If and Whether

1. The basic distinction between these two words is that *If* introduces a **condition** and *Whether* introduces a choice between **two alternatives.**

If it rains, bring in the tables.

"If it rains" is the condition for bringing in the tables.

I'll pay you ten pounds **if** you sing.

"If you sing" is the condition for getting ten pounds.

I'll pay you ten pounds whether you sing or not.

Here there is no condition: you will get ten pounds in **both** cases.

Let Anna know **whether** you are coming to the meeting.

There are two alternatives: **(a)** coming **(b)** not coming. In **both** cases, you must tell Anna. This is not the same as *Let Anna know if you are coming to the meeting*: here, you only tell Anna if you **are** coming, you don't need to speak to her at all if you are not coming.

Your doctor will tell you **whether** you need another vaccination.

The doctor will tell you in **both** cases: **(a)** you need another vaccination **(b)** you do not. This is not the same as *Your doctor will tell you* **if** you need another vaccination: here, he will only contact you in case **(a)**.

- 2. *If* and *whether* are sometimes **interchangeable**: they can have the same function.
- (i) When reporting **yes/no** questions.

I am not sure **whether** *I* will be going to the party.

I am not sure if I will be going to the party.

(In both of these sentences, the **yes/no** question is "Am I going to the party?")

Janice wondered **whether** he really loved her.

Janice wondered **if** he really loved her.

(In both of these sentences, the **yes/no** question is "Does he really love me?")

(ii) In **whether...or...** / **if...or...** constructions.

I would like to know **whether** it is a true story **or** invented.

I would like to know **if** it is a true story **or** invented.