Team 03 Test Plan

2025/04/27

Top Down Test Plan v1.0

Date of Test:	2025/04/24
Tester:	Eisa Alsharifi

Purpose

To test the entire system against its requirements by performing a top-down test.

Equipment Needed

- System Equipment
 - o Project Breadboard
 - o MAX1032
 - LM662 Op Amp
 - o QT PY Chip
- Test Equipment
 - *Power Supply*
 - Oscilloscope
 - o Arduino IDE
 - o Probes
 - \circ DMM
- Other Equipment
 - *N/A*

Pre-Test Setup

- 1. Set 1 channel on the power supply to 9V and the other to 4.5V.
- 2. Connect power supply channels to the breadboard in the appropriate places.
- 3. Connect laptop running Arduino IDE to the QT PY
- 4. Connect oscilloscope probes to the op amp output
- 5. Double check all connections

Top Down Test Steps

- 1. Turn on both power supply channels
- 2. Upload the code to the QT PY
- 3. Observe circuit output
 - a. If we see a match between the Arduino IDE output voltage and the oscilloscope output voltage, this indicates a successful test.

Post-Test Teardown

- 1. Turn off power supply channels
- 2. Unplug power supply connections
- 3. Unplug oscilloscope probes

4. Unplug QT PY from laptop

Top-down Test Plan Conclusions / Discussion

After running the test, we should observe that the output voltage should change depending on the electric charge measured at the input. Using this information, we should be able to determine the size and charge of the particles measure

Team 03 COATL Aircraft Particle Sensor

Bottom Up Test Cases (Version F Tests Created 4/24/25)

Test	Author: Felix Moss											
	Test Case Name:	Full Ope	ration Test	Test I	D#:		001					
	Description:	To test t top-dow	he entire system against its requirements by performing a n test.	Туре	:		✓ white box □ black box □					
Test	Tester Information											
	Name of Tester:	Eisa Alsh	parifi	Date	:		4/24/2025					
	HW/SW Version:	Version I	F	Time:			3:15 PM					
	Setup:	Connect Connect Connect	annel on the power supply to 9V and the other to 4.5V. power supply channels to the breadboard in the appropriate laptop running Arduino IDE to the QT PY oscilloscope probes to the op amp output check all connections	e places	·.							
T E S T	INPUTS		EXPECTED OUTPUTS	P A S S	F A I L	N /A	Comments					
1	Move source of static electricity input wire	close to	As it gets closer to the wire, there is increased charge and deviations from the 4.5V. We should see voltage variations on the oscilloscope.	1			Changes were observed on both the oscilloscope and the Arduino IDE					
	Overall test result:			1			Our circuit works well					

Test	Information							
	Name of Testers:	Nathan Truong, Felix Moss, Annika Boyd, Eisa Alsharifi				Date:		
	HW/SW Version:	Version F				Time:		
Setup: Connect power supply and oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit.								
S	Action	Expected Result	Р	F	N	Comments		
T			A	A				
E P			S	L	A			
1	Test virtual ground	Both sides of the virtual ground should be around 4.5V						
2	Turn on the power and function generator.	No shorts should be evident on the power supply						
3	_	A clear pulse wave (probes at function generator output) should be visible						
4	Upload code to microcontroller via Arduino IDE	Code should be successfully uploaded to the microcontroller						
5	Give the ADC a direct supply of voltage (0V - 10V in 1mV increments)	We get matching ADC bit readings on the Arduino IDE.						
6	Give a 2.4V signal to the gates of the analog switch from the microcontroller	The output of the switch the output should match the input						
7	Probe the amplified coulomb-meter output (LM662	A voltage reading of between 4V and 8V						

op amp output)			
Overall test result:			

Bottom Up Test Cases (Version F Tests on 5/20/25)

Test	Test Author: Felix Moss										
	Test Case Name:	Full Ope	ration Test	Test I	D #:		001				
	Description:	To test t top-dow	he entire system against its requirements by performing a n test.	Туре:			✓ white box □ black box □				
Tester Information											
	Name of Tester:	Eisa Alsh	arifi	Date:			5/20/2025				
	HW/SW Version:	Version I	=	Time			3:15 PM				
	Setup:	Connect Connect Connect	nnnel on the power supply to 9V and the other to 4.5V. power supply channels to the breadboard in the appropriate laptop running Arduino IDE to the QT PY oscilloscope probes to the op amp output theck all connections	readboard in the appropriate places. ne QT PY							
T E S T	INPUTS		EXPECTED OUTPUTS	P A S S	F A I L	N /A	Comments				
1	No inputs, only room noise										

2	Move source of static electricity close to input wire	As it gets closer to the wire, there is increased charge and deviations from the 4.5V. We should see voltage variations on the oscilloscope.	✓ 		
	Overall test result:		✓		

Test	Test Information									
	Name of Testers:	Nathan Truong, Felix Moss, Annika Boyd, Eisa Alsharifi					Date:	5/20/2025		
	HW/SW Version:	Version F, Test 1				ŀ	Time:	12:05PM		
	Setup:	Connect power supply and oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope are set at the frequency input and the output. Set the power supply to 9V and 0.2A. Set the function generator to a SINE wave with amplitude 200mVpp, offset 0, frequency 1KHz.								
S T E P	Action	Expected Result	P A S S	F A I L		N C A	Comments			
1	Turn on the power and function generator.	No shorts should be evident on the power supply	1							
2	Test virtual ground	Both sides of the virtual ground should be around 4.5V		1		p ir g	rirtual ground properly. Only nstead of the insetting the chematic's grou	getting tended 4.5 4.5V at	V. (Not	
3	Probe the function generator output	A clear pulse wave (probes at function generator output) should be visible								
4	Upload code to microcontroller	Code should be successfully uploaded to the microcontroller								

via Arduino IDE			
Give the ADC a direct supply of voltage (0V - 10V in 1mV increments)	We get matching ADC bit readings on the Arduino IDE.		
Give a 2.4V signal to the gates of the analog switch from the microcontroller	The output of the switch the output should match the input		
Probe the amplified coulomb-meter output (LM662 op amp output)	A voltage reading of between 4V and 8V		
Overall test result:			Taking out microcontroller to test PCB by itself.

Test	Test Information									
	Name of Testers:	Nathan Truong, Felix Moss, Annika Boyd, Eisa Alsharifi				Date:	5/20/2025			
	HW/SW Version:	Version F, Test 2				Time:	12:24PM			
	Connect power supply and oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope set at the frequency input and the output. Set the power supply to 9V and 0.2A.									
S T E P	Action	Expected Result	P A S	F A I L	N / A	Comments				
1	Turn on the power and function generator.	No shorts should be evident on the power supply	1							
2	Test virtual ground	Both sides of the virtual ground should be around 4.5V		√		instead of the	nly getting intended 4.5\ 4.5V at	` .		
3	Probe the function generator	A clear pulse wave (probes at function generator output)								

	output	should be visible		
1	Upload code to microcontroller via Arduino IDE	Code should be successfully uploaded to the microcontroller		
	Give the ADC a direct supply of voltage (0V - 10V in 1mV increments)	We get matching ADC bit readings on the Arduino IDE.		
	Give a 2.4V signal to the gates of the analog switch from the microcontroller	The output of the switch the output should match the input		
	Probe the amplified coulomb-meter output (LM662 op amp output)	A voltage reading of between 4V and 8V		
	Overall test result:		1	Checking all connections on the PCB, looking for potential shorts.

Test	Test Information								
	Name of Testers:	Nathan Truong, Felix Moss, Annika Boyd, Eisa Alsharifi				Date:		5/20/2025	
	HW/SW Version:	Version F, Test 3		Time:	-	12:40PM			
	Setup:	Connect power supply and oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope are set at the frequency input and the output. Set the power supply to 9V and 0.2A.							
S T E P	Action	Expected Result	P A S	F A I L	N / A	Commen	ts		
	Turn on the power and function generator.	No shorts should be evident on the power supply	1						
2	Test virtual ground	Both sides of the virtual ground should be around 4.5V		V		properly.	of the	getting intended	4.5V.

			change of power supply to see if that was the issue but it was not. (Not getting the 4.5V at the schematic's ground)
Probe the function generator output	A clear pulse wave (probes at function generator output) should be visible		
Upload code to microcontroller via Arduino IDE	Code should be successfully uploaded to the microcontroller		
Give the ADC a direct supply of voltage (0V - 10V in 1mV increments)	We get matching ADC bit readings on the Arduino IDE.		
Give a 2.4V signal to the gates of the analog switch from the microcontroller	The output of the switch the output should match the input		
Probe the amplified coulomb-meter output (LM662 op amp output)	A voltage reading of between 4V and 8V		
Overall test result:		√	Power supply was not the issue, going to continue to look for issues in the circuit.

Test Information								
	Name of Testers:	Nathan Truong, Felix Moss, Annika Boyd, Eisa Alsharifi	Date:	5/20/2025				
	HW/SW Version:	Version F, Test 4	Time:	12:40PM				
		Connect power supply and oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope are set at the frequency input and the output. Set the power supply to 9V and 0.2A.						
S	Action	Expected Result	Р	F	N	Comments		
Т			Α	Α	/			
E			S	Î	Α			
Р			S	L				

	Turn on the power and function generator.	No shorts should be evident on the power supply	1		
2	Test virtual ground	Both sides of the virtual ground should be around 4.5V		V	Virtual ground not working properly. Only getting 3.2V instead of the intended 4.5V. Went into the Capstone lab for a change of power supply to see if that was the issue but it was not. (Not getting the 4.5V at the schematic's ground)
	Probe the function generator output	A clear pulse wave (probes at function generator output) should be visible			
	Upload code to microcontroller via Arduino IDE	Code should be successfully uploaded to the microcontroller			
	Give the ADC a direct supply of voltage (0V - 10V in 1mV increments)	We get matching ADC bit readings on the Arduino IDE.			
	Give a 2.4V signal to the gates of the analog switch from the microcontroller	The output of the switch the output should match the input			
	Probe the amplified coulomb-meter output (LM662 op amp output)	A voltage reading of between 4V and 8V			
	Overall test result:			√	Power supply was not the issue, going to continue to look for issues in the circuit.

Test	Information			
	Name of Testers:	Nathan Truong, Felix Moss, Annika Boyd, Eisa Alsharifi	Date:	5/20/2025

	HW/SW Version:	Version F, Test 5				Time: 12:40PM				
	Setup:	Connect power supply and oscilloscope to test points on the breadboard circuit. Probes for the oscilloscope ar set at the frequency input and the output. Set the power supply to 9V and 0.2A.								
S T E P	Action	Expected Result	P A S S	F A I L	N / A	Comments				
1	Turn on the power and function generator.	No shorts should be evident on the power supply	1							
2	Test virtual ground	Both sides of the virtual ground should be around 4.5V		✓		Virtual ground not working properly. Only getting 3.2V instead of the intended 4.5V. We are reading the 10k resistors in the voltage divider as 5k. This is because the resistors are mistakenly being connected in parallel.				
3	Probe the function generator output	A clear pulse wave (probes at function generator output) should be visible								
4	Upload code to microcontroller via Arduino IDE	Code should be successfully uploaded to the microcontroller								
5	Give the ADC a direct supply of voltage (0V - 10V in 1mV increments)	We get matching ADC bit readings on the Arduino IDE.								
6	Give a 2.4V signal to the gates of the analog switch from the microcontroller	The output of the switch the output should match the input								
	Probe the amplified coulomb-meter output (LM662 op amp output)	A voltage reading of between 4V and 8V								
	Overall test result:			1		Potential issue with the voltage divider was found. Going to test				

				all individual connections on the PCB to completely rule out any missed connections. Going to switch out a resistors for fresh 10k
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Test	Information							
	Name of Testers:	Date:	5/20/2025					
	HW/SW Version:	Version F, Test 6						
	Setup:	Connect power supply and oscilloscope to test points on the bi set at the frequency input and the output. Set the power supply				-	ne oscilloscope are	
S T E P	Action	Expected Result	P A S	F A I L	N / A	Comments		
1	Turn on the power and function generator.	No shorts should be evident on the power supply	1					
2	Test virtual ground	Both sides of the virtual ground should be around 4.5V		1		Virtual ground properly. Only instead of the in	getting 3.2V	
3	Probe the function generator output	A clear pulse wave (probes at function generator output) should be visible						
4	Upload code to microcontroller via Arduino IDE	Code should be successfully uploaded to the microcontroller						
5	Give the ADC a direct supply of voltage (0V - 10V in 1mV increments)	We get matching ADC bit readings on the Arduino IDE.						
6	Give a 2.4V signal to the gates of the analog switch from the microcontroller	The output of the switch the output should match the input						

Probe the amplified coulomb-meter output (LM662 op amp output)	A voltage reading of between 4V and 8V		
Overall test result:		✓	Still not working. Going to change out the buffer for a new one since we identified that it was not getting enough input voltage.

Test	Information								
	Name of Testers:	Nathan Truong, Felix Moss, Annika Boyd, Eisa Alsharifi	Date: 5/20/2		25				
	HW/SW Version:	Version F, Test 6	Time:	2:53PM					
	Setup:	Connect power supply and oscilloscope to test points on the set at the frequency input and the output. Set the power supp							
S T E	Action	Expected Result	P A S S	F A I L	N / A	Comments			
1	Turn on the power and function generator.	No shorts should be evident on the power supply	1						
2	Test virtual ground	Both sides of the virtual ground should be around 4.5V	1			Buffer was ground is wor	the issue! king proper		
7	·	A voltage reading of between 4V and 8V with responses to outside sources of charged particles	√			We have a s 4.5V and the outside inter intended.	output is aff	ected by	
	Overall test result:			√		The PCB is intended. We was that wh popped, the	believe the en a capac	problem itor was	

		 Ithe surge of current.
		 itile surge of current.