

11/11/20

Nathann Eimi dos Reis 19.2.4003

15/12/21

Demora 13

Prova 2

$f = c$	1	1,5	2	2,5	3	3,5	4	4,5	5
f_{exp}	6,34	6,3	6,41	5,4004	5,46	4,35	3,94	4,32	3,4003

$$M = 0,4003$$

a. Regra das trapézios para $h = 0,5$

$$I = 0,5 \cdot \left[6,34 + 2 \cdot (6,3 + 6,41 + 5,4004 + 5,46 + 4,35 + 3,94 + 4,32) + 3,4003 \right]$$

$$I = 0,25 \cdot [6,34 + 2 \cdot (36,1604) + 3,4003]$$

$$I = 0,25 \cdot [6,34 + 72,3214 + 3,4003]$$

$$I = 0,25 \cdot [82,0621]$$

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Demona 13

Prora 2

$j - x$	1	1,5	2	2,5	3	3,5	4	4,5	5
$f(x)$	6,34	6,3	6,41	5,4007	5,44	4,35	3,94	4,32	3,4007

$$M = 0,4007$$

a- Regra dos trapézios para $h = 0,5$

$$I = 0,5 \cdot \left[6,34 + 2 \cdot (6,3 + 6,41 + 5,4007 + 5,44 + 4,35 + 3,94 + \dots + 4,32) + 3,4007 \right]$$

$$I = 0,25 \cdot [6,34 + 2 \cdot (36,1607) + 3,4007]$$

$$I = 0,25 [6,34 + 72,3214 + 3,4007]$$

$$I = 0,25 [82,0621]$$

$$I = 20,5155//,$$

$$b - I = 0,2 \cdot \left[6,34 + 4 \cdot (6,3 + 5,4007 + 4,35 + 4,32) + 2 \cdot (6,41 + \dots + 5,44 + 3,94) + 3,4007 \right]$$

$$I = \frac{1}{6} [6,34 + 4 \cdot (20,3707) + 2 \cdot (15,79) + 3,4007]$$

$$I = \frac{1}{6} [6,34 + 81,4828 + 31,58 + 3,4007]$$

$$I = \frac{1}{6} [123,1435]$$

$$I = 20,5239//,$$

15/12/21

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$$2-M=0,4007$$

$$x^3 + Mx^2 - 3x - 1$$

$$a_k = 1 + \sqrt[n-k]{\frac{M}{a_n}}$$

$$k=1 \quad M=3$$

$$a_n=1 \quad n=3$$

limite Superior :

$$L_{\text{sup}} = 1 + \sqrt[3-1]{\frac{3}{1}} \Rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{3} //, \text{ ou } 2,7320 //,$$

limite Inferior :

$$f(x) = -x^3 + 0,4007(x)^2 - 3(x) - 1 = 0$$

$$= -x^3 + 0,4007x^2 + 3x - 1 = 0$$

$$f(x) - (x) = x^3 - 0,4007x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$$

$$L_{\text{sup}} = 1 + \sqrt[3-2]{\frac{3}{1}}$$

$$L_{\text{sup}} = 1 + 3 = 4$$

Logo,

$$L_{\text{INF}} = -L_{\text{sup}}$$

$$L_{\text{INF}} = -4 //$$

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$$b - \text{Equação: } x^3 + 0,4004x^2 - 3x - 1$$

$$a = 1; \quad b = 2$$

Ponse O demonstrativo

$$K = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} n_K = 1 \quad f(a_K) &= 1^3 + 0,4004 \cdot 1^2 - 3 \cdot 1 - 1 \\ &= 0,4004 - 3 \\ &= -2,5993 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b_K = 2 \quad f(b_K) &= 2^3 + 0,4004 \cdot 2^2 - 3 \cdot 2 - 1 \\ &= 8 + 1,6028 - 6 - 1 \\ &= 2,6028 \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{c} = \frac{(n_K \cdot f(b_K)) - (b_K \cdot f(a_K))}{f(b_K) - (f(a_K))}$$

$$\bar{c} = \frac{(1 \cdot 2,6028) - (2 \cdot (-2,5993))}{2,6028 + 2,5993}$$

$$\bar{c} = \frac{7,8014}{5,2021} = 1,4996$$

$$f(\bar{c}_K) = 1,4996^3 + 0,4004 \cdot 1,4996^2 - 3 \cdot 1,4996 - 1$$

$$f(\bar{c}_K) = 3,3423 + 0,9031 - 4,4988 - 1$$

$$f(\bar{c}_K) = -1,2254 //$$

15/12/21

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Como foi visto no parágrafo demonstrativo anteriormente, os valores da tabela a seguir foram calculados de maneira analítica.

k	a_k	b_k	\bar{c}_k	$ f(\bar{c}_k) $	$f(a_k)f(b_k) < 0?$
0	1	2	1,4996	1,2251	(-)(-)
1	1,4996	2	1,6594	0,3029	(-)(-)
2	1,6594	2	1,6952	0,0622	(-)(-)
3	1,6952	2	1,7023	0,0123	(-)(-)
4	1,7023	2	1,7034	0,0024	(-)(-)

$$k=1; \bar{c}_k = \frac{6,3531}{3,8249} = 1,6594; f(\bar{c}_k) = -0,3035$$

$$k=2; \bar{c}_k = \frac{4,9256}{2,9057} = 1,6952; f(\bar{c}_k) = -0,0622$$

$$k=3; \bar{c}_k = \frac{4,5364}{2,665} = 1,7023; f(\bar{c}_k) = -0,0123$$

$$k=4; \bar{c}_k = \frac{4,6463}{2,6150} = 1,7882; f(\bar{c}_k) = -0,0024$$