative of the following functions with respect to x.

$$f(x) = (x^3 - 3x^2 - 7)^3$$

- $3(3x^2-6x)(x^3-3x^2-7)^2$
- $(3x^2-6x)(x^3-3x^2-7)^2$
- $-3(3x^2-6x)(x^3-3x^2-7)^2$
- None of the given

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## Group 3

Group Name

Pick 1 questions, 20 pts per question Pick

questions,

pts per

question



Cancel

Update

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Question 1 pts



Let  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 15x^2 + 24x + 6$ . The stationary point for the curve y = f(x) are:

- Local maximum at (1,17) and local minimum at (4,-10)
- Local maximum at (4,-10) and local minimum at (1,17)
- Local maximum at (-4,-10) and local minimum at (-1,17)
- None of the given

::

Question 1 pts



let  $f(x)=x^2+3x-1$  what is the equation of tangent line to the curve  $y=f(x), at \ x=rac{-1}{2}$ ?

- $\bigcirc y = 2x \frac{5}{4}$
- $y = 2x + \frac{5}{4}$
- $\bigcirc y = -2x \frac{5}{4}$
- $y = 4x \frac{5}{4}$

+ New question

+ New question group

Q Find questions

☐ Notify users this quiz has changed

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