# **Camping Le Maine Blanc**

Version 1.0

**Nathalie Darnaudat** 

15 septembre 2025

# Contents:

	lules et Apps
1.1	Core
1.2	Tests Core
1.3	Reservations
1.4	Tests Reservations
1.5	Bookings
1.6	Tests Bookings

Bienvenue dans la documentation du site du Camping Le Maine Blanc.

Cette documentation couvre les modules Python, les vues, les formulaires, les admin et les tests du projet.

Vous pouvez ajouter votre contenu en utilisant la syntaxe reStructuredText. Pour plus de détails, consultez la documentation : reStructuredText

Contents: 1

2 Contents:

# CHAPITRE 1

# Modules et Apps

# **1.1 Core**

- Modèles

class core.models.CampingInfo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: TranslatableModel

Stores general camping rules and schedules.

Fields include reception hours, arrival and departure times, and gate opening hours.

# **Security:**

— No direct user input, so XSS or SQL injection risk is minimal.

# translations

Accessor to the related objects manager on the reverse side of a many-to-one relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
    parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Parent.children is a ReverseManyToOneDescriptor instance.

Most of the implementation is delegated to a dynamically defined manager class built by create\_forward\_many\_to\_many\_manager() defined below.

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

# arrivals\_end\_high

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

#### arrivals\_end\_low

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

#### arrivals\_start\_high

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# departure\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# portal\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# portal\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

#### welcome\_afternoon\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# welcome\_afternoon\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# welcome\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

#### welcome\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# class core.models.SwimmingPoolInfo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: TranslatableModel

Stores swimming pool schedule information.

#### **Security:**

— No user input processed.

#### translations

Accessor to the related objects manager on the reverse side of a many-to-one relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
   parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Parent.children is a ReverseManyToOneDescriptor instance.

Most of the implementation is delegated to a dynamically defined manager class built by create\_forward\_many\_to\_many\_manager() defined below.

#### exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

#### id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# pool\_opening\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# pool\_opening\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# class core.models.FoodInfo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: TranslatableModel

Stores information about food services such as food trucks, pizza days, bread reservations, and bar opening hours.

# **Translations:**

- Automatically translates burger and pizza days using DeepL API.
- Logs translation errors without interrupting save process.

#### **Security:**

- No user input is directly processed here, reducing XSS risk.
- DeepL API errors are caught and logged.

# translations

Accessor to the related objects manager on the reverse side of a many-to-one relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
   parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Parent.children is a ReverseManyToOneDescriptor instance.

Most of the implementation is delegated to a dynamically defined manager class built by create\_forward\_many\_to\_many\_manager() defined below.

```
save(*args, **kwargs)
```

Overrides save to automatically translate certain fields into multiple languages using DeepL API. Errors are logged but do not interrupt saving.

#### **Security:**

— Only controlled default values are translated; no user input is processed.

1.1. Core 5

#### exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

#### bar\_hours\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

#### bar\_hours\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# bread\_hours\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# bread\_hours\_reservations

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# bread\_hours\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

## burger\_food\_days

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# burger\_food\_hours\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# burger\_food\_hours\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# pizza\_food\_days

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# class core.models.LaundryInfo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: TranslatableModel

Stores information about laundry services and pricing.

# **Security:**

— Only fixed numeric values; no user input.

#### translations

Accessor to the related objects manager on the reverse side of a many-to-one relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
   parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Parent.children is a ReverseManyToOneDescriptor instance.

Most of the implementation is delegated to a dynamically defined manager class built by create\_forward\_many\_to\_many\_manager() defined below.

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases : ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

# dryer\_price

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# washing\_machine\_price

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# ${\bf class} \ \ {\bf core.models. Camping InfoTranslation} ({\it id, language\_code, welcome\_start, welcome\_end, language\_code, welcome\_end, language\_code, welcome\_end, language\_code, l$

welcome\_afternoon\_start, welcome\_afternoon\_end, arrivals\_start\_high, arrivals\_end\_high, arrivals\_end\_low, departure\_end, portal\_start, portal\_end, master)

 $Bases: {\tt TranslatedFieldsModel}$ 

## exception DoesNotExist

Bases: TranslationDoesNotExist, DoesNotExist, DoesNotExist

#### exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

# arrivals\_end\_high

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# arrivals\_end\_low

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### arrivals\_start\_high

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### departure\_end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

1.1. Core 7

# get\_language\_code\_display(\*, field=<parler.utils.compat.HideChoicesCharField : language\_code>)

# id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### language\_code

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### master

The mandatory Foreign key field to the shared model.

# master\_id

# objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>

# portal\_end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### portal\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### welcome afternoon end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

## welcome\_afternoon\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### welcome\_end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# welcome\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

 $\textbf{class} \ \ \textbf{core.models.FoodInfoTranslation} (\textit{id}, language\_code, burger\_food\_days, burger\_food\_hours\_start, \\$ 

 $burger\_food\_hours\_end, pizza\_food\_days,$ 

bread\_hours\_reservations, bread\_hours\_start, bread\_hours\_end, bar\_hours\_start, bar\_hours\_end, master)

Bases: TranslatedFieldsModel

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: TranslationDoesNotExist, DoesNotExist, DoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

#### bar\_hours\_end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### bar\_hours\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### bread\_hours\_end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# bread\_hours\_reservations

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### bread\_hours\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# burger\_food\_days

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### burger\_food\_hours\_end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# burger\_food\_hours\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

get\_language\_code\_display(\*, field=<parler.utils.compat.HideChoicesCharField : language\_code>)

#### id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# language\_code

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### master

The mandatory Foreign key field to the shared model.

# master\_id

```
objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>
```

#### pizza\_food\_days

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

Bases: TranslatedFieldsModel

#### exception DoesNotExist

 $Bases: {\tt TranslationDoesNotExist}, {\tt DoesNotExist}, {\tt DoesNotExist}$ 

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

1.1. Core 9

#### dryer\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

get\_language\_code\_display(\*, field=<parler.utils.compat.HideChoicesCharField : language\_code>)

id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# language\_code

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### master

The mandatory Foreign key field to the shared model.

master\_id

objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>

# washing\_machine\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

Bases: TranslatedFieldsModel

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: TranslationDoesNotExist, DoesNotExist, DoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

get\_language\_code\_display(\*, field=<parler.utils.compat.HideChoicesCharField : language\_code>)

id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# language\_code

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### master

The mandatory Foreign key field to the shared model.

#### master\_id

```
objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>
```

# pool\_opening\_end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### pool\_opening\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

```
— Vues
core.views.home_view(request)
     Render the homepage.
     Security:
        — No user input processed; safe from XSS or injection.
core.views.about_view(request)
     Render the about page.
     Security:

    No user input processed.

core.views.infos_view(request)
     Render the information page with pricing, supplements, seasons, mobile homes, camping info, capacity, and
     other prices.
     Features:
        — Groups normal and worker prices
        — Handles supplements and visitor prices
        — Dynamically sets mobile home descriptions based on current language
     Security:
        — Only retrieves data from the database

    No user input is processed

        — Safe against XSS and injection
core.views.services_view(request)
     Render the Services page including swimming pool, food, and laundry info.
     Security:
        — Only reads database objects
        — No user input processed
core.views.accommodations_view(request)
     Render the Accommodations page.
     Security:
        — No user input processed
core.views.activities_view(request)
     Render the Activities page.
     Security:

    No user input processed

core.views.legal_view(request)
     Render the Legal page.
     Security:
         - Static content, safe
core.views.privacy_view(request)
     Render the Privacy Policy page.
     Security:
         - Static content, safe
core.views.not_found_view(request, exception=None)
```

1.1. Core 11

Render the 404 Not Found page.

Static content

**Security:** 

```
    Exception handling passed safely

   — Admin
class core.apps.CoreConfig(app_name, app_module)
     Bases: AppConfig
     Configuration for the "core" app, which manages general campsite information.
     default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
     name = 'core'
     verbose_name = 'Informations diverses'
1.2 Tests Core
   — Modèles
core.tests.test_models.test_campinginfo_fixture(campinginfo_fr)
     Verify that the CampingInfo fixture is correctly created and times are set.
core.tests.test_models.test_swimmingpoolinfo_fixture(swimmingpoolinfo_fr)
     Verify that the SwimmingPoolInfo fixture is correctly created and opening times are correct.
core.tests.test_models.test_foodinfo_fixture(foodinfo_fr)
     Verify that the FoodInfo fixture is correctly created and food hours are set.
core.tests.test_models.test_laundryinfo_fixture(laundryinfo_fr)
     Verify that the LaundryInfo fixture is correctly created and prices are correct.
   - Vues
core.tests.test_views.test_home_view(client)
     Home page should load successfully and use the correct template.
core.tests.test_views.test_about_view(client)
     About page should load successfully and use the correct template.
core.tests.test_views.test_accommodations_view(client)
     Accommodations page should load successfully and use the correct template.
core.tests.test_views.test_activities_view(client)
     Activities page should load successfully and use the correct template.
core.tests.test_views.test_legal_view(client)
     Legal page should load successfully and use the correct template.
core.tests.test_views.test_privacy_view(client)
     Privacy policy page should load successfully and use the correct template.
core.tests.test_views.test_not_found_view(client)
     Not found page should return 404 and use the correct template.
core.tests.test_views.test_infos_view(client, campinginfo_fr, mobilehome_fr)
     Infos view should load successfully and provide camping info and mobilehome data.
core.tests.test_views.test_services_view(client, swimmingpoolinfo fr, foodinfo fr, laundryinfo fr)
     Services view should load successfully and provide swimming, food, and laundry info.
```

# 1.3 Reservations

— Vues

reservations.views.reservation\_request\_view(request)

#### Handles reservation requests from users:

- GET: display empty reservation form
- POST: validate form, translate message, send email to admin, show success message

# **Security measures:**

- Form validation via ReservationRequestForm
- Escape user-provided message to prevent XSS
- Deepl API errors are caught and logged, original message preserved
- Email sending is wrapped, fail\_silently=False
- No sensitive data (API key) is exposed to templates
- Formulaires

 $\textbf{class} \ \ \textbf{reservations.} \\ \textbf{forms.} \\ \textbf{ReservationRequestForm} \\ (\textit{data} = None, \textit{files} = None, \textit{auto}\_\textit{id} = \textit{'id}\_\textit{\%s'}, \\ \textbf{order} \\ \textbf{$ 

prefix=None, initial=None, error\_class=<class
'django.forms.utils.ErrorList'>, label\_suffix=None,
empty\_permitted=False, field\_order=None,
use\_required\_attribute=None, renderer=None,
bound\_field\_class=None)

Bases: Form

Form to handle reservation requests from customers.

#### Fields:

- Customer info: name, first\_name, address, postal\_code, city, phone, email
- Reservation dates : start\_date, end\_date
- Accommodation details: accommodation type, tent dimensions, vehicle length
- Guests: adults, children over 8, children under 8, pets
- Electricity info: electricity, cable length
- Message : optional free text

## **Security:**

- Fields are validated and escaped to prevent XSS
- Conditional fields validated in *clean()*

```
ACCOMMODATION_CHOICES = [('', 'Choisissez un type'), ('tent', 'Tente'), ('car_tent', 'Voiture tente'), ('caravan', 'Caravane'), ('fourgon', 'Fourgon aménagé'), ('van', 'Van'), ('camping_car', 'Camping-car'), ('mobil-home', 'Mobil-home')]
```

ELECTRICITY\_CHOICES = [('yes', 'Avec électricité'), ('no', 'Sans électricité')]

clean()

# **Custom validation:**

- Validate dates (arrival < departure, not in past)</p>
- Validate conditional fields (tent dimensions, vehicle length, cable if electricity)
- Escape free-text message to prevent XSS

1.3. Reservations

```
base_fields = {'accommodation_type': <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>,
     'address': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'adults':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'cable_length':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'children_over_8':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'children_under_8':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'city': <django.forms.fields.CharField</pre>
     object>. 'electricity': <diango.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>. 'email':
     <django.forms.fields.EmailField object>, 'end_date': <django.forms.fields.DateField</pre>
     object>, 'first_name': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'message':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'name': <django.forms.fields.CharField</pre>
     object>, 'pets': <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'phone':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'postal_code':
<django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'start_date': <django.forms.fields.DateField</pre>
     object>, 'tent_length': <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'tent_width':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'vehicle_length':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>}
     declared_fields = {'accommodation_type': <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>,
     'address': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'adults':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'cable_length':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'children_over_8':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'children_under_8':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'city': <django.forms.fields.CharField</pre>
     object>, 'electricity': <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'email':
     <django.forms.fields.EmailField object>, 'end_date': <django.forms.fields.DateField</pre>
     object>, 'first_name': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'message':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'name': <django.forms.fields.CharField</pre>
     object>, 'pets': <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'phone':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'postal_code':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'start_date': <django.forms.fields.DateField</pre>
     object>, 'tent_length': <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'tent_width':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'vehicle_length':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>}
     property media
         Return all media required to render the widgets on this form.

    Configuration

class reservations.apps.ReservationsConfig(app_name, app_module)
     Bases: AppConfig
     Configuration for the "reservations" app, which handles booking requests and forms.
     default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
     name = 'reservations'
1.4 Tests Reservations
   — Vues
```

reservations.tests.test\_views.valid\_reservation\_data()

Valid POST data for the reservation form

```
reservations.tests.test_views.test_get_reservation_request_view(client)
     GET request to reservation_request returns the form and correct template.
reservations.tests.test_views.test_post_valid_reservation_with_datetime_and_label(mock translate,
                                                                                               mock send,
                                                                                               client.
                                                                                               va-
                                                                                               lid_reservation_data)
     POST valid reservation sends email, shows success, and sets submission_datetime.
reservations.tests.test_views.test_post_invalid_reservation(client)
     POST request with missing required fields returns form errors
   - Formulaires
reservations.tests.test_forms.valid_form_data()
     Valid data for the booking form
reservations.tests.test_forms.test_form_valid(valid form data)
     Form with all valid data should be valid.
reservations.tests.test_forms.test_form_missing_required_field(valid_form_data)
     Form missing "name" field should be invalid and report error.
reservations.test_forms.test_form_dates_invalid(valid form data)
     Start date in the past or end date not after start should be invalid.
reservations.tests.test_forms.test_form_tent_requires_dimensions(valid_form_data)
     Tent accommodation requires both length and width to be filled.
reservations.tests.test_forms.test_form_vehicle_requires_length(valid_form_data)
     Vehicle-type accommodation requires vehicle_length to be filled.
reservations.tests.test_forms.test_form_cable_requires_if_electricity_yes(valid_form_data)
     If electricity is "yes", cable_length must be filled.
1.5 Bookings
   - Modèles
class bookings.models.SupplementPrice(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: Model
     Stores additional pricing options for reservations.
     Fields:
         — extra_adult_price : price per extra adult
        — child_over_8_price : price per child over 8 years
        — child_under_8_price : price per child under 8 years
        — pet_price : price per pet
        — extra_vehicle_price : price per additional vehicle
        — extra_tent_price : price per additional tent
        — visitor_price_without_swimming_pool : visitor price without pool
        — visitor_price_with_swimming_pool : visitor price with pool
     Security:
        - Only stores numeric data
```

1.5. Bookings

— No user input processed directly

#### extra\_adult\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# child\_over\_8\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### child\_under\_8\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# pet\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### extra\_vehicle\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

## extra\_tent\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### visitor\_price\_without\_swimming\_pool

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# visitor\_price\_with\_swimming\_pool

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

#### id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>

#### prices

Accessor to the related objects manager on the reverse side of a many-to-one relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
   parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Parent.children is a ReverseManyToOneDescriptor instance.

Most of the implementation is delegated to a dynamically defined manager class built by create\_forward\_many\_to\_many\_manager() defined below.

#### class bookings.models.Price(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: Model

Stores the base pricing for different types of accommodations and seasons.

#### Fields:

- booking\_type : main type (tent, caravan, camping\_car)
- season : low/mid/high
- is\_worker: boolean flag for worker rates
- price\_1\_person\_with\_electricity, price\_2\_persons\_with\_electricity
- price\_1\_person\_without\_electricity, price\_2\_persons\_without\_electricity
- supplements : related SupplementPrice

#### - save()

auto-assigns included\_people and supplements

#### - clean()

validates camping-car pricing rules

#### **Security:**

- Only numeric and enum fields
- Validation ensures business rules are respected

```
SEASON_CHOICES = [('low', 'Basse Saison'), ('mid', 'Moyenne Saison'), ('high',
'Haute Saison')]
```

```
TYPE_CHOICES = [('tent', 'Tente / Voiture Tente'), ('caravan', 'Caravane / Fourgon /
Van'), ('camping_car', 'Camping-car'), ('other', 'Emplacement ouvrier weekend')]
```

#### booking\_type

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### season

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### is worker

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### price\_1\_person\_with\_electricity

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# price\_2\_persons\_with\_electricity

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# price\_1\_person\_without\_electricity

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# price\_2\_persons\_without\_electricity

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### included\_people

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### worker\_week\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# weekend\_price\_without\_electricity

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### weekend\_price\_with\_electricity

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# supplements

Accessor to the related object on the forward side of a many-to-one or one-to-one (via ForwardOneToOne-Descriptor subclass) relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
   parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Child.parent is a ForwardManyToOneDescriptor instance.

```
save(*args, **kwargs)
```

Automatically assigns included\_people based on booking\_type and ensures a SupplementPrice is associated if missing.

#### clean()

Validate business rules before saving. For camping\_car, ensures that "1 person" price fields are empty. Raises ValidationError on violation.

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

```
get_booking_type_display(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.CharField: booking_type>)
```

```
get_season_display(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.CharField : season>)
```

id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

```
objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>
```

```
supplements_id
```

```
class bookings.models.OtherPrice(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: TranslatableModel

Stores miscellaneous pricing info such as tourist tax.

#### Fields:

- current year : current calendar year
- tourist\_tax\_date : date when tourist tax applies
- price\_tourist\_tax : price per night/person

# **Security:**

- Read-only for user input
- Only numeric and date fields

# translations

Accessor to the related objects manager on the reverse side of a many-to-one relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
   parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Parent.children is a ReverseManyToOneDescriptor instance.

Most of the implementation is delegated to a dynamically defined manager class built by create\_forward\_many\_to\_many\_manager() defined below.

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

#### current\_year

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# price\_tourist\_tax

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# tourist\_tax\_date

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# class bookings.models.Capacity(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: Model

Stores maximum capacity for each booking type.

## Fields:

- booking\_type : type of accommodation
- max\_places : maximum allowed placements
- number locations : total locations
- number\_mobile\_homes : number of mobile homes

# **Security:**

- Only numeric data
- Used for internal validation (check\_capacity)

#### booking\_type

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### max\_places

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### number\_locations

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### number\_mobile\_homes

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### exception DoesNotExist

 $Bases: {\tt ObjectDoesNotExist}$ 

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

get\_booking\_type\_display(\*, field=<django.db.models.fields.CharField : booking\_type>)

id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>

#### class bookings.models.Booking(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: Model

Stores client booking information.

## Fields:

- Personal info: last\_name, first\_name, address, postal\_code, city, phone, email
- Reservation info : start\_date, end\_date, booking\_type, booking\_subtype, electricity
- Counts: adults, children\_over\_8, children\_under\_8, pets
- Extras: extra\_vehicle, extra\_tent, deposit\_paid
- Timestamps : created\_at, updated\_at

#### - get\_season()

determines season based on start date

#### - calculate\_total\_price()

calculates total cost including supplements

# - calculate\_deposit()

calculates 15% deposit

#### - save()

 $auto-assigns\ main\ type,\ included\_people,\ supplements$ 

# - check\_capacity()

checks if capacity is available

# - clean()

validates business rules and capacity

#### Security :

- Input validation via clean() ensures business rules are respected
- Numeric and enum fields only; safe from injection
- check\_capacity prevents overbooking
- All calculations server-side

```
TYPE_CHOICES = [('tent', 'Tente / Voiture Tente'), ('caravan', 'Caravane / Fourgon /
Van'), ('camping_car', 'Camping-car'), ('other', 'Emplacement ouvrier weekend')]

SUBTYPE_CHOICES = [('tent', 'Tente'), ('car_tent', 'Voiture Tente'), ('caravan',
'Caravane'), ('fourgon', 'Fourgon'), ('van', 'Van'), ('camping_car', 'Camping-car')]
```

ELECTRICITY\_CHOICES = [('yes', 'Avec électricité'), ('no', 'Sans électricité')]

#### last\_name

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### first name

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### address

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# postal\_code

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### city

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### phone

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### email

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### start\_date

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# end\_date

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# booking\_type

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### booking\_subtype

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### electricity

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

## deposit\_paid

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### tent\_length

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### tent\_width

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### vehicle\_length

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# cable\_length

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### adults

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### children\_over\_8

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### children\_under\_8

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### pets

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### extra\_vehicle

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### extra\_tent

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### created\_at

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### updated\_at

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

```
MAIN_TYPE_MAP = {'camping_car': 'camping_car', 'car_tent': 'tent', 'caravan':
'caravan', 'fourgon': 'caravan', 'tent': 'tent', 'van': 'caravan'}
```

#### created\_at\_display()

Format creation date for admin display.

#### updated\_at\_display()

Format updated date for admin display.

#### get\_season()

Determine season based on start date.

# calculate\_total\_price(supplement=None)

Calculate total price including extras and supplements. Ensures nights >= 1 and applies correct base price depending on booking\_type and electricity.

# calculate\_deposit()

Calculate 15% deposit of total price, rounded to 2 decimals.

```
save(*args, **kwargs)
```

Automatically sets booking\_type from booking\_subtype, included\_people, and assigns a SupplementPrice if missing.

#### check\_capacity()

Checks availability for given dates and booking type. Raises ValidationError if capacity exceeded.

#### clean(`

Validates business rules : - Capacity availability - Camping\_car pricing rules Raises ValidationError on violation.

#### exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

```
get_booking_subtype_display(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.CharField : booking_subtype>)
```

get\_booking\_type\_display(\*, field=<django.db.models.fields.CharField : booking\_type>)

```
get_electricity_display(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.CharField : electricity>)
```

# id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>

# class bookings.models.MobileHome(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: Model

Stores mobile home info and translations.

#### Fields:

- name, description\_text : French version
- name\_en/es/de/nl, description\_en/es/de/nl : translated versions
- night\_price, week\_low/mid/high: nightly and weekly prices
- is\_worker\_home : reserved for workers
- worker\_price\_1p/2p/3p: weekly prices for workers

## - save()

automatically translates name and description via DeepL API

#### **Security:**

- Only numeric/text fields
- DeepL translations handled server-side
- No user input directly sent to API

#### name

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# name\_en

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### name\_es

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# name\_de

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

## name\_nl

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# description\_text

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# description\_en

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# description\_es

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# description\_de

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# description\_nl

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### night\_price

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# night\_price\_mid

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# week\_low

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# week\_mid

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# week\_high

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### is\_worker\_home

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# worker\_price\_1p

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### worker\_price\_2p

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# worker\_price\_3p

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# save(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Automatically translate name and description to multiple languages using DeepL. Only executed if DEEPL\_API\_KEY is set and description\_text is provided.

## exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

# id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>

# class bookings.models.SupplementMobileHome(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: TranslatableModel

Stores extra charges for mobile homes.

#### Fields:

- mobile\_home\_deposit : security deposit
- cleaning\_deposit : cleaning deposit
- bed\_linen\_rental : optional linen rental

#### **Security:**

- Numeric fields only
- Used for internal calculations, no user input processed

#### translations

Accessor to the related objects manager on the reverse side of a many-to-one relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
    parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Parent.children is a ReverseManyToOneDescriptor instance.

Most of the implementation is delegated to a dynamically defined manager class built by create\_forward\_many\_to\_many\_manager() defined below.

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

# bed\_linen\_rental

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# cleaning\_deposit

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# mobile\_home\_deposit

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# class bookings.models.SeasonInfo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: TranslatableModel

Stores season start and end dates.

# Fields:

- low\_season\_start/end
- mid\_season\_start\_1/end\_1, mid\_season\_start\_2/end\_2

— high\_season\_start/end

#### **Security:**

- Date fields only
- Used internally for price and availability calculations

#### translations

Accessor to the related objects manager on the reverse side of a many-to-one relation.

In the example:

```
class Child(Model):
   parent = ForeignKey(Parent, related_name='children')
```

Parent.children is a ReverseManyToOneDescriptor instance.

Most of the implementation is delegated to a dynamically defined manager class built by create\_forward\_many\_to\_many\_manager() defined below.

#### exception DoesNotExist

Bases: ObjectDoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

# high\_season\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# high\_season\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

#### id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# low\_season\_end

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# low\_season\_start

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# mid\_season\_end\_1

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# mid\_season\_end\_2

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

# mid\_season\_start\_1

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

#### mid\_season\_start\_2

Descriptor for translated attributes.

This attribute proxies all get/set calls to the translated model.

 $Bases: {\tt TranslatedFieldsModel}$ 

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: TranslationDoesNotExist, DoesNotExist, DoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

# current\_year

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

```
get_language_code_display(*, field=<parler.utils.compat.HideChoicesCharField : language_code>)
```

#### id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# language\_code

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### master

The mandatory Foreign key field to the shared model.

# master\_id

objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>

#### price\_tourist\_tax

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# tourist\_tax\_date

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

high\_season\_start, high\_season\_end, master)

Bases: TranslatedFieldsModel

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: TranslationDoesNotExist, DoesNotExist, DoesNotExist

```
exception MultipleObjectsReturned
     Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned
get_language_code_display(*, field=<parler.utils.compat.HideChoicesCharField: language code>)
get_next_by_high_season_end(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField: high_season_end>,
                                 is next=True, **kwargs)
get_next_by_high_season_start(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField: high season start>,
                                   is next=True, **kwargs)
get_next_by_low_season_end(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField : low_season_end>,
                               is_next=True, **kwargs)
get_next_by_low_season_start(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField: low_season_start>,
                                  is_next=True, **kwargs)
get_next_by_mid_season_end_1(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField : mid_season_end_1>,
                                  is_next=True, **kwargs)
get_next_by_mid_season_end_2(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField: mid_season_end_2>,
                                  is_next=True, **kwargs)
get_next_by_mid_season_start_1(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField: mid_season_start_1>,
                                    is next=True, **kwargs)
get_next_by_mid_season_start_2(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField : mid_season_start_2>,
                                    is next=True, **kwargs)
get_previous_by_high_season_end(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField : high_season_end>,
                                     is_next=False, **kwargs)
get_previous_by_high_season_start(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField :</pre>
                                       high_season_start>, is_next=False, **kwargs)
get_previous_by_low_season_end(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField : low_season_end>,
                                    is_next=False, **kwargs)
get_previous_by_low_season_start(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField: low_season_start>,
                                       is_next=False, **kwargs)
get_previous_by_mid_season_end_1(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField :</pre>
                                      mid season end 1>, is next=False, **kwargs)
get_previous_by_mid_season_end_2(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField :</pre>
                                      mid_season_end_2>, is_next=False, **kwargs)
get_previous_by_mid_season_start_1(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField :</pre>
                                         mid_season_start_1>, is_next=False, **kwargs)
get_previous_by_mid_season_start_2(*, field=<django.db.models.fields.DateField :</pre>
                                         mid_season_start_2>, is_next=False, **kwargs)
high_season_end
```

1.5. Bookings 29

executed.

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is

#### high\_season\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### language\_code

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### low\_season\_end

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# low\_season\_start

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### master

The mandatory Foreign key field to the shared model.

#### master\_id

#### mid\_season\_end\_1

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# mid\_season\_end\_2

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### mid\_season\_start\_1

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# mid\_season\_start\_2

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>

Bases: TranslatedFieldsModel

# exception DoesNotExist

Bases: TranslationDoesNotExist, DoesNotExist, DoesNotExist

# exception MultipleObjectsReturned

Bases: MultipleObjectsReturned

#### bed\_linen\_rental

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

# cleaning\_deposit

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

get\_language\_code\_display(\*, field=<parler.utils.compat.HideChoicesCharField : language\_code>)

id

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

## language\_code

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

#### master

The mandatory Foreign key field to the shared model.

#### master\_id

#### mobile home deposit

A wrapper for a deferred-loading field. When the value is read from this object the first time, the query is executed.

```
objects = <django.db.models.manager.Manager object>
```

— Vues

#### bookings.views.booking\_form(request)

Display and process the initial booking form where the user selects : - Booking subtype (tent, caravan, etc.) - Start and end dates - Initial booking preferences (electricity, number of people...)

Security: - Use Django forms for input validation. - Convert decimals and dates to safe formats before saving in session. - Validate capacity with Booking.check\_capacity to prevent overbooking.

# bookings.views.booking\_summary(request)

Display a booking summary before payment. Validates session data and shows : - Total price - Deposit amount - Remaining balance

# bookings.views.booking\_details(request)

Collect customer's personal details. Once valid, create a Stripe Checkout session for deposit payment.

Security : - Never trust session directly, always validate with Django form. - Stripe key is read from Django settings.

#### bookings.views.booking\_confirm(request)

Final step: - Verify data integrity - Save booking in DB - Send confirmation emails (admin + customer) - Clear session

Security: - Validate required fields before saving. - Remove all booking data from session after confirmation.

- Formulaires

# class bookings.forms.BookingFormClassic(data=None, files=None, auto\_id='id\_%s', prefix=None, initial=None, error\_class=<class 'django.forms.utils.ErrorList'>, label\_suffix=None, empty\_permitted=False, instance=None, use\_required\_attribute=None, renderer=None)

Bases: ModelForm Client booking form.

```
Main fields:
  — booking type: campsite type (tent, caravan, camper, etc.)
  — start date / end date : arrival and departure dates
  — adults, children_over_8, children_under_8, pets: number of people and pets
  — electricity: whether electricity is required
  — cable length: required if electricity is selected
   — tent width / tent length, vehicle length: specific dimensions depending on type
Security:
  — Dates cannot be in the past.
  — Conditional fields are validated based on campsite type.

    All data is cleaned via clean() method.

BOOKING_TYPE_CHOICES_FOR_FORM = [('tent', 'Tente'), ('car_tent', 'Voiture Tente'),
('caravan', 'Caravane'), ('fourgon', 'Fourgon'), ('van', 'Van'), ('camping_car',
'Camping-car')]
SUBTYPE_TO_MAIN_TYPE = {'camping_car': 'camping_car', 'car_tent': 'tent', 'caravan':
'caravan', 'fourgon': 'caravan', 'tent': 'tent', 'van': 'caravan'}
ELECTRICITY_CHOICES = [('yes', 'Avec électricité'), ('no', 'Sans électricité')]
class Meta
    Bases: object
    model
        alias de Booking
    fields = ['booking_type', 'vehicle_length', 'tent_width', 'tent_length',
    'adults', 'children_over_8', 'children_under_8', 'pets', 'electricity',
    'cable_length', 'start_date', 'end_date']
    labels = {'cable_length': 'Longueur du câble électrique (m)', 'children_over_8':
    'Enfants +8 ans', 'children_under_8': 'Enfants -8 ans', 'pets': 'Animaux',
    'tent_length': 'Longueur de la tente (m)', 'tent_width': 'Largeur de la tente
    (m)', 'vehicle_length': 'Longueur du véhicule (m)'}
    widgets = {'cable length': <diango.forms.widgets.NumberInput object>.
    'children_over_8': <django.forms.widgets.Select object>, 'children_under_8':
    <django.forms.widgets.Select object>, 'pets': <django.forms.widgets.Select</pre>
    object>, 'tent_length': <django.forms.widgets.NumberInput object>, 'tent_width':
    <django.forms.widgets.NumberInput object>, 'vehicle_length':
    <django.forms.widgets.NumberInput object>}
clean()
    Custom validation:
       — Arrival date cannot be in the past.
```

- Departure date must be after arrival.
- Conditional fields are required depending on campsite type and electricity.

```
base_fields = {'adults': <django.forms.fields.IntegerField object>, 'booking_type':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'cable_length':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'children_over_8':
     <django.forms.fields.IntegerField object>, 'children_under_8':
     <django.forms.fields.IntegerField object>, 'electricity':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'end_date': <django.forms.fields.DateField</pre>
     object>, 'pets': <django.forms.fields.IntegerField object>, 'start_date':
     <django.forms.fields.DateField object>, 'tent_length':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'tent_width':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'vehicle_length':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>}
     declared_fields = {'adults': <django.forms.fields.IntegerField object>,
     'booking_type': <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'electricity':
     <django.forms.fields.ChoiceField object>, 'end_date': <django.forms.fields.DateField</pre>
     object>, 'start_date': <django.forms.fields.DateField object>}
     property media
         Return all media required to render the widgets on this form.
class bookings.forms.BookingDetailsForm(data=None, files=None, auto_id='id_%s', prefix=None,
                                           initial=None, error class=<class
                                           'django.forms.utils.ErrorList'>, label_suffix=None,
                                           empty permitted=False, field order=None,
                                           use_required_attribute=None, renderer=None,
                                           bound field class=None)
     Bases: Form
     Client personal details form.
     Security:
        — Email field validated automatically.
        — Maximum length for all text fields to prevent injection.

    All data cleaned via cleaned data.

     clean()
         Centralized cleaning and validation: - Strips leading/trailing spaces for all text fields. - Normalizes email
         to lowercase. - Validates phone number contains only digits, spaces, +, -, ().
     base_fields = {'address': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'city':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'email': <django.forms.fields.EmailField</pre>
     object>, 'first_name': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'last_name':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'phone': <django.forms.fields.CharField</pre>
     object>, 'postal_code': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>}
     declared_fields = {'address': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'city':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'email': <django.forms.fields.EmailField</pre>
     object>, 'first_name': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'last_name':
     <django.forms.fields.CharField object>, 'phone': <django.forms.fields.CharField</pre>
     object>, 'postal_code': <django.forms.fields.CharField object>}
     property media
         Return all media required to render the widgets on this form.
   — Admin
class bookings.admin.CapacityAdmin(model, admin_site)
     Bases: ModelAdmin
```

```
Admin for the Capacity model: displays booking types and maximum capacity.
     list_display = ('booking_type', 'max_places', 'number_locations',
     'number_mobile_homes')
     list_filter = ('booking_type',)
     search_fields = ('booking_type',)
     fieldsets = (("Nombre d'emplacements par type", {'description': "Nombre maximum
     d'emplacements disponibles pour chaque type de réservation.", 'fields':
     ('booking_type', 'max_places')}), ('Capacités totales du camping', {'fields':
     ('number_locations', 'number_mobile_homes')}))
     property media
class bookings.admin.SupplementPriceAdmin(model, admin site)
     Bases: ModelAdmin
     Admin for the SupplementPrice model: display and manage extra pricing.
     list_display = ('extra_adult_price', 'child_over_8_price', 'child_under_8_price',
     'pet_price', 'extra_vehicle_price', 'extra_tent_price',
     'visitor_price_without_swimming_pool', 'visitor_price_with_swimming_pool')
     search_fields = ()
     fieldsets = (('Suppléments', {'description': "Tarifs des suppléments quelque soit la
     saison et le type d'hébergement.", 'fields': ('extra_adult_price',
     'child_over_8_price', 'child_under_8_price', 'pet_price', 'extra_vehicle_price',
     'extra_tent_price', 'visitor_price_without_swimming_pool',
     'visitor_price_with_swimming_pool')}),)
     property media
class bookings.admin.PriceAdminForm(data=None, files=None, auto_id='id_%s', prefix=None, initial=None,
                                       error_class=<class 'django.forms.utils.ErrorList'>,
                                       label_suffix=None, empty_permitted=False, instance=None,
                                       use_required_attribute=None, renderer=None)
     Bases: ModelForm
     Custom form for PriceAdmin to add validation logic.
     class Meta
         Bases: object
         model
             alias de Price
         fields = '__all__'
     clean()
         Hook for doing any extra form-wide cleaning after Field.clean() has been called on every field. Any Vali-
         dationError raised by this method will not be associated with a particular field; it will have a special-case
```

association with the field named " all ".

```
base_fields = {'booking_type': <django.forms.fields.TypedChoiceField object>,
     'is_worker': <django.forms.fields.BooleanField object>,
     'price_1_person_with_electricity': <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>,
     'price_1_person_without_electricity': <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>,
     'price_2_persons_with_electricity': <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>,
     'price_2_persons_without_electricity': <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>,
     'season': <diango.forms.fields.TypedChoiceField object>. 'supplements':
     <django.forms.models.ModelChoiceField object>, 'weekend_price_with_electricity':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'weekend_price_without_electricity':
<django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>, 'worker_week_price':
     <django.forms.fields.DecimalField object>}
     declared_fields = {}
     property media
         Return all media required to render the widgets on this form.
class bookings.admin.PriceAdmin(model, admin_site)
     Bases: ModelAdmin
     Admin interface for Price model.
     — Uses custom form PriceAdminForm to validate fields
     — Displays pricing info for different booking types, seasons, and workers
     — Organizes form fields into sections with descriptions
     — List view shows both 1-person and 2-person prices, weekend and worker prices
     form
         alias de PriceAdminForm
     list_display = ('booking_type', 'season', 'is_worker',
     'price_1_person_with_electricity', 'price_2_persons_with_electricity',
     'price_1_person_without_electricity', 'price_2_persons_without_electricity',
     'worker_week_price', 'weekend_price_without_electricity',
     'weekend_price_with_electricity')
     list_filter = ('booking_type', 'season', 'is_worker')
     search_fields = ('booking_type', 'season')
     ordering = ('booking_type', 'season', 'is_worker')
     exclude = ('included_people',)
     fieldsets = (('Tarifs classiques', {'description': "Pour les tentes, caravanes et
     fourgons, saisir les tarifs 1 et 2 personnes.<br/>
br>Pour les camping-cars, le tarif est
     identique pour 1 ou 2 personnes.Merci de renseigner uniquement la ligne <strong>2
     personnes</strong> et laisser l'autre vide.", 'fields': ('booking_type', 'season',
     'price_1_person_with_electricity', 'price_2_persons_with_electricity',
     'price_1_person_without_electricity', 'price_2_persons_without_electricity')}),
     ('Tarifs ouvriers semaine', {'description': 'Prix spéciaux pour les ouvriers,
     électricité incluse.', 'fields': ('is_worker', 'worker_week_price')}), ('Tarifs
     ouvriers weekend', {'description': "Tarifs réduits le week-end quelque soit le type
     d'hébergement.", 'fields': ('weekend_price_without_electricity',
     'weekend_price_with_electricity')}))
     property media
```

```
class bookings.admin.OtherPriceAdmin(model, admin site)
     Bases: TranslatableAdmin
     Admin for the OtherPrice model: manage current year and tourist tax.
     list_display = ('current_year', 'tourist_tax_date', 'price_tourist_tax')
     fieldsets = (('Année en cours', {'fields': ('current_year',)}), ('Taxe de séjour',
     {'fields': ('tourist_tax_date', 'price_tourist_tax')}))
     property media
class bookings.admin.BookingAdmin(model, admin site)
     Bases: ModelAdmin
     Admin interface for Booking model.
     — Displays client info, booking details, capacities, and extra options
     — Allows editing of deposit status directly from list view
     — Provides filters by type, electricity, deposit, and dates
     — Readonly fields: created at display, updated at display
     list_display = ('last_name', 'first_name', 'start_date', 'end_date', 'booking_type',
     'booking_subtype', 'electricity', 'deposit_paid', 'created_at_display',
     'updated_at_display')
     list_editable = ('deposit_paid',)
     list_filter = ('booking_type', 'booking_subtype', 'electricity', 'deposit_paid',
     'start_date', 'end_date')
     search_fields = ('last_name', 'first_name', 'email', 'phone')
     ordering = ('-created_at',)
     readonly_fields = ('created_at_display', 'updated_at_display')
     fieldsets = (('Informations client', {'fields': ('last_name', 'first_name',
     'address', 'postal_code', 'city', 'phone', 'email')}), ('Détails de la réservation',
     {'fields': ('start_date', 'end_date', 'booking_type', 'booking_subtype',
     'electricity', 'deposit_paid')}), ('Capacités et options', {'fields': ('adults',
     'children_over_8', 'children_under_8', 'pets', 'extra_vehicle', 'extra_tent')}),
     ('Détails supplémentaires', {'description': "Ces champs apparaissent uniquement pour
     certains types d'hébergements.", 'fields': ('tent_length', 'tent_width',
     'vehicle_length', 'cable_length')}), ('Dates de création et de mise à jour',
     {'fields': ('created_at_display', 'updated_at_display')}))
     property media
class bookings.admin.MobileHomeAdmin(model, admin site)
     Bases: ModelAdmin
     Admin for the MobileHome model: display pricing, information, and options.
     list_display = ('name', 'night_price', 'night_price_mid', 'week_low', 'week_mid',
     'week_high', 'is_worker_home')
     search_fields = ('name',)
     list_filter = ('is_worker_home',)
```

```
fieldsets = (('Informations générales', {'fields': ('name', 'description_text')}),
     ('Prix à la nuitée', {'description': 'Prix à la nuitée uniquement en basse et
    moyenne saison (si le prix moyenne saison diffère, utilisez night_price_mid).',
     'fields': ('night_price', 'night_price_mid')}), ('Prix par semaine', {'fields':
     ('week_low', 'week_mid', 'week_high')}), ('Prix ouvriers', {'description':
     'Uniquement pour le mobil-home ouvrier. Les prix sont fixes selon le nombre de
    personnes.', 'fields': ('is_worker_home', 'worker_price_1p', 'worker_price_2p',
     'worker_price_3p')}))
    property media
class bookings.admin.SupplementMobileHomeAdmin(model, admin site)
    Bases: TranslatableAdmin
    Admin for the SupplementMobileHome model: manage deposits and linen rental.
    list_display = ('mobile_home_deposit', 'cleaning_deposit', 'bed_linen_rental')
    fieldsets = (('Cautions et location de linge', {'fields': ('mobile_home_deposit',
     'cleaning_deposit', 'bed_linen_rental')}),)
    property media
class bookings.admin.SeasonInfoAdmin(model, admin site)
    Bases: TranslatableAdmin
    Admin for the SeasonInfo model: manage low, mid, and high season dates.
    list_display = ['low_season_start', 'low_season_end', 'mid_season_start_1',
     'mid_season_end_1', 'mid_season_start_2', 'mid_season_end_2', 'high_season_start',
     'high_season_end']
    fieldsets = (('Saisons', {'fields': ('low_season_start', 'low_season_end',
     'mid_season_start_1', 'mid_season_end_1', 'mid_season_start_2', 'mid_season_end_2',
     'high_season_start', 'high_season_end')}),)
    property media
  Configuration App
class bookings.apps.BookingsConfig(app_name, app_module)
    Bases: AppConfig
    Configuration for the "bookings" app, which manages pricing and reservations.
    default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
    name = 'bookings'
    verbose_name = 'Prix et Réservations'
1.6 Tests Bookings
  - Modèles
```

```
bookings.tests.test_models.test_supplementprice_creation()

Test creation of SupplementPrice object and its string representation.
```

```
bookings.tests.test_models.test_price_save_and_clean()
     Test saving a Price object, automatic field population, and validation rules.
bookings.tests.test_models.test_booking_save_total_and_deposit()
     Test booking save, total price calculation, and deposit computation.
bookings.tests.test_models.test_booking_capacity_validation()
     Test that capacity validation prevents overbooking.
bookings.tests.test_models.test_capacity_str()
     Test the string representation of Capacity.
bookings.tests.test_models.test_mobilehome_creation()
     Test MobileHome object creation and string representation.
bookings.tests.test_models.test_supplementmobilehome_creation()
     Test SupplementMobileHome object creation and string representation.
bookings.tests.test_models.test_seasoninfo_creation()
     Test SeasonInfo object creation and translation handling (French).
   — Vues
bookings.tests.test_views.valid_booking_data()
     Returns a dictionary of valid booking data for form submission tests.
bookings.tests.test_views.client_details_data()
     Returns a dictionary of valid client personal details for form submission tests.
bookings.tests.test_views.supplements()
     Creates and returns a SupplementPrice object for price calculation tests.
bookings.tests.test_views.set_booking_session(client, booking_data)
     Stores booking data in client session for views that rely on session data.
bookings.tests.test_views.test_booking_form_valid(mock_check_capacity, client)
     Submitting a valid booking form should redirect to booking_summary and call check_capacity.
bookings.tests.test_views.test_booking_summary_displays_correct_prices(mock deposit,
                                                                                   mock total, client,
                                                                                   valid booking data)
     Booking summary view should correctly display total, deposit, and remaining balance.
bookings.tests.test_views.test_booking_details_creates_stripe_session(mock_deposit,
                                                                                  mock_stripe, client,
                                                                                  valid_booking_data,
                                                                                  client details data,
                                                                                  supplements)
     Booking details view should create a Stripe session for deposit payment and redirect to Stripe.
bookings.tests.test_views.test_booking_confirm_saves_booking_and_sends_emails(mock send,
                                                                                           client, va-
                                                                                           lid_booking_data,
                                                                                           client details data)
     Booking confirmation should save the booking, mark deposit as paid, send emails, and clear session.

    Formulaires
```

```
class bookings.tests.test_forms.TestBookingFormClassic
     Bases: object
     test_valid_data_tent(mock_check_capacity)
          Valid data for tent type with electricity should pass
     test_missing_required_field(mock_check_capacity)
          Missing conditional field (cable_length) should raise error
     test_past_start_date(mock_check_capacity)
          Start date in the past should raise error
     test_invalid_type_field(mock_check_capacity)
          Invalid booking type should raise error
class bookings.tests.test_forms.TestBookingDetailsForm
     Bases: object
     test_valid_data()
          All valid fields should pass and normalize email/strip spaces
     test_invalid_phone()
          Phone with invalid characters should raise error
     test_missing_required_fields()
          Required fields missing should raise errors
     pytestmark = [Mark(name='django_db', args=(), kwargs={})]
```

# Index des modules Python

# b

```
bookings.admin, 33
bookings.apps, 37
bookings.forms, 31
bookings.models, 15
bookings.tests.test_forms, 38
bookings.tests.test_models, 37
bookings.tests.test_views, 38
bookings.views, 31
С
core.apps, 12
core.models, 3
core.tests.test_models, 12
core.tests.test_views, 12
core.views, 11
r
reservations.apps, 14
reservations.forms, 13
{\tt reservations.tests.test\_forms,}\ 15
reservations.tests.test_views, 14
reservations.views, 13
```