



# Flocking

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(Some slides borrowed from John See at Multimedia University, Malaysia)



# Flocking



- Moving together in coordinated groups
- Birds in flocks, fish in schools, land animals in herds
- Murmuration of starlings:
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eakKfY5aHmY>



# Applications to Games



- ▶ NPCs can move in cohesive groups
  - ▶ Meadow of grazing sheep
  - ▶ Hunting flock of birds
  - ▶ Ants, bees, fish
- ▶ Other types of computer-controlled NPCs
  - ▶ Humans, orcs, catapults
  - ▶ Squadrons of aircraft
  - ▶ Friendly soldier squads
  - ▶ Crowds of people loitering

# Behavioral Modeling of Flocking

- Craig Reynolds developed flocking model in 1986
- “Boids” model
- Presented at SIGGRAPH 1987: “Flocks, Herds, and Schools: A Distributed Behavioral Model”
- Later went on to do flocking animation for DreamWorks and Sony





# Examples in Media



- First used for bats in Batman Returns (1992)
- Jurassic Park (1993)
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nM-RPO10aPY>
- Assassin's Creed (various)
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ACWIRMePpxk#t=597>
- Countless other films and games
- Autonomous robotics:
  - GRASP Lab at UPenn:
    - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UQzuL60V9ng#t=27>

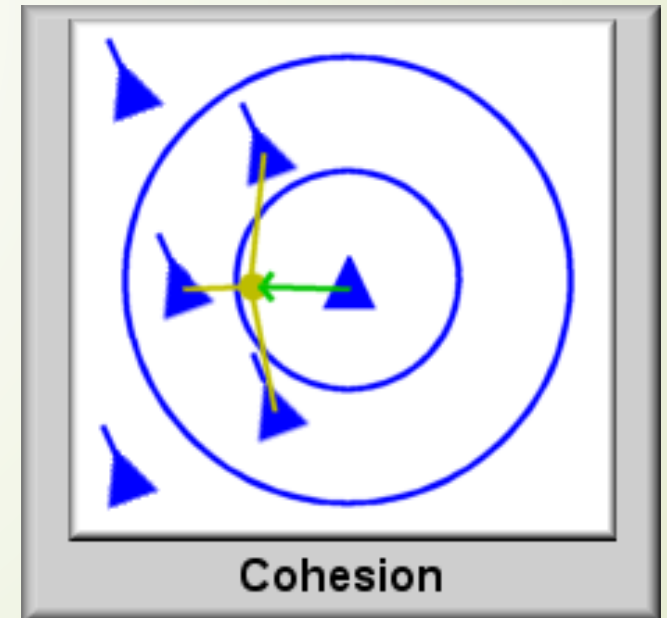


# Simple Rules of Flocking

- Leaderless flock of agents
- Each agent calculates its movements independently
- Agents can only see a few agents around them, their “neighborhood”
- 3 simple rules:
  - Cohesion
  - Alignment
  - Separation

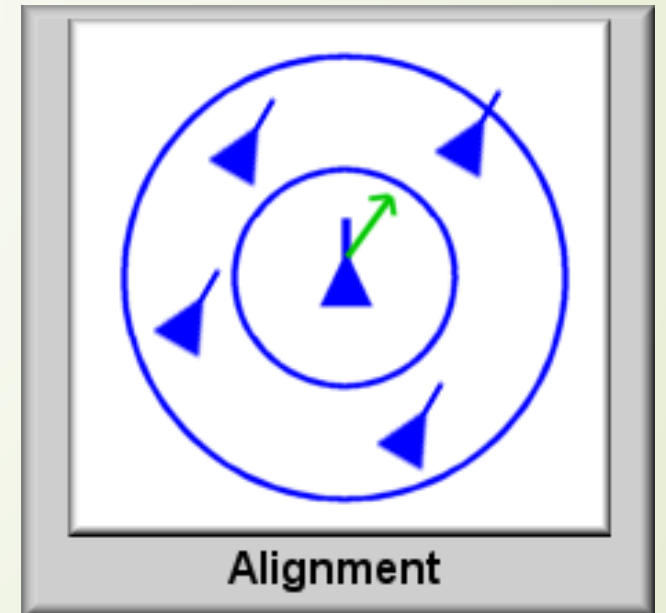
# Cohesion

- Each unit steers towards the average position of its neighbors
- Units are attracted to one another as long as they are within range



# Alignment

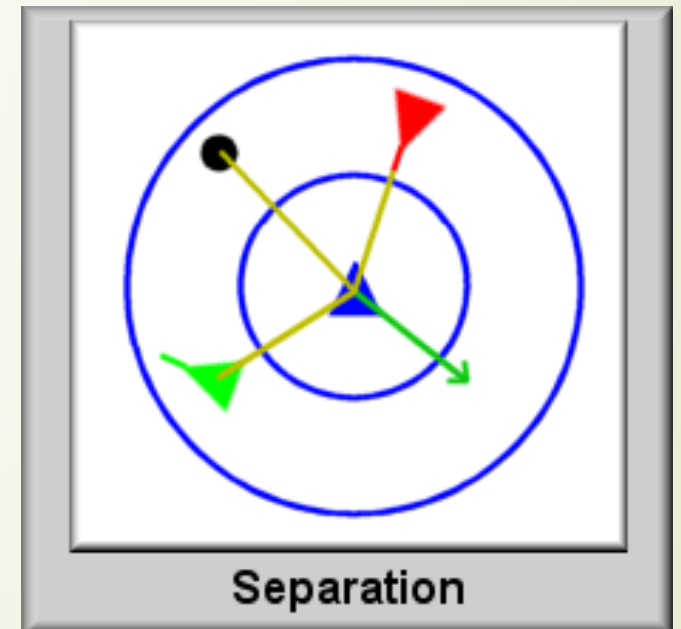
- Each unit steers so as to align itself to the average heading of its neighbors.
- Matches direction of units around it that it can detect





# Separation

- Each unit steers to avoid hitting its neighbors.
- Units are repelled by non-member units or obstacles. Repel effect can be inversely proportional to distance from unit





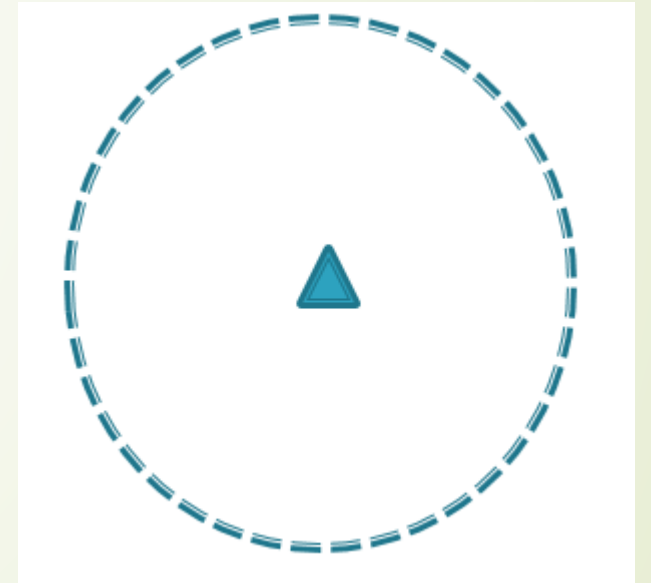
# Mackerel Video

➤ <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r1m6lKiO26c#t=82>



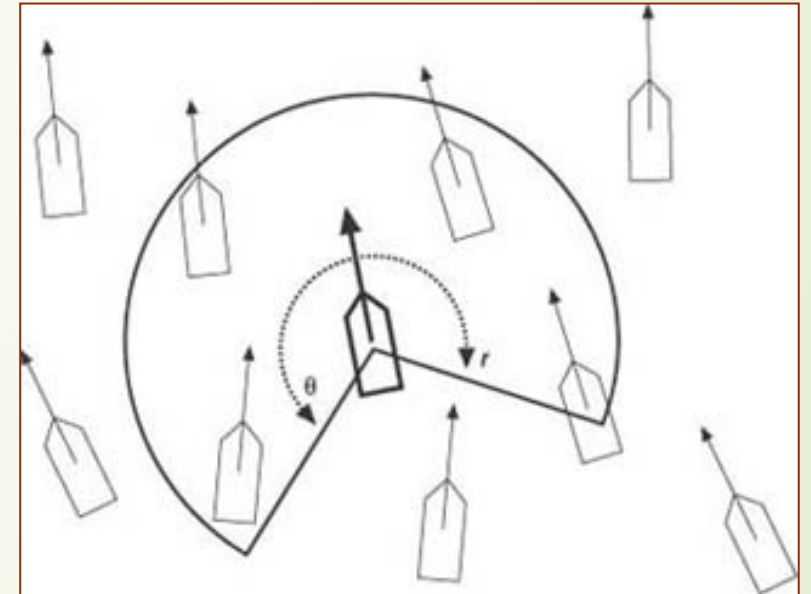
# Neighborhood

- Range in which units can detect other units



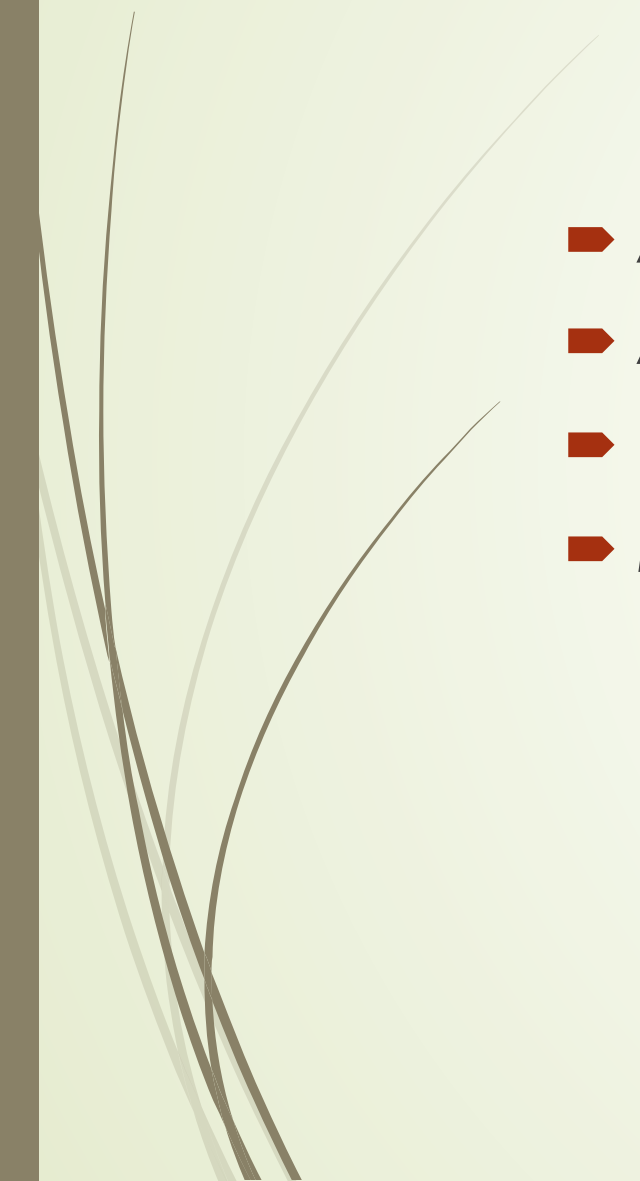
# Visibility

- Visibility constrained by field of view
- Also can be constrained by limited number of influencing neighbors
- Each unit is aware of its local surroundings
- Each unit does not necessarily know what the entire group is doing at any given time





# Other Extensions

- Avoiding obstacles
  - Avoiding predators
  - Following leaders
  - Making specific formations
- 



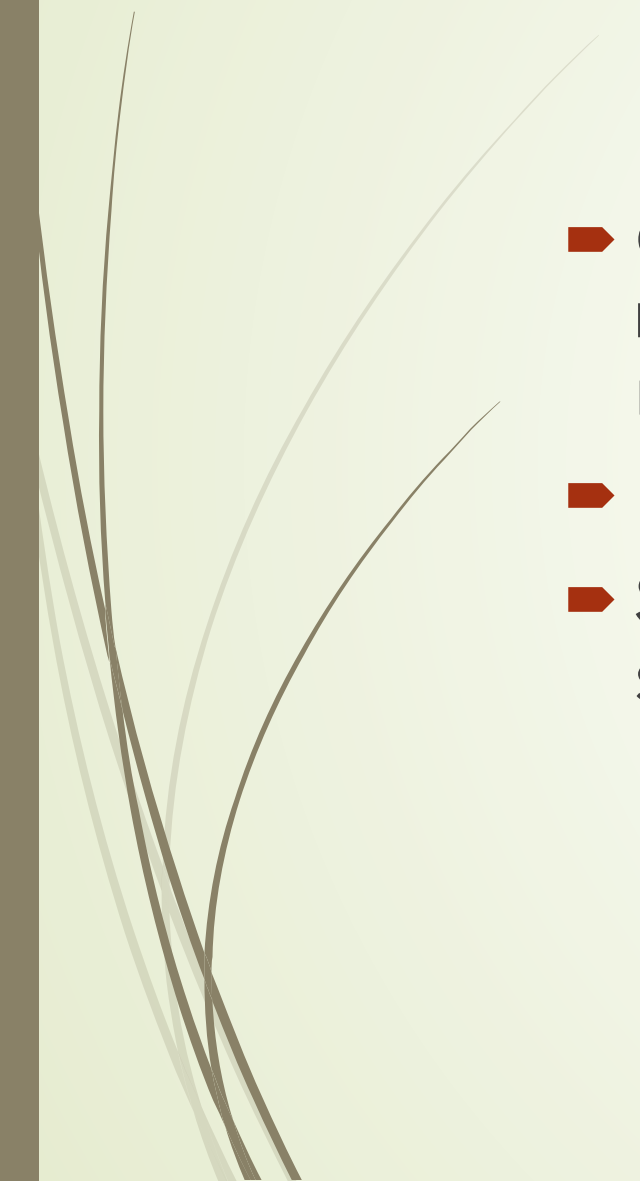
# Implementation



- In each game loop
  - Cycle through all units in the flock to acquire data (direction, speed, etc.) from unit's neighbors
  - For each unit, update with net steering force from the three rules
- Each unit must update its list of current neighbors each game loop



# Cohesion Implementation

- Calculate **average position** – vector sum of neighbors' respective positions divided by total number of neighbors
  - Determine direction to turn and angle to steer towards
  - Steering force = (direction) \* (steering force) \* (angle of steering)
- 



# Cohesion Implementation – Example







# Alignment Implementation



- Calculate **average heading** – vector sum of neighbors' respective alignments divided by total number of neighbors
- Determine direction to turn and angle to steer towards
- $\text{Steering force} = (\text{direction}) * (\text{steering force}) * (\text{angle of steering})$

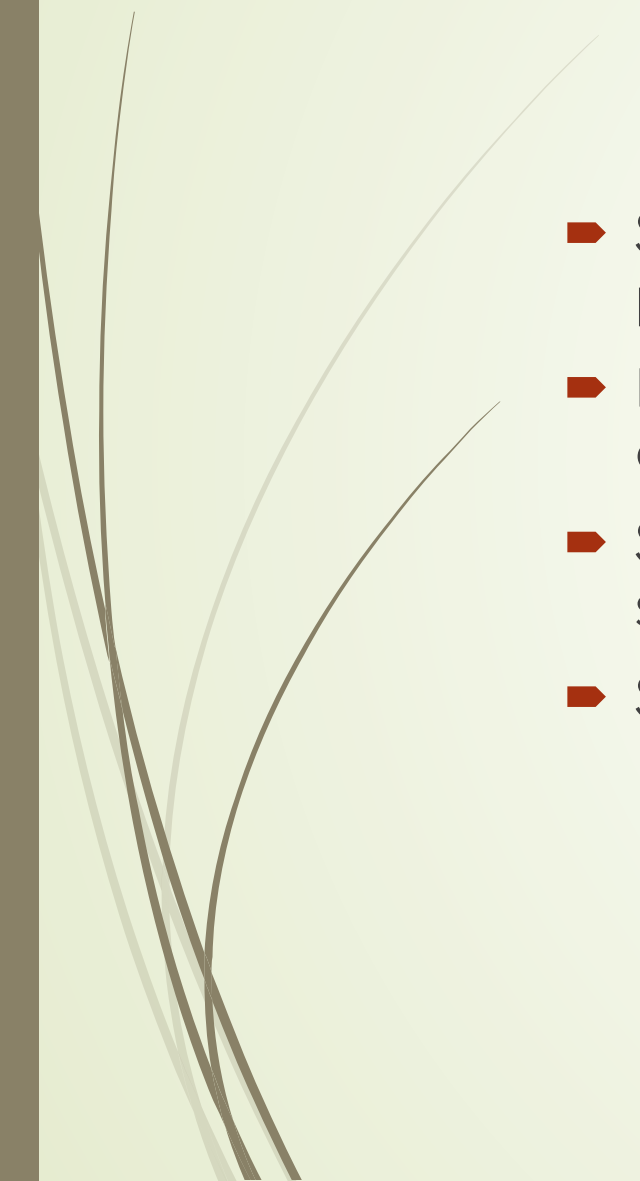


# Alignment Implementation – Example





# Separation Implementation

- Steer away from any neighbor that is within view AND within prescribed minimum separation distance (i.e., too close)
  - Because this steering force is corrective, direction multiplier goes the opposite way
  - Separation factor can be used to increase force with smaller separations
  - $\text{Steering force} = (\text{direction}) * (\text{steering force}) * (\text{separation factor})$
- 



# Separation Implementation – Example





# Demo of Simple Implementation





# Further Resources

- Craig Reynolds's Boids page
  - <http://www.red3d.com/cwr/boids/>
- OpenSteer library
  - <http://opensteer.sourceforge.net/>
- Demo code for this presentation
  - <https://github.com/NattyBumppo/flockingdemo>