

Chicago Crime Analysis

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Definitions

Assault

Occurs when one "engages in conduct which places another in reasonable apprehension of receiving a battery."¹

Arson

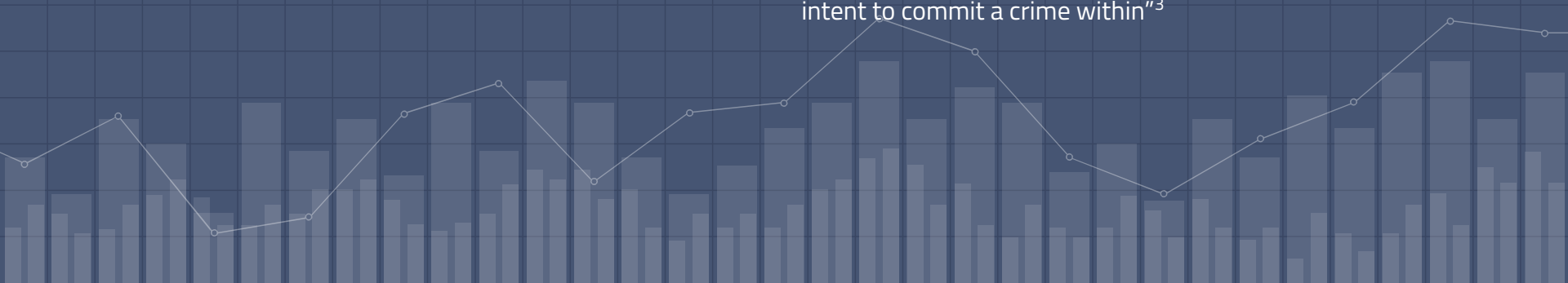
Arson is "the malicious burning of the dwelling of another."²

Battery

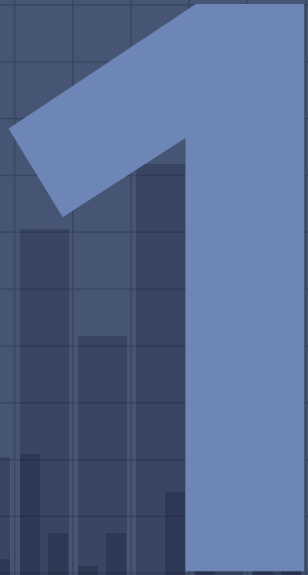
Occurs when one "causes bodily harm" to a person. Or when someone "makes physical contact of an insulting or provoking nature with an individual."¹

Burglary

Occurs when "some form of illegally entering a building at night with the intent to commit a crime within"³

A decorative graphic at the bottom of the slide consisting of a white line with circular markers and a bar chart with vertical bars of varying heights, all in a light blue color.

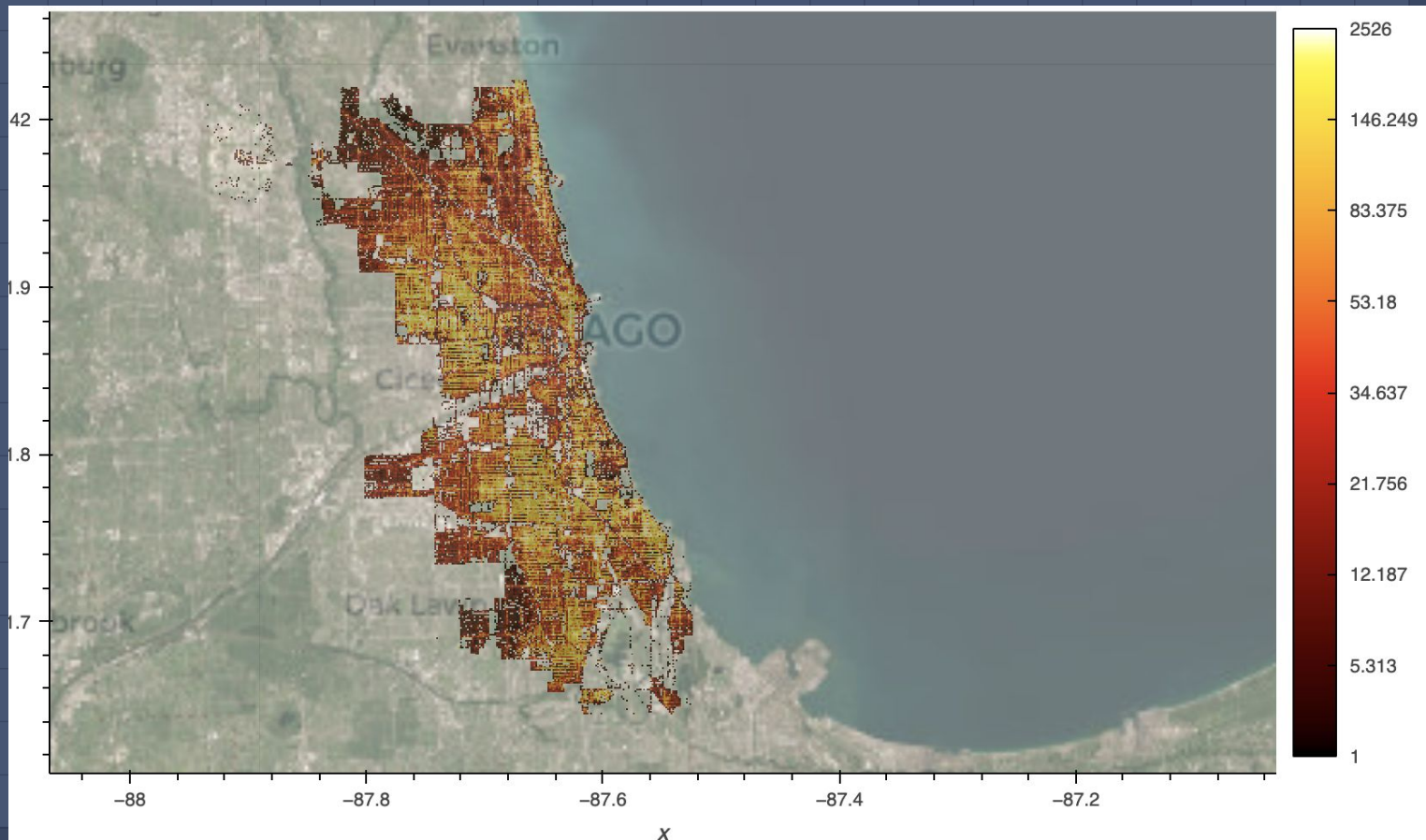
What are the crime hotspots
in the city, and how have they
changed over time?



Crime Hot Spots - Heat Map

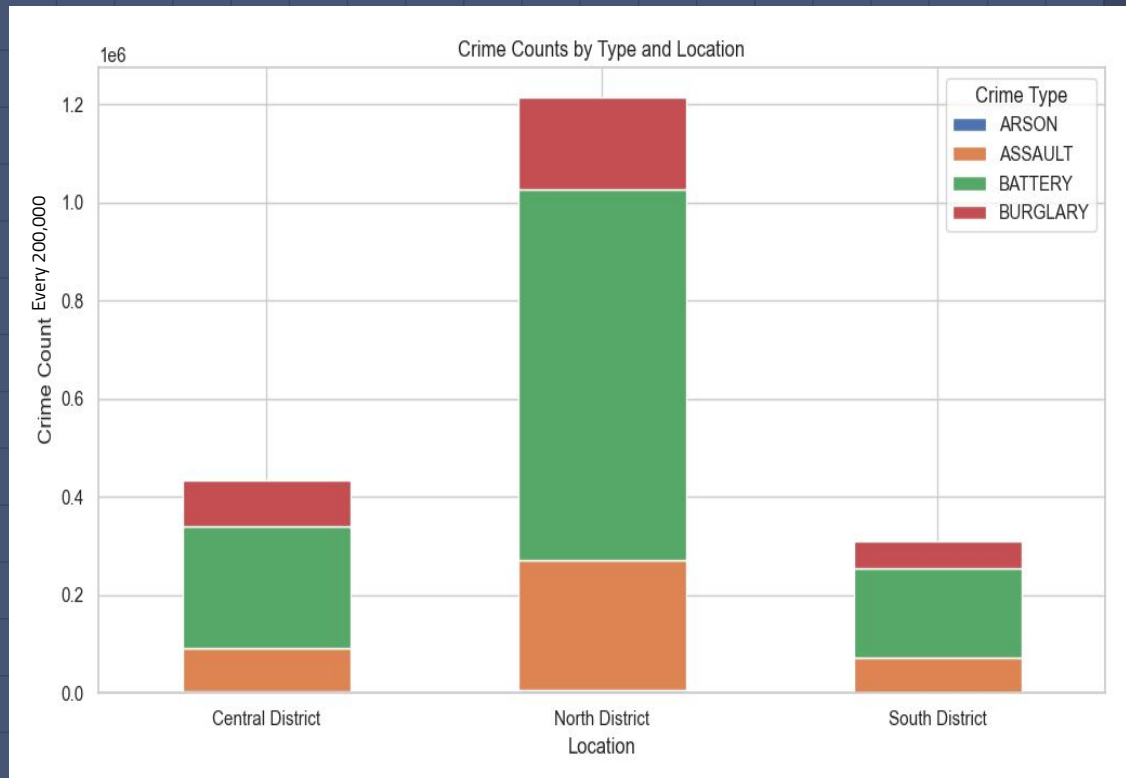
Overview of
our data

Provides a
broad idea of
crime density



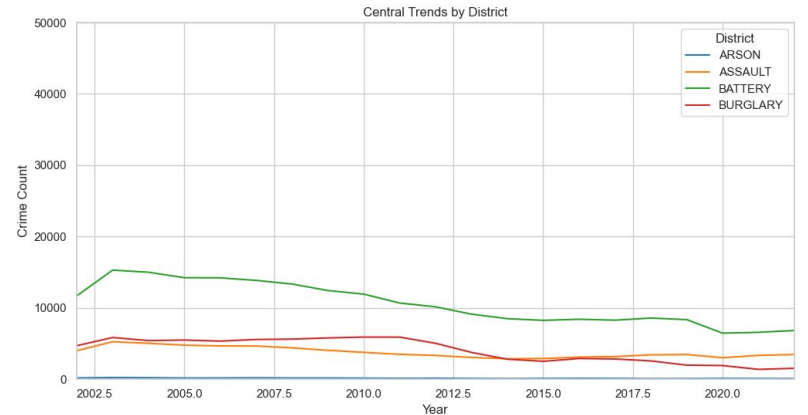
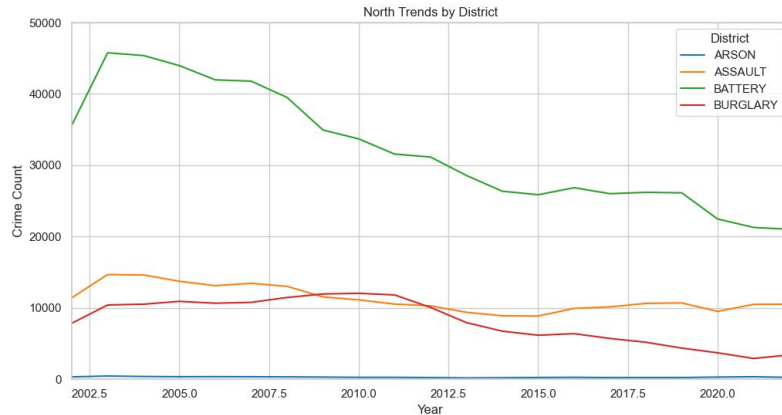
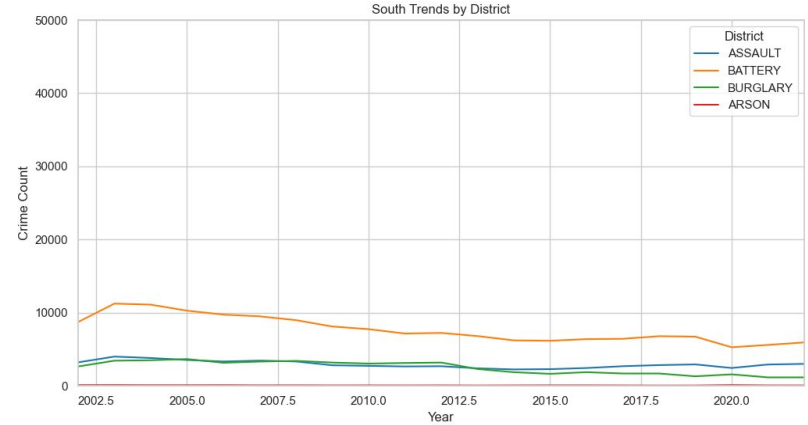
Crime Hot Spots

- North district highest count of the crime
 - District 17.0: 174,295
 - Largest district
- South district has least crimes
 - Worth further investigation on if this is true for other types of crime
- Arson has very small number



Crime Hot Spots Over Time

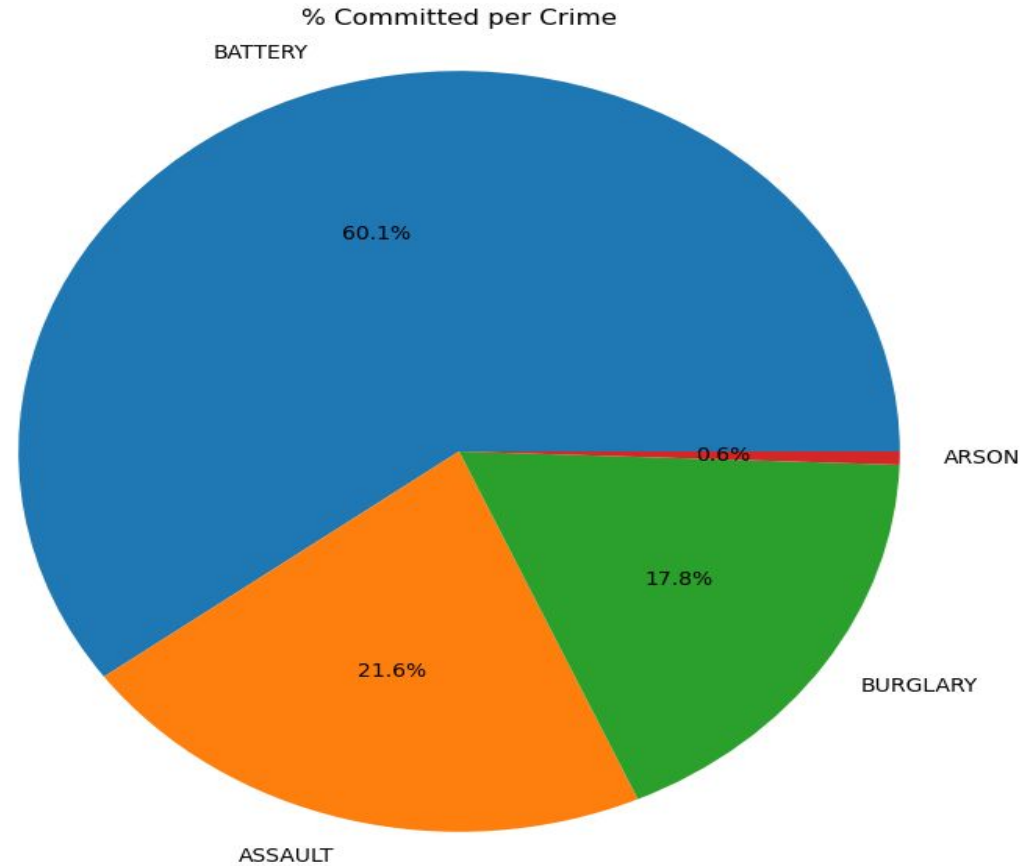
- Elevated near 2003
- North district has the most evident decrease in battery, but still having higher totals
- Same scales



Where do the crimes typically take place and what is most common crime/location combination?

2

Order of Most Frequent Crime (Pie Chart Percent)



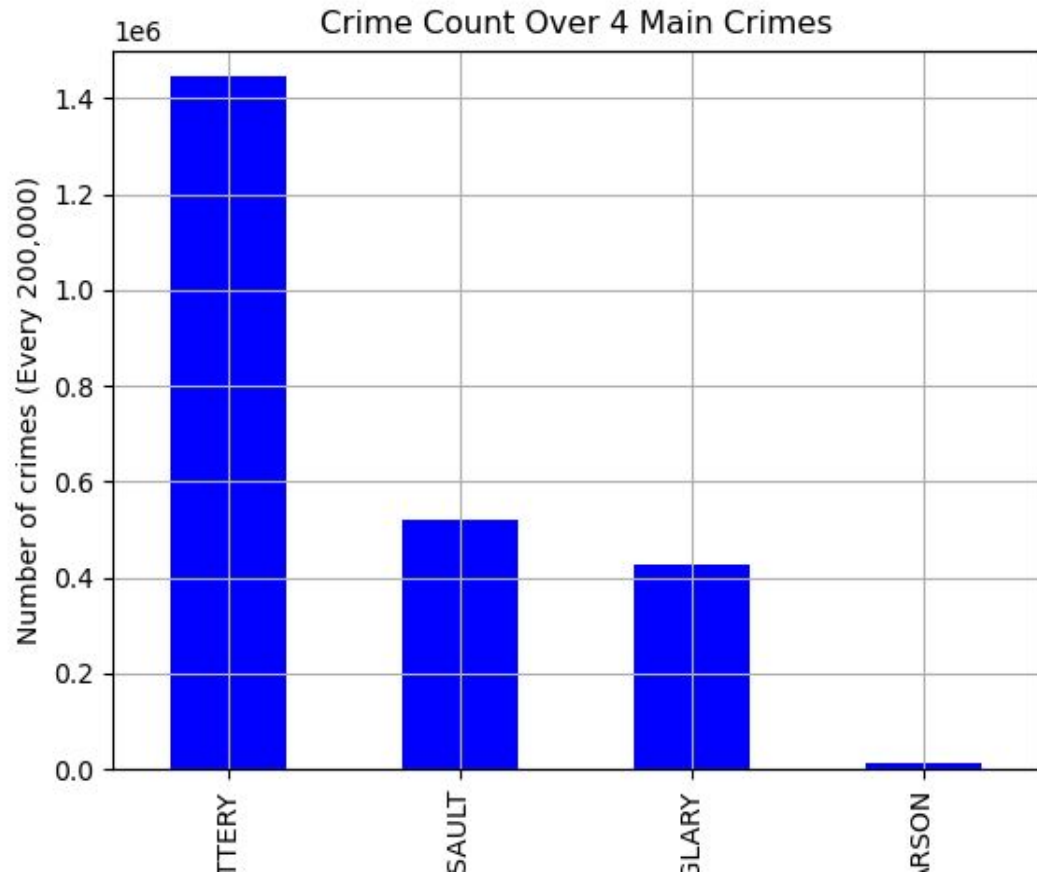
Order of Most Frequent Crime (Bar Chart Count)

BATTERY: 1,445,060

ASSAULT: 518,529

BURGLARY: 427,866

ARSON: 13,512



5 Most Common Locations

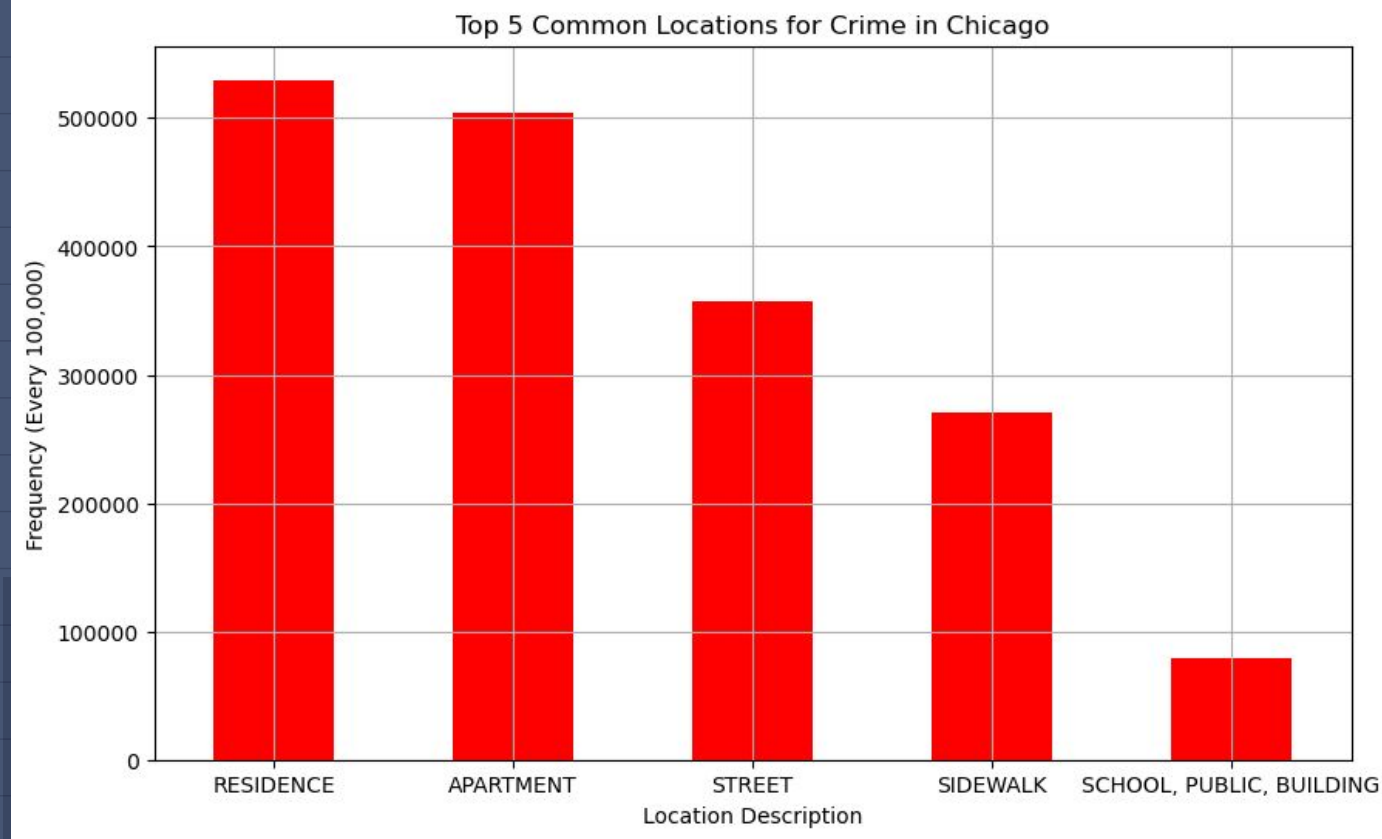
Residence: 529,659

Apartment: 504,073

Street: 357,434

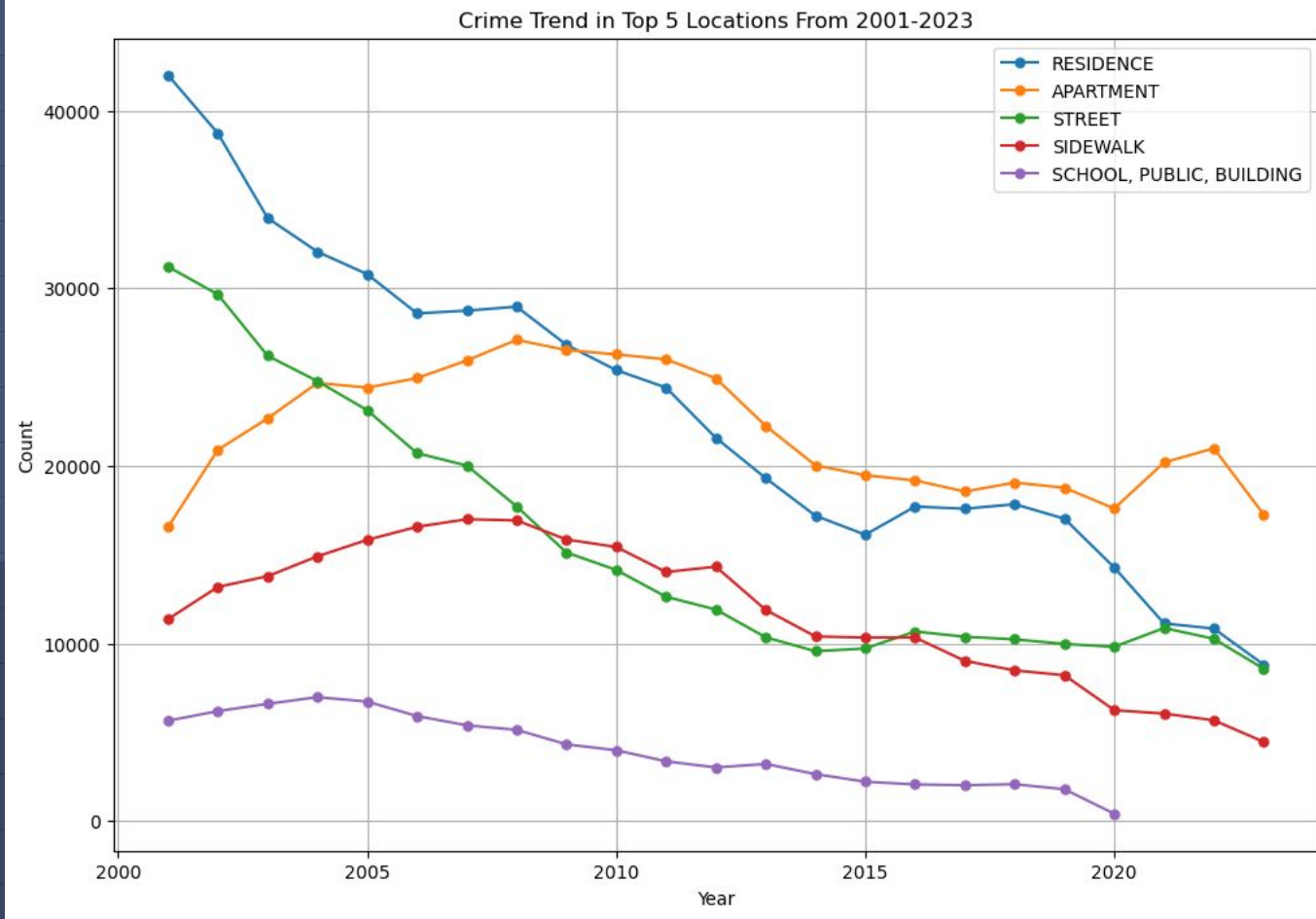
Sidewalk: 270,114

Public School Building: 79,531



Most Common Location: Residence

Line Graph for Crime Trend in Top 5 Locations



Battery Count for Each Location

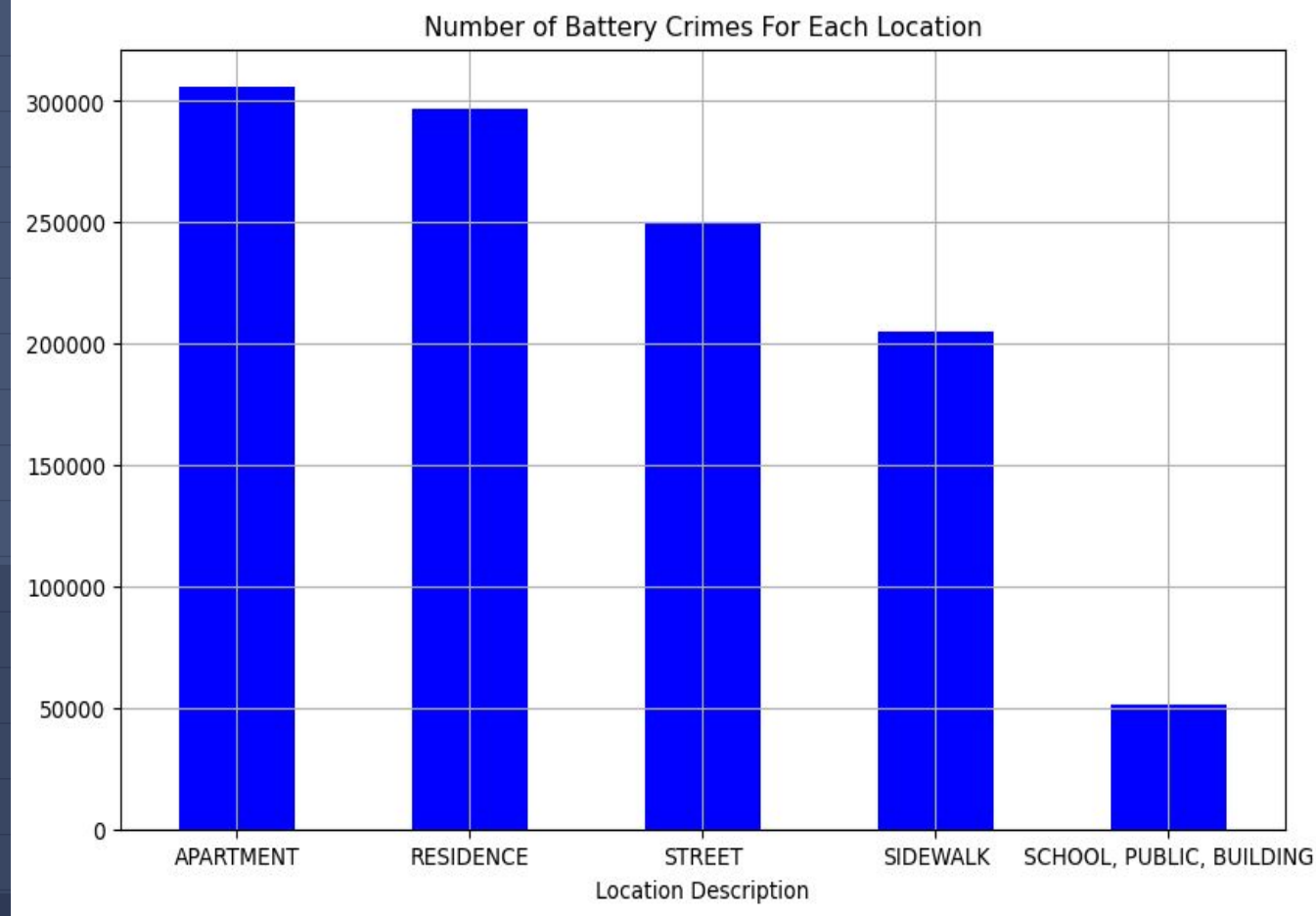
Apartment: 306,046

Residence: 297,136

Street: 249,234

Sidewalk: 204,853

Public School Building:
51,517



Most Common Crime/Location Combination: Apartment/Battery

What does the date and time of these crimes tell us? Could these differ based on season?

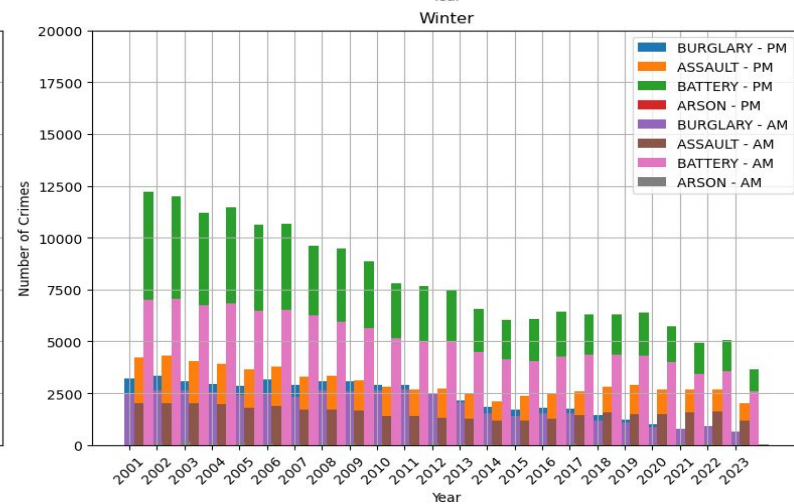
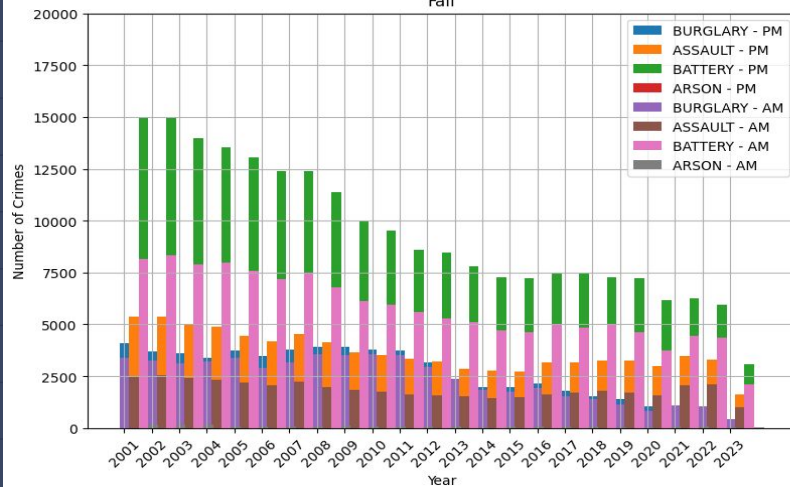
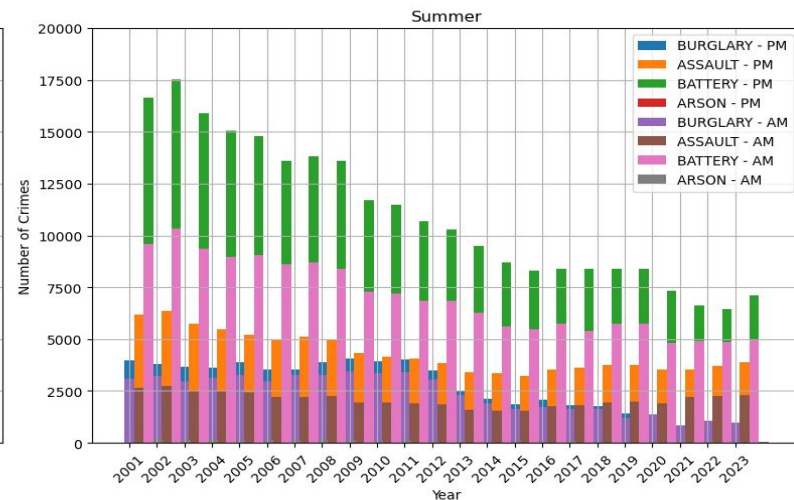
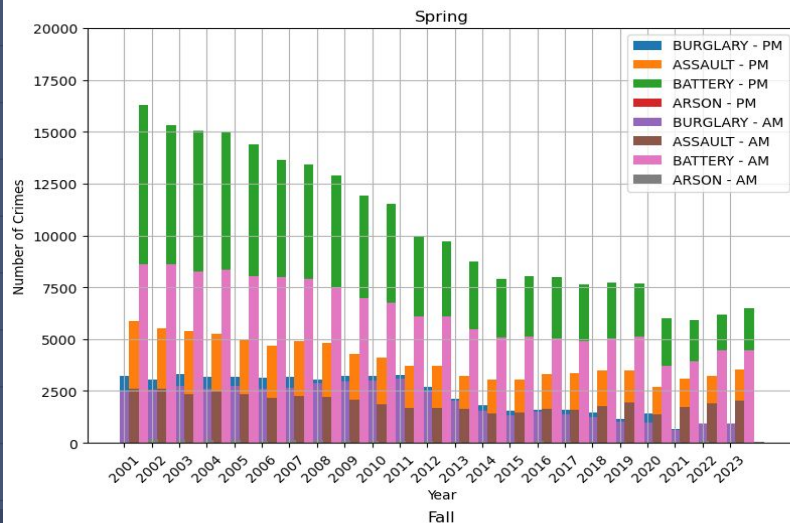
3

Do the seasons affect crime?

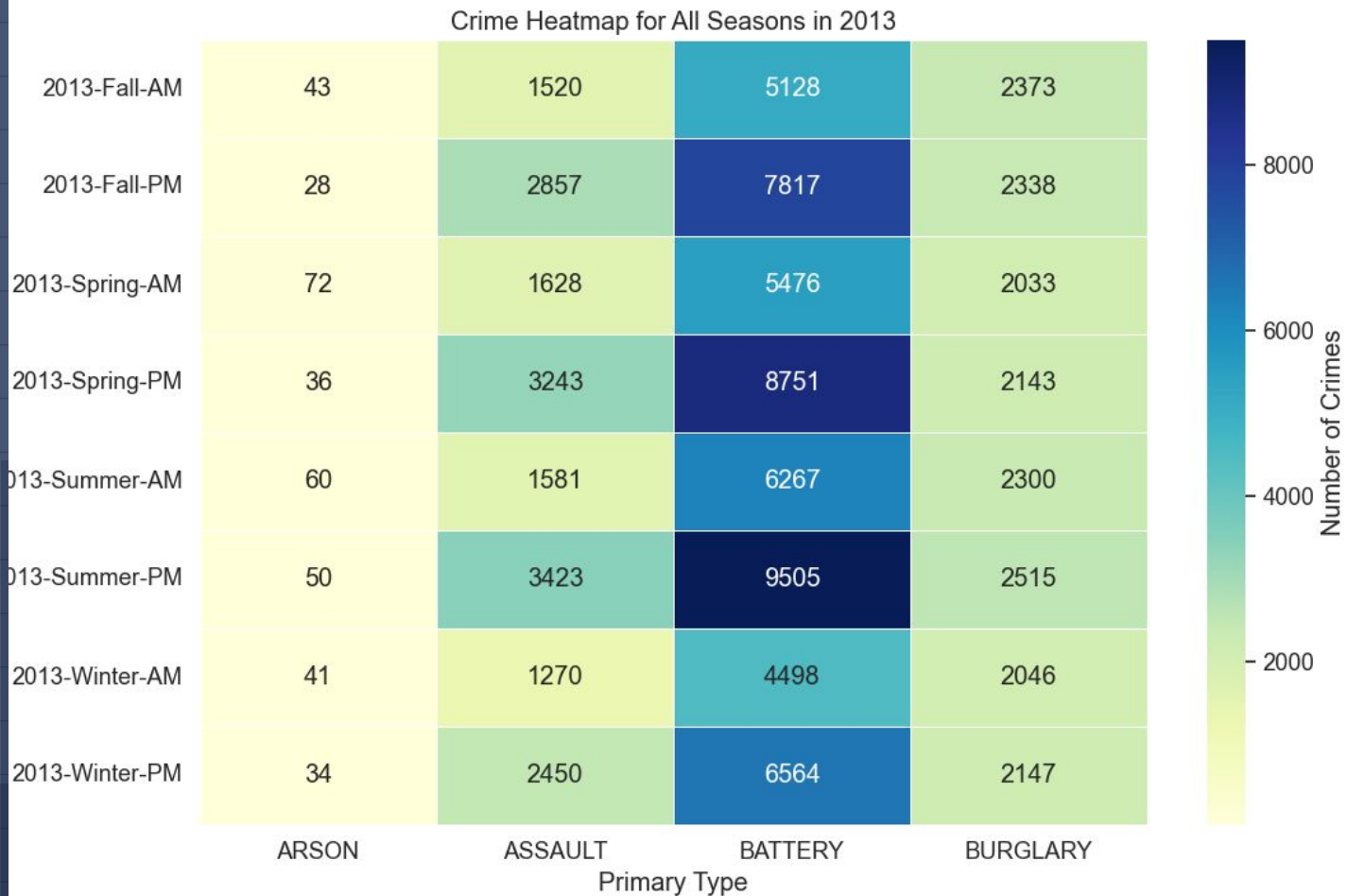
Short Answer:
Yes!

Long Answer:
The seasons can introduce a variety of factors that could influence criminal activity. Most criminal season: Summer

Crime Trends Over the Years

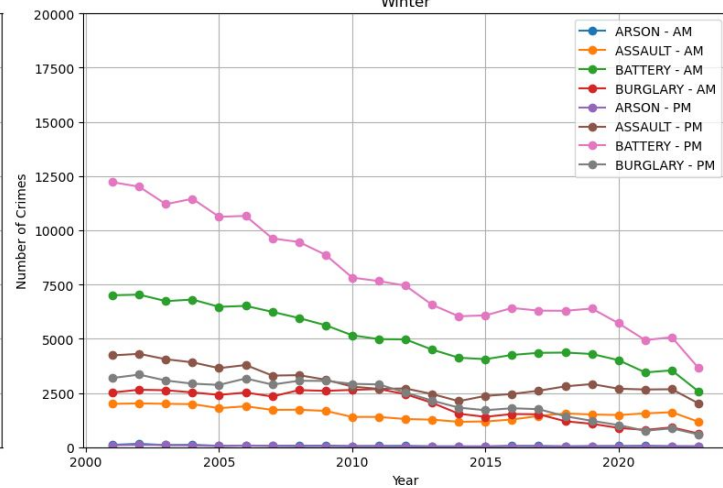
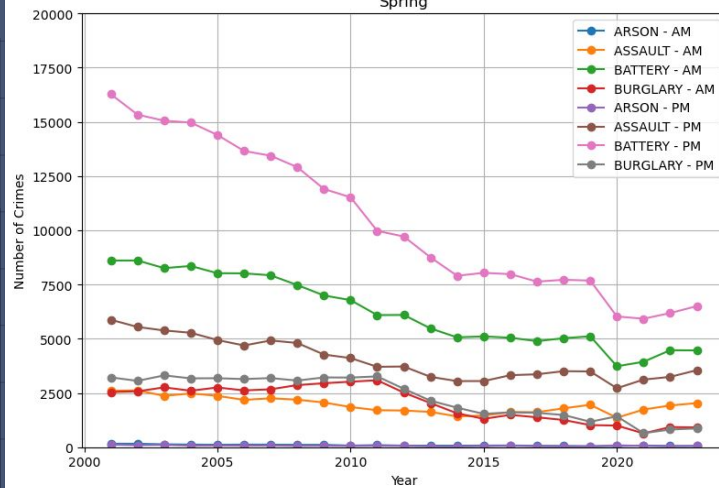
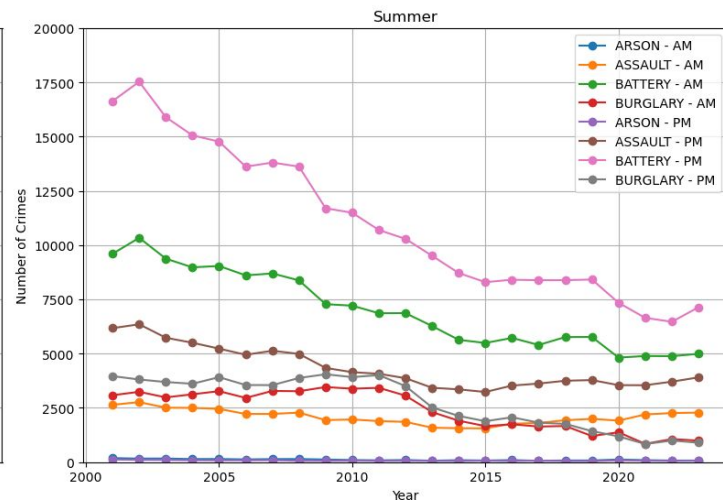
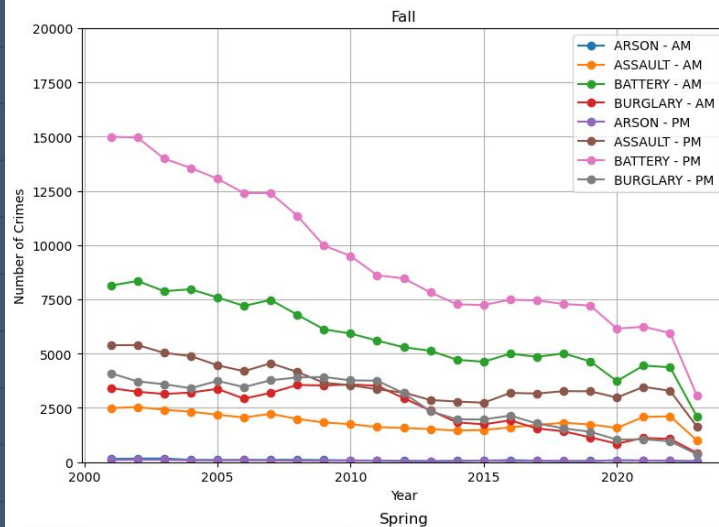


Middle
of
dates
for
data.



Does time of day affect crime rates?

Most crimes are committed in the later hours of each day with the main component of crime being the visibility of it.

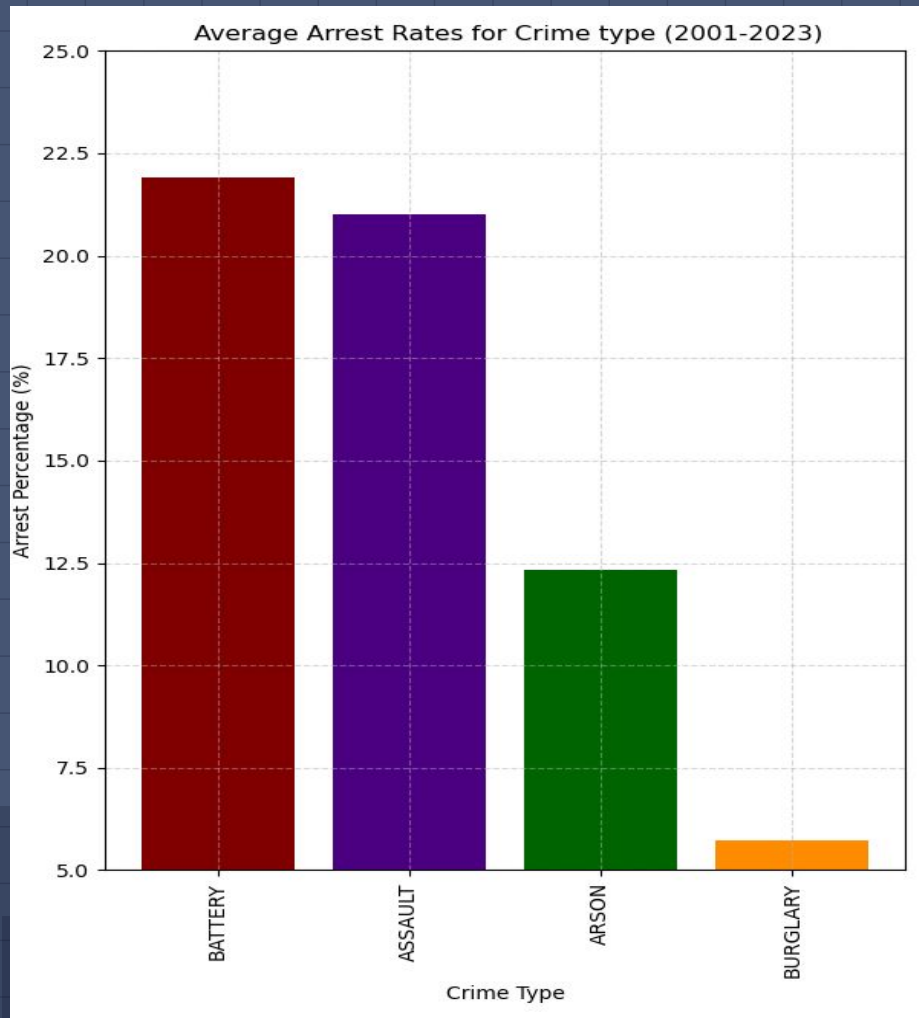


How have arrest rates changed in comparison to crime rates?

Important ideas regarding arrest rates in comparison to crime rates:

- There is not always a direct correlation between arrest rates and crime rates, however an increase in crime can coincide with increased arrest rates
- Policy, funds, and police procedure are believed to be the biggest influences on arrest rates





Average Arrest Rates:

Battery 22%

Assault 21%

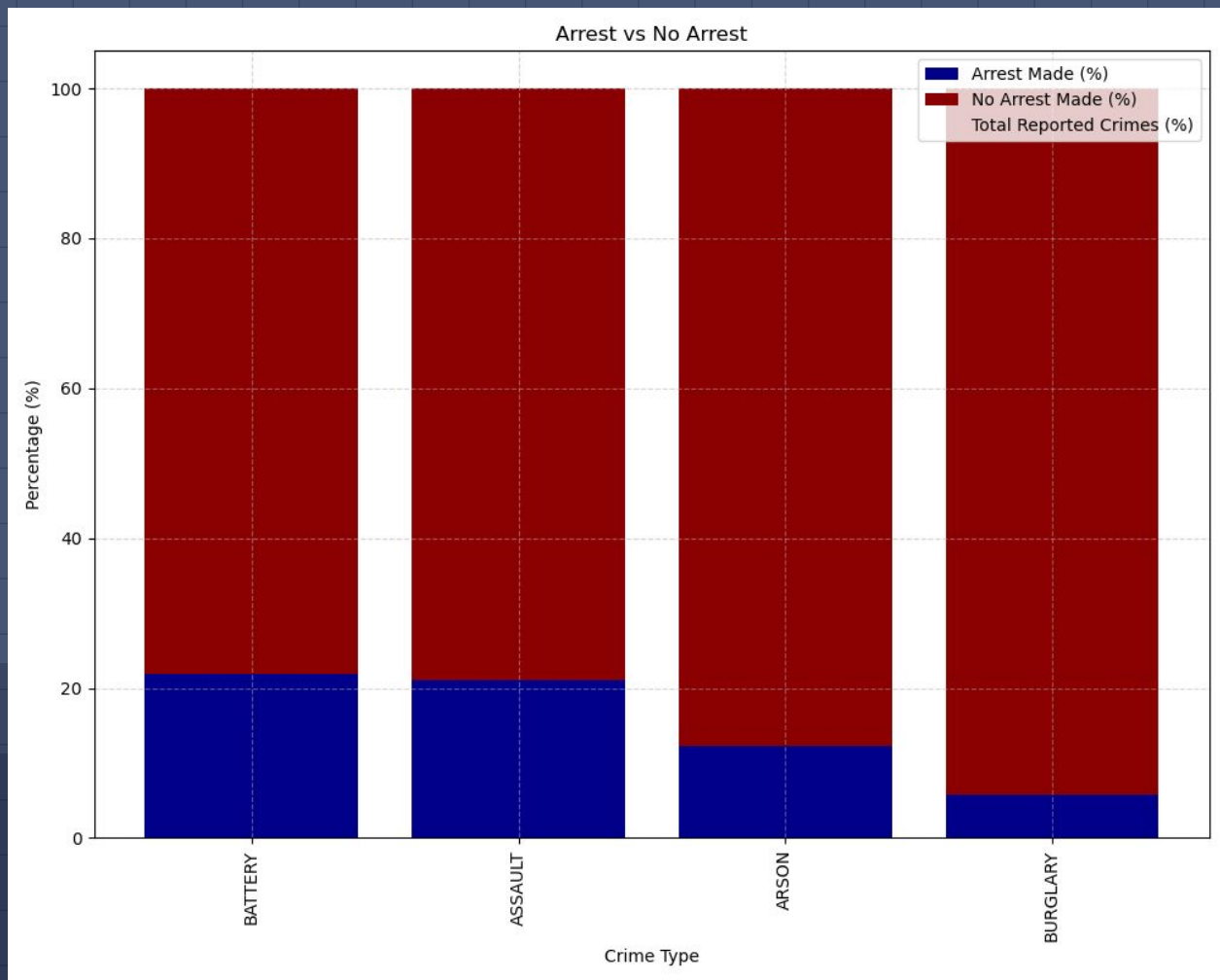
Arson 12%

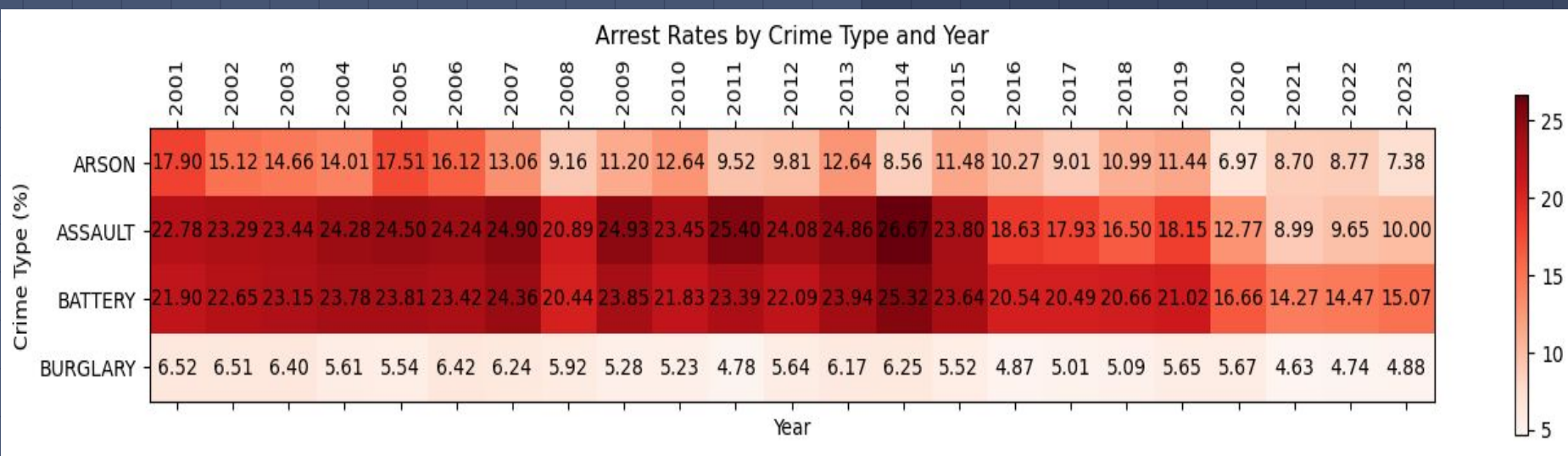
Burglary 6%

Arrest vs No Arrest Made:

No Arrest

- Battery = 78%
- Assault = 79%
- Arson = 88%
- Burglary = 94%





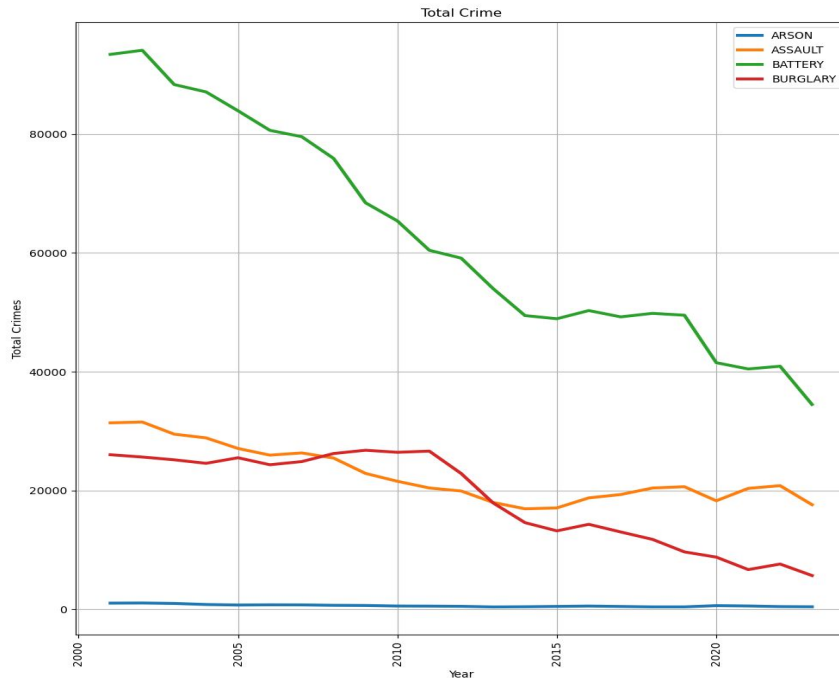
- **Peak arrest rates occurred in 2014 for assault and battery**
- **Assault = 27%**
- **Battery = 25%**
- **Burglary has had around the same arrest rate**
- **Arsons arrest rate has gone down**

When compared to total reported crime committed:

- Arrest Rates have also gone down
- Assault and Battery have dropped quickly
- Arson and Burglary have gone down more so over time

It can be argued there is some correlation based on the data

Total Crime



Arrest Rates

