06-List Comprehensions

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1 List Comprehensions

In addition to sequence operations and list methods, Python includes a more advanced operation called a list comprehension.

List comprehensions allow us to build out lists using a different notation. You can think of it as essentially a one line for loop built inside of brackets. For a simple example: ## Example 1

```
In [1]:  # Grab every letter in string
         lst = [x for x in 'word']

In [2]:  # Check
         lst

Out[2]:  ['w', 'o', 'r', 'd']
```

This is the basic idea of a list comprehension. If you're familiar with mathematical notation this format should feel familiar for example: x^2 : x in { 0,1,2...10 }

Let's see a few more examples of list comprehensions in Python: ## Example 2

```
In [3]:  # Square numbers in range and turn into list
         lst = [x**2 for x in range(0,11)]

In [4]:  lst

Out[4]:  [0, 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100]
```

1.1 Example 3

Let's see how to add in if statements:

```
In [5]:  # Check for even numbers in a range
         lst = [x for x in range(11) if x % 2 == 0]

In [6]:  lst

Out[6]:  [0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
```

1.2 Example 4

Can also do more complicated arithmetic:

```
In [7]: # Convert Celsius to Fahrenheit
        celsius = [0,10,20.1,34.5]

        fahrenheit = [((9/5)*temp + 32) for temp in celsius ]

        fahrenheit

Out[7]: [32.0, 50.0, 68.18, 94.1]
```

1.3 Example 5

We can also perform nested list comprehensions, for example:

```
In [8]: lst = [ x**2 for x in [x**2 for x in range(11)]]
        lst

Out[8]: [0, 1, 16, 81, 256, 625, 1296, 2401, 4096, 6561, 10000]
```

Later on in the course we will learn about generator comprehensions. After this lecture you should feel comfortable reading and writing basic list comprehensions.