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## School of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence

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### Lab Assignment # 08

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**Batch No.** : **47-b**

### Lab 8: Test-Driven Development with AI – Generating and Working with Test Cases

#### Task Description #1 (Password Strength Validator – Apply AI in Security Context)

• **Task:** Apply AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for `is_strong_password(password)` and implement the validator function.

• **Requirements:**

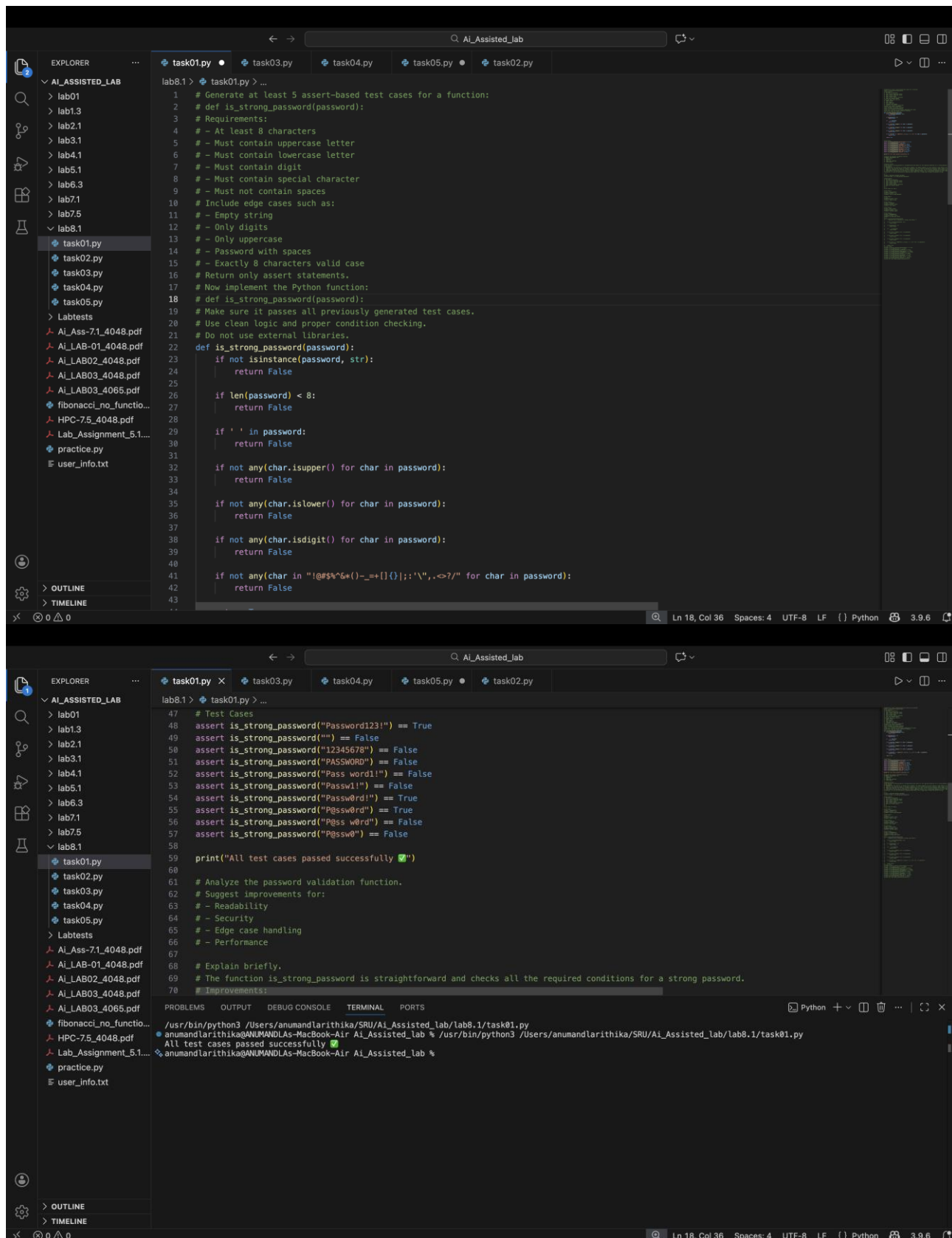
- o Password must have at least 8 characters.
- o Must include uppercase, lowercase, digit, and special character.
- o Must not contain spaces.

**Example Assert Test Cases:**

```
assert is_strong_password("Abcd@123") == True  
assert is_strong_password("abcd123") == False  
assert is_strong_password("ABCD@1234") == True
```

**Expected Output #1:** • Password validation logic passing all AI-generated test cases.

**Output Screenshot:**



**Explanation:** This checks if a password is truly “strong” by making sure it has the right mix of characters and no spaces.

## Task Description #2 (Number Classification with Loops – Apply AI for Edge Case Handling)

• **Task:** Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a `classify_number(n)` function. Implement using loops.

• **Requirements.**

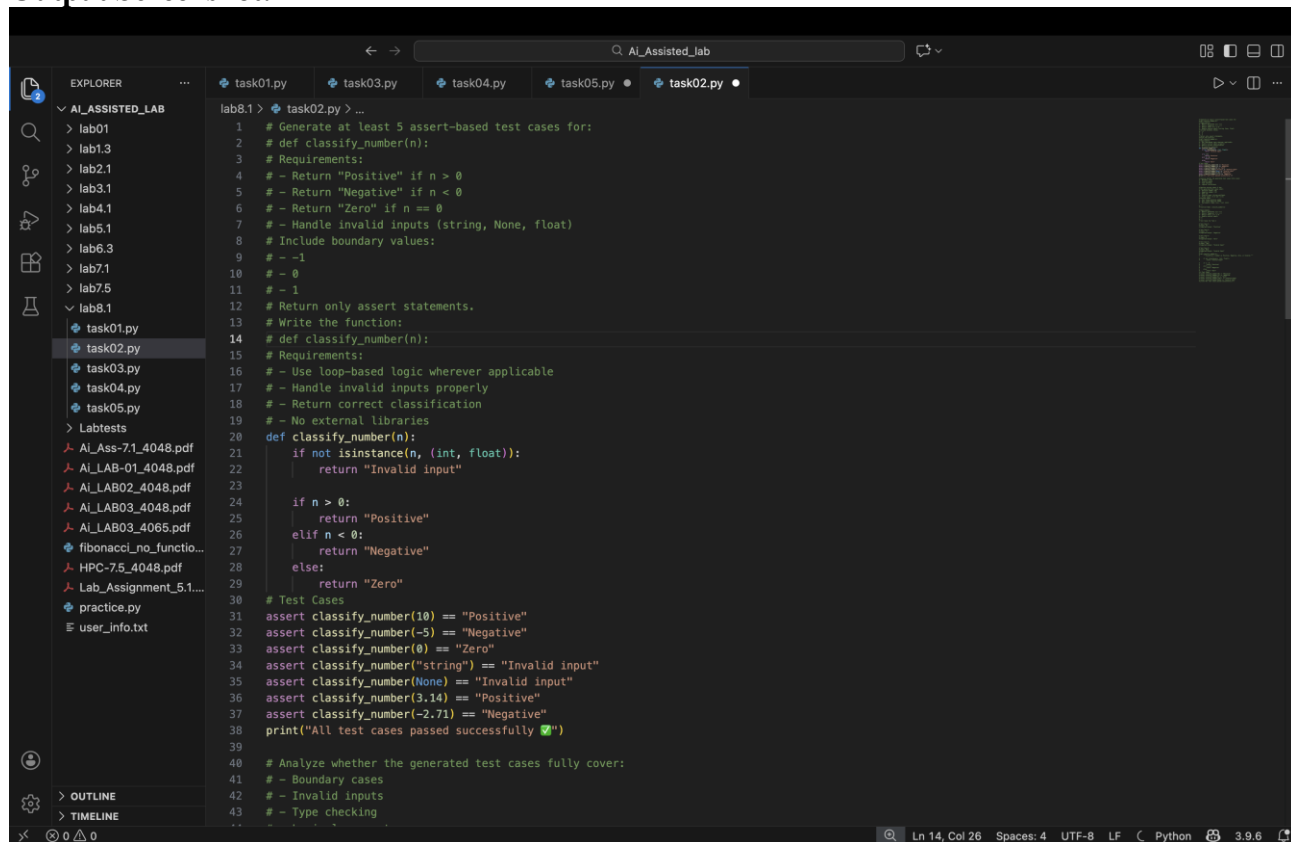
- o Classify numbers as Positive, Negative, or Zero.
- o Handle invalid inputs like strings and None.
- o Include boundary conditions (-1, 0, 1).

### Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert classify_number(10) == "Positive"
assert classify_number(-5) == "Negative"
assert classify_number(0) == "Zero"
```

**Expected Output #2:** • Classification logic passing all assert tests.

### Output Screenshot:



The screenshot shows a VS Code editor window with a file explorer on the left and a code editor on the right. The file explorer shows a project named 'AI\_ASSISTED\_LAB' with several files and folders. The code editor shows a Python script named 'task02.py' with the following content:

```
lab8.1 > task02.py > ...
1 # Generate at least 5 assert-based test cases for:
2 # def classify_number(n):
3 # Requirements:
4 # - Return "Positive" if n > 0
5 # - Return "Negative" if n < 0
6 # - Return "Zero" if n == 0
7 # - Handle invalid inputs (string, None, float)
8 # Include boundary values:
9 # - -1
10 # - 0
11 # - 1
12 # Return only assert statements.
13 # Write the function:
14 # def classify_number(n):
15 # Requirements:
16 # - Use loop-based logic wherever applicable
17 # - Handle invalid inputs properly
18 # - Return correct classification
19 # - No external libraries
20 def classify_number(n):
21     if not isinstance(n, (int, float)):
22         return "Invalid input"
23
24     if n > 0:
25         return "Positive"
26     elif n < 0:
27         return "Negative"
28     else:
29         return "Zero"
30
31 # Test Cases
32 assert classify_number(10) == "Positive"
33 assert classify_number(-5) == "Negative"
34 assert classify_number(0) == "Zero"
35 assert classify_number("string") == "Invalid input"
36 assert classify_number(None) == "Invalid input"
37 assert classify_number(3.14) == "Positive"
38 assert classify_number(-2.71) == "Negative"
39 print("All test cases passed successfully 🎉")
40
41 # Analyze whether the generated test cases fully cover:
42 # - Boundary cases
43 # - Invalid inputs
44 # - Type checking
```

```
lab8.1 > task02.py > ...
1 # Generate at least 5 assert-based test cases for:
2 # def classify_number(n):
3 # Requirements:
4 # - Return "Positive" if n > 0
5 # - Return "Negative" if n < 0
6 # - Return "Zero" if n == 0
7 # - Handle invalid inputs (string, None, float)
8 # Include boundary values:
9 # - -1
10 # - 0
11 # - 1
12 # Return only assert statements.
13 # Write the function:
14 # def classify_number(n):
15 # Requirements:
16 # - Use loop-based logic wherever applicable
17 # - Handle invalid inputs properly
18 # - Return correct classification
19 # - No external libraries
20 def classify_number(n):
21     if not isinstance(n, (int, float)):
22         return "Invalid input"
23
24     if n > 0:
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

/usr/bin/python3 /Users/anumandlarithika/SRU/Ai\_Assisted\_lab/lab8.1/task02.py  
anumandlarithika@ANUMANDLAS-MacBook-Air Ai\_Assisted\_Lab % /usr/bin/python3 /Users/anumandlarithika/SRU/Ai\_Assisted\_lab/lab8.1/task02.py  
All test cases passed successfully  
anumandlarithika@ANUMANDLAS-MacBook-Air Ai\_Assisted\_Lab %

**Explanation:** This sorts numbers into positive, negative, or zero, while politely rejecting anything that isn't a number.

### Task Description #3 (Anagram Checker – Apply AI for String Analysis)

• **Task:** Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for `is_anagram(str1, str2)` and implement the function.

• **Requirements:**

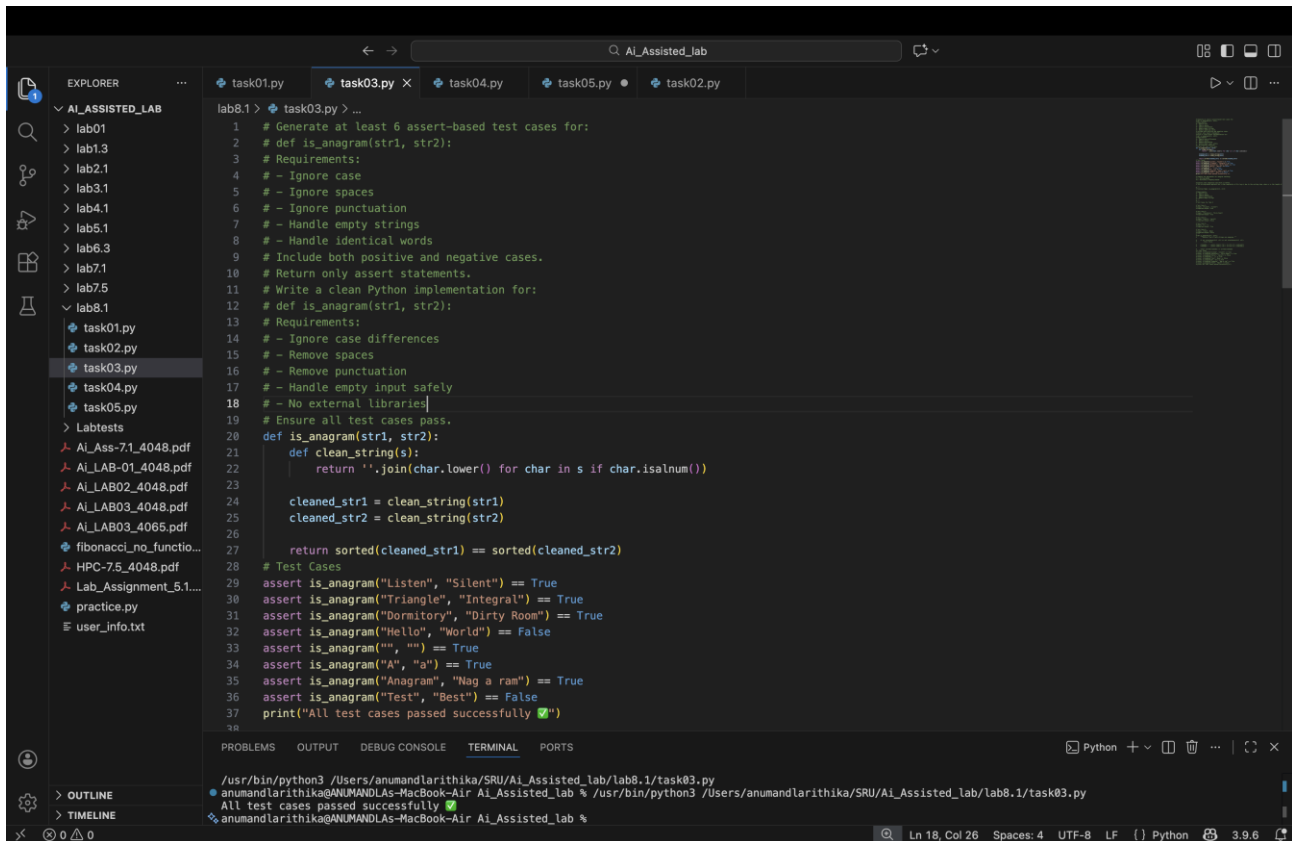
- o Ignore case, spaces, and punctuation.
- o Handle edge cases (empty strings, identical words).

**Example Assert Test Cases:**

```
assert is_anagram("listen", "silent") == True
assert is_anagram("hello", "world") == False
assert is_anagram("Dormitory", "Dirty Room") == True
```

**Expected Output #3:** • Function correctly identifying anagrams and passing all AI-generated tests.

**Output Screenshot:**



```
lab8.1 > task03.py > ...
1 # Generate at least 6 assert-based test cases for:
2 # def is_anagram(str1, str2):
3 # Requirements:
4 # - Ignore case
5 # - Ignore spaces
6 # - Ignore punctuation
7 # - Handle empty strings
8 # - Handle identical words
9 # Include both positive and negative cases.
10 # Return only assert statements.
11 # Write a clean Python implementation for:
12 # def is_anagram(str1, str2):
13 # Requirements:
14 # - Ignore case differences
15 # - Remove spaces
16 # - Remove punctuation
17 # - Handle empty input safely
18 # - No external libraries
19 # Ensure all test cases pass.
20 def is_anagram(str1, str2):
21     def clean_string(s):
22         return ''.join(char.lower() for char in s if char.isalnum())
23
24     cleaned_str1 = clean_string(str1)
25     cleaned_str2 = clean_string(str2)
26
27     return sorted(cleaned_str1) == sorted(cleaned_str2)
28
29 # Test Cases
30 assert is_anagram("Listen", "Silent") == True
31 assert is_anagram("Triangle", "Integral") == True
32 assert is_anagram("Dormitory", "Dirty Room") == True
33 assert is_anagram("Hello", "World") == False
34 assert is_anagram("", "") == True
35 assert is_anagram("A", "a") == True
36 assert is_anagram("Anagram", "Nag a ram") == True
37 assert is_anagram("Test", "Best") == False
38 print("All test cases passed successfully 🎉")
39
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

/usr/bin/python3 /Users/anumandlarithika/SRU/AI\_Assisted\_lab/lab8.1/task03.py  
anumandlarithika@ANUMANDLAS-MacBook-Air Ai\_Assisted\_lab % /usr/bin/python3 /Users/anumandlarithika/SRU/AI\_Assisted\_lab/lab8.1/task03.py  
All test cases passed successfully 🎉  
anumandlarithika@ANUMANDLAS-MacBook-Air Ai\_Assisted\_lab %

**Explanation:** This spots whether two words or phrases are made of the same letters, ignoring case, spaces, and punctuation.

## Task Description #4 (Inventory Class – Apply AI to Simulate Real- World Inventory System)

• **Task:** Ask AI to generate at least 3 assert-based tests for an Inventory class with stock management.

• **Methods:**

- o add\_item(name, quantity)
- o remove\_item(name, quantity)
- o get\_stock(name)

**Example Assert Test Cases:**

```
inv = Inventory()

inv.add_item("Pen", 10)
assert inv.get_stock("Pen") == 10
inv.remove_item("Pen", 5)
assert inv.get_stock("Pen") == 5
inv.add_item("Book", 3)
assert inv.get_stock("Book") == 3
```

**Expected Output #4:** • Fully functional class passing all assertions.

**Output Screenshot:**

```
lab8.1 > task04.py > ...
1 # Generate at least 6 assert-based test cases for an Inventory class with:
2 # Methods:
3 # - add_item(name, quantity)
4 # - remove_item(name, quantity)
5 # - get_stock(name)
6 # Test:
7 # - Adding new item
8 # - Removing items
9 # - Removing more than stock
10 # - Getting stock of non-existing item
11 # - Adding duplicate items
12 # - Negative quantity handling
13 # Return only assert statements.
14 # Write a clean and robust Python class:
15 # class Inventory:
16 # Include:
17 # - Internal dictionary for storage
18 # - Proper validation
19 # - Error handling for invalid operations
20 # - Prevent negative stock
21 # Ensure it passes all tests.
22 class Inventory:
23     def __init__(self):
24         self.stock = {}
25
26     def add_item(self, name, quantity):
27         if not isinstance(name, str) or not isinstance(quantity, int):
28             raise TypeError("Invalid input type")
29
30         if quantity <= 0:
31             raise ValueError("Quantity must be positive")
32
33         if name in self.stock:
34             self.stock[name] += quantity
35         else:
36             self.stock[name] = quantity
37
38     def remove_item(self, name, quantity):
39         if name not in self.stock:
40             raise KeyError("Item does not exist")
41
42         if quantity <= 0:
43             raise ValueError("Quantity must be positive")
44
```

```
lab8.1 > task04.py > ...
52
53
54 # TestCases :
55 inventory = Inventory()
56 # Add items
57 inventory.add_item("Pen", 10)
58 assert inventory.get_stock("Pen") == 10
59 inventory.add_item("Pen", 5)
60 assert inventory.get_stock("Pen") == 15
61 inventory.add_item("Book", 3)
62 assert inventory.get_stock("Book") == 3
63 # Remove items
64 inventory.remove_item("Pen", 5)
65 assert inventory.get_stock("Pen") == 10
66 # Remove more than available
67 try:
68     inventory.remove_item("Pen", 20)
69 except ValueError as e:
70     assert e.args[0] == "Insufficient stock"
71 # Remove non-existing item
72 try:
73     inventory.remove_item("Banana", 1)
74 except KeyError as e:
75     assert e.args[0] == "Item does not exist"
76 # Negative quantity add
77 try:
78     inventory.add_item("Pencil", -5)
79 except ValueError as e:
80     assert e.args[0] == "Quantity must be positive"
81 # Negative quantity remove
82 try:
83     inventory.remove_item("Pen", -2)
84 except ValueError as e:
85     assert e.args[0] == "Quantity must be positive"
86 print("All Inventory test cases passed successfully 🎉")
87
88
89 # Suggest improvements for this Inventory class in terms of:

```

**Explanation:** This simulates a mini store system where you can add, remove, and check stock for items.

## Task Description #5 (Date Validation & Formatting – Apply AI for Data Validation)

- **Task:** Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for `validate_and_format_date(date_str)` to check and convert dates.

- **Requirements:**

- o Validate "MM/DD/YYYY" format.
- o Handle invalid dates.
- o Convert valid dates to "YYYY-MM-DD".

**Example Assert Test Cases:**

```
assert validate_and_format_date("10/15/2023") == "2023-10-15"  
assert validate_and_format_date("02/30/2023") == "Invalid Date"  
assert validate_and_format_date("01/01/2024") == "2024-01-01"
```

**Expected Output #5:** • Function passes all AI-generated assertions and handles edge cases.

**Output Screenshot:**

```
lab8.1 > task05.py > ...  
1 # Generate at least 6 assert test cases for:  
2 # def validate_and_format_date(date_str):  
3 # Requirements:  
4 # - Input format must be MM/DD/YYYY  
5 # - Validate correct calendar date  
6 # - Handle leap year  
7 # - Reject invalid format  
8 # - Return "Invalid Date" for invalid inputs  
9 # - Convert valid date to YYYY-MM-DD  
10 # Include boundary cases:  
11 # - 02/29/2024 (leap year)  
12 # - 02/29/2023 (invalid)  
13 # - 13/01/2023 (invalid month)  
14 # - 00/10/2023  
15 # Return only assert statements.  
16 # Write the function:  
17 # def validate_and_format_date(date_str):  
18 # Requirements:  
19 # - Validate format manually (no external libraries)  
20 # - Check month range  
21 # - Check correct number of days  
22 # - Handle leap years properly  
23 # - Return formatted date if valid  
24 # - Else return "Invalid Date"  
25 # Keep the code clean and readable.  
26 def validate_and_format_date(date_str):  
27     def is_leap_year(year):  
28         return (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0) or (year % 400 == 0)  
29  
30     try:  
31         month, day, year = map(int, date_str.split('/'))  
32     except ValueError:  
33         return "Invalid Date"  
34  
35     if month < 1 or month > 12:  
36         return "Invalid Date"  
37  
38     if day < 1:  
39         return "Invalid Date"  
40  
41     if month in [1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12]:  
42         if day > 31:  
43             return "Invalid Date"
```

The screenshot displays the VS Code interface with the following details:

- Explorer Sidebar:** Lists files under the 'AI\_ASSISTED\_LAB' project, including 'lab01', 'lab1.3', 'lab2.1', 'lab3.1', 'lab4.1', 'lab5.1', 'lab6.3', 'lab7.1', 'lab7.5', 'lab8.1', 'task01.py', 'task02.py', 'task03.py', 'task04.py', 'task05.py', and 'Labtests'.
- Main Editor:** Shows the code for 'task05.py' with a function 'validate\_and\_format\_date' and test cases. The function checks if a date is valid based on month, day, and year, and returns a formatted string if valid or 'Invalid Date' otherwise. The test cases use 'assert' to verify the function's output for various dates.
- Terminal:** Shows the command to run the script: `/usr/bin/python3 /Users/anumandlarithika/SRU/Ai_Assisted_lab/lab8.1/task05.py`. The output is 'All test cases passed successfully'.

**Explanation:** This ensures a date is valid in “MM/DD/YYYY” format and neatly converts it into “YYYY-MM-DD”.