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Input to a Deep Neural Network

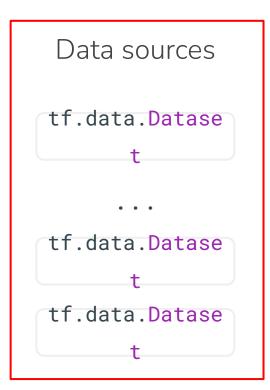
tf.data makes input pipelines in TensorFlow to be

- Fast
- Flexible
- Easy-to-use

Basic mechanics

Transformations Data sources tf.data.Datase tf.data.Dataset map(func) tf.data.Datase batch(size) tf.data.Datase

Basic mechanics



Transformations



tf.data.Dataset

```
map(func)
batch(size)
```

Basic mechanics

Transformations Data sources tf.data.Datase tf.data.Dataset map(func) tf.data.Datase batch(size) tf.data.Datase

Using an iterator to navigate

```
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices([1, 2, 3, 4])
it = iter(dataset)
>>> while True:
      try:
        print(next(it))
      except StopIteration as e:
        break
tf.Tensor(1, shape=(), dtype=int32)
tf.Tensor(2, shape=(), dtype=int32)
tf.Tensor(3, shape=(), dtype=int32)
tf.Tensor(4, shape=(), dtype=int32)
```

Loading numpy arrays (from_tensor_slices)

```
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = tf.keras.datasets.cifar10.load_data()

dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((x_train, y_train))

>>> for image, label in tfds.as_numpy(dataset.take(2)):
    print(image.shape, label)

(32, 32, 3) [6]

(32, 32, 3) [9]
```

First	Last	Addr	Phone	Gender	Age	
Jane	Smith	123 Anywhere	555 555 5555	1	3	

First	Last	Addr	Phone	Gender	Age	
Jane	Smith	123 Anywhere	555 555 5555	1	3	

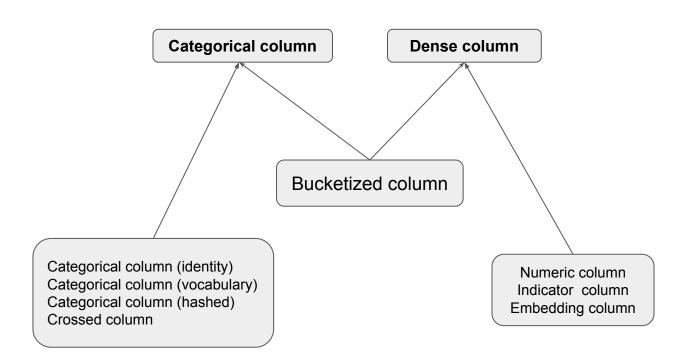
Index	Description
0	Male
1	Female
2	Nonbinary
3	Trans
4	Unassigned

First	Last	Addr	Phone	Gender	Age	
Jane	Smith	123 Anywhere	555 555 5555	1	3	

Index	Description
0	Male
1	Female
2	Nonbinary
3	Trans
4	Unassigned

Index	Description
0	Infant
1	Child
2	Teen
3	Young Adult
4	Adult

Primer on Feature Columns



https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/iris



senal	length	senal	width	petal le	enath	netal	width	species
осры	5.1		3.5		1.4			Iris-setosa
	4.9		3		1.4		0.2	Iris-setosa
	4.7		3.2		1.3		0.2	Iris-setosa
	4.6		3.1		1.5		0.2	Iris-setosa
	5		3.6		1.4		0.2	Iris-setosa
	5.4		3.9		1.7		0.4	Iris-setosa
	4.6		3.4		1.4		0.3	Iris-setosa
	5		3.4		1.5		0.2	Iris-setosa
	4.4		2.9		1.4	1	0.2	Iris-setosa
	4.9		3.1		1.5		0.1	Iris-setosa
	5.4		3.7		1.5		0.2	Iris-setosa
	4.8		3.4		1.6		0.2	Iris-setosa
	4.8		3		1.4		0.1	Iris-setosa
	4.3		3		1.1		0.1	Iris-setosa
	5.8		4		1.2		0.2	Iris-setosa
	5.7		4.4		1.5		0.4	Iris-setosa
	5.4		3.9		1.3		0.4	Iris-setosa

Numeric column

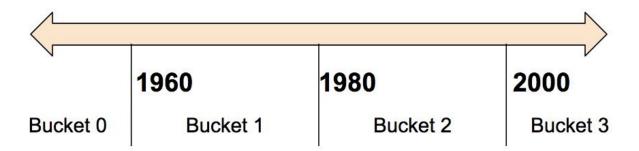
The Iris dataset has all numeric data as its input features:

- SepalLength
- SepalWidth
- PetalLength
- PetalWidth

Specifying data types

Shapes for different numeric data

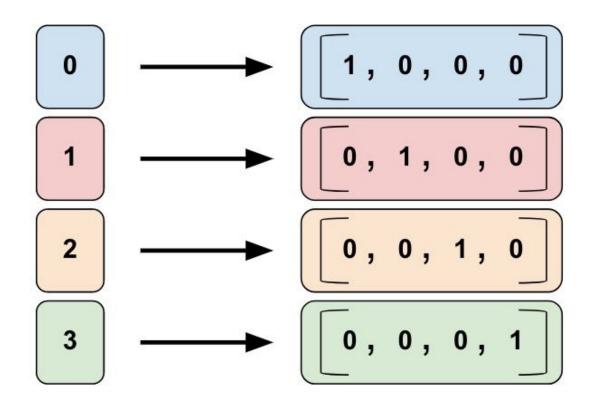
Bucketized column



Date Range	Represented as
< 1960	[1, 0, 0, 0]
>= 1960 but < 1980	[0, 1, 0, 0]
>= 1980 but < 2000	[0, 0, 1, 0]
>= 2000	[0, 0, 0, 1]

Bucketizing features

Categorical identity column

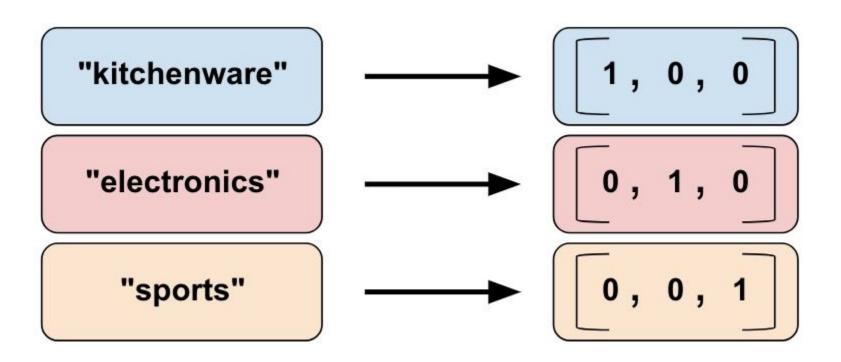


Categorizing identity features

```
identity_feature_column = tf.feature_column.categorical_column_with_identity(
    key='my_feature_b',
    num_buckets=4) # Values [0, 4]

def input_fn():
    ...
    return ({ 'my_feature_a':[7, 9, 5, 2], 'my_feature_b':[3, 1, 2, 2] },
        [Label_values])
```

Categorical vocabulary column



Creating a categorical vocab column

From a vocabulary list

From a vocabulary file

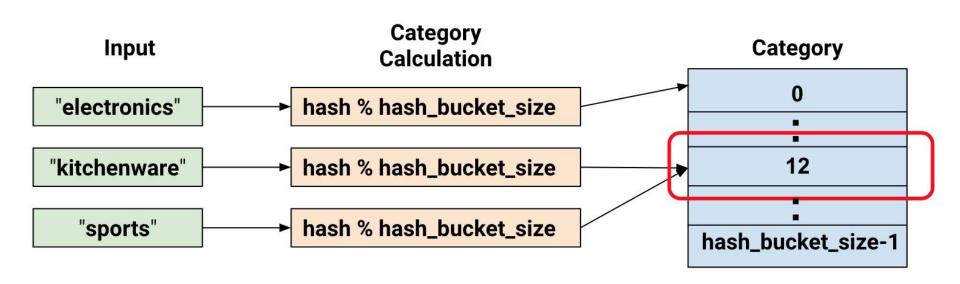
Creating a categorical vocab column

From a vocabulary list

From a vocabulary file

Hashed column

hash(raw_feature) % hash_bucket_size



Hashed column

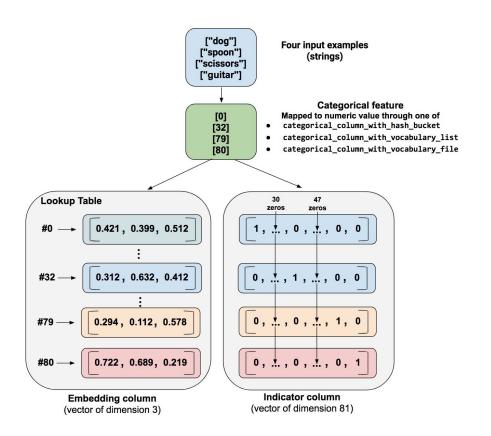
Crossed column

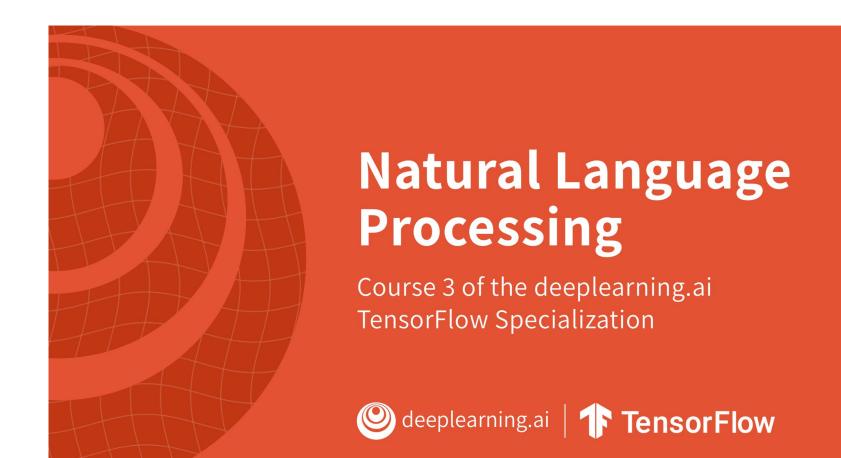
```
# Bucketize the latitude and longitude using the `edges`
latitude_bucket_fc = tf.feature_column.bucketized_column(
    tf.feature_column.numeric_column('latitude'),
    list(atlanta.latitude.edges))
longitude_bucket_fc = tf.feature_column.bucketized_column(
    tf.feature_column.numeric_column('longitude'),
    list(atlanta.longitude.edges))
```

```
# Cross the bucketized columns, using 5000 hash bins.
crossed_lat_lon_fc = tf.feature_column.crossed_column(
          [latitude_bucket_fc, longitude_bucket_fc], 5000)
```

Crossed column

```
# Bucketize the latitude and longitude using the `edges`
latitude_bucket_fc = tf.feature_column.bucketized_column(
    tf.feature_column.numeric_column('latitude'),
    list(atlanta.latitude.edges))
longitude_bucket_fc = tf.feature_column.bucketized_column(
    tf.feature_column.numeric_column('longitude'),
    list(atlanta.longitude.edges))
# Cross the bucketized columns, using 5000 hash bins.
crossed_lat_lon_fc = tf.feature_column.crossed_column(
    [latitude_bucket_fc, longitude_bucket_fc], 5000)
```





```
embedding_dimensions = number_of_categories**0.25
categorical_column = ... # Create any categorical column
# Represent the categorical column as an embedding column.
# This means creating an embedding vector lookup table with one element for each
category.
embedding_column = tf.feature_column.embedding_column(
    categorical_column=categorical_column,
    dimension=embedding_dimensions)
```

```
embedding_dimensions = number_of_categories**0.25
categorical_column = ... # Create any categorical column
# Represent the categorical column as an embedding column.
# This means creating an embedding vector lookup table with one element for each
category.
embedding_column = tf.feature_column.embedding_column(
    categorical_column=categorical_column,
    dimension=embedding_dimensions)
```

```
embedding_dimensions = number_of_categories**0.25
categorical_column = ... # Create any categorical column
# Represent the categorical column as an embedding column.
# This means creating an embedding vector lookup table with one element for each
category.
embedding_column = tf.feature_column.embedding_column(
    categorical_column=categorical_column,
    dimension=embedding_dimensions)
```

Feature Columns with Keras

```
from tensorflow import feature_column
from tensorflow.keras import layers
# A utility method to create a feature column
def demo(feature_column):
  feature_layer = layers.DenseFeatures(feature_column)
```

Data sources

Numpy DataFrames

Images

CSV and Text TFRecords

Generators

Loading a dataset from npz

```
# Download dataset
DATA_URL = 'https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/mnist.npz'
path = tf.keras.utils.get_file('mnist.npz', DATA_URL)
with np.load(path) as data:
 train_examples = data['x_train']
 train_labels = data['y_train']
 test_examples = data['x_test']
# Create train and test datasets out of the examples
train_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((train_examples, train_labels))
test_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(test_examples)
for feat, targ in train_dataset.take(2):
  print ('Features shape: {}, Target: {}'.format(feat.shape, targ))
Features shape: (28, 28), Target: 5
Features shape: (28, 28), Target: 0
```

Create DataFrames out of CSVs

```
csv_file = tf.keras.utils.get_file('heart.csv', 'https://storage.googleapis.com/applied-dl/heart.csv')
df = pd.read_csv(csv_file)
df.head()
```

	age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	са	thal	target
0	63	1	1	145	233	1	2	150	0	2.3	3	0	fixed	0
1	67	1	4	160	286	0	2	108	1	1.5	2	3	normal	1
2	67	1	4	120	229	0	2	129	1	2.6	2	2	reversible	0
3	37	1	3	130	250	0	0	187	0	3.5	3	0	normal	0
4	41	0	2	130	204	0	2	172	0	1.4	1	0	normal	0

Discretizing features

```
df['thal'] = pd.Categorical(df['thal'])
df['thal'] = df.thal.cat.codes
df.head()
```

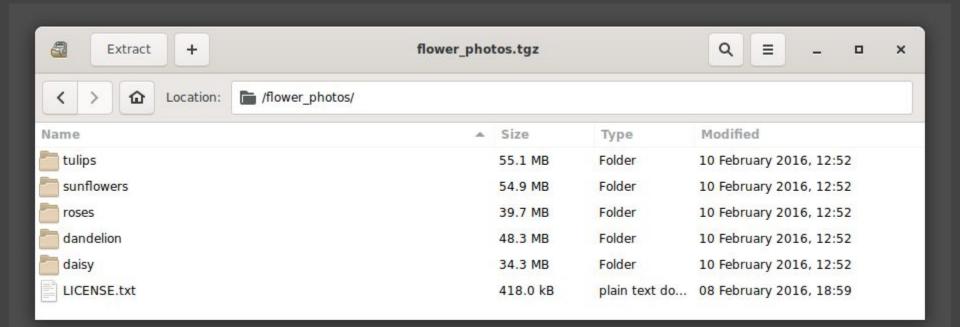
	age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	са	thal	target
0	63	1	1	145	233	1	2	150	0	2.3	3	0	2	0
1	67	1	4	160	286	0	2	108	1	1.5	2	3	3	1
2	67	1	4	120	229	0	2	129	1	2.6	2	2	4	0
3	37	1	3	130	250	0	0	187	0	3.5	3	0	3	0
4	41	0	2	130	204	0	2	172	0	1.4	1	0	3	0

Dataset from features and targets

```
target = df.pop('target')
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((df.values, target.values))
>>> for feat, targ in dataset.take(5):
     print ('Features: {}, Target: {}'.format(feat, targ))
Features: [ 63.
               1. 1. 145. 233.
                                         2. 150.
                                                   0. 2.3 3.
                                                                   0.
                                                                       2. ], Target: 0
                    4. 160. 286.
Features: [ 67.
                                    0.
                                         2. 108. 1.
                                                                   3.
                                                                       3. ], Target: 1
                    4. 120. 229.
                                         2. 129. 1. 2.6 2.
Features: [ 67. 1.
                                    0.
                                                                  2. 4.], Target: 0
Features: [ 37.
                                                        3.5 3.
                    3. 130. 250.
                                    0.
                                         0. 187.
                                                   0.
                                                                   0.
                                                                       3. ], Target: 0
Features: [ 41.
                    2. 130. 204.
                                                                       3. ], Target: 0
               0.
                                    0.
                                         2. 172.
```

Download and extract images

import pathlib



Download and extract images

```
import pathlib
DATA_URL =
'https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/example_images/flower_photos.tgz'
data_root_orig = tf.keras.utils.get_file(origin=DATA_URL,
                                         fname='flower_photos', untar=True)
data_root = pathlib.Path(data_root_orig)
label_names = sorted(item.name for item in data_root.glob('*/') if item.is_dir())
>>> label_names
['daisy', 'dandelion', 'roses', 'sunflowers', 'tulips']
```

Display a random sample from the loaded dataset

```
import random
import IPython.display as display
all_image_paths = list(data_root.glob('*/*'))
all_image_paths = [str(path) for path in all_image_paths]
random.shuffle(all_image_paths)
image_count = len(all_image_paths)
image_count
image_path = random.choice(all_image_paths)
display.display(display.Image(image_path))
```



Loading the structured dataset

```
TRAIN_DATA_URL = "https://storage.googleapis.com/tf-datasets/titanic/train.csv"
train_file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file("train.csv", TRAIN_DATA_URL)

df = pd.read_csv(train_file_path, sep=',')
df.head()
```

	survived	sex	age	n_siblings_spouses	parch	fare	class	deck	embark_town	alone
0	0	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500	Third	unknown	Southampton	n
1	1	female	38.0	1	0	71.2833	First	С	Cherbourg	n
2	1	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	Third	unknown	Southampton	у
3	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	First	С	Southampton	n
4	0	male	28.0	0	0	8.4583	Third	unknown	Queenstown	у

Loading the structured dataset

```
TRAIN_DATA_URL = "https://storage.googleapis.com/tf-datasets/titanic/train.csv"
train_file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file("train.csv", TRAIN_DATA_URL)

df = pd.read_csv(train_file_path, sep=',')
df.head()
```

	survived	sex	age	n_siblings_spouses	parch	fare	class	deck	embark_town	alone
0	0	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500	Third	unknown	Southampton	n
1	1	female	38.0	1	0	71.2833	First	С	Cherbourg	n
2	1	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	Third	unknown	Southampton	у
3	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	First	С	Southampton	n
4	0	male	28.0	0	0	8.4583	Third	unknown	Queenstown	у

Numeric data

```
NUMERIC_FEATURES = ['age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
dense_df = df[NUMERIC_FEATURES]
dense_df.head()
```

	age	n_siblings_spouses	parch	fare
0	22.0	1	0	7.2500
1	38.0	1	0	71.2833
2	26.0	0	0	7.9250
3	35.0	1	0	53.1000

```
numeric_columns = []
for feature in NUMERIC FEATURES:
  num_col = tf.feature_column.numeric_column(feature)
  numeric_columns.append(tf.feature_column.indicator_column(num_col))
>>> numeric_columns
[IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='age', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='n_siblings_spouses', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='parch', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='fare', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None))]
```

```
numeric_columns = []
for feature in NUMERIC FEATURES:
  num_col = tf.feature_column.numeric_column(feature)
  numeric_columns.append(tf.feature_column.indicator_column(num_col))
>>> numeric_columns
[IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='age', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='n_siblings_spouses', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='parch', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='fare', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None))]
```

```
numeric_columns = []
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  num_col = tf.feature_column.numeric_column(feature)
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>>> numeric_columns
[IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='age', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='n_siblings_spouses', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='parch', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='fare', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None))]
```

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  num_col = tf.feature_column.numeric_column(feature)
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>>> numeric_columns
[IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='age', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='n_siblings_spouses', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='parch', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None)),
 IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='fare', shape=(1,),
default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32, normalizer_fn=None))]
```

```
>>> numeric_columns
[IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=NumericColumn(key='age',
shape=(1,), default_value=None, dtype=tf.float32,
normalizer_fn=None)),
...
```

```
'sex': ['male', 'female'],
'class' : ['First', 'Second', 'Third'],
'deck' : ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H', 'I', 'J'],
'embark_town' : ['Cherbourg', 'Southampton', 'Queenstown'],
'alone' : ['y', 'n']
```

```
cat_df = df[list(CATEGORIES.keys())]
cat_df.head()
```

Categorical data

```
cat_df = df[list(CATEGORIES.keys())]
cat_df.head()
```

```
CATEGORIES = {
    'sex': ['male', 'female'],
    'class' : ['First', 'Second', 'Third'],
    'deck' : ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H', 'I', 'J'],
    'embark_town' : ['Cherbourg', 'Southhampton', 'Queenstown'],
    'alone' : ['y', 'n']
}
```

	sex	class	deck	embark_town	alone
0	male	Third	unknown	Southampton	n
1	female	First	С	Cherbourg	n
2	female	Third	unknown	Southampton	у
3	female	First	С	Southampton	n
4	male	Third	unknown	Queenstown	у

Categorical columns from raw data

```
categorical_columns = []
for feature, vocab in CATEGORIES.items():
    cat_col = tf.feature_column.categorical_column_with_vocabulary_list(
        key=feature, vocabulary_list=vocab)
    categorical_columns.append(tf.feature_column.indicator_column(cat_col))
```

Categorical columns from raw data

```
categorical_columns = []
for feature, vocab in CATEGORIES.items():
    cat_col = tf.feature_column.categorical_column_with_vocabulary_list(
        key=feature, vocabulary_list=vocab)
    categorical_columns.append(tf.feature_column.indicator_column(cat_col))
```

Categorical columns from raw data

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categorical_columns = []
for feature, vocab in CATEGORIES.items():
   cat_col = tf.feature_column.categorical_column_with_vocabulary_list(
        key=feature, vocabulary_list=vocab)
   categorical_columns.append(tf.feature_column.indicator_column(cat_col))
```

```
>>> categorical_columns
[IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=VocabularyListCategorica
lColumn(key='sex', vocabulary_list=('male', 'female'),
dtype=tf.string, default_value=-1, num_oov_buckets=0)),
```

```
IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=VocabularyListCategorical
Column(key='class', vocabulary_list=('First', 'Second',
'Third'), dtype=tf.string, default_value=-1,
num_oov_buckets=0)),
```

```
>>> categorical_columns
[IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=VocabularyListCategorica
lColumn(key='sex', vocabulary_list=('male', 'female'),
dtype=tf.string, default_value=-1, num_oov_buckets=0)),
```

```
IndicatorColumn(categorical_column=VocabularyListCategorical
Column(key='class', vocabulary_list=('First', 'Second',
'Third'), dtype=tf.string, default_value=-1,
num_oov_buckets=0)),
```

• • •

```
DIRECTORY_URL =
'https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/ill
iad/'
FILE_NAME = 'cowper.txt'
```

cowper.txt 💥

Achilles sing, O Goddess! Peleus' son; His wrath pernicious, who ten thousand woes Caused to Achaia's host, sent many a soul Illustrious into Ades premature, And Heroes gave (so stood the will of Jove) To dogs and to all ravening fowls a prey, When fierce dispute had separated once 8 The noble Chief Achilles from the son Of Atreus, Agamemnon, King of men. Who them to strife impell'd? What power divine? 10 Latona's son and Jove's. For he, incensed 11 Against the King, a foul contagion raised 12

t Loading texts with TextLineDataset

lines_dataset = tf.data.TextLineDataset(file_path)

```
>>> for text_data in tfds.as_numpy(lines_dataset.take(3)):
    print(text_data.decode('utf-8'))
```

Achilles sing, O Goddess! Peleus' son; His wrath pernicious, who ten thousand woes Caused to Achaia's host, sent many a soul

```
filenames = [tf_record_filename]
raw_dataset = tf.data.TFRecordDataset(filenames)
feature_description = {
        'feature1': tf.io.FixedLenFeature((), tf.string),
        'feature2': tf.io.FixedLenFeature((), tf.int64)
for raw_record in raw_dataset.take(1):
 example = tf.io.parse_single_example(raw_record, feature_description)
 print(example)
```

```
filenames = [tf_record_filename]
raw_dataset = tf.data.TFRecordDataset(filenames)
feature_description = {
        'feature1': tf.io.FixedLenFeature((), tf.string),
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for raw_record in raw_dataset.take(1):
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filenames = [tf_record_filename]
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feature_description = {
        'feature1': tf.io.FixedLenFeature((), tf.string),
        'feature2': tf.io.FixedLenFeature((), tf.int64)
for raw_record in raw_dataset.take(1):
 example = tf.io.parse_single_example(raw_record, feature_description)
 print(example)
```

```
filenames = [tf_record_filename]
raw_dataset = tf.data.TFRecordDataset(filenames)
feature_description = {
        'feature1': tf.io.FixedLenFeature((), tf.string),
        'feature2': tf.io.FixedLenFeature((), tf.int64)
for raw_record in raw_dataset.take(1):
 example = tf.io.parse_single_example(raw_record, feature_description)
 print(example)
```

https://www.coursera.org/learn/convolutional-neural-networks-tensorflow



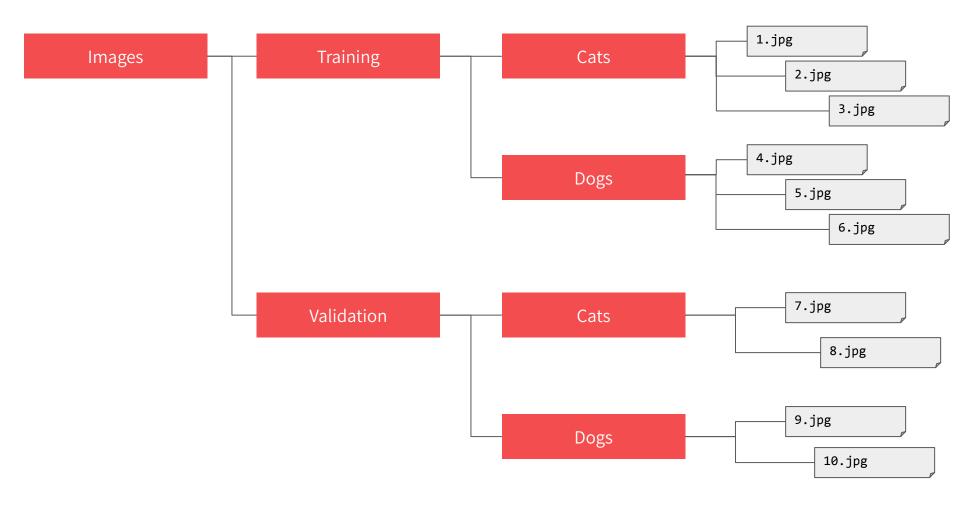
Convolutional **Neural Networks** in TensorFlow

TensorFlow Specialization





(a) deeplearning.ai TensorFlow



Keras ImageDataGenerator

```
def make_generator():
 train_datagen = tf.keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1. / 255,
                     rotation_range=20, zoom_range=[0.8, 1.2])
  train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(catsdogs,
                     target_size=(224, 224), class_mode='categorical',batch_size=32)
  return train_generator
```

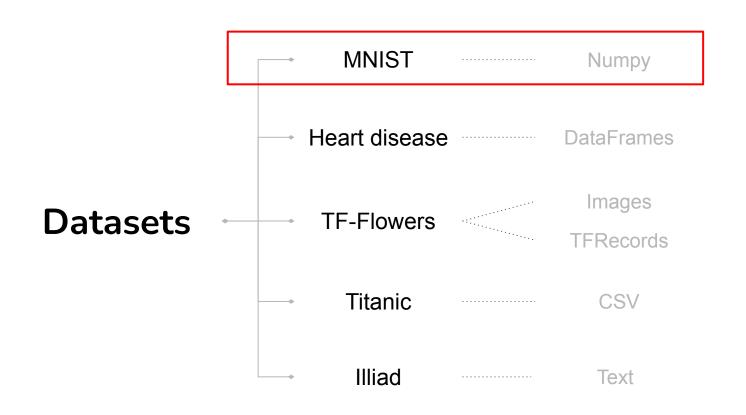
Keras ImageDataGenerator

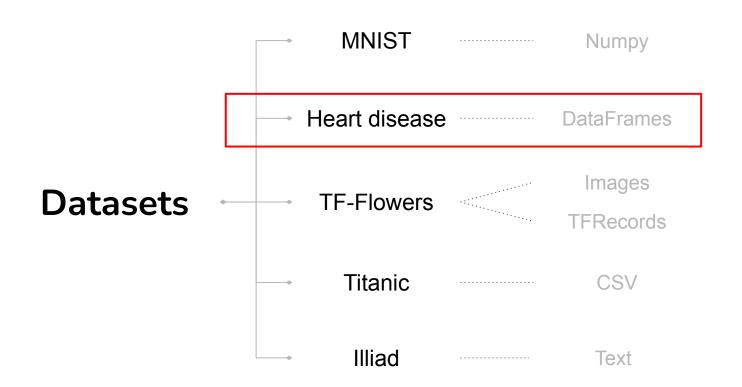
```
return train_generator
```

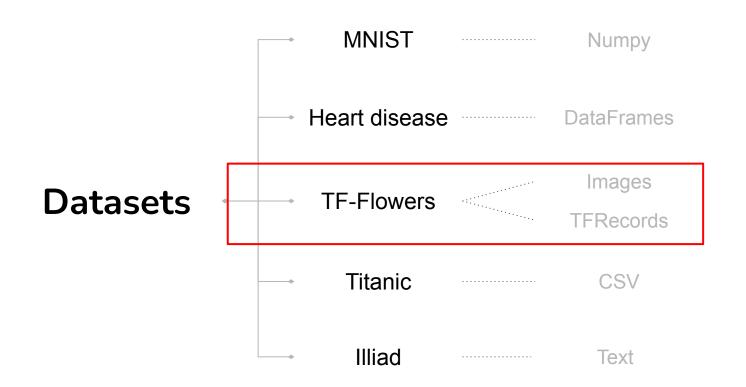
```
train_generator = tf.data.Dataset.from_generator(
make_generator,(tf.float32, tf.uint8))
```

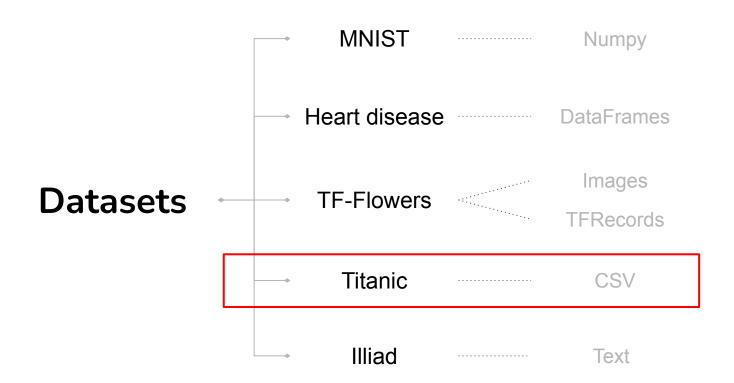
Keras ImageDataGenerator

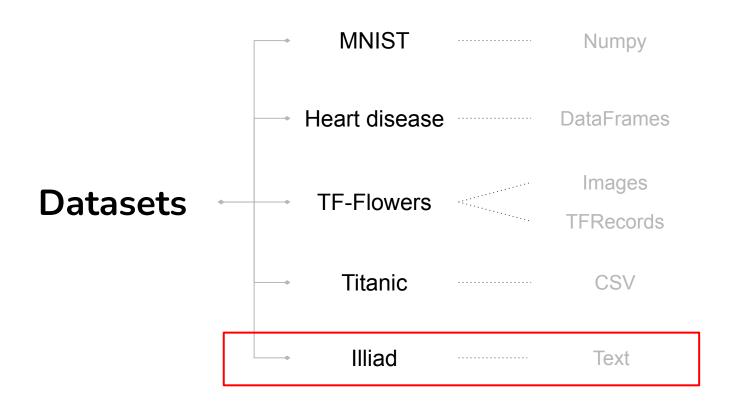
```
train_generator = tf.data.Dataset.from_generator(
make_generator,(tf.float32, tf.uint8))
```











```
# Fetch the numpy dataset
DATA_URL =
'https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/mnist.npz'
path = tf.keras.utils.get_file('mnist.npz', DATA_URL)
# Extract train, test sets
with np.load(path) as data:
  train_examples = data[ˈx_trainˈ]
  train_labels = data['y_train']
  test_examples = data['x_test']
  test_labels = data['y_test']
```

MNIST

train_dataset = train_dataset.shuffle(100).batch(64)

test_dataset = test_dataset.batch(64)

```
# Load them with tf.data
train_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((train_examples, train_labels))
test_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((test_examples, test_labels))
# Apply transformations like batch, shuffle to the dataset
```

Training on MNIST

```
X, y = next(iter(train_dataset))
input_shape = X.numpy().shape[1:]
# Create a simple sequential model comprising of a Dense layer
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=input_shape),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')])
model.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.RMSprop(), loss=...,
metrics=...l)
# Train the model
model.fit(train_dataset, epochs=10)
```

Training on MNIST

```
X, y = next(iter(train_dataset))
input_shape = X.numpy().shape[1:]
# Create a simple sequential model comprising of a Dense layer
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    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')])
model.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.RMSprop(), loss=...,
metrics=...])
# Train the model
model.fit(train_dataset, epochs=10)
```

Identifying Heart Disease

```
csv_file = tf.keras.utils.get_file('heart.csv',
'https://storage.googleapis.com/applied-dl/heart.csv')
df = pd.read_csv(csv_file)
df['thal'] = pd.Categorical(df['thal'])
df['thal'] = df.thal.cat.codes
target = df.pop('target')
```

Identifying Heart Disease

```
csv_file = tf.keras.utils.get_file('heart.csv', 'https://storage.googleapis.com/applied-dl/heart.csv')

df = pd.read_csv(csv_file)

df['thal'] = pd.Categorical(df['thal'])

df['thal'] = df.thal.cat.codes

target = df.pop('target')
```

	age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	са	thal
0	63	1	1	145	233	1	2	150	0	2.3	3	0	fixed
1	67	1	4	160	286	0	2	108	1	1.5	2	3	normal
2	67	1	4	120	229	0	2	129	1	2.6	2	2	reversible

Training the model (Sequential)

```
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((df.values, target.values))
train_dataset = dataset.shuffle(len(df)).batch(32)
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'),
])
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='binary_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(train_dataset, epochs=15)
```

```
dict_slices = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((df.to_dict('list'),
                                                    target.values)).batch(16)
>>> for features, target in tfds.as_numpy(dict_slices.take(1)):
      for (feature, value), label in zip(features.items(), target):
         print('{} = {}\t Label = {}'.format(feature, value, label))
    = [63 67 67 37 41 56 62 57 63 53 57 56 56 44 52 57] Label = 0
    = [1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1] Label = 1
cp = [1 4 4 3 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 2 3 2 3 3] Label = 0
trestbps = [145 160 120 130 130 120 140 120 130 140 140 140 130 120 172 150]
                                                                          Label = 0
chol = [233 286 229 250 204 236 268 354 254 203 192 294 256 263 199 168]
                                                                      Label = 0
```

```
>>> for features, target in tfds.as_numpy(dict_slices.take(1)):
      for (feature, value), label in zip(features.items(), target):
         print('{} = {}\t Label = {}'.format(feature, value, label))
    = [63 67 67 37 41 56 62 57 63 53 57 56 56 44 52 57] Label = 0
    = [1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1] Label = 1
cp = [1 4 4 3 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 2 3 2 3 3] Label = 0
trestbps = [145 160 120 130 130 120 140 120 130 140 140 140 130 120 172 150]
                                                                         Label = 0
chol = [233 286 229 250 204 236 268 354 254 203 192 294 256 263 199 168] Label = 0
```

Training the model (Functional)

```
# Constructing the inputs for all the dense features
inputs = {key: tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(), name=key) for key in df.keys()}
x = tf.stack(list(inputs.values()), axis=-1)
x = tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='relu')(x)
# The single output denoting the target's probability
output = tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')(x)
model = tf.keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=output)
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='binary_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(dict_slices, epochs=15)
```

Training the model (Functional)

```
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inputs = {key: tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(), name=key) for key in df.keys()}
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model = tf.keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=output)
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='binary_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(dict_slices, epochs=15)
```

```
DATA_URL = '[insert URL here]'
data_root_orig = tf.keras.utils.get_file(origin=DATA_URL,
                                         fname='flower_photos', untar=True)
data_root = pathlib.Path(data_root_orig)
# Load all the file paths in the directory
all_image_paths = list(data_root.glob('*/*'))
all_image_paths = [str(path) for path in all_image_paths]
# Gather the list of labels and create a labelmap
label_names = sorted(item.name for item in data_root.glob('*/') if item.is_dir())
label_to_index = dict((name, index) for index, name in enumerate(label_names))
# Use the label map to fetch all categorical labels
all_image_labels = [label_to_index[pathlib.Path(path).parent.name]
                    for path in all_image_paths]
```

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DATA_URL = '[insert URL here]'
data_root_orig = tf.keras.utils.get_file(origin=DATA_URL,
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all_image_labels = [label_to_index[pathlib.Path(path).parent.name]
```

for path in all_image_paths]

```
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                                         fname='flower_photos', untar=True)
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# Use the label map to fetch all categorical labels
all_image_labels = [label_to_index[pathlib.Path(path).parent.name]
                    for path in all_image_paths]
```

```
path_ds = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(all_image_paths)
label_ds = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(all_image_labels)
def preprocess_image(path):
  image = tf.io.read_file(path)
  image = tf.image.decode_jpeg(image, channels=3)
  image = tf.image.resize(image, [192, 192])
  image /= 255.0 # normalize to [0,1] range
  return image
image_ds = path_ds.map(preprocess_image)
image_label_ds = tf.data.Dataset.zip((image_ds, label_ds))
```

```
path_ds = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(all_image_paths)
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  image /= 255.0 # normalize to [0,1] range
  return image
image_ds = path_ds.map(preprocess_image)
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  image = tf.image.decode_jpeg(image, channels=3)
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  image /= 255.0 # normalize to [0,1] range
  return image
image_ds = path_ds.map(preprocess_image)
image_label_ds = tf.data.Dataset.zip((image_ds, label_ds))
```

Training the model

raw_test_data = get_dataset(test_file_path)

Predicting survivors with Titanic

```
train_file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file(
    "train.csv", "https://storage.googleapis.com/tf-datasets/titanic/train.csv")
test_file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file(
    "Eval.csv", "https://storage.googleapis.com/tf-datasets/titanic/eval.csv")
def get_dataset(file_path, **kwargs):
  dataset = tf.data.experimental.make_csv_dataset(
      file_path,
      batch_size=5, # Artificially small to make examples easier to show.
      label_name='survived',
      na_value="?".
      num_epochs=1,
      ignore_errors=True,
      **kwargs)
  return dataset
raw_train_data = get_dataset(train_file_path)
```

Predicting survivors with Titanic

```
train_file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file(
    "train.csv", "https://storage.googleapis.com/tf-datasets/titanic/train.csv")
test_file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file(
    "Eval.csv", "https://storage.googleapis.com/tf-datasets/titanic/eval.csv")
def get_dataset(file_path, **kwargs):
 dataset = tf.data.experimental.make_csv_dataset(
      file_path,
      batch_size=5, # Artificially small to make examples easier to show.
      label_name='survived',
      na_value="?".
      num_epochs=1,
      ignore_errors=True,
      **kwargs)
  return dataset
raw_train_data = get_dataset(train_file_path)
raw_test_data = get_dataset(test_file_path)
```

Predicting survivors with Titanic

```
train_file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file(
    "train.csv", "https://storage.googleapis.com/tf-datasets/titanic/train.csv")
test_file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file(
    "Eval.csv", "https://storage.googleapis.com/tf-datasets/titanic/eval.csv")
def get_dataset(file_path, **kwargs):
  dataset = tf.data.experimental.make_csv_dataset(
      file_path,
      batch_size=5, # Artificially small to make examples easier to show.
      label_name='survived',
      na_value="?".
      num_epochs=1,
      ignore_errors=True,
      **kwarqs)
  return dataset
raw_train_data = get_dataset(train_file_path)
raw_test_data = get_dataset(test_file_path)
```

What happens after loading the CSV?

```
def show_batch(dataset):
 for batch, label in dataset.take(1):
   for key, value in batch.items():
     print("{:20s}: {}".format(key,value.numpy()))
>>> show_batch(get_dataset(train_file_path))
                  : [b'female' b'female' b'female' b'male']
sex
                 : [40. 28. 52. 50. 34.]
age
n_siblings_spouses : [0 0 1 0 1]
parch
        : [0 0 0 0 0]
             : [13. 7.75 78.2667 13. 21.
fare
      : [b'Second' b'Third' b'First' b'Second' b'Second']
class
            : [b'unknown' b'unknown' b'D' b'unknown' b'unknown']
deck
embark_town
                 : [b'Southampton' b'Queenstown' b'Cherbourg' b'Southampton' ..]
                  : [b'y' b'y' b'n' b'y' b'n']
alone
```

Getting data from named columns

```
CSV_COLUMNS = ['survived', 'sex', 'age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare',
'class', 'deck', 'embark_town', 'alone'l
>>> show_batch(temp_dataset)
                 : [b'female' b'male' b'male' b'male']
sex
                : [15. 29. 49. 35. 22.]
age
n_{siblings\_spouses} : [1 1 1 0 0]
parch
       : [0 0 1 0 0]
fare
            : [ 14.4542 21. 110.8833 7.125 7.125 ]
      : [b'Third' b'Second' b'First' b'Third' b'Third']
class
                : [b'unknown' b'unknown' b'C' b'unknown' b'unknown']
deck
                : [b'Cherbourg' b'Southampton' b'Cherbourg' b'Southampton'..]
embark_town
                 : [b'n' b'n' b'n' b'y' b'y']
alone
```

Omitting some columns

Extracting features

```
SELECT_COLUMNS = ['survived', 'age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
DEFAULTS = [0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
temp_dataset = get_dataset(train_file_path,
                           select_columns=SELECT_COLUMNS,
                           column_defaults=DEFAULTS)
# Function that will pack together all the columns:
def pack(features, label):
  return tf.stack(list(features.values()), axis=-1), label
packed_dataset = temp_dataset.map(pack)
```

Extracting features

```
SELECT_COLUMNS = ['survived', 'age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
DEFAULTS = [0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
temp_dataset = get_dataset(train_file_path,
                           select_columns=SELECT_COLUMNS,
                           column_defaults=DEFAULTS)
# Function that will pack together all the columns:
def pack(features, label):
  return tf.stack(list(features.values()), axis=-1), label
packed_dataset = temp_dataset.map(pack)
```

Packing numeric features

```
NUMERIC_FEATURES = ['age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
class PackNumericFeatures(object):
  def __init__(self, names):
    self.names = names
  def __call__(self, features, labels):
    numeric_freatures = [features.pop(name) for name in self.names]
    numeric_features = [tf.cast(feat, tf.float32)
            for feat in numeric_freatures]
   numeric_features = tf.stack(numeric_features, axis=-1)
    features['numeric'] = numeric_features
    return features, labels
packed_train_data = raw_train_data.map(
    PackNumericFeatures(NUMERIC_FEATURES))
packed_test_data = raw_test_data.map(
    PackNumericFeatures(NUMERIC_FEATURES))
```

Packing numeric features

```
NUMERIC_FEATURES = ['age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
class PackNumericFeatures(object):
  def __init__(self, names):
    self.names = names
  def __call__(self, features, labels):
    numeric_freatures = [features.pop(name) for name in self.names]
    numeric_features = [tf.cast(feat, tf.float32)
            for feat in numeric_freatures]
    numeric_features = tf.stack(numeric_features, axis=-1)
    features['numeric'] = numeric_features
    return features, labels
packed_train_data = raw_train_data.map(
    PackNumericFeatures(NUMERIC_FEATURES))
packed_test_data = raw_test_data.map(
    PackNumericFeatures(NUMERIC_FEATURES))
```

Packing numeric features

```
NUMERIC_FEATURES = ['age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
class PackNumericFeatures(object):
  def __init__(self, names):
    self.names = names
  def __call__(self, features, labels):
    numeric_freatures = [features.pop(name) for name in self.names]
    numeric_features = [tf.cast(feat, tf.float32)
            for feat in numeric_freatures]
    numeric_features = tf.stack(numeric_features, axis=-1)
    features['numeric'] = numeric_features
    return features, labels
packed_train_data = raw_train_data.map(
    PackNumericFeatures(NUMERIC_FEATURES))
packed_test_data = raw_test_data.map(
    PackNumericFeatures(NUMERIC_FEATURES))
```

Showing packed features

```
>>> show_batch(packed_train_data)
          : [b'male' b'male' ...]
sex
          : [b'First' b'Third' ...]
class
deck
          : [b'unknown' b'unknown' ...]
embark_town : [b'Cherbourg' b'Southampton' ...]
          : [b'n' b'y' ...]
alone
          : [[28. 1. ...]
numeric
             [49. 0. ...]
             [27. 0. ...]
             [0.83 0. ...]
             [28. 0. ...]]
```

Normalizing features

```
NUMERIC_FEATURES = ['age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
def normalize_numeric_data(data, mean, std):
  # Center the data
  return (data-mean)/std
desc = pd.read_csv(train_file_path)[NUMERIC_FEATURES].describe()
MEAN, STD = np.array(desc.T['mean']), np.array(desc.T['std'])
normalizer = functools.partial(normalize_numeric_data,
                               mean=MEAN.
                               std=STD)
numeric_column = tf.feature_column.numeric_column(
                                    'numeric',
                                   normalizer_fn=normalizer,
                                   shape=[len(NUMERIC_FEATURES)])
```

Normalizing features

```
NUMERIC_FEATURES = ['age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
def normalize_numeric_data(data, mean, std):
  # Center the data
  return (data-mean)/std
desc = pd.read_csv(train_file_path)[NUMERIC_FEATURES].describe()
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                               mean=MEAN.
                               std=STD)
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                                    'numeric',
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                                   shape=[len(NUMERIC_FEATURES)])
```

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normalizer = functools.partial(normalize_numeric_data,
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                               std=STD)
numeric_column = tf.feature_column.numeric_column(
                                    'numeric',
                                   normalizer_fn=normalizer,
                                   shape=[len(NUMERIC_FEATURES)])
```

Normalizing features

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NUMERIC_FEATURES = ['age', 'n_siblings_spouses', 'parch', 'fare']
def normalize_numeric_data(data, mean, std):
  # Center the data
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desc = pd.read_csv(train_file_path)[NUMERIC_FEATURES].describe()
MEAN, STD = np.array(desc.T['mean']), np.array(desc.T['std'])
normalizer = functools.partial(normalize_numeric_data,
                               mean=MEAN.
                               std=STD)
numeric_column = tf.feature_column.numeric_column(
                                    'numeric',
                                   normalizer_fn=normalizer,
                                   shape=[len(NUMERIC_FEATURES)])
```

Now for the categorical features

```
CATEGORIES = {
    'sex': ['male', 'female'],
    'class' : ['First', 'Second', 'Third'],
    'deck' : ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H', 'I', 'J'],
    'embark_town' : ['Cherbourg', 'Southhampton', 'Queenstown'],
    'alone' : ['y', 'n']
}
```

```
CSV
```

```
dense_features= tf.keras.layers.DenseFeatures(categorical_columns+numeric_columns)
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
  dense_features,
  tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
  tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
  tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'),
])
model.compile(
    loss='binary_crossentropy',
    optimizer='adam',
    metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(packed_train_data, epochs=20)
```

```
dense_features= tf.keras.layers.DenseFeatures(categorical_columns+numeric_columns)
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
  dense_features,
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```

Identifying translators of a work

```
DIRECTORY_URL = 'https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/illiad/'
FILE_NAMES = ['cowper.txt', 'derby.txt', 'butler.txt']
def labeler(example, index):
  return example, tf.cast(index, tf.int64)
labeled_data_sets = []
for i, file_name in enumerate(FILE_NAMES):
  file_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file(name, origin=DIRECTORY_URL+file_name)
  lines_dataset = tf.data.TextLineDataset(file_path)
  labeled_dataset = lines_dataset.map(lambda ex: labeler(ex, i))
  labeled_data_sets.append(labeled_dataset)
```

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```

```
dataset = labeled_data_sets[0]
for labeled_dataset in labeled_data_sets[1:]:
 dataset = dataset.concatenate(labeled_dataset)
dataset = dataset.shuffle(buffer_size=50000)
>>> for ex in dataset.take(5):
      print(ex[0].numpy(), ex[1].numpy())
b"Eight barbed arrows have I shot e'en now," 1
b'In thy own band; the Achaians shall for him,' 0
b"Upon their well-mann'd ships, should Heaven vouchsafe" 1
b'He shall not cozen me! Of him, enough!' 1
b'Turns flying, marks him with a steadfast eye,' 0
```

```
Text encoding
```

Text

```
tokenizer = tfds.features.text.Tokenizer()
vocabulary_set = set()
for text_tensor, _ in all_labeled_data:
  some_tokens = tokenizer.tokenize(text_tensor.numpy())
  vocabulary_set.update(some_tokens)
vocab_size = len(vocabulary_set)
>>> vocab_size
17178
```

https://www.coursera.org/learn/natural-language-processing-tensorflow



```
Text Encode an example
```

```
# Show one of the labeled data
original_text = next(iter(all_labeled_data))[0].numpy()
# Create an text encoder with a fixed vocabulary set
encoder = tfds.features.text.TokenTextEncoder(vocabulary_set)
# Encode an example
encoded_text = encoder.encode(original_text)
Original text b"As honour's meed, the mighty monarch gave."
Encoded text [16814, 4289, 11591, 15925, 177, 10357, 11207, 16715]
```

```
def encode(text_tensor, label):
  encoded_text = encoder.encode(text_tensor.numpy())
  return encoded_text, label
def encode_map_fn(text, label):
  return tf.py_function(encode, inp=[text, label],
                        Tout=(tf.int64, tf.int64))
all_encoded_data = all_labeled_data.map(encode_map_fn)
```

```
Text
```

Prepare the dataset

```
BUFFER_SIZE = 50000
BATCH_SIZE = 64
TAKE\_SIZE = 5000
train_data = all_encoded_data.skip(TAKE_SIZE).shuffle(BUFFER_SIZE)
train_data = train_data.padded_batch(BATCH_SIZE, padded_shapes=([-1],[]))
test_data = all_encoded_data.take(TAKE_SIZE)
test_data = test_data.padded_batch(BATCH_SIZE, padded_shapes=([-1],[]))
```

```
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Embedding(vocab_size, 64),
    tf.keras.layers.Bidirectional(tf.keras.layers.LSTM(64)),
    tf.keras.Sequential([
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(units, activation='relu') for units in [64, 64]
    ]),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(3, activation='softmax')
])
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(train_data, epochs=3)
```