

Contains Duplicates

# Attempts	2
📅 Date Solved	@October 21, 2025
🕒 Difficulty	Easy
📅 Next Review	@October 28, 2025
🕒 Status	Solved
☰ Topic/Pattern	Array and String

Link → <https://neetcode.io/problems/duplicate-integer?list=neetcode150>

Problem

- Check if an array has duplicates.—Return **True** if any value appears more than once, else **False**.

Example

Input	Output	Reason
[1,2,3,3]	True	3 repeats
[1,2,3,4]	False	all unique
[1,1,2,3,4,4]	True	1 and 4 repeat

Approaches

1. Brute Force — Compare every pair

```
def has_duplicate(nums):  
    for i in range(len(nums)):
```

```
    for j in range(i + 1, len(nums)):
        if nums[i] == nums[j]:
            return True
    return False
```

- **Time:** $O(n^2)$
 - **Space:** $O(1)$ — Slow for large arrays
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2. Sorting — Sort & check neighbors

```
def has_duplicate(nums):
    nums.sort()
    for i in range(1, len(nums)):
        if nums[i] == nums[i-1]:
            return True
    return False
```

- **Time:** $O(n \log n)$
 - **Space:** $O(1)$ — Alters array order
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3. Hash Set (Best) — Track seen elements

```
def has_duplicate(nums):
    seen = set()
    for n in nums:
        if n in seen:
            return True
        seen.add(n)
    return False
```

- **Time:** $O(n)$
 - **Space:** $O(n)$ — Fastest and cleanest
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Summary

Approach	Time	Space	Notes
Brute Force	$O(n^2)$	$O(1)$	Simple but slow
Sorting	$O(n \log n)$	$O(1)$	Needs sorting
Hash Set	$O(n)$	$O(n)$	Optimal

Edge Cases

- `[]` → False
 - `[5]` → False
 - `[2,2,2]` → True
 - `[1,-1,2,-1]` → True
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Tip

- This question tests efficiency, understanding of data structures (especially sets), and reasoning about time-space optimization.